

**Lucent Technologies**  
Bell Labs Innovations



# **INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System**

Version 6.0

MAP/40 Maintenance

585-310-181  
Comcode 108037706  
Issue 2.0  
June 1997

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#### Notice

Every effort was made to ensure that the information in this book was complete and accurate at the time of printing. However, information is subject to change.

#### Your Responsibility for Your System's Security

Toll fraud is the unauthorized use of your telecommunications system by an unauthorized party, for example, persons other than your company's employees, agents, subcontractors, or persons working on your company's behalf. Note that there may be a risk of toll fraud associated with your telecommunications system and, if toll fraud occurs, it can result in substantial additional charges for your telecommunications services.

You and your system manager are responsible for the security of your system, such as programming and configuring your equipment to prevent unauthorized use. The system manager is also responsible for reading all installation, instruction, and system administration documents provided with this product in order to fully understand the features that can introduce risk of toll fraud and the steps that can be taken to reduce that risk. Lucent Technologies does not warrant that this product is immune from or will prevent unauthorized use of common-carrier telecommunication services or facilities accessed through or connected to it. Lucent Technologies will not be responsible for any charges that result from such unauthorized use.

#### Lucent Corporate Security

Whether or not immediate support is required, all toll fraud incidents involving Lucent products or services should be reported to Lucent Corporate Security at 1 800 821-8235. In addition to recording the incident, Lucent Corporate Security is available for consultation on security issues, investigation support, referral to law enforcement agencies, and educational programs.

#### Lucent Technologies Fraud Intervention

If you *suspect that you are being victimized* by toll fraud and you need technical support or assistance, call Technical Service Center Toll Fraud Intervention Hotline at 1 800 643-2353.

#### Federal Communications Commission Statement

**Part 15: Class B Statement.** This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio-frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient the receiving television or radio antenna where this may be done safely.
- To the extent possible, relocate the receiver with respect to the telephone equipment.
- Where the telephone equipment requires AC power, plug the telephone into a different AC outlet so that the telephone equipment and receiver are on different branch circuits.

**Part 15: Personal Computer Statement.** This equipment has been certified to comply with the limits for a Class B computing device, pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC Rules. Only peripherals (computing input/output devices, terminals, printers, etc.) certified to comply with the Class B limits may be attached to this computer. Operation with noncertified peripherals is likely to result in interference to radio and television reception.

**Part 68: Network Registration Number.** This equipment is registered with the FCC in accordance with Part 68 of the FCC Rules. It is identified by an FCC registration number.

**Part 68: Answer-Supervision Signaling.** Allowing this equipment to be operated in a manner that does not provide proper answer-supervision signaling is in violation of Part 68 Rules. This equipment returns answer-supervision signals to the public switched network when:

- Answered by the called station
- Answered by the attendant
- Routed to a recorded announcement that can be administered by the CPE user

This equipment returns answer-supervision signals on all DID calls forwarded back to the public switched telephone network. Permissible exceptions are:

- A call is unanswered
- A busy tone is received
- A reorder tone is received

#### Canadian Department of Communications (DOC)

##### Interference Information

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class A limits for radio noise emissions set out in the radio interference regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le Présent Appareil Numérique n'émet pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de la class A prescrites dans le règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique édicté par le ministère des Communications du Canada.

##### Trademarks

See the section titled "About This Book."

##### Ordering Information

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##### Warranty

Lucent Technologies provides a limited warranty on this product. Refer to the "Limited Use Software License Agreement" card provided with your package.

##### European Union Declaration of Conformity

Lucent Technologies Business Communications Systems declares that the equipment specified in this document conforms to the referenced European Union (EU) Directives and Harmonized Standards listed below:

EMC Directive 89/336/EEC  
Low-Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC



The "CE" mark affixed to the equipment means that it conforms to the above directives.

##### Comments

To comment on this document, return the comment card at the front of the document.

##### Acknowledgment

This document was prepared by the Product Documentation, Lucent Technologies, Columbus, OH.



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# About This Book

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## Purpose

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This book, *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 MAP/40 Maintenance*, 585-310-181, contains information for troubleshooting and diagnosing problems associated with the MAP/40 and hardware. Component replacement procedures and common system procedures are also included in the book. Installation procedures for base system software, INTUITY CONVERSANT system software, and optional feature software. Appendices contain a system configuration description, a list of component ordering numbers, a checklist for building a system, and checklists for disaster recovery.

## Intended Audiences

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This book is intended primarily for the on-site service technician and system administrators. Secondary audiences include the following:

- Field support — Technical Service Organization (TSO)
- Helpline personnel

We assume that the primary users of this book have completed the MAP/40 hardware installation training course (see [“Related Resources”](#) below).

## Release History

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This is the first release of this book.

## **Trademarks**

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## **How to Use This Book**

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This book is designed to help you maintain your INTUITY CONVERSANT system. It should be used as a quick-reference to obtain specific information you may need on a particular topic.

### **For Troubleshooting Information**

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Basic troubleshooting information is available in [Chapter 1, "Troubleshooting"](#).

### **For Diagnostic Information**

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Instructions for conducting diagnostics are available in [Chapter 2, "Diagnostics"](#).

## For Common System Procedures

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Instructions for conducting common system procedures are available in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).

## For Hardware Information

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Instructions for replacing or installing hardware components of the MAP/40 are available in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), [Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"](#), [Chapter 6, "Replacing the Hard Disk Drive"](#), [Chapter 7, "Replacing Other Components"](#), [Chapter 8, "Installing the Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware"](#).

## For Software Information

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Instructions for replacing or installing software components of the MAP/40 are available in [Chapter 9, "Installing Base System Software"](#), [Chapter 10, "Installing the INTUITY CONVERSANT System Software"](#), and [Chapter 11, "Installing the Optional Feature Software"](#).

## Conventions Used in This Book

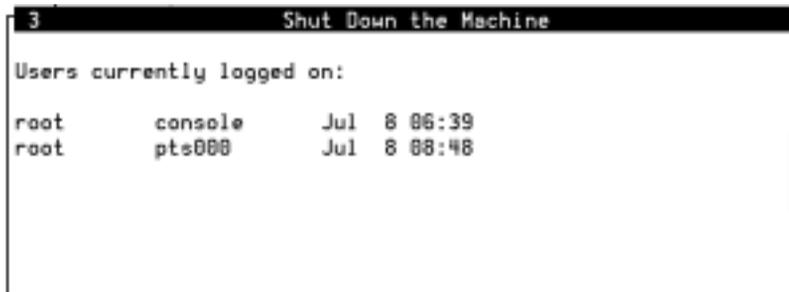
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This section describes the conventions used in this book.

### Terminology

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- The word "type" means to press the key or sequence of keys specified. For example, an instruction to type the letter "y" is shown as  
Type **y** to continue.
- The word "enter" means to type a value and then press **(ENTER)**. For example, an instruction to type the letter "y" and press **(ENTER)** is shown as  
Enter **y** to continue.
- The word "select" means to move the cursor to the desired menu item and then press **(ENTER)**. For example, an instruction to move the cursor to the start test option on the Network Loop-Around Test screen and then press **(ENTER)** is shown as  
Select Start Test.
- The INTUITY CONVERSANT system displays *windows*, *screens*, and *menus*. Windows and screens both show and request system information ([Figure 1](#) through [Figure 4](#)). Menus ([Figure 5](#)) present options from which you can choose to view another menu, or a screen or window.



**Figure 1. Example of an INTUITY CONVERSANT Window Showing Information**

In order to install UnixWare, you must reserve a partition (a portion of your hard disk's space) on your primary hard disk for the UNIX System. After you press 'ENTER' you will be shown a screen that will allow you to create new partitions, delete existing partitions or change the active partition of your primary hard disk (the partition that your computer will boot from).

**WARNING:** All files in any partition(s) you delete will be destroyed. If you wish to attempt to preserve any files from an existing UNIX System, do not delete its partition(s).

The UNIX System partition that you intend to use on the primary hard disk must be at least 120 MBs and labeled 'ACTIVE.'

**Figure 2. Example of an INTUITY CONVERSANT Screen Showing Information**



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**Figure 3. Example of an INTUITY CONVERSANT Window Requesting Information**

You may use a partition of your secondary hard disk. If you choose to use a partition of your secondary hard disk you will be shown a screen that will allow you to partition your secondary hard disk.

WARNING: All files in any partition(s) you delete will be destroyed.

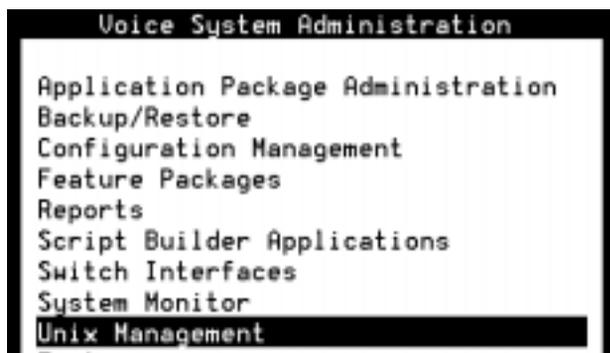
If you choose to create a UNIX System partition on your secondary hard disk, it must be at least 40 MBs.

Your Options are:

1. Do not use a partition of the secondary hard disk for the UNIX System.
2. Use a partition of the secondary hard disk for the UNIX System.

Press '1' or '2' followed by 'ENTER'.

**Figure 4. Example of an INTUITY CONVERSANT Screen Requesting Information**



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**Figure 5. Example of an INTUITY CONVERSANT Menu**

## Terminal Keys

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- Keys that you press on your terminal or PC are represented as rounded boxes. For example, an instruction to press the enter key is shown as

Press (ENTER).

- Two or three keys that you press at the same time on your terminal or PC (that is, you hold down the first key while pressing the second and/or third key) are represented as a series of separate rounded boxes. For example, an instruction to press and hold (ALT) while typing the letter "d" is shown as

Press (ALT) (D).

- Function keys on your terminal, PC, or system screens, also known as *soft keys*, are represented as round boxes followed by the function or value of that key enclosed in parentheses. For example, an instruction to press function key 3 is shown as

Press (F3) (Choices).

- Keys that you press on your telephone keypad are represented as square boxes. For example, an instruction to press the first key on your telephone keypad is shown as

Press [1] to record a message.

## Screen Displays

---

- Values, system messages, field names, and prompts that appear on the screen are shown in typewriter-style `constant-width` type, as shown in the following examples:

Example 1:

Enter the number of ports to be dedicated to outbound traffic in the  
Maximum Simultaneous Ports field.

Example 2:

Alarm Form Update was successful.

Press <Enter> to continue.

- The sequence of menu options that you must select to display a specific screen or submenu is shown as follows:

Start at the Voice System Administration menu and select

```
> Reports
```

```
> Message Log Report
```

In this example, you would access the Voice System Administration menu and select the Reports menu. From the Reports menu, you would then select the Message Log Report window.

- Screens shown in this book are examples only. The screens you see on your machine will be similar, but not exactly the same.

## Other Typography

---

- Commands and text you type in or enter appear in **bold type**, as in the following examples:

Example 1:

Enter **change-switch-time-zone** at the `enter` command: prompt.

Example 2:

Type **high** or **low** in the `Speed:` field.

- Command variables are shown in **bold italic** type when they are part of what you must type in and *regular italic* type when they are not, for example

Enter **ch ma *machine\_name***, where *machine\_name* is the name of the call delivery machine you just created.

## Safety and Security Alert Labels

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This book uses the following symbols to call your attention to potential problems that could cause personal injury, damage to equipment, loss of data, service interruptions, or breaches of toll fraud security:

 **CAUTION:**

*Indicates the presence of a hazard that if not avoided can or will cause minor personal injury or property damage, including loss of data.*

 **WARNING:**

*Indicates the presence of a hazard that if not avoided can cause death or severe personal injury.*

 **DANGER:**

*Indicates the presence of a hazard that if not avoided will cause death or severe personal injury.*

 **SECURITY ALERT:**

*Indicates the presence of a toll fraud security hazard. Toll fraud is the unauthorized use of a telecommunications system by an unauthorized party.*

## Related Resources

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This section describes additional documentation and training available for you to learn more about the INTUITY CONVERSANT product.

## Documentation

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 **NOTE:**

The *INTUITY CONVERSANT System Version 6.0 System Description*, 585-310-241, contains a detailed description of all books included in V6.0 INTUITY CONVERSANT documentation library. Always refer to the appropriate book for specific information on planning, installing, administering, or maintaining an INTUITY CONVERSANT system.

## Required for the System Maintenance

To repair or alter the configuration of your system, you must have a copy of this book, *INTUITY CONVERSANT System V6.0 MAP/40 Maintenance*, 585-310-181.

## **Additional Suggested Documentation**

It is suggested that you also obtain and use the following books:

- *INTUITY CONVERSANT System Version 6.0 Alarms and Log Messages*, 585-310-182
- *INTUITY CONVERSANT System Version 6.0 MAP/40 New System Installation*, 585-310-178

See the inside front cover for information on how to order INTUITY CONVERSANT documentation.

## **Training**

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The following training class is recommended as a prerequisite to performing repairs on a V6.0 INTUITY CONVERSANT system:

- Course No. BO3620A, CONVERSANT Installation and Maintenance (for domestic installations)
- Course No. GO3603A, CONVERSANT Installation and Maintenance (for international installations)

For more information on INTUITY CONVERSANT training, call the BCS Education and Training Center at one of the following numbers:

- Organizations within Lucent Technologies: (904) 636-3261
- Lucent Technologies customers and all others: (800) 255-8988

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Lucent Technologies  
Product Documentation  
Room 22-2H15  
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Denver, Colorado 80234

You may also fax you comments to the attention of the Lucent Technologies INTUITY CONVERSANT writing team at (303) 538-1741.

Please mention the name and order number of this book, *INTUITY CONVERSANT System V6.0 Map/40 Maintenance*, 585-310-181.

## **Disclaimer**

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# Troubleshooting

# 1

---

## Overview

This chapter describes some basic troubleshooting procedures for the most common system problems.

## Purpose

The purpose of this chapter is to provide the on-site technician or system administrator with repair procedures for the most common system procedures.

The following assumptions are made in this chapter:

- You have checked the Message Log for any relevant messages. See Chapter 1, "Getting Started," in *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages*, 585-310-182.
- The resolutions in the second column of the tables are intended to provide a starting point to isolate a problem and may not be exhaustive.
- The procedures in the second column assume general editing knowledge and script familiarity, as most of the commands and procedures are performed from the command line.
- You have already performed a visual inspection of the system.

## Repairing Power-Up Troubles

Power-up troubles are experienced when you are first turning the system on. [Table 1-1](#) lists the indications related to power-up troubles:

**Table 1-1. Repairing Power Up Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>The system will not power up.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Verify that the power toggle switch on the front is in the ON position.</li> <li>2. Verify all external system connections (power cords and monitor cables) are correct (for example, the blue cable connects to the 3270 card and not to the system parallel port).</li> <li>3. Verify all external system connections are secure.</li> </ol>
<p>During start-up, the system displays the following message:</p> <p>"Shared memory is marked as invalid. cvis_ menu exiting."</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Stop the voice system. See "<a href="#">Stopping the Voice System</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> <li>2. Start the voice system. See "<a href="#">Starting the Voice System</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> <li>3. Enter <b>cvis_mainmenu</b></li> <li>4. If the problem persists:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Stop the voice system. See "<a href="#">Stopping the Voice System</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> <li>b. Enter <b>cp /gendb/shmem/devtbl gendb/shmem/devtbl.old</b></li> <li>c. Enter <b>rm /gendb/shmem/devtbl</b></li> <li>d. Start the voice system. See "<a href="#">Starting the Voice System</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
<p>The <b>start_vs</b> command takes a long time to initialize on a system with many analog lines.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Starting at the Switch Administration screen, set Dial-Tone Training to "No." See Chapter 5, "Switch Interface Administration," of <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591.</li> </ol> <p><b>⇒ NOTE:</b></p> <p>If dial-tone training is "no," you should specify that the dial-tone frequency to be used with a particular switch (350 and 440 is the default for DEFINITY).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Verify that the transfers being performed in the application are still functioning properly.</li> </ol>

## Repairing Boot-Up Troubles

Boot-up troubles are experienced when the system crashes and reboots itself or when you reboot the system. [Table 1-2](#) lists the indications and possible repair procedures related to boot-up troubles.

**Table 1-2. Repairing Boot-Up Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
Cards are not recognized during boot up.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Enter <b>pkginfo</b></li> <li>2. Make sure the driver software is installed (SP, Tip/Ring, or T1).</li> <li>3. Check the circuit cards. See "<a href="#">Circuit Card Diagnostics</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 2, "Diagnostics"</a>.</li> <li>4. Make sure that cards have the proper switch settings and correct placement of terminating resistors if attached to the TDM bus cable.</li> </ol>
<p>When the system boots, it displays messages in the message log report or on the console similar to the following message:</p> <p>Unable to attach shared memory, Bad DEVTBL, and/or VROP respawning too rapidly.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Stop the voice system. See "<a href="#">Stopping the Voice System</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> <li>2. Enter <b>cp /gendb/shmem/devtbl /gendb/shmem/devtbl.old</b></li> <li>3. Enter <b>rm /gendb/shmem/devtbl</b></li> <li>4. Start the voice system. See "<a href="#">Starting the Voice System</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> </ol>
<p>The system displays the following message:</p> <p>Non-system disk or disk error. Replace and hit any key to continue.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the diskette drive and confirm that it is empty.</li> <li>2. Check the cartridge tape drive and confirm that it is empty.</li> <li>3. Check the power connections.</li> <li>4. Reboot the system. See "<a href="#">Rebooting the UNIX System</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> </ol>

*Continued on next page*

**Table 1-2. Repairing Boot-Up Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>The system passes run level four then reboots continuously (rolling reboot).</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Power off the platform immediately after the system reboots.</li> <li>2. Remove one optional circuit card (for example, SP, T1, Tip/Ring).</li> <li>3. Reboot the system. See "<a href="#">Rebooting the UNIX System</a>," in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> <li>4. Repeat Steps 1–3 until the system reboots properly.</li> <li>5. Replace the circuit cards.</li> </ol>
<p>The system is experiencing continuous automatic reboots.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reboot the system. See "<a href="#">Rebooting the UNIX System</a>," in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> <li>2. While rebooting the system, hold down the <b>(ENTER)</b> key when the system displays the UnixWare graphics.</li> <li>3. When the system prompts you for a previously saved kernel, enter <b>unix.old</b> or enter the name of a kernel that you saved manually at a previous time.  This file is created automatically each time the kernel is rebuilt.</li> <li>4. Check the size of the static kernel by entering <b>size /stand/unix</b>  If the kernel is larger than 4 Mbytes, remove some of the packages.</li> </ol>

*Continued on next page*

**Table 1-2. Repairing Boot-Up Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>A file system check shows a file system with 0 files, 0 blocks, or 0 free.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Verify the disk partition was adequate. See "<a href="#">Initializing the Hard Disk Drives</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 9, "Installing Base System Software"</a>.</li> <li>2. Restore the system software from the mkimage backup tape. See "<a href="#">Performing a System Restoration using mkimage</a>", in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> </ol> <p>If no backup is available, reload the system software. See <a href="#">Chapter 9, "Installing Base System Software"</a>, <a href="#">Chapter 10, "Installing the INTUITY CONVERSANT System Software"</a>, and <a href="#">Chapter 11, "Installing the Optional Feature Software"</a>.</p>
<p>The system hangs after a reboot and the screen is blank.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the diskette drive and confirm that it is empty.</li> <li>2. Check the power connections.</li> <li>3. Check the power supply by watching for hard disk access with the disk access light.</li> <li>4. Reboot the system. See "<a href="#">Rebooting the UNIX System</a>", in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> </ol>

## Repairing System Installation/Upgrade/Set-Up Troubles

These troubles are experienced during initial installation of the voice system, while upgrading either hardware or software, or when adding additional hardware or software. [Table 1-3](#) lists the indications and possible repair procedures related to these troubles.

**Table 1-3. Repairing System Installation/Upgrade/Set-Up Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
The system cannot initialize the IPCI card.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check for possible conflict with memory and I/O addresses or interrupt conflicts.</li> <li>2. Log in as <b>root</b>.</li> <li>3. Enter <b>crash</b></li> <li>4. Enter <b>strstat</b></li> </ol> <p>The system displays a message similar to the message shown in <a href="#">Figure 1-1</a>.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Increase the values to slightly higher than what is listed under the <code>CONFIG</code> column.</li> <li>b. If there is anything other than 0's in the <code>FAIL</code> column, use the <b><code>/etc/conf/bin/ldtune</code></b> command to increase the tunable parameter. The parameters to tune are <code>NSTREAM</code>, <code>NQUEUE</code> (should be 4 X <code>NSTREAM</code>), <code>NBLK4</code>, <code>NBLK16</code>, <code>NBLK64</code>, <code>NBLK128</code>, <code>NBLK256</code>, <code>NBLK512</code>, <code>NBLK1024</code>, <code>NBLK2048</code>, and <code>NBLK4096</code>.</li> <li>c. After you have changed the tunable parameters, use the <b><code>/etc/conf/bin/ldbuild</code></b> command to rebuild the UNIX kernel.</li> </ol> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5. Reboot the system. See "<a href="#">Rebooting the UNIX System</a>", in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> </ol>

```

) strstat
ITEM          CONFIG  ALLOC  FREE    TOTAL  MAX   FAIL
streams      106    106    0       592   109   0
queues       522    522    0      1926   530   0
message blocks 75     57    18     24269  77    0
data blocks  68     57    11     18271  68    0
link blocks  16     16    0       16    16    0
stream events 6       4     2        6     6     0
Count of scheduled queues: 0
    
```

Figure 1-1. strstat Sample Output

## Repairing Application-Related Troubles

These troubles are experienced when the voice system is not taking calls or when the voice system is taking calls but the application is not working as expected. There are a number of subgroups for application troubles, such as speech, database, Text-to-Speech, and Speech Recognition. [Table 1-4](#) lists the indications and possible repair procedures related to these troubles.

Table 1-4. Repairing Application-Related Troubles

Indication	Corrective Action
The voice system is ringing but is not answering the telephone or the voice system is busy.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Scan the Message Log Report for messages related to the trouble. See Chapter 1, "Getting Started," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i>, 585-310-182.</li> <li>2. Enter <b>display card all</b></li> <li>3. Check the status of all the circuit cards.</li> <li>4. Check if the application is properly assigned to the channel(s).</li> <li>5. Make sure the application contains the Answer Phone action.</li> </ol>

*Continued on next page*

**Table 1-4. Repairing Application-Related Troubles — Continued**

<b>Indication</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<p>The voice system answers the call, but does not play any speech.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Scan the Message Log Report for messages related to the trouble. See Chapter 1, "Getting Started," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i>, 585-310-182.</li> <li>2. Enter <b>display card all</b></li> <li>3. Verify that the spadm script is not assigned to any channels.</li> <li>4. Check the status of all the circuit cards.</li> <li>5. If spadm is assigned, re-assign the channel to the correct script name. See Chapter 3, "Voice System Administration," of <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591.</li> <li>6. Place test calls to determine if this is occurring on every channel.</li> <li>7. If the problem is occurring only on certain channels, this could be a hardware problem. Place the problem channels in a MANOOS state until the card can be replaced.</li> <li>8. Enter <b>trace tsm chan all   tee /tmp/trace.out</b>            This sends the trace output to the console and to the file <b>/tmp/trace.out</b>.</li> <li>9. Review the trace output for failure indications or error messages.</li> </ol>

*Continued on next page*

**Table 1-4. Repairing Application-Related Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
All calls are dropped.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Scan the Message Log Report for messages related to the trouble. See Chapter 1, "Getting Started," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i>, 585-310-182.</li> <li>2. Enter <b>hstatus all</b>  This will allow you to check the status of the host if this feature is being used.  If all sessions are recovering or logging in, this could explain the trouble.</li> <li>3. Enter <b>who -rpb</b></li> <li>4. Search for different time stamps on the processes.  A recent date different from most of the others may indicate the process respawned.</li> <li>5. Record the scenario that caused the problem.</li> <li>6. If the process is specific to a feature package, see the trouble table for that feature package in this chapter.</li> </ol>

## Repairing 3270 Communication Troubles

[Table 1-5](#) lists the indications and possible repair procedures related to 3270 communication troubles. See Chapter 6 of the *3270 User's Guide* for more information on troubleshooting the host interface.

**Table 1-5. Repairing 3270 Communications Troubles**

<b>Indication</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<p>The system cannot establish connection with the host.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Make sure the configuration parameters are set correctly as described in Chapter 3, "Voice System Administration," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591.</li> <li>■ Ask the host administrator to "bounce" the line.</li> </ul>
<p>The <b>hassign</b> command displays the following message:</p> <p>Rejected by the host interface process</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Scan the Message Log Report for host related messages. See Chapter 1, "Getting Started," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i>, 585-310-182.</li> <li>2. Ensure that the host script has been successfully verified and installed.</li> <li>3. If host administration commands have recently been issued, it may have caused the host interface process to mark this session as "not available." To verify this, enter <b>hstatus</b></li> <li>4. Enter <b>stop_vs</b></li> <li>5. Enter <b>start_hi</b></li> <li>6. Enter <b>start_vs</b></li> </ol>
<p>The <b>hstatus</b> command displays the following messages:</p> <p>host interface is not responding</p>	<p>This does not always mean the host has stopped communicating. It may indicate that the host process is very active, and has not been able to service your command after 60 seconds.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Enter <b>stop_vs</b></li> <li>2. Enter <b>start_hi</b></li> <li>3. Enter <b>start_vs</b></li> <li>4. Scan the Message Log Report for host related messages. See Chapter 1, "Getting Started," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i> 585-310-182.</li> <li>5. Enter <b>trace dip0   tee /tmp/dip0.out</b></li> <li>6. Check for any host process activity. There could be a 10 minute delay if the sessions have been in recovery for a while.</li> <li>7. Press <b>(DEL)</b> to exit trace when you are finished.</li> </ol>

**Table 1-5. Repairing 3270 Communications Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>The <b>hstatus</b> command displays the following message:            host interface is not running</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Enter <b>stop_vs</b></li> <li>2. Enter <b>start_hi</b></li> <li>3. Enter <b>start_vs</b></li> <li>4. Verify that the host interface process is running.</li> <li>5. If it is not, enter <b>sh -x /vs/data/S96hostint</b>                This command will attempt to start the host interface process.</li> </ol>
<p>Login or logout does not work.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Enter <b>sb_trace &lt;session number&gt;</b>                This will capture a trace of the process.</li> <li>2. Use <b>hassign</b> to assign the host application to the host session. See Appendix A, "Summary of Commands," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591.                Trace data may appear on the screen.</li> <li>3. If you are testing login, enter <b>hstatus</b>                If you are testing logout, enter <b>hlogout &lt;session number&gt;</b>                See Appendix A, "Summary of Commands," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591.</li> <li>4. After the application has had enough time to complete, press <b>DELETE</b> to stop the trace.</li> <li>5. To view this data, enter <b>pg /vs/trans/hostdata/chanxx</b>                where xx is the host session number.</li> </ol>

*Continued on next page*

**Table 1-5. Repairing 3270 Communications Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
Screens not being dumped through sb_trace	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Stop the voice system. See <a href="#">“Stopping the Voice System”</a>, in <a href="#">Chapter 3, “Common System Procedures”</a>.</li> <li>2. Start the voice system. See <a href="#">“Stopping the Voice System”</a>, in <a href="#">Chapter 3, “Common System Procedures”</a>.</li> </ol> <p><b>⇒ NOTE:</b>            Do not remove the files in <b>/vs/trans/hostdata/chanxx</b> as the host DIP will not recreate them unless a <b>stop_vs</b> and <b>start_vs</b> has been done.</p>
Recovery does not work.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Enter <b>sb_te &lt;session number&gt;</b> on an available session.             See Appendix A, “Summary of Commands,” in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591.</li> <li>2. Take this session to various screens this application may receive, then press <b>(CONTROL) (X)</b> to exit <b>sb_te</b>.</li> <li>3. Enter <b>sb_trace &lt;session number used in Step 1&gt;</b>.</li> <li>4. Use <b>hassign</b> to assign the host application to the host session.             This causes the application to jump to the recovery procedure. See Appendix A, “Summary of Commands,” in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591.</li> <li>5. Enter <b>hstatus</b> to monitor the status of this session.             If it reaches “logged in,” the recovery was successful. If not, stop the trace and review the data.</li> <li>6. Enter <b>hfree &lt;session number&gt;</b></li> <li>7. Repeat all steps for each screen the application may receive.</li> </ol>

*Continued on next page*

**Table 1-5. Repairing 3270 Communications Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
The system detects a hardware fault on the host interface card.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ If the fault is detected on a PC/XL or FIFO/SIB circuit card, use the <b>hdiagnose</b> command to diagnose the connection.</li> <li>■ If the fault is detected on a Token Ring circuit card, replace the circuit card.</li> </ul>

## Repairing Speech Recognition Troubles

The following tables attempt to isolate troubles related to the speech recognition functionality on the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. These troubles are separated into general speech recognition troubles (WholeWord and FlexWord™) and accuracy troubles.

### Repairing General Speech Recognition Troubles

The following speech recognition troubles ([Table 1-6](#) and Table 1-7) are related to general problems with the WholeWord or FlexWord feature.

**Table 1-6. Repairing WholeWord Speech Recognition Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>The script prompt does not give you time to respond.</p>	<p>Enter <b>display card &lt;sp card number&gt;</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the functionality assigned to the SP circuit card is WW_RECOG or VOICE+WW_RECOG. See Chapter 3, "Voice System Administration," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591.</li> <li>2. Make sure the SP circuit card is in the INSERV state.                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enter <b>restore card &lt;sp_card_number&gt;</b> if the SP circuit card is MANOOS.</li> <li>Enter <b>diagnose card &lt;sp_card_number&gt;</b> if the SP circuit card is BROKEN.</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. If the SP circuit card or CMP circuit card(s) associated with it fail diagnostics, replace the circuit card. See "<a href="#">Removing a Circuit Card</a>", in <a href="#">Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"</a>.</li> <li>4. Make sure all CMP circuit cards attached to the SP circuit card providing speech recognition are in the INSERV state.                     <p>If any CMP circuit card is BROKEN or NOT_DIAG complete the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Make sure the SP has WW_RECOG or VOICE+WW_RECOG assigned.</li> <li>b. Enter <b>diagnose card &lt;sp_card_number&gt;</b>.</li> <li>c. If either the SP board or CMP card(s) fail diagnostics, replace the circuit card. See "<a href="#">Removing a Circuit Card</a>", in <a href="#">Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"</a>.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

*Continued on next page*

**Table 1-6. Repairing WholeWord Speech Recognition Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>The script prompt does not give you time to respond (<b>continued</b>).</p>	<p>d. Check the number of speech recognition resources available.</p> <p>For each CMP circuit card attached to an SP, 6 channels of speech recognition are provided.</p> <p>— Use <b>SP_Allocate</b> to check if a recognition resource is available before each <code>Prompt</code> and <code>Collect</code> statement.</p> <p>— If possible, explicitly reserve the resource.</p> <p>e. Enter <b>diagnose card &lt;sp_card_number&gt;</b> to make sure the SP circuit card performing speech recognition and the telephone circuit cards indicate <code>tdm1</code> in the <code>OPTIONS</code> list.</p> <p>f. If the system indicates <code>no tdm</code>, install a TDM bus cable between these boards.</p> <p>If the cable is already there and the system indicates "no tdm," make sure the cable is installed properly.</p> <p>If the problem persists, replace the TDM cable.</p>

**Table 1-7. Repairing Speech WholeWord and FlexWord Recognition Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>The CMP card is in a <code>NOT_DIAG</code> state.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Assign speech recognition functionality (<code>WW_RECOG</code>, <code>SW_RECOG</code>, <code>Voice+WW_RECOG</code> or <code>VOICE+SW_RECOG</code>) to the SP circuit card. See Chapter 3, "Voice System Administration," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591.</li> <li>Enter <b>diagnose card &lt;sp_card_number&gt;</b> where <code>&lt;sp_card_number&gt;</code> is the number of the SP circuit card with the <code>NOT_DIAG</code> CMP circuit card attached.</li> </ol>
<p>A BSS error occurred during boot or <b>start_vs</b>.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the circuit cards. See "<a href="#">Circuit Card Diagnostics</a>", in <a href="#">Chapter 2, "Diagnostics"</a>.</li> <li>Check the SP/CMP cable connections.</li> </ol>

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**Table 1-7. Repairing Speech WholeWord and FlexWord Recognition Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>SP_INIT failed, and diagnostics did not run.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Shut down system. See <a href="#">"Shutting Down the Operating System"</a>, in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> <li>2. Disconnect the SP/CMP cables from one of the CMP cards.</li> <li>3. Reboot the system. See <a href="#">"Rebooting the UNIX System,"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> <li>4. Run the SP diagnostics again. See <a href="#">"Circuit Card Diagnostics"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 2, "Diagnostics"</a>.</li> <li>5. If the error is resolved, replace the CMP circuit card that is no longer connected to the SP/CMP cables. See <a href="#">"Companion (AYC7) Circuit Card"</a>, in <a href="#">Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"</a>.</li> </ol> <p>If the error is not resolved, repeat Steps 1 through 4 for each additional CMP circuit card.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>6. Replace the SP/CMP cables.</li> <li>7. Make sure the SP card is an AYC2B or an AYC2C by verifying the name of the card on the faceplate.</li> </ol>
<p>Speech playback stops on the first keyword spoken by voice system.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Scan the Message Log Report for SP circuit card related messages. See Chapter 1, "Getting Started," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i>, 585-310-182.</li> <li>2. Determine if barge-in is enabled for this prompt by checking the <code>Announce</code> or <code>Prompt</code> and <code>Collect</code> actions.</li> </ol> <p>There may be a touch-tone simulation in the prompt.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Disable the prompt if enabled to see if it plays.</li> </ol>
<p>A corrupted speech phrase is heard.</p>	<p>When re-recording an active speech phrase, first record the speech into a temporary speech buffer, then copy the phrase into the active phrase.</p>

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**Table 1-7. Repairing Speech WholeWord and FlexWord Recognition Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>Clicking is heard on the line.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the lines are connected to PBX and T/R lines, verify that the lines are configured on the PBX as ECTS (electronic custom telephone service) and <i>not</i> POTS (plain old telephone service).</li> <li>2. Check the outgoing and incoming volume parameters as described in Chapter 5, "Switch Interfaces," of <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591.               <p>For T1 circuit cards, defaults are</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ ovol = 707</li> <li>■ ivol = 1414</li> </ul> <p>For Tip/Ring circuit cards, defaults are</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ ovol = 1000</li> <li>■ ivol = 4000</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. Re-record speech if volume levels were too high.</li> <li>4. If necessary, check the circuit cards. See "<a href="#">Circuit Card Diagnostics</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 2, "Diagnostics"</a>.</li> <li>5. If other lines are available on the system, connect those to the card exhibiting the noisy/clicking conditions.               <p>If the problem goes away, the lines may be bad.</p> <p>If the problem persists, enter <b>diagnose card &lt;card number&gt;</b>.</p> <p>If the card passes and the problem persists, replace the card. See <a href="#">Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"</a>.</p> </li> </ol>
<p>No memory found on CMP &lt;cmp number&gt;.</p>	<p>Replace the CMP circuit card. See "<a href="#">Companion (AYC7) Circuit Card</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"</a>.</p>
<p>SP diagnostics fail intermittently.</p>	<p>Replace the SP/CMP cables.</p>

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**Table 1-7. Repairing Speech WholeWord and FlexWord Recognition Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>No voice is heard when the script answers the telephone.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Enter <b>display card</b> to determine the type of Tip/Ring circuit card you have.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The SP card should be assigned to WW_RECOG, VOICE+WW_RECOG, SW_RECOG, or VOICE+SW_RECOG functionality or some other SP card in the system should have just VOICE functionality.                                     <p>To change the VRS6 card to TDM mode, see "Voice Equipment Options" in Chapter 3, "Voice System Administration," of <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591.</p> </li> <li>b. The IVP6 card must be set to "talk" if the SP card is assigned to WW_RECOG or SW_RECOG.                                     <p>There must be another SP card in the system with VOICE only functionality providing the voice.</p> </li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Make sure the SP card is in the INSERTV state. If MANOOS, enter <b>restore card &lt;sp_card_number&gt;</b>. If BROKEN, complete Steps a and b below:                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Enter <b>remove card &lt;sp_card_number&gt;</b></li> <li>b. Enter <b>diagnose card &lt;sp_card_number&gt;</b></li> </ol> <p>If either the SP card or CMP card(s) fail diagnostics, replace the card. See "<a href="#">Companion (AYC7) Circuit Card</a>" or "<a href="#">Signal Processor (AYC2C or AYC9) Circuit Card</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"</a>.</p> </li> <li>3. Make sure that both the SP card performing speech recognition and the telephony cards say tdm1 in the OPTIONS list.                             <p>If it says no tdm, install a TDM bus cable between these cards.</p> <p>If the cable is already there and it says no tdm, check the cable connection by pushing down the cable at each connector to insure proper installation.</p> <p>If the problem persists, replace the TDM cable.</p> </li> </ol>

## Repairing Speech Recognition Accuracy Troubles

The following speech recognition troubles are related to accuracy problems on the voice system with the feature.

**Table 1-8. Repairing Speech Recognition Accuracy Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>The script chooses the wrong option after you speak.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Have your script speak back what it recognized (the value of \$CI_VALUE) right in the <code>Prompt</code> and <code>Collect</code> action.  This helps ensure it is not a bug in the script that is making you think that recognition does not work. Perhaps your script is copying the result of \$CI_VALUE to a variable and then evaluating the variable. For a YES/NO prompt, the variable must be of type character since it returns "Y" or "N."</li> <li>2. If you are using an SDIG recognition type with a length greater than 1, you can trace the recognition dip (trace <code>recog_dip</code>) to see what the dip is returning to the script.</li> </ol>
<p>The initial timeout is not long enough for the digit string.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure the Initial Timeout value in the <code>Prompt</code> and <code>Collect</code> action is long enough for the system to recognize valid keywords in the caller's speech.</li> <li>2. If you are having recognition problems on a prompt expecting a digit string, try increasing the initial timeout by three to five seconds.</li> </ol>
<p>A CMP or SP card is broken.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Enter <b>diagnose card &lt;sp_card_number&gt;</b></li> <li>2. Make sure all the tests pass.</li> </ol>
<p>Pressing return does not produce a result.</p>	<p>If a <code>Prompt &amp; Collect</code> statement is using speech recognition and has <code>Speak with Interrupt</code> enabled, the prompt should not exceed 30 seconds. This is because the SP card can only buffer up to 30 seconds worth of input speech for performing recognition.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Replace the single <code>Prompt &amp; Collect</code> statement (which had the &gt;30 second prompt) by a series of <code>Prompt &amp; Collect</code> statements all with prompts shorter than 30 seconds.  As long as the prompts within the commands are less than 30 seconds long, a series of statements can be used to replace a single <code>Prompt &amp; Collect</code> that has a long prompt.</li> </ol>

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**Table 1-8. Repairing Speech Recognition Accuracy Troubles — Continued**

<b>Indication</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<p>Trouble is affecting a specific person and not all callers.</p>	<p>There are people whose voices fall outside of the speech models and will have difficulty getting speech recognition to work for their voice every time.</p> <p>You may want to attempt to collect data samples of the specific audience.</p>
<p>Callers responses are not being recognized.</p>	<p>Make sure the recognition types used are appropriate for what the caller is being asked to say.</p> <p>For example, if the recognition type is SY_N, the system expects callers to say "Yes" or "No."</p> <p>If the callers are responding with digits instead of the words "Yes" or "No," accuracy will be very poor.</p> <p>Check your wordlist to make sure the words the caller is speaking are included in the wordlist.</p>
<p>A custom grammar was overwritten.</p>	<p>Reinstall the custom work package if your script uses a custom grammar and the speech recognition package has been reloaded for some reason.</p>
<p>A custom grammar or DIP is inoperable.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check to see if the speech recognition problem you are having is only for prompts that use custom work (a custom grammar or DIP).</li> <li>2. Contact the developer of your custom work for assistance.</li> </ol>
<p>SP card will not download with speech recognition functionality assigned.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If using custom grammars, check with the developer of the custom work to make sure the grammar does not exceed design limitations.</li> <li>2. Make sure the SP circuit card is an AYC2B or an AYC2C by verifying the name of the card on the front plate.</li> </ol>
<p>The voice system is too slow.</p>	<p>Use the WholeWord recognition type which is smallest for the expected data.</p> <p>For example, if callers are asked to say 1, 2, 3, or 4, use the SI_5 rather than SDIG with minimum and maximum digits of 1.</p>
<p>The script reprompts MAX_TRIES a number of times.</p>	<p>Check for sufficient speech recognition resources. See the SP_Allocate external action as described in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Application Development with Script Builder</i>, 585-310-763.</p>

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**Table 1-8. Repairing Speech Recognition Accuracy Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>Barge-in does not work when talk over the prompt (applies to WholeWord speech recognition only — FlexWord does not support barge-in).</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure SR_Prompt is set to "yes." See <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Application Development with Script Builder</i>, 585-310-763.</li> <li>2. Make sure the Prompt and Collect and Announce actions have Prompt With Interrupt set to "yes."</li> <li>3. Check that your incoming and outgoing speech volume levels are near the recommended levels. See Chapter 5, "Switch Interface Administration," of <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591.</li> </ol> <p>If these values are changed, complete Steps a and b:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Stop the voice system. See "<a href="#">Stopping the Voice System</a>", in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> <li>b. Start the voice system. See "<a href="#">Starting the Voice System</a>," in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> </ol> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4. Check that a Tip/Ring circuit card is set to "tdm."</li> </ol>
<p>Barge in does not work.</p>	<p>The circuit cards are not set correctly for barge-in (applies to WholeWord speech recognition only)</p> <p>For T1 systems, at least one SP card must be assigned VOICE function and at least one SP card must be assigned WW_RECOG or VOICE+WW_RECOG.</p> <p>For Tip/Ring systems, at least one SP card must be assigned VOICE+WW_RECOG and IVP6 or VRS cards must be set to "tdm."</p> <p>The system can also have an SP card with VOICE only, an SP card for speech recognition set to WW_RECOG, and IVP6 or VRS6 cards set to "tdm."</p>
<p>No barge-in resources available (applies to WholeWord speech recognition only — FlexWord does not support barge-in).</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the return code for SR_Prompt to see if barge-in resources are available (return = 0).</li> <li>2. If none are available, the call should be handled as touch tone if possible, or sent to an agent.</li> </ol> <p>If problem persists, consider adding SP and CMPs cards to increase the available resources.</p>

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**Table 1-8. Repairing Speech Recognition Accuracy Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>Prompt is talked off without saying keywords (applies to WholeWord speech recognition only — FlexWord does not support barge-in).</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Test the prompt with considerable background noise</li> <li>2. Test the prompt again in a quiet environment.</li> <li>3. Make sure the caller is not using a speakerphone.</li> <li>4. Investigate whether the prompt needs to be interruptible.  If not, set Speak With Interrupt to "no" in the Prompt and Collect action.</li> <li>5. Make sure SR_Prompt is set early enough in the script.  This can be done immediately after the Answer Phone action as shown below:  start  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Answer Phone</li> <li>2. External Action SR_Prompt Recognize_During_Prompt = "yes"</li> <li>3. Announce Speak Without Interrupt Phrase "sil.050".in -2</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
<p>You hear stuttered speech during talkoff.</p>	<p>Reduce the load. See "<a href="#">Table 1-30 lists the repair procedures for repairing channel/card state troubles.</a>" below for the procedure.</p>

## Repairing ORACLE Database Troubles

Table 1-9 lists troubles related to database problems on the voice system.

**Table 1-9. Repairing ORACLE Database Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>The voice script gets incorrect information or no information from the local database.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Scan the Message Log Report for messages related to the trouble. See Chapter 1, "Getting Started," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i>, 585-310-182.</li> <li>2. Enter <b>dbfree</b></li> <li>3. Check the amount of free database space.</li> <li>4. Enter <b>trace tsm dip1 chan all</b>            where <i>dip1</i> is the local database dip,</li> <li>5. Determine whether the database is full.</li> <li>6. Determine whether an attempt has been made to modify a record without first reading the record.</li> <li>7. Check to see if the local database table exists and is properly configured with data.</li> </ol>
<p>Occasionally, the script does not find an existing database record.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Scan the Message Log Report for messages related to the trouble. See Chapter 1, "Getting Started," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i>, 585-310-182.</li> <li>2. If no message exists, it is likely the database DIP is not responding to the script request in a timely fashion due to heavy traffic load or system load. Verify the MATCH_FOUND value after the Read Table action.             If MATCH_FOUND is -2, the script timed out on the Read Table request. The application should retry the Read Table or prompt caller to call back later.</li> </ol>

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**Table 1-9. Repairing ORACLE Database Troubles — *Continued***

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>The open cursor limit has been reached.</p>	<p>Increase the number of open cursors to 511:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Enter <b>vi /oracle/dbs/initA.ora</b></li> <li>2. Change line <b>open_cursors = 255</b> to <b>open_cursors = 511</b></li> <li>3. Stop the voice system. See <a href="#">“Stopping the Voice System”</a>, in <a href="#">Chapter 3, “Common System Procedures”</a>.</li> <li>4. Stop the database system. See <a href="#">“Stopping the Database System”</a>, in <a href="#">Chapter 3, “Common System Procedures”</a>.</li> <li>5. Start the database system. See <a href="#">“Starting the Database System”</a>, in <a href="#">Chapter 3, “Common System Procedures”</a>.</li> <li>6. Start the voice system. See <a href="#">“Starting the Voice System”</a>, in <a href="#">Chapter 3, “Common System Procedures”</a>.</li> </ol>

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**Table 1-9. Repairing ORACLE Database Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>The voice script gets incorrect information or no information from the remote database.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Scan the Message Log Report for messages related to the trouble. See Chapter 1, "Getting Started," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i>, 585-310-182.</li> <li>2. Check the Database Access ID Table under Database Administration in the <b>cvis_menu</b> to make sure the Database Access ID is assigned to the remote machine.</li> <li>3. Enter <b>ps -ef   grep oraldb</b></li> <li>4. Verify that the name of the remote machine is displayed.</li> <li>5. Consult the database administrator of the remote machine to determine if the remote database is up and had not been shutdown ungracefully during the period the voice system was running.                     <p>An example of an ungraceful shutdown of the database is to abort the database using the sqldba command <b>shutdown abort</b>. The observed ORACLE 6.0.30 symptom is that the shadow process of orasrv in the remote machine to which the voice system remains connected remains alive in memory after the remote database is shutdown gracefully. When the remote database is up again, this shadow process of orasrv is still able to access some of the database data in memory. However, the result would be unexpected. The script is not able to get information correctly from the remote database in this case and you should perform the following Steps a and b</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Stop the voice system. See "<a href="#">Stopping the Voice System</a>", in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> <li>b. Start the voice system. See "<a href="#">Starting the Voice System</a>", in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> </ol> </li> <li>6. Consult with the database administrator to see if any changes have been made to the tables on the remote machine.                     <p>If changes have been made, the effected application must be verified and installed again. See Chapter 9, "Installing the Application," of <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Application Development with Script Builder</i>, 585-310-763.</p> </li> <li>7. Enter <b>trace tsm chan all dbdipx</b> where x is the database ID number (either 2, 3, 4, or 5).</li> </ol>

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**Table 1-9. Repairing ORACLE Database Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
ccasum never finishes its cron job	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Determine if you are transferring to more than 100 numbers.            If so, kill the cron job by completing the following Steps a through c:           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Enter <b>ps -ef   grep ccasum</b></li> <li>b. Search for the PID for ccasum.                It is located in the second column from the left.</li> <li>c. Enter <b>kill -9 &lt;pid #&gt;</b>, where <i>&lt;pid #&gt;</i> is the parent process id (PID) number.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Create an index for ccasum.           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Log on to sqlplus as <b>sti/sti</b>.</li> <li>b. Enter <b>create index cca_idx on cca(phone_num);</b></li> <li>c. Enter <b>quit</b></li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Enter <b>/vs/bin/util/ccasum</b> when the call traffic is light.</li> <li>4. Enter <b>/vs/bin/util/ccadel</b> when ccasum is finished.</li> </ol>
Concern about memory usage.	Decrease the value of nbuf in the <b>/vs/data/spchconfig</b> file.
Need to increase nbuf.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Edit <b>/etc/conf/mtune.d/shm</b> to change the SHMMAX value from 4194304 (4-Mbyte) to 6291456 (6-Mbyte).</li> <li>2. Edit <b>/etc/conf/cf.d/mtune</b> to change the SHMMAX value from 4194304 to 6291456.</li> <li>3. Run <b>/etc/conf/bin/idtune SHMMAX 6291456</b></li> <li>4. Run <b>/etc/conf/bin/idbuild -B</b></li> <li>5. Edit <b>/vs/data/spchconfig</b> to change the nbuf value to 360.</li> <li>6. Reboot the system. See "<a href="#">Rebooting the UNIX System</a>," in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> </ol>

## Repairing Script Builder Troubles

Table 1-10 and Table 1-11 provide information on troubles related to the Script Builder package.

**Table 1-10. Repairing Script Builder Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
Messages are cut off.	<p>Add a few seconds of initial silence (0.2 to 0.5 seconds) to the beginning of the message to be played.</p> <p>Another way to avoid missing any segment of a message is to construct a phrase consisting of a few seconds of silence and play that phrase first.</p>
The terminal is locked-up.	<p>Use the following key sequence to release your terminal keypad:</p> <p><b>(CONTROL) (J) stty sane (CONTROL) (J)</b></p>
<p>You receive the message                  No Space On Root File                  System.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Press <b>(EXIT)</b> from Script Builder.</li> <li>2. Clean up the root file system.                         <p>Try to free a minimum of several hundred free blocks.</p> </li> <li>3. Re-enter Script Builder with your application.                         <p>You may find that everything is functioning properly with your application. You may be able to continue right where you left off and just retype any previous changes that were not saved. However, depending on where you were in the application when root ran out of space, some files may be corrupted.</p> </li> <li>4. If Script Builder fails completely with this application, complete the following Steps a and b:                         <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Remove the transaction part of the application by pressing REMOVE in the Script Builder Applications screen.</li> <li>b. Restore it from a backup. See <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Application Development with Script Builder</i>, 585-310-763.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

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**Table 1-10. Repairing Script Builder Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
There is no speech output.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure the phrase actually exists. If it does not, record it. See the Speech Administration screen in Chapter 7, "Producing Speech," of <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Application Development with Script Builder</i>, 585-310-763.</li> <li>2. Make sure the OVOL and IVOL parameters are correctly set in the Switch Interface screen. See Chapter 5, "Switch Interface Administration," of <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591.</li> <li>3. Enter <b>display card sp</b></li> <li>4. Check the status of the SP cards.</li> </ol>
Host sessions recover repeatedly.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Scan the Message Log Report for messages related to the trouble. See Chapter 1, "Getting Started," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i>, 585-310-182.</li> <li>2. Make sure a Transaction Base screen has been specified.</li> <li>3. Make sure the Login and Recovery sequences both leave the host session at a Transaction Base screen.</li> </ol>
A ring no answer occurs for an application that has a host interface.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Scan the Message Log Report for messages related to the trouble. See Chapter 1, "Getting Started," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i>, 585-310-182.</li> <li>2. Check the host timeout value and verify that the host response time is not exceeded.</li> </ol>

**Repairing Script Builder FAX Actions Troubles**

The following table provides information about trouble related to the Script Builder FAX Actions package. See these tables for appropriate corrective action if a trouble with Script Builder FAX Actions arises.

**Table 1-11. Repairing Script Building FAX Actions Troubles**

Trouble Indication	Corrective Action
<p>The ASCII to TIFF conversion process failed</p>	<p>The &lt;&lt; SBFAX006 SBF_ASCTOTIFF_FAILED &gt;&gt; line above and similar lines throughout this chapter are explain message identifiers and mnemonics that can be used as arguments to the explain function which is used to obtain the explain text associated with the error message. For example, to obtain the information below, enter at the UNIX shell prompt the command <b>explain SBFAX006</b>.</p> <p>The script made a request to transmit a text file to the caller. Before the text file can be sent, it must be converted into the appropriate format. This conversion failed for the text file specified.</p> <p>Most likely, the file requested is not suitable for transmission. Check to make sure the file is either a text file or a FAX file entered through the Fax Response Workspace.</p>
<p>The FAX combine process failed</p>	<p>The system attempted to combine two or three files into a single FAX file. This operation failed. For this operation to be completed, file conversions are performed to get the information into a form suitable for transmission.</p> <p>Most likely, one or more of the files requested are not suitable for transmission. Check to make sure the files requested are either text files or FAX files entered through the Fax Response Workspace.</p>
<p>The FAX cover page process failed</p>	<p>The script request to join two files into a single FAX file (possibly for use as a cover page) failed. For this operation to be completed, file conversions are performed to get the information into a form suitable for transmission.</p> <p>Most likely, one or both of the files requested are not suitable for transmission. Check to make sure the files requested are either text files or FAX files entered through the Fax Response Workspace.</p>
<p>FAX file not found</p>	<p>The script request to transmit a FAX file to the caller failed because the FAX file requested could not be found. Verify that the FAX file exists either in the Fax Response Workspace or at the full path specified in the script.</p> <p>The caller did not receive the FAX requested. Consider manually transmitting the FAX message requested by the caller using the delivery number contained in the error message.</p>

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**Table 1-11. Repairing Script Building FAX Actions Troubles — Continued**

<b>Trouble Indication</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Text file not found	<p>The script request to transmit a file to the caller failed because the file requested could not be found. Verify that the file exists and was specified in the script with the appropriate path.</p> <p>The caller did not receive the FAX they requested. Consider transmitting it manually to the caller using the delivery number contained in the error message.</p>
The FAX send process failed	<p>The script request to transmit one or two FAX messages to the caller failed. The return code reported in the error message indicates the result of the delivery request.</p> <p>This error may be the result of the failure of earlier FAX Actions. For example, if another FAX Action failed and the script did not check its return value, it is likely that the associated FAX_Send action would also fail. Consult the list below to determine the source of the problem.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— 6003 FAX file missing</li> <li>— 6105 FAXMGR not running/FAX channels not in service/No phone lines attached</li> </ul>
The execute UNIX command failed	<p>The script request to execute a UNIX command or shell script failed.</p> <p>Most likely, the problem is with the command or shell script. Check that the command or shell script that was attempted works when executed manually. If it does, make sure that its full path name is provided to the script.</p>

## Repairing Primary Rate Interface Troubles

The following troubles (Table 1-12) are related to the Primary Rate Interface (PRI) feature. It details what action should be taken if the D- or B-channels do not come into service as expected.

**Table 1-12. Repairing PRI Troubles**

D-Channel Status	B-Channel Status	Trouble Indication	Corrective Action
D-MANOOS	MANOOS	Channels have not been put into service.	Change the state of the channels to inserv.
FOOS	FOOS	The T1/E1 facility has not established physical connectivity or is experiencing a problem.	<p>Could be due to one of several reasons. This is normal for about 10–20 seconds after restoring T1/E1 channels. If the condition persists, the System Message Display screen should contain an error message numbered TWIP013 through TWIP018 that indicates the nature of the problem.</p> <p>See the explanation of error messages numbered TWIP013 through TWIP018 in Chapter 2, "Message Log Entries," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i>, 585-310-182</p>
D-MANOOS	HWOOS	The D-channel has not been put into service.	Change the state of the D-channel to inserv.
D-HWOOS	HWOOS	The SP card assigned to PRI is not in service.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Restore SP circuit card to service.</li> <li>2. If SP circuit card is broken, diagnose it. See <a href="#">"Circuit Card Diagnostics,"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 2, "Diagnostics"</a>.</li> <li>3. If the card is bad, replace it. See <a href="#">"Speech and Signal Processor (AYC43) Circuit Card"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"</a>.</li> </ol>

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**Table 1-12. Repairing PRI Troubles — Continued**

D-Channel Status	B-Channel Status	Trouble Indication	Corrective Action
D-NETOOS	HWOOS	The D-channel has not yet established connection.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the D-channel does not change after 5 minutes, check that the card with the D-channel is connected to the correct port on the switch.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the switch is provisioned to invert the HDLC data and D channel data if the framing/coding used is D4ZCS. Data is not inverted if the framing/coding is ESFB8ZS.</li> </ol>
D-INSERV	MANOOS	The B-channel has not been put into service.	Change the state of the B-channel to inserv.
D-INSERV	NETOOS	The B-channel has not been put into service by the switch.	This condition can last several seconds after the D-channel comes into service. If the condition persists, check the configuration of the switch.
FOOS	HWOOS	The T1/E1 card that contains the D-channel is having problems.	See the previous case where D-channel is Foos.
D-NETOOS	PENDING	The D-channel has lost connection. Active call on the B-channel is being kept up.	See Chapter 2, "Message Log Entries," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i> , 585-310-182 for indication of why D-channel connection was lost.

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**Table 1-12. Repairing PRI Troubles — Continued**

D-Channel Status	B-Channel Status	Trouble Indication	Corrective Action
D-HWOOS	PENDING	The SP card assigned to PRI is not in service. An active call on the B-channel is being kept up.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Restore the SP circuit card to service.</li> <li>2. If SP circuit card is broken, diagnose it. See <a href="#">“Circuit Card Diagnostics,”</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 2, “Diagnostics”</a>.</li> <li>3. If the card is bad, replace it. See <a href="#">“Speech and Signal Processor (AYC43) Circuit Card”</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 5, “Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards”</a>.</li> </ol>
F00s	PENDING	The T1/E1 card that contains the D-channel is having link problems. Active call is being kept up on the B-channel.	See the previous case where the D-channel is F00s.
D-INSERV	ON-HOOK	Incoming calls to voice system are not answered. The switch reports an error that indicates the voice system is attempting to negotiate to a nonexistent channel.	The interface ID Provisioning on the switch may not be correct. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure the card that has the D-channel is set for an Interface ID of 1.</li> <li>2. Make sure the circuit cards without the D-channel are set for an Interface ID of 2 through 5.</li> </ol>
D-INSERV	ON-HOOK	Outgoing calls are rejected by the switch. The switch reports an error indicating an invalid information element or invalid service.	Make sure that you have correctly specified the service type (using the “ISDN_Service” function in Script Builder or the “setparam” script instruction).

**Repairing Form Filler Plus Troubles**

The following troubles (Table 1-13) are related to the Form Filler Plus feature.

**Table 1-13. Repairing Form Filler Plus Troubles**

Trouble Indication	Corrective Action
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Form Filler Coding has failed for a reason other than voice coding timeous (that is, Form Filler Code fails due to voice coding failure – return code -1).</li> <li>■ FF_Code has been called more than 10 times in the call session (return code -20).</li> <li>■ Form Filler Code fails due to insufficient space on the speech file system (return code -555).</li> </ul>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Stop the voice system. See <a href="#">“Stopping the Voice System”</a>, in <a href="#">Chapter 3, “Common System Procedures”</a>.</li> <li>2. Start the voice system. See <a href="#">“Starting the Voice System”</a>, in <a href="#">Chapter 3, “Common System Procedures”</a>.</li> <li>3. Test the Form Filler Plus database by calling an application script and starting a test record.</li> <li>4. Check all Form Filler Plus application scripts to confirm that they are not calling the FF_Code action more than 10 times with the Re-Record Phrase option set to “no.”</li> <li>5. Verify that valid script ID is being used for each FF_Code and that the Script ID is always the same for FF_Code in a single application script.</li> <li>6. Verify that FF_Store is being called by the script only once per call session and that at least one call to FF_Code precedes the call to FF_Store.</li> <li>7. Check the Speech Space Statistics in the Form Filler Call Record Summary Report screen.</li> </ol> <p>If the speech filesystem is low on space, transcribe and delete more records using the Form Retriever (that is, the transcription script).</p> <p>If disk space shortages occur frequently, allot more disk space to speech storage. See Chapter 8, “Daily Administration,” of <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591, for additional information on the Form Filler Call Record Summary Report.</p> <p><b>⇒ NOTE:</b>        The system sets the maximum number of speech phrases that may be recorded at installation. See <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Description</i>, 585-310-241, for additional information.</p>

## Repairing Text-to-Speech Troubles

The following troubles (Table 1-14) are related to the Text-to-Speech (TTS) feature.

**Table 1-14. Repairing Text-to-Speech Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>Text is not spoken during playback of a PROMPT that is text.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the outgoing text volume in the Analog/Digital Interface screen. See Chapter 6, "Switch Interface Administration," of <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591, for changing the volume level.</li> <li>2. To verify the card is in the INSERV state, enter <b>display card &lt;sp card number&gt;</b> where &lt;sp card number&gt; is the number of the SP card allocated for TTS.</li> <li>3. Verify the SP card is assigned to the function TTS. See "SP/SSP Functions" in Chapter 3, "Voice System Administration," of <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591.</li> <li>4. Check the return code of either the <b>tts_file</b> external function or the particular <b>say</b> instruction.  If the return value is -2, the SP card may be under the maximum load it can handle for TTS (six simultaneous channels per SP).</li> <li>5. Make sure the tts_dip is running. Enter <b>ps -ef</b></li> <li>6. Make sure the TDM cable connects the SP card with the Tip/Ring circuit cards on the system.</li> <li>7. Stop the voice system. See "<a href="#">Stopping the Voice System</a>", in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> <li>8. Start the voice system. See "<a href="#">Starting the Voice System</a>", in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> </ol>

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**Table 1-14. Repairing Text-to-Speech Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
Text is not spoken during playback of a TTS file.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the outgoing text volume in the Analog/Digital Interface screen. See Chapter 5, "Switch Interface Administration," of <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591, for changing the volume level.</li> <li>2. Enter <b>ps -ef</b> to verify that the <b>/vs/bin/vrs/tts_dip</b> process is running on the system.</li> <li>3. Check the Script Builder function <b>tts_file</b> for the particular application and ensure that the function has been correctly configured. See Chapter 7, "Defining the Transaction," of <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Application Development with Script Builder</i>, 585-310-763.</li> <li>4. Verify where and what file the <b>tts_dip</b> external function is attempting to access.  The file is located in <b>/vs/data/tts_file</b> directory by default.</li> <li>5. Verify that the file contains data to be synthesized.</li> <li>6. Make sure the text file does not have unusual characters.</li> <li>7. Create a test file to be spoken.</li> <li>8. Check the <b>tts_dip</b> external function in the application and verify that argument 2 of the external function contains the full directory path of the file to be synthesized.</li> </ol>
TTS speech is being played too fast or too slow.	<p>Check the speaking rate of the text being played.</p> <p>The default speaking rate is the rate value of 2.</p> <p>See Appendix D, "Advanced Text-to-Speech Features," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Speech Development, Processing, and Recognition</i>, 585-310-762.</p>

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**Table 1-14. Repairing Text-to-Speech Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
Addresses, telephone numbers, fractions and proper names not being properly pronounced.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Verify that the text is grammatically correct.</li> <li>2. Attempt to activate a "class detector" for the appropriate text class (address, proper names, telephone numbers, or proper names) that is not being properly pronounced. See Appendix D, "Advanced Text-to-Speech Features" of <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Speech Development, Processing, and Recognition</i>, 585-310-762.</li> </ol>
Assigning the TTS function to the SP card fails.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Verify that the SP card is an AYC9 SP card. The output for <b>display card &lt;sp card number&gt;</b> should be "SP-8."</li> <li>2. Make sure that the SP card is in the MANOOS state before attempting to assign the TTS function to the card.</li> <li>3. Verify that the system recognizes that the SP card exists in the system.</li> </ol>
The SP (AYC9) card is not recognized by the system.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the switch settings for the AYC9 SP card and ensure there are no address/interrupt conflicts.</li> <li>2. Verify that the SP card is properly connected to the TDM bus.</li> <li>3. Verify that the other cards are configured correctly for communication on the TDM bus (for example, TDM resistors, etc).</li> <li>4. Install a new SP card if available. See "<a href="#">Speech and Signal Processor (AYC43) Circuit Card</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"</a>.</li> </ol>
You run out of disk space while loading the TTS package.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the remaining disk space to ensure that the root slice has at least 7 Mbytes of free space to install the TTS package.</li> <li>2. Check if there are any files that can be temporarily moved to another area of the disk or removed.</li> </ol>

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**Table 1-14. Repairing Text-to-Speech Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>The TTS pronunciation of text output is grammatically incorrect.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Verify that the text being synthesized contains appropriate sentence structure using capitalization, commas, and action verbs.</li> <li>2. See Appendix D, "Advanced Text-to-Speech Features" in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Speech Development, Processing, and Recognition</i>, 585-310-762, for escape sequences that can improve the pronunciation.</li> </ol>
<p>Script Builder fields are not correctly spoken using TTS.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Verify that the <code>Type</code> field in the Announce screen is set for TEXT.</li> <li>2. Verify that the <code>Format</code> field of the Announce screen is preceded with an "A" for speaking fields in the TTS format. See Appendix D, "Advanced Text-to-Speech Features" in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® voice system Version 5.0 Speech Development</i>, 585-310-228, for changes to the ANNOUNCE action for TTS.</li> </ol>
<p>Talkoff is inhibited during TTS playback.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Utilizing the <code>tts_file</code> external function complete the following Steps a and b:             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Verify that argument one of the external function for <code>tts_file</code> has the numeric value of "1" to enable talkoff.</li> <li>b. Check the return value for the <code>tts_file</code> external function. See Appendix D, "Advanced Text To Speech Features" in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Speech Development, Processing, and Recognition</i>, 585-310-762, for the possible reasons for the return code.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Utilizing the Announce action, check the Announce action and ensure the <code>Speak with Interrupt</code> option is set to "Yes".</li> </ol>
<p>Sentences using TTS are spoken as if they are run together.</p>	<p>Verify that there is a space after the last character in a complete sentence on the lines within the Announce action. See "Hints for Writing Applications Using TTS" in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Speech Development, Processing, and Recognition</i>, 585-310-762.</p>
<p>Fields using TTS are spoken as if they are run together.</p>	<p>Insert a silence phrase (<code>!si50</code>) at the beginning of a sentence to make it sound more natural.</p>

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**Table 1-14. Repairing Text-to-Speech Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
Text that should be spoken in sentence format is being spelled.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Verify that the text that is being spelled is <i>not</i> in all capital letters.  Text in all capital letters will be spelled.</li> <li>2. Check all escape sequences for correctness.</li> </ol>
The state of the SP card changes to BROKEN after executing an application that uses TTS.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the text that is being spoken in the application and ensure all escape sequences are being properly implemented. See Appendix D, "Advanced Text-to-Speech Features" in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Speech Development, Processing, and Recognition</i>, 585-310-762.</li> <li>2. Ensure that escape sequences that are inserted within the text are adjacent to some text and not surrounded by space.</li> <li>3. Diagnose the SP. See "<a href="#">Circuit Card Diagnostics</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 2, "Diagnostics"</a>.</li> </ol>
TTS quits speaking.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure all escape sequences are utilized properly (especially the /!si and /!sf sequences).</li> <li>2. Check that the amount of silence with the escape sequences are either greater than 0 or less than 100. For example, /!si100 will cause TTS to quit talking. See "Advanced Text-to-Speech Features" in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Speech Development, Processing, and Recognition</i>, 585-310-762, for information on the use of these instructions.</li> <li>3. Make sure the text does not have considerable white space or commas in a row (,,,,).</li> </ol>

## Repairing ASAI Troubles

The trouble resolution information for ASAI covers the following areas of ASAI operation:

- General ASAI troubleshooting
- Domain troubles
- Channel trouble
- Digital link troubles
- Trace utility information

## General ASAI Troubleshooting

Several tools are available to diagnose problems with the ASAI system, including

- System messages
- STATUS field of the Domain Administration and Channel Administration screens
- Trace utility

If you suspect or are experiencing problems with the ASAI system, perform the following procedure:

1. Display the Message Log Report screen as described in Chapter 8, "Daily Administration", of *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591.

**⇒ NOTE:**

ASAI system messages are numbered from ASAI001 through ASAI031 and are described in Chapter 2, "Message Log Entries" of *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages*, 585-310-182. Follow the instructions given for the appropriate system message.

2. If an ASAI system message appears in the Message Log Report, display the Domain Administration screen.
3. In the Domain Administration screen, check the STATUS field of each domain to confirm that it is inserv.

If a domain is not in an inserv state, see [Table 1-15](#) for additional information.

**Table 1-15. Repairing ASAI Domain Troubles**

Status	Indication	Corrective Action
MANOOS	(manual out of service) Domain has not been placed into service.	Use the ENABLE key to place the domain into service.
FOOS	(facility out of service) The ASAI digital link is not operating.	This could be due to several factors. See <a href="#">Table 1-19</a> .

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**Table 1-15. Repairing ASAI Domain Troubles — Continued**

Status	Indication	Corrective Action
BROKEN	(broken) A virtual channel could not be allocated for the service assigned to this domain	1. Verify that the correct service is assigned to the domain.  For the voice system ACD domain, this service must be voice system.  2. Use the DISABLE key to return the state to manoos.  3. Use the ENABLE key again.
INITING	(initializing) The service assigned to the domain is failing initialization.	1. Verify that the correct service is assigned to the domain.  For the voice system ACD domain, this service must be voice system.  2. Use the DISABLE key to return the state to manoos.  3. Use the ENABLE key again.
NETOOS	(network out of service) ASAI link is up, but attempts to initialize the domain are failing.	This could be caused by several factors, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ The wrong domain type is specified (for example, ACD or VDN).</li> <li>■ The wrong extension is specified.</li> <li>■ The domain is not administered on the PBX.</li> </ul> 1. See Chapter 2, "Message Log Entries", in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i> , 585-310-182, for information on ASAI017 through ASAI024 system messages numbered.  2. Use the DISABLE key to return the state to manoos.  3. Check these parameters  4. Use the CHANGE key to change a domain parameter is necessary.  5. Use the ENABLE key again.

If all domains are inserv, complete the following Steps a and b:

- a. Display the Channel Administration screen.
- b. In the Channel Administration screen, check the `STATUS` field of each channel to confirm that it is in a `LOGIN` state.

If any channels are not in a `LOGIN` state, see [Table 1-17](#) for additional information.

4. If the above steps do not resolve the problem, check the following if you are diagnosing either an existing system which was working previously or a new system:
  - Verify that all voice equipment (Tip/Ring cards, T1 cards, SP cards, etc) is functioning properly.
  - Verify that the lines to the Tip/Ring or T1 cards are functioning properly.
  - Verify that the administration of the PBX or voice system has not changed. You can verify the administration of the PBX values through the Switch Interfaces screen. See Chapter 5, "Switch Interface Administration," of *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591, for information.
5. If you are diagnosing a new system and the procedures in Step 4 do not point to the source of the problem, check the following:
  - Verify that all domains are administered properly.
  - Verify that the PBX is properly routing calls to the voice system ACD split, if applicable.
  - If using a host, verify that there is not a problem with the host.
  - Trace utility

## **Repairing ASAI Domain Troubles**

Use the following table if, after following the steps to administer a domain, the domain is not in service. In most cases when the domain is not in service, system messages ASAI017 – ASAI024 appear in the Message Log Report. The Message Log Report screen is described in Chapter 1, "Getting Started," of *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages*, 585-310-182. See [Table 1-16](#) for assistance in determining the cause of the trouble.

**Table 1-16. Domain Failure Causes**

Cause	Corrective Action
Can't start script,state=11	Cannot start service assigned to domain. You may be attempting to monitor more domains than the system is able to handle under the current call loads. See Chapter 4, "Feature Package Administration," of <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i> , 585-310-591, for information on ASAI system specifications.
Script not responding,state=12	Service assigned to domain is not responding.  1. Verify that the correct service is assigned to the specified domain.  If it has, then the service is not responding correctly.  2. Make sure that the service follows the guidelines described in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i> , 585-310-591.
Rejected by switch,cause=0	Invalid number or domain. The domain value is neither a valid VDN or a valid ACD split extension.
Rejected by swtich,cause=2	Resources not available. The request cannot be executed because the switch limit would be exceeded for the maximum number of monitored domains.
Rejected by switch,cause=3	The user has not subscribed for the requested capability.
Rejected by switch,cause=7	Service or option not implemented. The given domain is already being monitored.
Rejected by switch,cause=10	Invalid association. The association is already in existence.
Rejected by switch,cause=24	Switch not administered correctly. The domain value is an adjunct controlled split or a vector controlled split.
Rejected by switch,cause=26	Switching equipment congestion. The switch is not accepting the request at this time because of processor overload. The adjunct or user may wish to retry the request but should not do so immediately.
Rejected by switch,cause=X	Domain cannot be monitored for other reasons. Verify that the Type and Extension are correctly administered for the specified domain. See <a href="#">Table 1-20</a> for other cause values.

## Repairing ASAI Channel Troubles

Use the following table, if after administering and logging in an ASAI channel, the domain is not in service. In most cases when the ASAI channel is not logged in, system messages ASAI009 – ASAI016 appear in the Message Log report.

**Table 1-17. Repairing ASAI Channel (voice system Agent Line) Troubles**

Status	Indication	Corrective Action
MANOOS	(manual out of service) The channel has not been placed into service.	Use the ASSIGN key in the Voice Equipment screen to change state to inserv.
FOOS	(facility out of service) The line is not functional.	This could be the result of several factors, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ The line is not connected to PBX (or the wiring is bad).</li> <li>■ No loop current is detected on line.</li> </ul>
BROKEN	(broken) A possible malfunction has been detected on the line.	Diagnose the card. See <a href="#">"Circuit Card Diagnostics"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 2, "Diagnostics"</a> . If the diagnostics fail, replace the circuit card. See <a href="#">Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"</a> .
LOGOUT	(logged out) The channel has not been administered for log in.	Use the LOGIN key to log in the channel.

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**Table 1-17. Repairing ASAI Channel (voice system Agent Line) Troubles — Continued**

Status	Indication	Corrective Action
HWOOS	(hardware out of service) The channel cannot be logged in because ASAI digital link is not operating.	This could be a result of several factors. See <a href="#">Table 1-19</a> for additional information.
NETOOS	(network out of service) The ASAI link is up, but attempts to log in the channel are failing.	<p>This could be caused by several factors, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ The wrong extension is specified.</li> <li>■ The extension does not exist.</li> <li>■ The extension does not belong to the voice system ACD hunt group.</li> </ul> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. See system messages ASAI009–ASAI016 in Chapter 2, “Message Log Entries,” in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i>, 585-310-182.</li> <li>2. Use the LOGOUT key to return the state to logout.</li> <li>3. Use the CHANGE key to change the extension if necessary.</li> <li>4. Try the LOGIN key again.</li> </ol>
NONEX	(nonexistent) The card is not physically linked to the channels.	<p>If desired, you may leave the channels in a nonex state.</p> <p>If you leave the channels in a nonex state, unassign the channels as a voice system agent (by pressing REMOVE in the Channel Administration screen).</p> <p>If you wish, you may renumber the channels in the Change A Channel Entry screen.</p> <p>Otherwise, add the card to the channels to physically link the card to the channel.</p>

**Table 1-18. Channel Login Failure Causes**

Cause	Corrective Action
No VIS Domain, cause=1	An ACD domain has not been administered (on the voice system) with the service "VIS." Add and enable an ACD type domain with service "VIS." See <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i> , 585-310-591.
Rejected by switch, cause=0	The extension assigned to the channel on the voice system may be incorrect.  Correct the extension assignment for the channel.
Rejected by switch, cause=0	An invalid ACD split or channel extension value is designated in the request.
Rejected by switch, cause=2	The request cannot be executed because of a lack of available switch resources.
Rejected by switch, cause=3	The user has not subscribed for the requested capability.
Rejected by switch, cause=7	Login is not available for the extension entered as the split extension.  <b>⇒ NOTE:</b> An invalid split extension can be a valid non-split extension (such as a channel extension) on the switch, but it will still be denied.
Rejected by switch, cause=10	Invalid association. The association is already in existence.
Rejected by switch, cause=21	Channel logged in to another split. The channel is already logged in to the maximum number of splits.
Rejected by switch, cause=22	Incorrect number of channel login digits. The channel is not logged in (applies only to the channel login).
Rejected by switch, cause=24	The split is not administered correctly. A request has been denied by the switch to log in a member of the auto-available split.
Rejected by switch, cause=26	Switching equipment congestion. The switch is not accepting the request at this time because of processor overload. The adjunct or user may wish to retry the request, but should not do so immediately.
Rejected by switch, cause=X	The PBX cannot log in the channel for other reasons. See <a href="#">Table 1-20</a> for other cause values.

## Repairing ASAI Digital Link Troubles

The ASAI digital link is not operating if

- It remains in the foos state after following the steps to administer and enable a domain.
- It remains in the hwoos state after administering a channel as a voice system agent line and logging it in.
- You receive a system message indicating the ASAI link is down while attempting to ENABLE a domain or LOGIN a channel.

If you encounter one of these conditions, select `Show Status of ASAI link` while in the ASAI Administration menu to display the current status of the link. Then see [Table 1-19](#) to resolve the trouble.

### ⇒ NOTE:

If you cannot establish the ASAI link to the switch, check the CRV Length of the extension associated with the BRI link. This parameter must be set to 2, not 1.

**Table 1-19. Repairing ASAI Digital Link Troubles**

Status	Indication	Corrective Action
OFFLINE	The IPCI card is in an off-line mode.	Select <code>initialize IPCI Board</code> to place the card on-line.
L1 DOWN, L2 DOWN	The ASAI physical link is down.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the ASAI link wiring between the voice system and the PBX.</li> <li>2. If the wiring is correct, diagnose the IPCI card. See "<a href="#">Circuit Card Diagnostics</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 2, "Diagnostics"</a>.</li> <li>3. If the card is bad, replace it. See <a href="#">Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"</a>.</li> </ol>
L1 UP, L2 DOWN	The ASAI physical link is correct, but the link layer is down.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make certain the ASAI port on the PBX is administered with <code>Fixed TEI=y</code> and <code>TEI=3</code>.</li> <li>2. If TEI parameters are correct, diagnose the IPCI card. See "<a href="#">Circuit Card Diagnostics</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 2, "Diagnostics"</a>.</li> <li>3. If the card is bad, replace it. See <a href="#">Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"</a>.</li> </ol>

*Continued on next page*

**Table 1-19. Repairing ASAI Digital Link Troubles — Continued**

Status	Indication	Corrective Action
PUMPING	The IPCI card is in the process of initialization.	This should be a temporary state.  If the card stays in this state, take the card OFFLINE and initialize it.  If this unsuccessful, try restarting the system or replacing the card.
AWAITING GOING OFFLINE	The IPCI card is attempting to go off-line.	This should be a temporary state.  If the card stays in this state, take the card OFFLINE and initialize it.  If this is unsuccessful, try restarting the system or replacing the card.
FAULTY HARDWARE, UNKNOWN, UNDETERMINED	The IPCI card is in an unknown state.	The IPCI circuit card is either nonexistent or malfunctioning. Assuming the card is installed complete the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Take the circuit card OFFLINE.</li> <li>2. Initialize the circuit card.</li> <li>3. Diagnose the circuit card. See <a href="#">“Circuit Card Diagnostics”</a>, in <a href="#">Chapter 2, “Diagnostics”</a>.</li> <li>4. If you are unable to successfully initialize and diagnose the card, replace the card. See <a href="#">Chapter 5, “Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards”</a>.</li> </ol>
L1 UP, L2 UP	The ASAI link should be operative.	If the domain is still foos, do the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Take the IPCI circuit card OFFLINE.</li> <li>2. Initialize the circuit card.</li> <li>3. If the problem persists, diagnose the circuit card. See <a href="#">“Circuit Card Diagnostics”</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 2, “Diagnostics”</a>.                           If the card is bad, replace it. See in <a href="#">Chapter 5, “Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards”</a>.                           If the diagnose is successful, reboot the system. See <a href="#">“Rebooting the UNIX System”</a>, in <a href="#">Chapter 3, “Common System Procedures”</a>.</li> </ol>

## Correlation Between Voice System and PBX Cause Values

Table 1-20 correlates the voice system ASAI cause values with the DEFINITY Generic 3i coding standards and values.



**NOTE:**

The VIS Value is the number returned in the Cause Value field of the ASAI Script Builder actions.

**Table 1-20. Correlation Between Voice System and DEFINITY Generic 3i Coding Standards and Values**

VIS Value	DEFINITY Value	Description
0	CS0/28	Invalid number or domain; the domain value is not a valid VDN or a valid ACD split extension.
1	CS0/111	Protocol error; the Q.932 protocol has been violated.
2	CS3/40	Resources not available; the request cannot be executed because the switch limit would be exceeded for the maximum number of monitored domains.
3	CS0/50	The user has not subscribed for the requested capability.
4	CS3/79	The service or option is not implemented.
5	CS0/96	A mandatory information element is missing.
6	CS0/100	The contents of an information element are invalid.
7	CS3/63	Login is not available for the extension entered as the split extension.  <b>NOTE:</b> An invalid split extension can be a valid non-split extension (such as a channel extension) on the switch, but it will still be denied.
8	CS3/86	Calls with the requested identity have been terminated.
9	CS0/98	The message is not compatible with the call state.
10	CS0/81	Invalid association; the association is already in existence.
11	CS3/80	The options are incompatible
12	CS0/102	Recovery on timer has expired

*Continued on next page*

**Table 1-20. Correlation Between Voice System and DEFINITY Generic 3i Coding Standards and Values — Continued**

VIS Value	DEFINITY Value	Description
13	CS3/15	The agent is not logged in.
14	CS3/11	The extension assigned to the channel on the voice system does not belong to the ACD split assigned to the voice system service. Correct the extension assignment for the channel.
15	CS0/17	The specified extension currently has an active call. A channel cannot be logged in when it is off-hook.
16	CS0/18	No user is responding.
17	CS3/43	Permission is denied.
18	CS3/87	Internal switch audit
19	CS3/27	Out of service
20	CS3/12	The agent state is inconsistent with the request.
21	CS3/13	The channel is logged in to another split. The channel is already logged into the maximum number of splits.
22	CS3/14	The number of channel login digits is incorrect. The channel is not logged in (applies only to channel login).
23	CS3/16	The options are in the same state
24	CS3/41	The split is not administered correctly. A request has been denied by the switch to log in a member of the auto-available split.
25	CS0/16	The options have normal clearing
26	CS0/42	Switch equipment congestion. The switch is not accepting the request at this time because of processor overload. The adjunct or user may wish to retry the request, but should not do so immediately.
27	CS0/99	An information element is nonexistent.
28	CS3/22	Queues are full.
29	CS0/01	Unassigned number
30	CS0/21	Call rejected
31	CS0/22	Number changed/SIT-Vacant
32	CS0/31	Normal, unspecified/SIT-unknown

*Continued on next page*

**Table 1-20. Correlation Between Voice System and DEFINITY Generic 3i Coding Standards and Values — *Continued***

VIS Value	DEFINITY Value	Description
33	CS0/34	No circuit or channel available/SIT-not circuit
35	CS0/58	Bearer capability is not presently available.
36	CS0/88	The destination is incompatible.
37	CS0/95	Invalid message, unspecified
38	CS0/97	The message is nonexistent/not implemented.
39	CS3/19	There is no answer.
40	CS3/20	Trunks are not available.
41	—	The ASAI link is down.
42	CS3/30	Redirected
43	CS3/38	The network is out of order.
44	CS3/42	Reorder/denial
45	CS3/46	Administration is in progress.
46	CS3/53	The feature request was rejected.

## Repairing Administrative Troubles

Administrative troubles are experienced while performing a task you have initiated (for example, a trouble arises while performing a *mkimage* of the system software). Table 1-21 contains troubles related to administrative tasks.

**Table 1-21. Repairing Administrative Troubles**

Trouble Indication	Corrective Action
UNIX commands are failing or the disk reported failures.	1. Scan the Message Log Report in Chapter 2, "Message Log Entries," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i> , 585-310-182.
ccasum never finishes its cron job	1. Determine if you are transferring to more than 100 numbers.  If you are, kill the cron job by completing the following Steps a through c: a. Enter <b>ps -ef   grep ccasum</b> b. Search for the PID for ccasum (is it located in the second column from the left) c. Enter <b>kill -9 pid#</b> where <i>pid#</i> is the parent process id (PID) number  2. Create an index for ccasum by completing the following Steps a through c: a. Log in to SQL*Plus as <b>sti/sti</b> b. Enter <b>create index cca_idx on cca(phone_num);</b> c. Enter <b>:quit</b> to exit the SQL*Plus Utility  3. When the call traffic is light, enter <b>/vs/bin/util/ccasum</b>  4. Enter <b>/vs/bin/util/ccadel</b> when ccasum is finished.
Using the vi editor causes a core dump.	1. To split the file into multiple segments, enter <b>split -n filename name</b> where: <b>-n</b> is the number of lines in each piece (1000 is the default, <i>filename</i> is the name of the files you want to split, and <i>name</i> is the new segment you are creating

## Repairing Operational Troubles

Operational troubles are experienced with the physical components of the voice system, such as a blank monitor or an inoperable modem. These troubles can occur at any time. Table 1-22 contains troubles related to operational tasks.

**Table 1-22. Repairing Operational Troubles**

Trouble Indication	Corrective Action
The monitor screen is blank, but the voice system is still taking calls.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the power on the voice system. If on, place a test call to the system.</li> <li>2. Check the LED on the monitor. If on, check the contrast and brightness controls on the monitor.</li> <li>3. Check the monitor connection to the voice system.</li> <li>4. Unplug/plug in the monitor cable to the voice system.</li> <li>5. Check the on/off switch on the monitor.</li> <li>6. Log in remotely to check out the system and see if the voice system is taking calls.</li> <li>7. If the problem persists, replace the monitor and or the video controller circuit card.</li> </ol>
The <b>shutdown</b> and <b>init</b> commands will not bring the system down.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Perform a hard reboot of the system.</li> </ol>

## Repairing Feature Licensing Troubles

Operational troubles are experienced with the physical components of the voice system, such as a blank monitor or an inoperable modem. These troubles can occur at any time. [Table 1-23](#) contains troubles related to operational tasks.

**Table 1-23. Repairing Feature Licensing Troubles**

Trouble Indication	Corrective Action
Feature licensing is no longer active.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the name of your system has been changed, the TSC must be notified.</li> </ol>

## Repairing Other Voice System Troubles

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Other voice system troubles include those general trouble areas that do not fall into the other classes listed above. The following tables contain some general trouble areas that do not fall into the other classes listed above. Specifically, the troubles include:

- Switching Control Center System (SCCS) and Alarm Relay Unit (ARU) troubles
- Call transferring troubles
- Performance-related troubles
- Speech-related troubles
- Diagnostic troubles
- Touch-tone input troubles
- Report troubles
- Channel state troubles

### Repairing Switching Control Center System (SCCS) and Alarm Relay Unit (ARU) Troubles

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[Table 1-24](#) lists the repair procedures for repairing Switching Control Center System (SCCS) and Alarm Relay Unit (ARU) troubles.

**Table 1-24. Repairing SCCS/ARU Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>ARU/SCCS hardware is not responding to alarms from the voice system.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the hardware/cabling connections. See Chapter 3, "Making Cable Connections," in your platform system installation.</li> <li>2. Verify that the serial port on the eight-port asynchronous unit is properly configured on the voice system.</li> <li>3. Verify that the CPU (tty00) is properly configured on the voice system.</li> <li>4. Verify that the software is communicating with the ARU by completing the following Steps a and b:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Enter <b>load_aru_b</b> if the ARU is a J1P158B-1 without scan points.  Enter <b>load_aru_c</b> if the ARU is a J1P158C-1 with scan points.  As you enter this command, you should see one of the two LEDs on the front of the ARU flicker, and the word "DOWNLOAD" should flash on the display panel. These LEDs correspond to serial ports A and B on the ARU.</li> <li>b. If you did not see the LED flicker or DOWNLOAD displayed, try swapping the connection to the other serial port on the ARU and repeat the procedure.  If you still fail to see the other LED flicker, this indicates a cabling/port configuration problem.  If the second port works and it has the same switch settings as the 1st, this may indicate a bad serial port on the ARU.</li> </ol> </li> <li>5. Verify that there are no other processes communicating with the TTY port assigned to the ARU.  The getty for the TTY port used by the ARU should be initialized at the baud rate configured for the ARU. Once the getty has been initialized for that port, it should be turned off. It will be turned off when the CompuLert/SCCS/ARU package is loaded.  If not, complete the following Steps a and b:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Manually turn off the getty process.</li> <li>b. Check all other processes, dips, etc. and ensure they are not attempting to send/retrieve data from that port.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

**Table 1-24. Repairing SCCS/ARU Troubles — Continued**

Indication	Corrective Action
Error message ERROR 03, ERROR 04, or ERROR 10 shows up on the ARU when the unit is powered-on or reset, or when receiving a message from the voice system.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Hold the Lk-Out and Reset keys in at the same time for approximately two seconds to verify that the BAUD rate of the ARU (according to switch settings on the back of the unit) for <b>Port A</b> match the BAUD rate of the TTY port used for communication.</li> <li>2. Press Reset again to get back to the NORMAL mode.</li> <li>3. Check the ARU Users Manual if changes to the DIP switch settings are necessary.</li> </ol> <p>If changes are made, the ARU must be reset or powered off/on for the new settings to take effect on the unit.</p>
Error message ERROR 06, ERROR 07, or ERROR 11 shows up on the ARU when the unit is powered-on or reset, or when receiving a message from the voice system.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Hold the Lk-Out and Reset keys in at the same time for approximately two seconds to verify that the BAUD rate of the ARU (according to switch settings on the back of the unit) for <b>Port B</b> match the BAUD rate of the TTY port used for communication.</li> <li>2. Press Reset again to get back to the NORMAL mode.</li> <li>3. Check the ARU Users Manual if changes to the DIP switch settings are necessary.</li> </ol> <p>If changes are made, the ARU must be reset or powered off/on for the new settings to take effect on the unit.</p>
The red LED for port A/B of the ARU stays on when it is connected to the voice system.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Perform the procedure from "ARU/SCCS hardware not responding to alarms from the voice system" above.</li> <li>2. Check the behavior of the serial port with another device, like an asynchronous modem.</li> </ol> <p>If the port works fine with the modem then the port is probably fine, it just needs to be cabled and configured properly for the ARU.</p>
The wrong priority (critical, major, informational) level is assigned for a particular message.	Enter <b>chg_alarm</b> to change the priority level for a particular message sent to the ARU.

## Repairing Call Transfer Troubles

[Table 1-25](#) lists the repair procedures for repairing call transfer troubles.

**Table 1-25. Repairing Call Transfer Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
voice system not transferring calls properly.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Scan the Message Log Report in Chapter 2, "Message Log Entries," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i>, 585-310-182.</li> <li>2. Verify the values on the Switch Administration screen as described in Chapter 5, "Switch Interface Administration," of <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i>, 585-310-591.                       If this screen has changed, complete the following Steps a through d:                     <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Save the values.</li> <li>b. Stop the voice system. See "<a href="#">Stopping the Voice System</a>," in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> <li>c. Start the voice system. See "<a href="#">Starting the Voice System</a>," in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"</a>.</li> <li>d. Reinstall the application. See "<a href="#">Installing the Script Builder Package</a>" in <a href="#">Chapter 11, "Installing the Optional Feature Software"</a>.</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Try to transfer a call manually, by completing the following Steps a through d:                     <p style="text-align: center;"><b>⇒ NOTE:</b>                      An analog phone is needed for this text.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Plug the line going into the voice system into the phone.</li> <li>b. Place the call to this phone.</li> <li>c. Answer the call.</li> <li>d. Try to transfer to another extension.</li> </ol> </li> <li>4. Assign the feature test script to the channel and place test calls.</li> <li>5. Enter <b>trace tsm chan all trip   tee /tmp/trace.out</b></li> <li>6. Check the logic of the application that is doing the transfer.</li> </ol>

*Continued on next page*

**Table 1-25. Repairing Call Transfer Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
Direct agent calls do not work properly.	<p>Make sure all fields within the ASAI external actions are defined as the feature documentation states.</p> <p>If Script Builder must convert fields from one type to another (that is, char to num) sometimes fields do not contain the values expected.</p> <p>For a direct agent call to be successful, the <code>Split Extension</code> field must contain the number identifying a valid ACD split.</p> <p>If the field is corrupted the direct agent call will not work.</p>

## Repairing Performance Troubles

[Table 1-26](#) lists the repair procedures for repairing performance troubles.

**Table 1-26. Repairing Performance Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
<p>The system is slow or delayed in speaking.</p> <p>The system performance is degraded. For example</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Speech breaks are occurring</li> <li>■ There is bad response time to commands</li> </ul>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure the value for the Cache Controller is set to "Enable" in the CPU CMOS SETUP screen.</li> </ol> <p>It is highly unlikely that this is the root cause of degraded system performance and the system must be powered down and rebooted to check this screen. See "Accessing the Setup Screen" in Chapter 4, "Connecting Peripherals and Powering Up," of the new system installation book for your platform.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Reduce the load. See <a href="#">"Reducing Load"</a> below.</li> </ol>

## Repairing Diagnostics Troubles

[Table 1-27](#) lists the repair procedures for repairing diagnostics troubles.

**Table 1-27. Repairing Diagnostics Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
Card diagnostics failed.	Check the circuit cards. See <a href="#">"Circuit Card Diagnostics"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 2, "Diagnostics"</a> .

## Repairing Touch-Tone Input Troubles

[Table 1-28](#) lists the repair procedures for repairing touch-tone input troubles.

**Table 1-28. Repairing Touch-Tone Input Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
User touch-tone input is not being correctly interpreted by the system.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Verify the Prompt and Collect action matches the intended use in the script.</li> <li>2. If this is channel related (that is, the trouble only appears on a particular channel) and you have another card, see if the trouble occurs on the other card.               If not, replace the original card. See <a href="#">Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"</a>.</li> </ol>

## Repairing Report Troubles

[Table 1-29](#) lists the repair procedures for repairing report troubles.

**Table 1-29. Repairing Report Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
Call data reports are not accurate or they are not complete.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Determine if there is any additional free space in the database by entering <b>dbfrag</b></li> <li>2. Scan the Message Log Report in Chapter 2, "Message Log Entries," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages</i>, 585-310-182.</li> </ol>

## Repairing Channel/Card State Troubles

[Table 1-30](#) lists the repair procedures for repairing channel/card state troubles.

**Table 1-30. Repairing Channel/Card State Troubles**

Indication	Corrective Action
The channel/card is in the state Hwoos or Netoos.	Determine the type of channel by entering <b>display channel &lt;channel number&gt;</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the outcome shows PRIB or PRID, see <a href="#">Table 1-12</a>.</li> <li>2. If the maintenance state is displayed by looking at the Channel Administration screen under the ASAI Feature Packages, see the ASAI troubleshooting section in this book.</li> </ol>
Channel/card is in state Manoos.	Restore the channel or card by entering <b>restore [channel/card] [channel/card #]</b> See Appendix A, "Summary of Commands," in <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration</i> , 585-310-591.
Channel/card is in state Foos.	Enter <b>display channel &lt;channel number&gt;</b> If T1.5, PRIB, or PRID is displayed, check the error log for a message in the range TWIP013–TWIP018. Follow the recommended repair procedure for that message. If VRS6, IVP4, or IVP6 is displayed: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Enter <b>diagnose card &lt;card number&gt;</b>.</li> <li>2. If the channel remains Foos, check the phone connection to the card.</li> </ol>
Channel/card is in state Broken.	Follow the repair procedure for message MTC003 provided in Chapter 3, "System Message Listings." If the card is an SP card, perform the "Checking the TDM Bus" procedure in Chapter 4, "Common Maintenance Procedures," as well.

## Reducing Load

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This repair procedure is provided to enable application developers and system administrators to troubleshoot the root cause of system problems. Problems related to performance depend on a wide range of variables; understanding the nature of the problem requires a good understanding of the attributes of the system which effect performance. See Chapter 7, "Performance Information," in *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Description*, 585-310-241, before attempting to troubleshoot complex performance-related problems.



### NOTE:

Every INTUITY CONVERSANT system must have a minimum of 32 Mbyte of memory.

The information provided in this section is platform related. Rule out application related performance problems first before proceeding this procedure.

## Indicators of Performance Problems

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Most performance-related problems become noticeable through either reports of slow response time from end users or performance- or load-related error messages in the alarm log.

### Reports of Poor Response Time

If poor response time is reported but no load-related messages are reported to the alarm log, it is likely that the response time delays are a result of

- Host transactions
- Database transactions
- Delays in custom database interface processes (DIPs) or customer IRAPI processes
- Large, complex TSM applications (for example, an application that contains multiple language options)

An application rarely experiences unacceptable delays because of voice processing (playing and coding phrases and recognizing touch tones) without alarms in the alarm log. Voice processing shows little change in response time as system load increases. Typically, if load increases to a point where the system cannot serve voice processing requests in real time, alarms are logged.

### Reports of System Inaccessibility

Typically, if load increases to a point where the system cannot serve voice processing requests in real time, alarms are logged. However, if the system is inaccessible, the alarms logged are also inaccessible. UNIX interprocess communication (IPC) message queues may indicate that the system may be nearing its load threshold.

## Load-Related Messages in the Alarm Log

Load-related messages in the alarm log indicate that voice processing cannot be carried out in real time because of excessive system load. Components of the system which affect voice processing include

- Central processing unit (CPU)
- Memory
- Hard disk drives
- Signal processor (SP) and speech and signal processing (SSP) circuit cards

## Identifying Load Culprits

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Before attempting to analyze the application for load liabilities, it is important to remember that processing external to the application may be the cause of load related problems. Check that none of the following occur at times when load-related alarms are reported:

- Use of the INTUITY CONVERSANT Script Builder application generator on a production machine during peak load hours
- Excessive use of call data event tracking
- Excessive requests to the 3270 host interface
- Reading of large (more than 500 records) database tables that are not indexed
- Reading of and writing to database tables exclusively
- Use of the system monitor program with a fast refresh rate  
A fast refresh rate is anything less than the default rate of 5 seconds.
- Requests of call data reports during peak load periods
- Performance of other operation, administration, and maintenance (OA&M) functions (includes backups, speech administration, etc)
- ASCII to FAX conversions when using Script Builder FAX Actions
- System cron jobs

### NOTE:

Every day at 12:15 a.m. all call data is summarized. If this coincides with even low voice processing activity, alarms may be reported. A possible solution is to modify the crontab entry for a time with less load.

If sources of external load have been ruled out, continue with the following sections.

## Checking CPU Resources

To check the CPU resources do the following

1. Enter **sar**



### NOTE:

The **sar** command reports system activity reports for a wide variety of system resources. (See **sar(1m)** in the *UNIX SVR4.2 Command Reference* for a complete description.)

The system displays the CPU Resources screen ([Figure 1-2](#)).

```

00:00:00  %usr      %sys      %wio      %idle
01:00:00  0          0          0          100
02:00:00  0          0          0          100
03:00:00  0          0          0          100
04:00:00  0          0          0          100
05:00:00  0          0          0          100
06:00:00  0          0          0          100
07:00:00  0          0          0          100
08:00:00  0          0          0          100
08:20:00  0          0          0          100
08:40:00  0          0          0          100
09:00:00  0          0          0          99
09:20:00  0          0          0          99
09:40:00  0          4          1          95
10:00:00  9          43         3          45
10:20:00  10         36         2          52
10:40:00  10         23         2          65
11:00:00  9          23         2          65
11:20:00  2          4          1          93
11:40:00  0          0          0          99
  
```

**Figure 1-2. CPU Resources Screen**



### NOTE:

To display current CPU usage every 5 seconds for 50 seconds, enter **sar 5 50**

If the CPU Resources screen shows CPU usage (the sum of columns 2 and 3, usr + sys) over 60 percent during the busy hour or when alarms are logged, it is likely that alarms are a result of over utilization of CPU resources.

The output of the second command should only be considered during the busy hour and CPU usage should again be below 60 percent. If either of these test show CPU utilization consistently over 60 percent it is likely that the CPU is the problem.

See "[Reducing CPU Usage](#)" below.

## Checking Disk Resources

To check the disk resources do the following

1. Enter **sar -c** or **sar -c 5 50**

The system displays the Disk Resources screen ([Figure 1-3](#)).

Time	scall/s	sread/s	swrit/s	fork/s	exec/s	rchar/s	wchar/s
00:00:00							
01:00:00	58	4	0	0.14	0.15	5219	42
02:00:00	37	2	0	0.04	0.04	202	3
03:00:00	35	2	0	0.02	0.02	180	2
04:00:00	38	3	0	0.03	0.04	522	6
05:00:00	48	3	0	0.06	0.06	634	6
06:00:00	108	16	15	0.05	0.07	2021	794
07:00:00	2246	48	1256	0.02	0.03	12984	46369
08:00:00	1841	47	804	0.11	0.13	9475	36937
08:20:00	1036	34	25	0.02	0.02	2649	17658
08:40:00	1067	39	38	0.03	0.04	3985	26619
09:00:00	246	19	5	0.10	0.10	873	3999
09:20:00	76	19	3	0.09	0.10	1956	1347
09:40:00	65	16	0	0.08	0.08	424	6
10:00:00	74	20	1	0.12	0.12	567	38
10:20:00	72	20	1	0.08	0.08	423	15
10:40:00	73	20	1	0.08	0.08	464	17
11:00:00	87	24	5	0.11	0.11	2005	857
11:20:00	78	22	2	0.10	0.10	1001	82
11:40:00	103	27	2	0.27	0.30	3206	195

Figure 1-3. Disk Resources Screen

### ⇒ NOTE:

If the sum of the **rchar/s** and **wchar/s** columns is consistently greater than 320000 during the busy hour, then it is likely that the disk is the problem. See "[Reducing CPU Usage](#)" for repair procedures.

## Checking Memory Resources

To check the CPU resources do the following

1. Enter **sar -p** or **sar -p 5 50**

The system displays the Memory Resources screen ([Figure 1-4](#)).

	atch/s	pgin/s	ppgin/s	pflt/s	vflt/s	slock/s
18:42:03						
18:42:08	0.00	7.75	9.54	0.00	12.13	0.00
18:42:13	4.79	22.75	28.14	0.00	28.34	0.00
18:42:18	6.96	34.79	40.76	0.00	42.74	0.00
18:42:23	3.19	17.93	23.31	0.00	25.10	0.00
18:42:28	9.56	9.96	11.95	0.00	19.52	0.00
18:42:33	5.18	10.16	11.75	0.00	15.54	0.00
18:42:38	3.19	6.37	7.17	0.00	11.95	0.00
18:42:43	3.17	8.33	9.13	0.00	13.29	0.00
18:42:48	0.60	13.94	17.33	0.00	19.52	0.00
18:42:53	0.00	8.76	9.16	0.00	16.33	0.00
18:42:58	0.80	11.16	11.35	0.00	21.12	0.00
18:43:03	0.40	5.98	5.98	0.00	10.76	0.00
18:43:08	0.00	9.38	10.58	0.00	15.57	0.00
18:43:13	0.20	9.36	10.96	0.00	17.53	0.00
18:43:18	0.60	10.76	13.75	0.00	17.93	0.00
18:43:23	3.59	5.79	6.79	0.00	8.98	0.00
18:43:28	1.39	8.95	9.74	0.00	13.92	0.00
18:43:33	6.79	9.18	12.18	0.00	17.96	0.00
18:43:38	0.20	6.96	7.95	0.00	12.33	0.00
18:43:43	0.00	6.97	8.76	0.00	12.75	0.00
18:43:48	0.00	6.35	6.94	0.00	12.30	0.00
18:43:53	0.00	12.50	14.88	0.00	19.64	0.00
18:43:58	0.80	6.96	7.95	0.00	12.92	0.00

**Figure 1-4. Memory Resources Screen**

2. Check the column labeled **vflt/s**. Note if this value is consistently close to or greater than 50.00 and continue with Step 3.

**NOTE:**

Processes being created and terminated regularly will also cause vflt/s to increase. If this is the case, memory may be sufficient, but the creation of processes is forcing the operating system to *page* processes to disk and back into memory. When processes are paged, they respond more slowly and speech processing may be interrupted.

3. Enter **sar -g** or **sar -g 5 50**

The system displays the Memory Resources screen ([Figure 1-5](#)).

Time	pgout/s	ppgout/s	pgfree/s	pgscan/s
18:42:03				
18:42:08	4.97	20.87	27.04	49.30
18:42:13	10.18	35.93	40.52	152.69
18:42:18	5.37	16.90	20.08	68.99
18:42:23	7.97	32.87	33.47	21.71
18:42:28	5.58	11.16	15.54	43.82
18:42:33	3.78	19.52	21.31	23.71
18:42:38	4.58	7.57	14.54	52.39
18:42:43	6.55	9.72	13.69	39.09
18:42:48	7.57	28.09	32.47	34.46
18:42:53	9.16	18.33	25.90	62.75
18:42:58	13.94	16.93	29.28	98.41
18:43:03	6.97	15.94	17.73	18.53
18:43:08	7.39	31.74	34.13	16.97
18:43:13	8.17	23.11	29.88	47.41
18:43:18	16.93	45.82	52.19	58.37
18:43:23	5.79	36.73	36.73	0.00
18:43:28	4.77	29.42	29.42	0.00
18:43:33	2.99	14.77	15.97	5.59
18:43:38	8.75	28.43	35.59	158.05
18:43:43	7.97	31.87	32.87	30.88
18:43:48	5.56	31.94	32.54	22.82
18:43:53	10.91	33.93	41.27	90.48
18:43:58	12.92	45.33	50.89	60.64

**Figure 1-5. Memory Resources Screen**

4. Check the column labeled `pgscan/s`. Note if this value is consistently close to or greater than 100 and continue with Step 5.
5. Enter **sar -r**
  - The system displays the Memory Resources screen ([Figure 1-6](#)).

```

18:42:03 freemem freeswp
18:42:08      82  10406
18:42:13      92  10406
18:42:18     105  10406
18:42:23     102  10405
18:42:28      94  10405
18:42:33      99  10405
18:42:38      96  10405
18:42:43      86  10405
18:42:48     113  10405
18:42:53      87  10405
18:42:58      79  10405
18:43:03     107  10405
18:43:08     106  10405
18:43:13      93  10405
18:43:18      98  10405
18:43:23     167  10405
18:43:28     136  10405
18:43:33     106  10405
18:43:38      86  10405
18:43:43      97  10405
18:43:48      90  10405
18:43:53      79  10405
18:43:58      84  10405
    
```

**Figure 1-6. Memory Resources Screen**

6. Check the column labeled `freemem`. Note if this value is consistently close to or less than 100.
7. If two or more values consistently follow the pattern listed below, see ["Reducing Memory Usage"](#) for more information.

`vflt/s > 50.00`

`pgscan/s > 100`

`freemem < 100`

### Checking SP/SSP Card Resources

There is no way to examine the activity on an SP card, however, the SP cards have well defined limits for how much voice processing they support. See *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Description*, 585-310-241. Be sure that your application does not go beyond these limits for the various coding types and voice activities.

The RM resource activity report provides a way to examine how the system is using SSP circuit resources. See Chapter 8, "Daily Administration," of *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591 for additional information.

Also, make sure that the appropriate number of SP/SSP circuit cards in your system are assigned the VOICE function. See "SP/SSP Functions" in Chapter 3, "Voice System Administration," of *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591.

## **Reducing Load for Host**

---

Tune the 3270 host interaction.

The following procedures should be considered for reducing the load for the host.

- Limit the number of screens that must be sent to or retrieved from the host, making the voice system less dependent on host performance.
- The parameters associated with the host can impact system performance. Make sure that time-out periods are long enough for the host to respond but not too long so that the caller must wait unnecessarily. Be aware of how the parameters are used and what is typical for the host system. Keep track of how many LUs the system has and how many channels are to be used. For example, if a system with one host communication board (32 LUs available) has 48 calls active each of which needs to access the host, 16 callers are locked out of the host if LUs are not shared (that is, if the LUs are reserved).
- For host systems that are known to be slow at times, one way of hiding the pause from the host is to use an announce statement between the send host screen and the get host screen statements. For example:
  1. Prompt and Collect (get card number)
  2. Get Host Screen A
  3. Send Host Screen A (send the card number to the host application)
  4. Announce (repeat the card number to the caller)
  5. Get Host Screen (retrieve caller data)

This would cover part of the time that the host is slow in processing the user-input card number with an announce statement that repeats the number back to the user. By the time the announce is completed, the host may have responded. Thus the user does not realize the gap caused by the slow host response.

- Consider checking the speed of the host link. Increasing the speech of the link to 19.2 or 56 Kbps may decrease any delays in host processing.

## **Reducing Load for Database**

---

The following should be considered to reduce load because of use of the local database.

- For large tables (over 500 records) that are being read by the application, indexing the tables reduces the access time and impact on system performance. However, note that making changes to indexed tables can also impact system performance.
- The insert (add) record operation is a much faster operation than the update (change) operation. One way to replace a change record with an add record is to add records to a table during the normal call hours and write a shell routine using SQL\*PLUS to summarize and delete records during nonpeak hours.
- Attempt using SQL\*Views to encapsulate common database queries which require multiple accesses on a single table or accesses from multiple tables.
- Keep in mind that each call data event is a unique record in more than one table. Therefore, every time a call data event is accessed, the database table is updated at the end of the call.

### Reducing Load for Custom DIPs/IRAPI Processes

Since DIPs can vary widely in size and complexity there is little specific information that can be given about DIP performance. In general, DIPs should

- Avoid using excessive memory (more than 200 pages)
- Avoid creating new processes (by using **fork(2)** and **exec(2)** or **system(3)**)
- Rely on minimal communication with the script to reduce message sending

### Reducing Load for Voice Processing

See Chapter 7, "Performance Information," in *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Description*, 585-310-241, for a more detailed explanation the performance of voice processing. The information below simply attempts to give a step-by-step approach to reducing speech-processing load.

#### **Voice Play**

Voice play performance is affected by the

- Coding algorithm
- Phrase length
- Speech pool

## Coding Algorithm

Coding algorithm primarily determines how much data must be transferred to do voice processing. Coding algorithms such as SBC16, ADPCM16, and CELP16 pack 4 seconds of speech in a single 8-Kbyte block and show the best performance. PCM64 is at the other extreme of the spectrum; it packs 1 seconds of speech in a single block, and therefore requires the system to do four times the work in the same time. ADPCM32 is the standard coding rate. ADPCM32 is a middle ground between performance and sound quality. It packs 3 seconds per block. SBC 24 packs 3 seconds per block. Sound quality must be considered before moving to the SBC16 or ADPCM16 coding algorithms.

## Phrase Length

Short phrases (less than 2 seconds for ADPCM32), particularly when played back-to-back (such as through a single Script Builder Announce action), place more load on the system than a single longer phrase. The load manifests itself as increased CPU usage, memory occupancy and, if the speech pool size (see the following paragraph) is larger than the speech buffer cache, disk accesses.

For optimal performance, phrase length should be as close to the total capacity of its block count as possible. Block count is the number of speech blocks required to contain the phrase. If speech does not use blocks efficiently, space is wasted in memory and since data is copied over from disk in block sized chunks, disk accesses and CPU usage increase. For example, a phrase that uses an odd number of seconds (that is, 1, 3, 5, etc) uses only 50 percent of a block, whereas a 2-second phrase uses the entire block. However, the system utilizes CPU and disk resources more efficiently when speaking a 5-second phrase rather than 5 individual 1-second phrases. Placing longer phrases into one Announce step is much better than using separate short phrases.

## Speech Pool

The speech pool is the quantity of speech data required by an application. It can be thought of as the *working set* for those familiar with virtual memory operating system terminology. The voice system caches speech in main memory. This is called the speech buffer cache, and it allows speech data to be reused without having to constantly retrieve it from disk. If all the active speech data can fit into memory simultaneously, the voice system will not have to continually access the disk for speech data. This results in a substantial savings in both CPU usage and disk accesses. If, however, the speech pool size is larger than the speech buffer cache, then the voice system will have to access the disk more frequently for speech. The larger the speech pool, the more likely speech will have to read from disk.

Calculating speech pool size requires knowing which phrases are usually played during normal script processing and how many blocks of speech these phrases require. See the paragraph above regarding block capacity for various coding algorithms. Calculating the size of the buffer cache requires a meticulous analysis of the application and an understanding on how users progress through a typical call scenario.

The size of the buffer cache is tunable by adding the `nbufs` parameter in the **`/vs/data/spchconfig`** file. VROP sets this value dynamically based on the number of telephone network connections in the system. The entry in the **`/vs/data/spchconfig`** file overrides the VROP setting. Note that you may not set this value to more than 250. A system showing signs of heavy disk activity, a large speech pool, and no appreciable paging activity may be a candidate for specifying the `nbufs` parameter. Modifying this dynamically assigned value should be done with extreme caution. Making this number too large may result in system paging, which is the worst condition the voice system can get into with respect to performance.

## Reducing Voice Play Load

Reducing load because of voice play requires maximizing speech buffer efficiency, matching the speech pool size to the speech buffer cache, or considering the use of different coding rates which pack more speech into a single block or disk load balancing.

Maximal speech buffer efficiency may be achieved through the concatenation of several small phrases into a single larger phrase. The common practice of trimming silence from the ends of phrases and replacing the silence with short silent phrases is particularly inefficient. Playing silence to introduce delays is also inefficient. Try using the **`sleep`** instruction as described in Appendix A, "Summary of Script Instructions," of *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Application Development with Advanced Methods*, 585-310-761.

Matching the speech pool size with the speech buffer cache may be achieved through increasing speech buffer efficiency as described above, and ensuring that phrases are shared both with and between applications.

## Voice Code

Performance because of voice coding is affected as is voice play with respect to phrase length and coding algorithm. Voice coding differs in speech pool size. All coded phrases are *new*, that is, there is no benefit from the speech buffer cache. Indeed, it is likely that coding phrases will force other phrases, which may be likely to be played soon, to be flushed from the cache. Coding will also require a write to disk for each phrase coded. These two factors combine to increase load on the disk. Increased disk load because of coding may be addressed by switching coding algorithms, reducing channel counts or code times, or balancing the disk load.

## Reducing CPU Usage

Application types making heavy use of CPU resources typically include those with heavy voice processing or local database loads. See "[Reducing Load for Voice Processing](#)" and "[Reducing Load for Database](#)" above for more information. If these software components do not appear to be responsible, the following sections suggest other possibilities.

## Inefficient DIPs

See ["Reducing Load for Custom DIPs/IRAPI Processes"](#) above.

## Run Away Processes

If the **sar(1m)** command consistently shows 0 percent idle time, it is likely that a process is in an infinite loop. The process can be identified with **ps(1m)** by examining the change in its CPU time and run status. If it is a system process, contact a service representative. If it is a user process, repair as required.

## Inefficient Scripts

Script developers can writing applications that inherently use system resources inefficiently or are extremely large and complex. Since scripts are interpreted, attempting to use the script language or Script Builder for anything but basic call flow control may result in unacceptable inefficiencies. Code segments performing complex lexical or arithmetic calculations should be considered as candidates for DIPs. Also, increase efficiency by creating modular applications that execute several smaller applications from a main application. For example, a main application could allow a user to select a language application (that is, a version of an application in a particular language). The user input would then execute the language application from the main application.

## Reducing Disk Usage

---

Applications making heavy use of voice processing or a local database typically place heavy loads on the disk. See the ["Reducing Load for Voice Processing"](#) and ["Reducing Load for Database"](#) sections. If problems persist, consider rechecking paging activity and memory usage. Also, consider adding more disks to your platform or disk load balancing or investigate more complex disk mirroring or disk striping. See the performance information in *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Description*, 585-310-241, for information about the performance penalties for excessive use of call data events. Be sure that you application falls within the guidelines specified.

## Reducing Memory Usage

---

If you have concluded that your system does not have sufficient memory, the first thing to consider is the processes you have running. Be sure to check ["Identifying Load Culprits"](#) above to rule out the effects of external processing. [Table 1-31](#) lists the processes that can be terminated if they are not providing a service to the application.

**Table 1-31. Processes which may be Terminated**

xferdip	This process is used only in bridging applications. Enter <b>xferdip_off</b> to terminate the process.
lpsched	This process is only required if a line printer is being used with the system. The command <b>/usr/lib/lpshut</b> can be used to turn off the lp scheduler. You may also rename the <b>S80lp</b> file from the <b>/etc/rc2.d</b> directory to <b>s80lp</b> . This action prevents the process from being execute during startup, but maintains the file on the system should the scheduler be needed in the future.
Network	Some networking processes such as <b>rwhod</b> and <b>routed</b> may be unnecessary.
sysmon	Do not run <b>sysmon</b> in systems with insufficient memory.

If no processes can be eliminated, be sure that all the packages on your system are being used and are not occupying memory unnecessarily.

Also be aware that script size, both code and data, affects memory usage. Application scripts should be shared across channels whenever possible, and redundant code and data should be eliminated.

Finally, if the *nbufs* parameter has been specified in the **/vs/data/spchconfig** file and a large number is specified (see ["Speech Pool"](#) above), consider reducing *nbufs*. The effect of reducing *nbufs* may be an increase in disk accesses for speech, however, the voice system is more tolerable to disk accesses for speech than for paging.



# Diagnostics

# 2

---

## Overview

---

This chapter describes diagnostic procedures for the INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® system.

## Purpose

---

The purpose of this chapter is to provide the on-site technician or system administrator with the correct procedures to diagnose trouble with the INTUITY CONVERSANT system.

## Circuit Card Diagnostics

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The following diagnostics can be performed on

- Tip/Ring circuit cards
- T1/E1 circuit cards
- SP circuit cards
- SSP circuit cards

### Checking Cable Connections for Cables other than the TDM Bus Cable

---

To check cable connections, do the following:

1. Route calls away from the system during this procedure.
2. Make sure that you know the type of card to be checked.
3. Write down the message text so that when the system is shutdown, you know for which card you are performing this procedure.
4. Shutdown the operating system. See [“Shutting Down the Operating System”](#), in [Chapter 3, “Common System Procedures”](#).
5. Access the circuit card cage. See [“Removing the Circuit Card Cage Access Panel”](#), in [Chapter 4, “Getting Inside the Computer”](#).
6. Check the cable connections to be sure they are properly connected to the appropriate cards. See [Chapter 5, “Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards”](#).

If a cable is not seated properly, reseal the cable and continue with Step [7](#).

If the cables appear to be inserted properly, complete the following Steps [a](#) through [c](#) before continuing with Step [7](#).

- a. Remove the cables other than the TDM Bus cable.



**NOTE:**

Do not remove the TDM Bus cable at this time.

- b. Remove the circuit card from the system. See [“Removing a Circuit Card”](#) procedure in [Chapter 5, “Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards”](#).
- c. Replace the circuit card. See [“Installing a Circuit Card”](#) procedure in [Chapter 5, “Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards”](#).



**NOTE:**

Do not reseal the cables on the circuit card.

7. Reboot the operating system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)," in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
8. Enter **diagnose card <card number>**  
where <card number> is the number of the identified circuit card.  
If the circuit card passes diagnostics, and is on the TDM bus, continue with Step [9](#).  
If the circuit card passes diagnostics and is not on the TDM bus, replace the cables you removed earlier and restore the system to service.  
If the circuit card fails diagnostics, replace the circuit card and restore the system to service. See [Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"](#).
9. Enter **diagnose bus x**  
where x is the number of bus.



**NOTE:**

X must be either 1 or all.

If the circuit card passes this diagnostic, replace the cables removed in "[Checking Cable Connections for Cables other than the TDM Bus Cable](#)".

If the circuit card fails this diagnostics, continue with the next procedure, "[Checking the Terminating Resistors](#)".

## Checking the Terminating Resistors

To check the terminating resistors, do the following:

1. Shutdown the operating system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)," in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
2. Verify that the terminating resistors are inserted correctly. See "[Replacing a Terminator SIP](#)" in [Chapter 7, "Replacing Other Components"](#).



**NOTE:**

The AYC5B and AYC11 do not require orientation of the terminating resistors.

If the terminating resistors are inserted correctly, continue with Step [3](#).

If the terminating resistors have not been inserted correctly, complete Steps a through c:

- a. Insert the terminating resistors correctly.
- b. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)," in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
- c. Enter **diagnose card <card number>**

where *<card number>* is the number of the identified circuit card.

If the circuit card passes diagnostics, restore the system to service.

If the circuit card does not pass the diagnostic, continue with Step [3](#).

3. Verify that terminating resistors for the TDM bus exist only on the circuit cards connected at either end of the TDM bus.

If the other circuit cards do not have terminating resistors, continue with the next procedure "[Checking the Switch Settings](#)."

If the other circuit cards have terminating resistors, complete Steps a through c:

- a. Remove the terminating resistors.
- b. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)," in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
- c. Enter **diagnose card <card number>**

where *<card number>* is the number of the identified circuit card.

If the circuit card passes diagnostics, restore the system to service.

If the circuit card does not pass the diagnostic, continue with the next procedure, "[Checking the Backplane Slot](#)."

## Checking the Backplane Slot

To check the backplane slot, do the following:

1. Shut down the system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)," in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
2. Change the slot in which the circuit card resides.
3. Login as root.
4. Start the voice system. See "[Starting the Voice System](#)," in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
5. Enter **display card <card number>**

where *<card number>* is number of the affected circuit card.

If the circuit card state has changed to MANOOS, enter **restore card <card number>**

where *<card number>* is the number of the affected circuit card.

You have repaired the circuit card problem.

If the circuit card state has not changed to MANOOS, continue with the next procedure "[Checking the Switch Settings](#)."

## Checking the Switch Settings

---

To check the switch settings, do the following:

1. Check the circuit card for proper switch settings. See [Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"](#).
2. Toggle the switches to ensure a clean closure.
3. Check the chips on the card.

If any are not properly seated, reseal them.

4. Check the switches on all other similar circuit cards in the system.

For example, if the circuit card is a Tip/Ring circuit card, check the switch settings on all of the Tip/Ring circuit cards. See "[Tip/Ring Circuit Cards](#)" procedure in [Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"](#).

5. Toggle the dip switches to ensure a clean closure.
6. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)," in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
7. Login as root.
8. Start the voice system. See "[Starting the Voice System](#)," in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).

9. Enter **displaycard <card number>**  
where <card number> is number of the affected circuit card.

If the circuit card state has changed to MANOOS, enter **restorecard <card number>**

where <card number> is the number of the affected circuit card.

You have repaired the circuit card.

If the circuit card state has not changed to MANOOS, continue with Step [10](#).

10. Shut down the system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)," in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
11. Reverse the switch settings of the suspect circuit card with a similar circuit card in the system.
12. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)," in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
13. Login as root.
14. Start the voice system. See "[Starting the Voice System](#)," in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
15. Enter **display card <card number>**  
where <card number> is number of the affected circuit card.

If the circuit card state has changed to MANOOS, enter **restore card**  
**<card number>**

where *<card number>* is the number of the affected circuit card.

If the problem migrates with the switch setting, it is attributable to a software problem and not a hardware problem.

If the problem remains with the suspect circuit card, replace the suspect circuit card. See [Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"](#).

## **Checking the Other Circuit Cards**

---

If the above procedures have been attempted and the problem still exists, the problem may be attributed to another circuit card in the system. To determine which card, do the following:

1. Run diagnostics on all remaining cards in the system by entering **diagnose card all**
2. Observe the diagnostics for any failures.

If any circuit card fails diagnostics, perform the above procedures on that circuit card to determine if it is the source of the problem.

If all cards pass diagnostics, contact your service representative.

## **Checking a Circuit Card Using the INTUITY CONVERSANT Windows**

---

The INTUITY CONVERSANT windows can be used to check the status of

- Tip/Ring circuit cards
- IPCI circuit cards
- Fax circuit cards

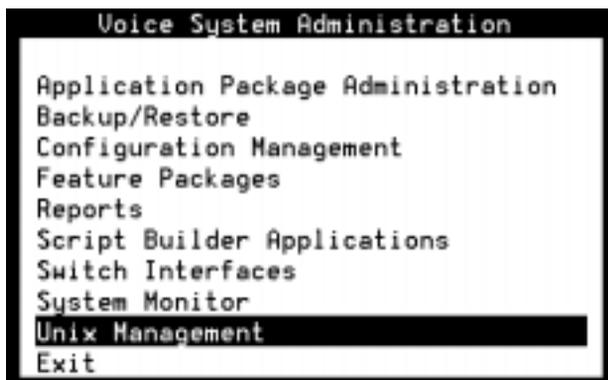
## **Checking a Tip/Ring Circuit Card**

It is possible to check the entire Tip/Ring circuit card or to check a single channel on the Tip/Ring circuit card.

## Checking the Tip/Ring Circuit Card

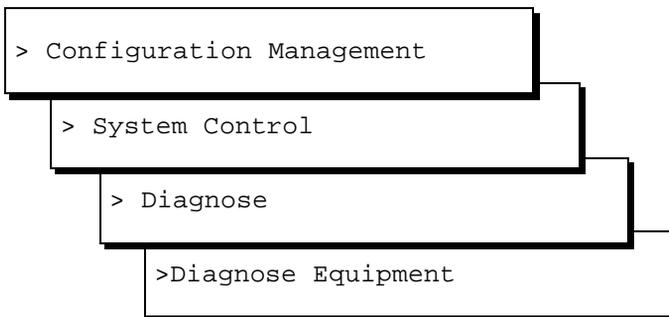
To check a circuit card using the INTUITY CONVERSANT windows, do the following:

1. Start at the Voice System Administration menu ([Figure 2-1](#)).

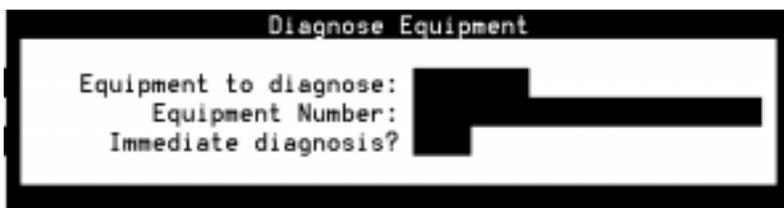


**Figure 2-1. Voice System Administration Menu**

2. Select



The system displays the Diagnose Equipment Window ([Figure 2-2](#)).



**Figure 2-2. Diagnose Equipment Window**

3. Enter **card** in the `Equipment to diagnose` field.
4. Enter a card number, valid range, or all in the `Equipment Number` field.

 **NOTE:**

Enter circuit card ranges using one of the following formats:

0,1,2  
0 1 2  
0-2

5. If you want to conduct an immediate diagnosis, enter **y** in the `Immediate diagnosis` field.

 **NOTE:**

Immediate diagnosis takes the specified channels out of service immediately even if a call is in progress.

If you do not want to conduct an immediate diagnosis, enter **n** in the `Immediate diagnosis` field.

 **NOTE:**

The system waits until all specified channels are idle before beginning the diagnosis.

6. Press `(SAVE)` (F3).

The system removes the circuit card from service and runs the diagnostics.

If the circuit card passes the diagnostics, the system displays the following message before placing the circuit card back in service:

Diag <card>, Passed

If the circuit card did not pass the diagnostics, the system displays the following message:

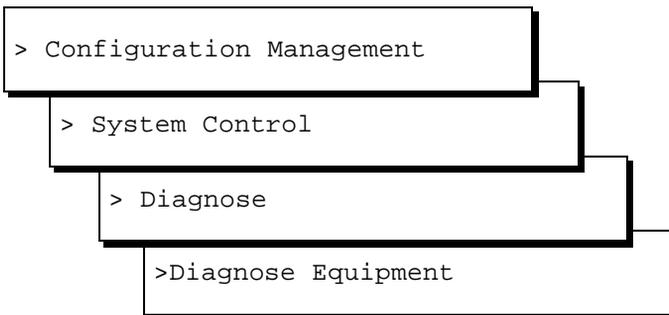
Diag <card>, Failed

Replace the circuit card.

## Checking a Tip/Ring Circuit Card Channel

To check a Tip/Ring circuit card channel using the INTUITY CONVERSANT windows, do the following:

1. Starting at the Voice System Administration menu ([Figure 2-1](#)), select



The system displays the Diagnose Equipment Window ([Figure 2-2](#)).

2. Enter **channel** in the `Equipment to diagnose` field.
3. Enter a channel number, valid range, or all in the `Equipment Number` field.

### ⇒ NOTE:

Enter circuit card ranges using one of the following formats:

0,1,2  
0 1 2  
0-2

4. If you want to conduct an immediate diagnosis, enter **y** in the `Immediate diagnosis` field.

### ⇒ NOTE:

Immediate diagnosis takes the specified channels out of service immediately even if a call is in progress.

If you do not want to conduct an immediate diagnosis, enter **n** in the `Immediate diagnosis` field.

### ⇒ NOTE:

The system waits until all specified channels are idle before beginning the diagnosis.

5. Press **(SAVE)** (F3).

The system removes the channel from service and runs the diagnostics.

If the channel passes the diagnostics, the system displays the following message:

```
Found loop current on Channel X  
Channel X state changed to INSERV.  
Request to diagnose Tip/Ring chan X completed
```

If the circuit card did not pass the diagnostics, replace the circuit card.

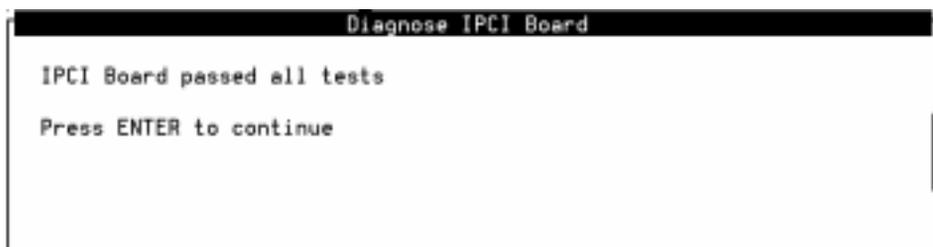
## Checking an IPCI Circuit Card

To check an IPCI circuit card, do the following:

1. Starting at the Voice System Administration menu ([Figure 2-1](#)), select

```
> Feature Packages  
  > ASAI Administration  
    > Diagnose IPCI Board
```

The system displays the Diagnose IPCI Board window ([Figure 2-2](#)).

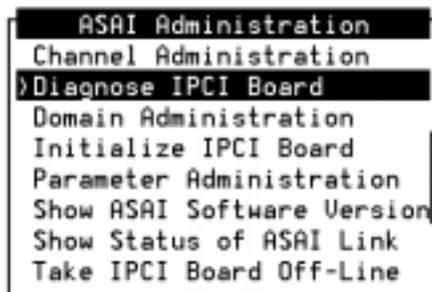


---

**Figure 2-3. Diagnose IPCI Board Window**

2. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the ASAI Administration menu ([Figure 2-4](#)).



**Figure 2-4. ASAI Administration Menu**

If the IPCI circuit card passes the diagnostics, you have completed the procedure.

If the IPCI circuit card fails the diagnostics, replace the circuit card.

## Checking a FAX Circuit Card

It is possible to check the entire FAX circuit card or to check a single channel on the FAX circuit card.

### Checking the FAX Circuit Card

To check a FAX circuit card, do the following:

1. Starting at the Voice System Administration menu ([Figure 2-1](#)), select

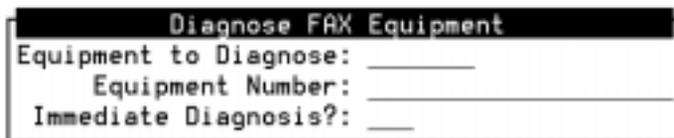
```
> Application Package Administration
```

```
> Script Builder FAX Actions
```

```
> FAX Equipment Operations
```

```
> FAX Equipment Diagnostics
```

The system displays the FAX Equipment Diagnostics window ([Figure 2-5](#)).



**Figure 2-5. FAX Equipment Diagnostics Window**

2. Enter **card** in the `Equipment to diagnose` field.
3. Enter a card number, valid range, or all in the `Equipment Number` field.

**⇒ NOTE:**

Enter circuit card ranges using one of the following formats:

0,1,2  
0 1 2  
0-2

4. If you want to conduct an immediate diagnosis, enter **y** in the `Immediate diagnosis` field.

**⇒ NOTE:**

Immediate diagnosis takes the specified channels out of service immediately even if a call is in progress.

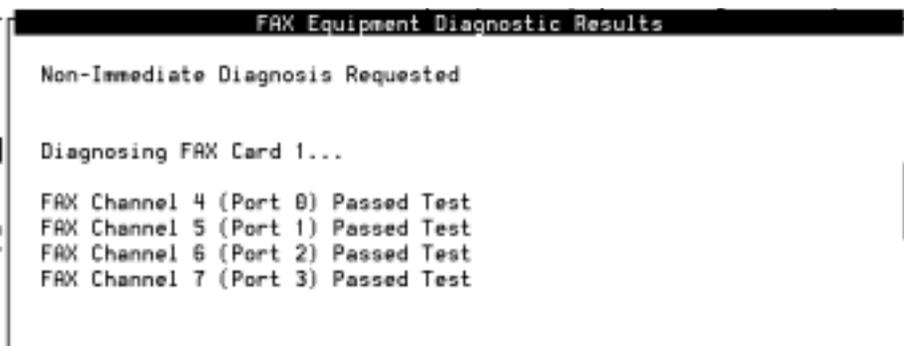
If you do not want to conduct an immediate diagnosis, enter **n** in the `Immediate diagnosis` field.

**⇒ NOTE:**

The system waits until all specified channels are idle before beginning the diagnosis.

5. Press **(SAVE)** (F3).

The system displays the FAX Equipment Diagnostics Results window ([Figure 2-6](#)).



**Figure 2-6. FAX Equipment Diagnostics Results Window**

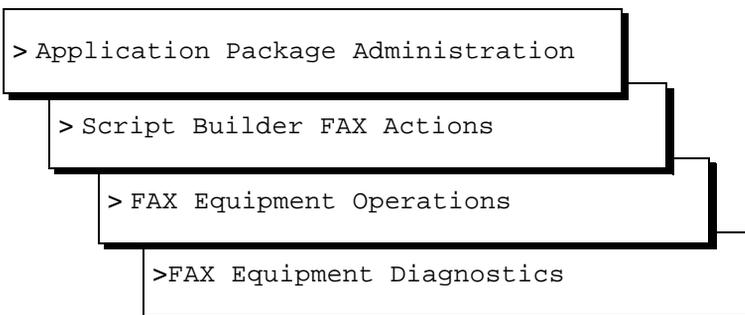
6. If the FAX circuit card passes the diagnostics, you have completed the procedure.

If the FAX circuit card fails the diagnostics, replace the circuit card.

### Checking a FAX Circuit Card Channel

To check a FAX circuit card channel, do the following:

1. Starting at the Voice System Administration menu ([Figure 2-1](#)), select



The system displays the FAX Equipment Diagnostics window ([Figure 2-5](#)).

2. Enter **channel** in the `Equipment to diagnose` field.
3. Enter a channel number, valid range, or all in the `Equipment Number` field.

**NOTE:**

Enter circuit card ranges using one of the following formats:

- 0,1,2
- 0 1 2
- 0-2

4. If you want to conduct an immediate diagnosis, enter **y** in the `Immediate diagnosis` field.



**NOTE:**

Immediate diagnosis takes the specified channels out of service immediately even if a call is in progress.

If you do not want to conduct an immediate diagnosis, enter **n** in the `Immediate diagnosis` field.



**NOTE:**

The system waits until all specified channels are idle before beginning the diagnosis.

5. Press `(SAVE)` (F3).

The system displays the FAX Equipment Diagnostics Results window ([Figure 2-6](#)).

6. If the FAX circuit card channel passes the diagnostics, you have completed the procedure.

If the FAX circuit card channel fails the diagnostics, replace the circuit card.

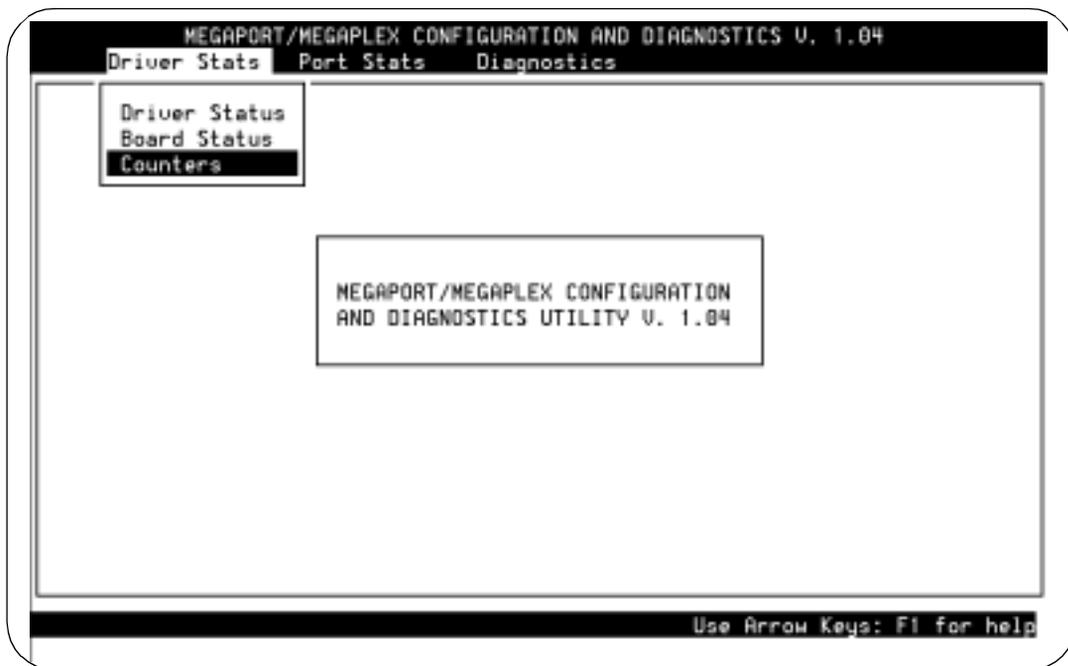
## Checking an EQUINOX Multi-Port Serial Circuit Card

---

To check a multi-port serial circuit card, do the following:

1. At the UNIX prompt, enter **`/usr/bin/megadiag`**

The system displays the Megaport and Megaplex Configuration and Diagnostics screen ([Figure 2-7](#)).



**Figure 2-7. Megaport and Megaplex Configuration and Diagnostics Screen**

The Megaport and Megaplex Configuration and Diagnostics screen contains a menu bar with the options Driver Stats, Port Stats, and Diagnostics.

Use the right and left arrow keys on the keyboard to move between the menu bar options.

Use the up and down arrow keys to move between menu options.

Press (ENTER) to select a menu option.

Press (F1) for help.

Press (ESC) to exit.

## Displaying Serial Port Driver Stats

The serial port driver stats include:

- Drive Status
- Board Status

### Driver Status

The Driver Status option displays the device driver's current configuration including the driver version, number of boards configured, number of boards found, and memory mapping.

To display the drive status, do the following.

1. Starting at the Megaport and Megaplex Configuration and Diagnostics screen ([Figure 2-7](#)).
2. Place the cursor on `Driver Stats`.
3. Place the cursor on `Driver Status`.
4. Press `(ENTER)`.

The system displays the Driver Status window ([Figure 2-8](#)).

---

```
Driver Status
Equinox Megaport STREAMS Device Driver, Version 2.24a
Currently configured for 1 board(s) (logical).
Number of boards found: 1
Board address      BUFFER      REGISTER
Board # 1          0x00000000  0x00002000
```

---

**Figure 2-8. Driver Status Window**

### Board Status

To display the board status, do the following.

1. Starting at the Megaport and Megaplex Configuration and Diagnostics screen ([Figure 2-7](#)).
2. Place the cursor on `Driver Stats`.
3. Place the cursor on `Board Status`.
4. Press `(ENTER)`.

The system displays the Board Status menu ([Figure 2-9](#)).



**Figure 2-9. Board Status Menu**

## Displaying Port Stats

Three options are available on the Port Stats menu:

- Port Status
- Termio
- Register Dump

These options allow the system to show certain port characteristics.

### Port Status

The Port Status selection is a real-time representation of the RS-232 leads. It includes:

- Transmit rate
- Receive rate
- Total characters received
- Total characters transmitted
- Buffered data counts

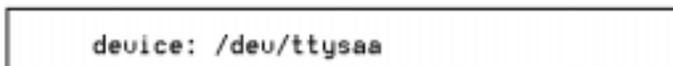
The Port Status display is useful in troubleshooting wiring problems, chattering lines or devices (modems) and in monitoring load activity over a single line. Activity measurements can be taken by noting the Transmitted and Received counts and comparing them with other serial ports.

To display the port status, do the following.

1. Starting at the Megaport and Megaplex Configuration and Diagnostics screen ([Figure 2-7](#)).
2. Place the cursor on `Port Stats`.

3. Place the cursor on Port Status.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the Prompt window ([Figure 2-10](#)).



**Figure 2-10. Prompt Window**

5. Enter the name of the device to be verified.

The system displays the Port Status window ([Figure 2-11](#)).

OUTPUT		INPUT	
TD	OFF	RD	OFF
DTR	OFF	DCD	OFF
XON/XOFF	XON'ed		
Status	CLOSED		
CPS	0	CPS	0
Transmitted	0	Received	0
Buffered	0	Buffered	0

**Figure 2-11. Port Status Window**

### Termio

The Termio option displays the general terminal interface data associated with the serial card. It is similar to the "stty" command in that it prints all enabled termio flags.

To display the termio, do the following.

1. Starting at the Megaport and Megaplex Configuration and Diagnostics screen ([Figure 2-7](#)).
2. Place the cursor on Port Stats.
3. Place the cursor on Termio.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the Prompt window ([Figure 2-10](#)).

5. Enter the name of the device to be verified.

The system displays the Termio window.

## Register Dump

The Register Dump option displays a real-time window of the on-board registers. The data is in raw form and useful to only Equinox technical personnel. It is used to obtain information about the hardware status and various software flags.

To display the Register Dump, do the following.

1. Starting at the Megaport and Megaplex Configuration and Diagnostics screen ([Figure 2-7](#)).
2. Place the cursor on `Port Stats`.
3. Place the cursor on `Register Dump`.
4. Press `(ENTER)`.

The system displays the Prompt window ([Figure 2-10](#)).

5. Enter the name of the device to be verified.

The system displays the Register Dump window ([Figure 2-12](#)).

```

Reg. dump for /dev/ttyasa
State: 0 mp_flags: 0
cflag: 0 iflag: 522 oflag: 0 lflag: 0

txbase: 0 txidx: 0 txend: 0
rxbase: 1 rxidx: 0 rxend: 0
txcs: 88 txbaud: FE out_ct: 3
rxcs: 88 rxbaud: FE in_ctl: FF
txcsr: 2081 rxcsr: 2081 sample: 21
mie: 0 cie: 0 cis: C200
rxtdm: CF txtdm: C3
equlz: 0 eqmin: 0 eqmax: 0 linkst: 0
Transmit: 0 Receive: 0
    
```

**Figure 2-12. Register Dump Window**

## Diagnostics

There are two options on the Diagnostics menu:

- Loopback
- Send

They are intended for the experienced user. The Loopback test is designed to diagnose the board's primary components and their functionalities. There are two types of loopback tests: internal and external. The Send test simply writes a continuous stream of data to the specified port which is helpful in resolving wiring issues.

## Serial Port External Loopback Test

Although the option for the serial port external loopback test appears on the screen, this option is not available. You should use the internal loopback test option.

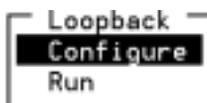
## Serial Port Internal Loopback Test

The internal loopback test is the same as the external loopback test except that it does not require that the transmit and receive pins be wired together. Because it does not test the full cabling of the port, the internal loopback test is not as thorough as the external loopback test.

To perform the serial port internal loopback test, do the following:

1. Starting at the Megaport and Megaplex Configuration and Diagnostics screen ([Figure 2-7](#)).
2. Place the cursor on `Diagnostics`.
3. Place the cursor on `Loopback`.
4. Press `(ENTER)`.

The system displays the Loopback menu ([Figure 2-13](#)).



**Figure 2-13. Loopback Menu**

5. Place the cursor on `Configure`.
6. Press `(ENTER)`.

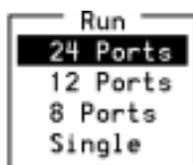
The system displays the Configure menu ([Figure 2-14](#)).



**Figure 2-14. Configure Menu**

7. Place the cursor on `Board`.

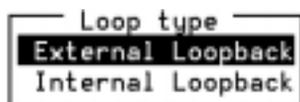
8. Press **(ENTER)**.  
The system displays the Board menu ([Figure 2-9](#)).
  9. Press **(ENTER)** to select the first group of ports.
  10. Press **(ESC)**.  
The system displays the Loopback menu ([Figure 2-13](#)).
  11. Place the cursor on Run.
  12. Press **(ENTER)**.  
The system displays the Run menu ([Figure 2-15](#)).
- 



---

**Figure 2-15. Run Menu**

13. Place the cursor on 8 Ports.
  14. Press **(ENTER)**.  
The system displays the Loop Type menu ([Figure 2-15](#)).
- 



---

**Figure 2-16. Loop Type Menu**

15. Place the cursor on Internal Loopback.
16. Press **(ENTER)**.  
The system displays the Internal Loopback window ([Figure 2-17](#)).

Port	Xmit	Rcv	Errors	Rate	Note
saa	156825	151264	0	3874	ESC to exit  F2 Reset Errors  F3 Reset Test  F4 Refresh Screen
sab	156825	151237	0	3874	
sac	156825	151258	0	3875	
sad	156825	151230	0	3876	
sae	156825	151219	0	3875	
saf	156825	151195	0	3870	
sag	156825	151170	0	3861	
sah	156825	151160	0	3857	

Figure 2-17. Internal Loopback Window

## Database Diagnostics

To check the database free space, do the following:

1. Execute the **dbfrag** command.

The system displays the System Tablespace screen ([Figure 2-18](#)).



**NOTE:**

The data in your System Tablespace screen may be different from the data shown in [Figure 2-18](#).

SYSTEM Tablespace, Space is in Oracle Blocks (4096 Bytes/Block)

ALLOCATED	FREE	%FREE	AVG/FRAG	LARGEST	FRAGMENTS	DB_FILES	ROLLBACK
33000	21448	64.99	7149	2148	3	1	1750

Figure 2-18. System Tablespace Screen

See Chapter 6, "Database Administration," and Appendix A, "Summary of Commands," in *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591, for information on the **dbfrag** command.

2. If the number in the %FREE field is less than 10, add more space to the database.

See Chapter 6, "Database Administration," in *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591, for information on increasing the database size.

You have completed this procedure.

## Extents Diagnostics

An extent is an user defined unit of storage in the ORACLE "storage" clause when defining an ORACLE object. It is used as MINEXTENTS or MAXEXTENTS in the storage clause. An ORACLE object (that is, a table, an index, a rollback segment) grows one extent in size each time the object needs to be expanded.

When the maximum allowed number of extents is reached, the object will not be able to grow further. The object needs to be redefined so that either the size of each extent is increased or the initial object size is increased, to reduce the number of extents required for the storage of this object.

The maximum allowed number of extents in an INTUITY CONVERSANT system is 249.

To check the number of extents, do the following:

1. Enter **dbused**

The system displays the Space Allocated screen ([Figure 2-19](#)).

### **NOTE:**

The data in your Space Allocated screen may be different from the data shown in [Figure 2-19](#).

Usage for "sti/sti"

Space allocated to objects, Oracle Blocks (4096 Bytes/Block)

NAME	TYPE	BLOCKS	MBYTES	EXTENTS	MAX_EXTENTS
CCASUM	TABLE	10	.02	1	249
TRASUM	TABLE	10	.02	1	249
ABCD	TABLE	10	.02	1	249
CCA	TABLE	200	.39	1	249
EVSUM	TABLE	10	.02	1	249
RCS	TABLE	2405	4.70	121	249
CDHSUM	TABLE	10	.02	1	249
EVENTS	TABLE	1025	2.00	1	249
CALL	TABLE	515	1.01	1	249
SERVICE	TABLE	515	1.01	1	249
LDBCOLS	TABLE	10	.02	1	249
E1	INDEX	1025	2.00	1	249
C1	INDEX	515	1.01	1	249
S1	INDEX	515	1.01	1	249

**Figure 2-19. Space Allocated Screen**

2. Compare the value in the **EXTENTS** column to the value in the **MAX\_EXTENTS** column.
3. If the value in the **EXTENTS** column is greater than or equal to the value in the **MAX\_EXTENTS** column, the table has reached its maximum size.
4. Redefine the database table storage. See Chapter 6, "Database Administration," in *NTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591, for information on increasing the database size.

You have completed this procedure.

## **ORACLE Network Diagnostics**

To check the ORACLE network, do the following:

1. Determine the machine name. See Chapter 6, "Database Administration," in *NTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591.
2. Enter **telnet host\_name**

where *host\_name* is the name of the remote machine to which the database process is connected.

If the log in prompt appears on the screen, the network appears to be functioning properly. Continue with Step 3.

If the log in prompt does not appear on the screen, the network is not functioning properly. Contact the network support personnel for help.

3. Press **Ctrl-d** to return to the local machine.
4. Enter **netstat -a**

The system displays a table similar to the following table:

**Active Internet connections (including servers)**

Proto	Recv-Q	Send-Q	Local Address	Foreign Address	(state)
tcp	0	0			ESTABLISHED
tcp	0	0			ESTABLISHED
tcp	0	0			LISTEN
tcp	0	0			LISTEN
tcp	0	0			
tcp	0	0			
tcp	0	0			

5. Verify that the remote machine name appears on the screen under the *Foreign Address* column and the corresponding *state* field shows ESTABLISHED.

If the remote machine name does not appear, contact network support personnel for help.

If the remote machine name appears on the screen, verify that the ORACLE SQL\*Net package is installed on the remote machine.

6. Verify that the network tunable parameters are correct according to the recommendations in the *NTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Communication Development*, 585-310-763.
7. Verify the database connection by completing the following Steps a through c:

- a. Invoke the ORACLE utility SQL\*PLUS by entering **/oracle/bin/sqlplus sti/sti**

The system displays the following message:

SQL>

- b. Connect the SQL\*PLUS session to the remote database by entering **connect sti/sti \@T:host\_name:DB\_SID;**

The *host\_name* is name of the remote machine and the *DB\_SID* is the name of the remote database obtained in the *DB\_SID* field in Database Access ID Table under Database Administration. See Chapter 6, "Database Administration," in *NTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591.

 **NOTE:**

You must type a backslash sign (an escape character) following the *sti/stj* and before the @ sign.

- c. If the screen displays the following message the network and remote database are functioning.

`connected`

Continue with Step d.

If `connected` does not appear on the screen, contact the database administrator of the remote machine for help.

- d. Exit from the SQL\*PLUS utility by entering **quit**

You have completed this procedure.

## TDM Bus Diagnostics

The TDM Bus can be diagnosed

- From the command line
- Through the INTUITY CONVERSANT windows

### Using the Command Line

To diagnose the TDM Bus using the command line, do the following:

1. Confirm that the VIS associates the suspect card with "tdm1," by entering **display card <card number >**

where *card number* is the suspect card.

If the card is not configured for tdm1, there is a configuration error. Complete the following Steps a through e:

- a. Record the current system configuration and service assignments. See "[Viewing a Configuration](#)" procedure in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).
- b. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)," in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
- c. Move the system configuration and service assignments by entering **mv /gendb/shmem/devtbl /gendb/shmem/devtbl.old**

- d. Start the voice system. See "[Starting the Voice System](#)," in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
  - e. Reconfigure the system. See "[Specifying a New Configuration](#)" procedure in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).
2. To confirm that the TDM master/slave configuration is appropriate, enter **display card all |pg**



**NOTE:**

The | before *pg* is a pipe symbol, not a lower case *L*.

The system displays the Circuit Card Configuration screen ([Figure 2-20](#)).



**NOTE:**

The data in your Circuit Card Configuration screen may be different from the data shown in [Figure 2-20](#).

```

CARD 0      STATE: Inserv      CLASS: Digital (E1)      O.S.INDEX: 0
          NAME: AYC21        OPTIONS: master1,tdm1,PRI1,DCHAN
          FUNCTION: PRI

CD.PT  CHN   STATE   STATE-CHNG-TIME  SERVICE-NAME  PHONE  GROUP  OPTS  TYPE
0.0    0     Manoos  Oct 25 17:25:32  -             -      4      tdm   FRM
0.1    1     Inserv  Oct 25 17:32:48  -             -      4      tdm   PRIB
0.2    2     Inserv  Oct 25 17:32:47  -             -      4      tdm   PRIB
0.3    3     Inserv  Oct 25 17:29:46  -             -      4      tdm   PRIB
0.4    4     Inserv  Oct 25 17:32:46  -             -      4      tdm   PRIB
0.5    5     Inserv  Oct 25 17:29:46  -             -      4      tdm   PRIB
0.6    6     Inserv  Oct 25 17:29:46  -             -      4      tdm   PRIB
0.7    7     Inserv  Oct 25 17:29:45  -             -      4      tdm   PRIB
0.8    8     Inserv  Oct 25 17:29:45  -             -      4      tdm   PRIB
0.9    9     Inserv  Oct 25 17:29:44  -             -      4      tdm   PRIB
0.10   10    Inserv  Oct 25 17:29:45  -             -      4      tdm   PRIB
0.11   11    Inserv  Oct 25 17:29:44  -             -      6      tdm   PRIB
0.12   12    Inserv  Oct 25 17:29:44  -             -      6      tdm   PRIB
0.13   13    Inserv  Oct 25 17:29:44  -             -      6      tdm   PRIB
0.14   14    Inserv  Oct 25 17:29:43  -             -      6      tdm   PRIB
0.15   15    Inserv  Oct 25 17:29:44  -             -      6      tdm   PRIB
0.16   16    Inserv  Oct 25 17:29:21  -             -      6      tdm   PRID
0.17   17    Inserv  Oct 25 17:29:43  -             -      6      tdm   PRIB

:
    
```

**Figure 2-20. Circuit Card Configuration Screen**

3. Confirm that there is only one card associated with the following configurations for tdm1.
  - master1
  - master2
  - master3

There can be multiple cards designated slave.

Use **(ENTER)** to page through the Circuit Card Configuration screen.

If more than one card is configured as `master1`, `master2`, or `master3`, there is a configuration error. Complete the following Steps a through e:

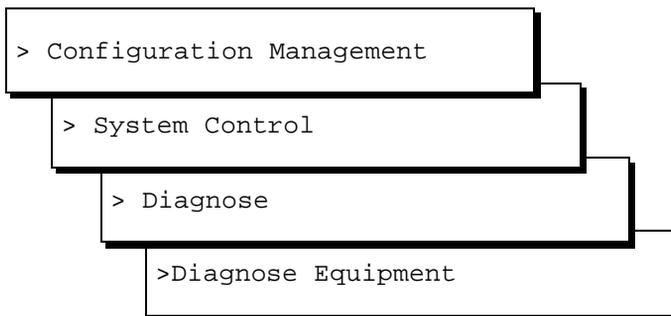
- a. Record the current system configuration and service assignments. See "[Viewing a Configuration](#)" procedure in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).
  - b. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)," in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
  - c. Move the system configuration and service assignments by entering `mv /gendb/shmem/devtbl /gendb/shmem/devtbl.old`
  - d. Start the voice system. See "[Starting the Voice System](#)," in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
  - e. Reconfigure the system. See "[Specifying a New Configuration](#)" procedure in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).
4. Shutdown the operating system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)," in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
  5. If the problem persists, check the TDM resistors. See "[Checking the Terminating Resistors](#)" above for the procedure.
  6. If the problem persists, check the circuit card switch settings. See "[Checking the Switch Settings](#)" above for the procedure.

You have completed this procedure.

## Using the INTUITY CONVERSANT Windows

To diagnose the TDM Bus using the INTUITY CONVERSANT windows, do the following:

1. Starting at the Voice System Administration menu ([Figure 2-1](#)), select



The system displays the Diagnose Equipment Window ([Figure 2-2](#)).

2. Enter **bus** in the `Equipment to diagnose` field.

The system automatically places a 1 in the `Equipment Number` field.

3. If you want to conduct an immediate diagnosis, enter **y** in the `Immediate diagnosis` field.



**NOTE:**

Immediate diagnosis takes the cards, attached to the TDM bus, out of service immediately even if a call is in progress.

If you do not want to conduct an immediate diagnosis, enter **n** in the `Immediate diagnosis` field.



**NOTE:**

The system waits until all specified channels are idle before beginning the diagnosis.

4. Press **F3** (Save).

The system removes the cards attached to the TDM bus from service and runs the diagnostics.

If the TDM bus passes the diagnostics, the system displays the following message:

```
Diag <bus>, Passed
```

If the TDM bus did not pass the diagnostics, replace the cable.

## Voice Port Loop Around Test

To perform a voice port loop around test, do the following:

1. Starting at the Voice System Administration menu ([Figure 2-1](#)), select

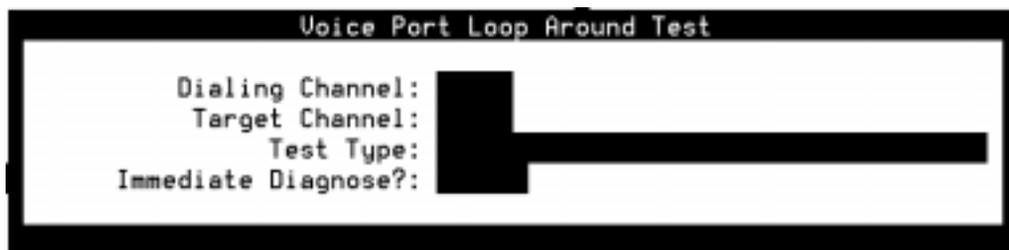
```
> Configuration Management
```

```
> System Control
```

```
> Diagnose
```

```
>Voice Port Loop Around Test
```

The system displays the Voice Port Loop Around Test window ([Figure 2-21](#)).



**Figure 2-21. Voice Port Loop Around Test Window**

2. Enter a channel number in the `Dialing Channel:` field.

The dialing channel is the channel which sends the signal used to diagnose the target channel.

You can enter **AUTO** in this field to allow the system to choose the dialing channel.

3. Enter the number of the channel you want to diagnose in the `Target Channel:` field.
4. Enter a test type in the `Test Type:` field.

The following tests can be run on the voice port:

- all
- code
- fax receive
- fax transmit
- gain control
- loop current/dial tone detection
- manipulation of hook state
- play
- ring detection
- speed control
- touch tone receive
- touch tone transmit

**NOTE:**

The gain control, loop current/dial tone detection, manipulation of hook state, ring detection, speed control, touch tone receive, and touch tone transmit test types will be run during a voice port loop around test regardless of the entry in the `Test Type:` field.

2 Diagnostics

Voice Port Loop Around Test

5. Enter **no** in the Immediate Diagnose? field.

If you enter **yes** in this field the diagnosis will be performed immediately regardless of the current state of the dialing channel.



**NOTE:**

Immediate diagnosis cannot be done when **AUTO** is entered in the Dialing Channel: field.

6. Press **F3** (Save).

The system completes the diagnostics and displays the Voice Port Loop Around Test Results screen ([Figure 2-22](#)).

Voice Port Loop Around Test Results

manipulation of hook state	pass
gain control	pass
speed control	pass
ring detection	pass
touch tone transmit	pass
play	pass
touch tone receive	pass
record	pass
fax receive	pass
fax transmit	pass
loop current/dial tone detection	pass

Press Enter to continue.

**Figure 2-22. Voice Port Loop Around Test Results Screen**

7. Press **ENTER**.

The system displays the Voice Port Loop Around Test window ([Figure 2-21](#)).

You have completed this procedure.

## ASAI Trace Utility

---

To invoke the ASAI trace feature, type trace dip7 at the system prompt. Additional VIS processes can be monitored by adding arguments to the command (for example, trace dip7 chan 1).

### NOTE:

All ASAI trace information displayed by trace is preceded by `ASAI:`. If trace is used to monitor other VIS processes, that information is preceded by other key words.

To cancel a trace command, press the DELETE key. The Trace Level parameter in the ASAI Parameters screen controls the amount of detail that is displayed when you use the trace dip 7 command to monitor messages and events being processed by the ASAI system. The trace feature facilitates the debugging of new applications and is an optional feature that is not required for normal system operations.

Three Trace Levels are available:

- The Low setting displays only ASAI error and warning conditions.
- The Normal setting displays information pertaining to the process of the A\_Callinfo, A\_Event, A\_RouteSel, and A\_Tran script actions, in addition to the information displayed by the Low setting. Such information is useful when attempting to debug new application scripts which use these actions.
- The High setting provides additional information on ASAI messages that are sent and received between the VIS and the DEFINITY Generic 3i PBX, in addition to the information displayed by the Low and Normal settings.

### Low Detail

---

The Low setting displays only ASAI error and warning conditions. This is the default setting. Use this setting when there is live traffic to minimize processing overhead from the trace feature.

Error message preceded by `ASAI: ERROR:` typically indicate a malfunction in the processing of the ASAI link between the VIS and the PBX, an improperly written script, or an incorrect configuration. Error messages are displayed by trace to give additional insight into problems that are reported as system messages and as error codes in the Return Fields of the external actions. If you receive an error messages in the Message Log Report. The ASAI-related system messages are numbered from ASAI001 through ASAI031 and are discussed in Chapter 3, "System Message Listings." Follow the instructions provided for the message to remedy the problem.

If you receive error messages in the trace output and no ASAI system messages are reported, you may be experiencing a problem with the A\_Callinfo, A\_Event,

A\_RouteSel, or A\_Tran actions. In this case, one of these actions is probably returning an error code in its Return Field and also in the Cause Value field.

If you receive neither ASAI system message nor error return codes from an ASAI script action but are still receiving error messages in the trace output, you are probably experiencing a system problem and should escalate the problem.

Warning messages indicate a low-severity problem detected by the ASAI system. These message are preceded by `ASAI: WARNING:` and are usually the result of an incorrectly configured system or a manual out of service (manooos) ACD, VDN, or CTL domain that is receiving messages from the PBX. These messages may also correspond to a system message that appears in the Message Log Report. For example, the following message is displayed if you use A\_Tran to transfer to an extension for which there is no domain administered in the Domain Administration screen.

```
ASAI: WARNING: Event 'C' Discarded, no CTL Domain for Ext
'1234'
```

At the same time, system message number ASAI031 appears in the Message Log Report. Similarly, the following message is displayed if you use A\_Tran to transfer to an extension or domain which is not in service.

```
ASAI: WARNING: Event 'C' Discarded, Domain 'name' not active
```

In this case no system message appears in the Message Log Report because it is not necessarily considered an error.

## Normal Detail

---

In addition to the information displayed by the Low setting, the Normal setting displays information pertaining to the processing of the A\_Callinfo, A\_Event, A\_RouteSel, and A\_Tran script actions. Such information is useful when attempting to debug new application scripts which use these actions. The format is specific to each ASAI action being processed.

### A\_Callinfo trace information

When A\_Callinfo is used in a voice script on a Tip/Ring or LST1 channel, trace displays the following information. The first line indicates which channel requested the information. The remaining indented lines contain the information that is returned to the A\_Callinfo action in the voice script.

```
ASAI: A_Callinfo: Sending Info for chan 1
ASAI:Calling party Number:''
ASAI:Called Party Number: '5100'
ASAI:Switch Data: ''
ASAI:Trunk Group Id: '5', Call Id: '163'
ASAI:Cause Value: '0', Return Field: '0'
```

If an error occurs in the processing of A\_Callinfo, a message preceded by ASAI: Error: A\_Tran is displayed along with a description of the problem.

## A\_Event trace information

When A\_Event is used in a monitoring or routing script that is assigned to a domain, the following trace messages are examples of what is displayed when each event is reported.

```
ASAI: A_Event: Reporting Event 'C' to Domain
      'name'
ASAI:Connected Party Number: '5609'
ASAI:Calling Party Number: ", Trunk Grp Id: '5'
ASAI:Called Party Number: '5100'
ASAI:Switch Data:"
ASAI:Call id: '170', Other Call Id: '160'
ASAI:LAI Display Info: "
ASAI:VIS Data: "
ASAI:Routing Id: '30'
ASAI:Return Field: '67'
```

The first line indicates the type of event that is reported and the domain to which it is reported. The event type is one of the following:

- A (ABANDON) — The caller was abandoned before the call was answered.
- C (CONNECT) — The call was alerted or connected. See the information on Parameter Administration in Chapter XX of the XX for a description of the CONNECT Event field.
- E (END) — The call has ended after being answered.
- R (ROUTE REQUEST) — PBX is requesting the call be routed.

The indented lines that follow the first line contain information that is returned in the corresponding fields of the A\_Event action form.

## A\_RouteSel trace information

When A\_RouteSel is used in a routing script that is assigned to an RTE domain, the following trace messages are examples of what is displayed.

```
ASAI: A_RouteSel: Routing call in Domain 'name'
      (Route ID 1234)
ASAI:Destination Number: '5019'
ASAI:Split Extension: ''
ASAI:Priority Call? Yes
```

If the Route Select could not be sent to the PBX, a trace message preceded by ASAI: ERROR: A\_RouteSel: is displayed along with a description of the problem. In some cases a cause value is also displayed. See Chapter 6 of

*NTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Application Development with Script Builder, 585-310-763, for a list of A\_RouteSel Cause Values.*

## A\_Tran trace information

When A\_Tran is used in a voice script on a T/R or LST1 channel, trace displays messages such as the following indicating a successful transfer.

```
ASAI: A_Tran: requested on chan 1
ASAI: A_Tran: Taking Control of call on chan 1
          (CLID 304)
ASAI: A_Tran: Placing caller on hold, chan 1
ASAI: A_Tran: Make Call on chan 1 (CLID 308)
ASAI:Destination Number: '5019'
ASAI:Split Ext: ''
ASAI:Priority Call? No
ASAI: A_Tran: Make Call completed on chan 1
ASAI:Call State: 'ALERTING'
ASAI: A_Tran: Merging calls on chan 1
```

The first line indicates which channel requested the transfer.

### NOTE:

Each line beginning ASAI: A\_Tran: indicates the beginning of the next processing step required to perform the transfer operation and contains the channel number on which the operation is taking place. See Chapter 6 of *NTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Application Development with Script Builder, 585-310-763*, for an explanation of the steps required to perform a transfer. Processing steps may not be displayed contiguously depending on the amount of activity in the system (that is, other trace statements may appear in between each processing step for A\_Tran).

The indented lines contain additional information about the current processing step. The Make Call step is followed by three lines of information which correspond to input fields in the A\_Tran action form. The Make Call completed steps is followed by a line indicating the outcome of the call. A successful transfer is indicated by the Merging calls message.

In the following example the outbound call (Make Call completed) was to a busy destination. In this case, the transfer (merge) was not attempted and the caller was reconnected to the voice script.

The sequence ends with the following message:

```
ASAI: A_Tran: requested on chan 1
ASAI: A_Tran: Taking Control of call on chan 1
          (CLID 304)
ASAI: A_Tran: Placing caller on hold, chan1
ASAI: A_Tran: Make Call on chan 1 (CLID 308)
ASAI:Destination Number: '5019'
ASAI: Split Ext: ''
```

```
ASAI:Priority Call? No
ASAI: A_Trان: Make Call completed on chan 1
ASAI:Call State: 'BUSY'
ASAI: A_Trان: Dropping call on chan 1
ASAI: A_Trان: Reconnecting caller on chan 1
ASAI: A_Trان: Relinquishing control of chan 1
```

Should an error occur in one of the processing steps, trace displays a message preceded by ASAI: ERROR: A\_Trان: with a description of the problem.

**⇒ NOTE:**

If you receive error return codes from the A\_Trان action and do not see errors while tracing dip7, the problem is detected by the voice script before making the request to the ASAI subsystem.

## High Detail

---

In addition to the information displayed by the Low and Normal settings, the High setting gives additional information on ASAI messages that are sent and received between the VIS and the DEFINITY Generic 3i PBX. High detail causes trace to display information concerning call event and routing event messages as well as requests for domain enable/disable, channel login/logout, and heartbeat.

## Call events

ASAI messages (call events) received from the PBX contain information about a call on a domain. This information may be useful when attempting to debug an application script which is monitoring the progress of calls on the PBX. The format of the call event message is as follows:

```
ASAI: Received EVENT on Domain "name" (CLID num CID
num)
```

The *EVENT* can be one of the following

- ALERTING — The call is ringing at an extension.
- CALLEND — All parties have dropped from the call causing the call to end.
- CONFERENCED — The call has been conferenced.
- CONNECTED — The call has been answered.
- CUT THROUGH — The call is interworking with a non-ISDN trunk.
- DENIAL — The call has been routed to an invalid number (intercept).
- DROP — A party on the call has dropped from the call.
- OFFERED — The call has entered the specified domain.

- QUEUED — The call has been placed in a queue and is awaiting delivery to an extension.
- 3P CALLEND — A call that was originated by A\_Tran has ended.
- TRANSFERRED — The call has been transferred.
- TRUNK SEIZED — The call has been routed to a trunk and the trunk has been seized.

The *name* is the name of domain which receives the event as specified in the Domain Administration screen. See Chapter 4, "Feature Package Administration" of *NTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591, for additional information.

The name will be null for call events received that are not directly associated with a domain administered in the Domain Administration screen (for example, call events received for an outbound call placed by the A\_Tran script action). The CLID *num* is the ASAI Cluster ID that identifies the specified domain. The CID *num* is the Call ID that identifies the call. The PID is the party ID that identifies which Party dropped from the call and is reported with a DROP message only.

## Routing Events

There are two ASAI messages received from the PBX which contain routing information. This information may be useful when debugging a routing application script which is assigned to a RTE domain. The following trace message is printed for each route request received. The format of the trace message is as follows:

```
ASAI: Received ROUTE REQUEST on Domain 'name' (Route ID
num)
```

Another trace message is printed when the PBX has acknowledged or canceled a previous route request. The format of this message is as follows:

```
ASAI: Received ROUTE END on Domain 'name' (Route ID
num)
ASAI: Cause: X
```

### NOTE:

The second line indicates the reason why the route requested ended. After the receipt of this message a Route Selection can no longer be made (that is, A\_RouteSel fails) for the specified Route ID. The Route ID is a number which identifies a particular route request.

## Domain Enable/Disable Requests

When ACD or VDN domains are enabled or disabled, a message must be sent to the PBX requesting to activate or deactivate the sending of call events for the domain. Following are examples of the trace output that appears when these messages are sent.

```
ASAI: Sending ENABLE for domain 'name', ext '4321',
type 1 (CLID 224)
ASAI: Sending DISABLE for domain 'name', ext '5678'
type 2 (CLID 364)
```

The *name* and *ext* displayed correspond to the parameters administered for the domain in the Domain Administration screen. Note that Type 1 domains are ACD domains and Type 2 domains are VDN domains.

If an enable or disable request fails, a message is displayed which is preceded by `ASAI: ERROR: ENABLE Domain:` along with a description of the problem. If a Cause Value is provided in the message, the request was denied by the PBX.

## Channel Login/Logout Requests

In order to log a channel in or out, an ASAI message must be sent to the PBX. Following are examples of the trace output that appears when these messages are sent.

```
ASAI: Sending LOGIN for chan 1, ext 1234 (CLID 778)
ASAI: Sending LOGOUT for chan1, ext 1234 (CLID 388)
```

The *chan* and *ext* displayed correspond to the parameters administered for the domain in the Channel Administration screen.

If a login or logout request fails, a message is displayed which is preceded by `ASAI: ERROR: LOGIN CHANNEL:` along with a description of the problem. If a Cause Value is provided in the message, the request was denied by the PBX.

## Heartbeat Requests

To insure that the PBX and the VIS are in constant communication event when there is no traffic, messages are sent back and forth between the two systems. These messages, called heartbeat messages, typically appear only after periods of idleness of longer than 1 minute.

Generally, these trace messages can be ignored unless you suspect a loss of communication between the PBX and the VIS. The messages should alternate every minute during idle periods. Following are examples of these heartbeat messages:

```
ASAI: Received Heartbeat (CLID 7898 ind 1)
ASIA: Sending Heartbeat (CLID 2345)
```

# Common System Procedures

# 3

---

## Overview

This chapter describes procedures for

- Cartridge tape and diskette drive operation
- Backup and restore
- Voice system administration
- Operating system administration

## Purpose

The purpose of this chapter is to provide the information necessary to perform the most common procedures associated with the INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® system.

## **About Cartridge Drives and Tapes**

---

Cartridge tapes provide for the storage of information used by the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. The MAP/40 reads information from and writes information to cartridge tapes through the tape drive. The tape drive is located in Bay 1.

### **Types of Cartridge Tape Drives**

---

The MAP/40 uses two types of tape drives:

- 2-Gbyte
- 525-Mbyte

#### **⇒ NOTE:**

Any tapes, smaller than 525-Mbyte, created in a 2-Gbyte tape drive can be read by a 525-Mbyte tape drive provided the jumpers on the 525-Mbyte tape drive have been configured correctly.

Tapes created in a 525-Mbyte tape drive can be read by a 2-Gbyte tape drive provided the jumpers on the 525-Mbyte tape drive have been configured correctly.

### **When to Change Cartridge Tapes**

---

The manufacturers of the cartridge tapes recommend that you replace a tape after approximately 30 full-capacity write or read operations. For example, if two tapes are being alternated for the unattended nightly backup, replace both tapes every two months.

### **Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes**

---

This section details the procedures for inserting and removing cartridge tapes from a:

- 2-Gbyte tape drive
- 525-Mbyte tape drive

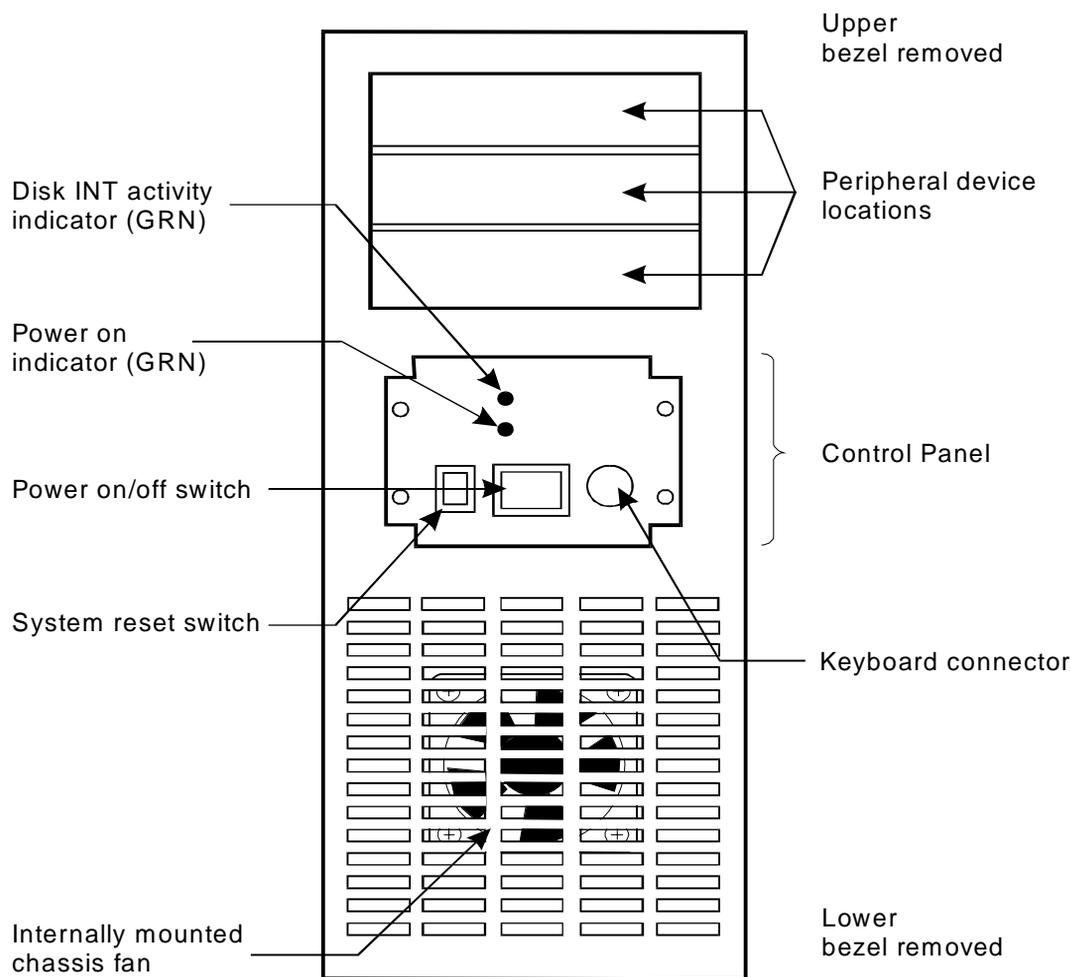
#### **2-Gbyte Tape Drive**

This section details the procedures for inserting and removing cartridge tapes from a 2-Gbyte tape drive

## Inserting the Cartridge Tape

To insert a 2-Gbyte cartridge tape, do the following:

1. Locate the tape drive on the front of the MAP/40 ([Figure 3-1](#)).

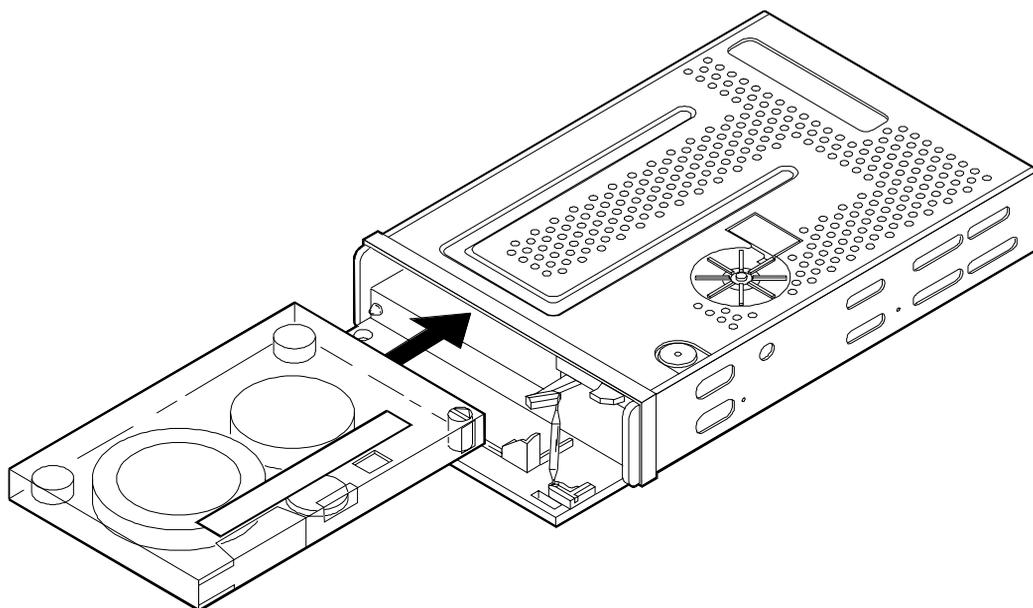


m40frnt C.JL 032896

**Figure 3-1. Front View of the MAP/40**

2. Check the read/write dial to make sure that the tape is not write-protected. The small dial on the front of the tape should be in the horizontal position.

3. Complete Steps a through c to insert the tape in the drive.
  - a. Press the button on the upper right corner of the drive to open the drive door.
  - b. Insert the tape ([Figure 3-2](#)).
  - c. Close the door to push in the tape.



**Figure 3-2. Tape Insertion with a 2-Gbyte Tape Drive**

**⇒ NOTE:**

The light on the 2-Gbyte drive will blink when the drive is in use. If the light is lit and not blinking, the tape drive is idle.

### Removing the Cartridge Tape

To remove a cartridge tape from a 2-Gbyte tape drive, do the following:

1. Press the button on the upper right corner of the drive to reveal part of the tape.
2. Pull out the tape.

**⚠ CAUTION:**

*You can only remove the tape when the drive is idle, that is, when the light is not blinking.*

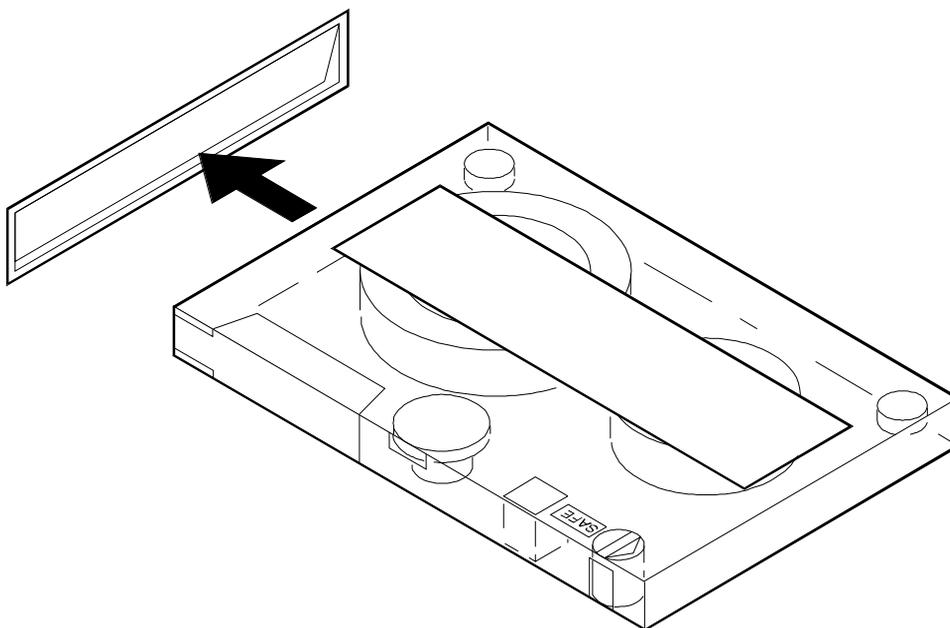
## 525-Mbyte Tape Drive

This section details the procedures for inserting and removing cartridge tapes from a 525-Mbyte tape drive.

### Inserting the Cartridge Tape

To insert a cartridge tape into a 525-Mbyte tape drive, do the following:

1. Locate the tape drive on the front of the MAP/40 ([Figure 3-1](#)).
2. Check the read/write dial to make sure that the tape is not write-protected. The small black dial on the front of the tape should be in the horizontal position.
3. Insert the tape firmly and the door locks automatically ([Figure 3-3](#)).



**Figure 3-3. Tape Insertion with a 525-Mbyte Tape Drive**

**⇒ NOTE:**

The light on the 525-Mbyte tape drive is on when the drive is in use. If the light is not on, the tape drive is idle.

## Removing the Cartridge Tape

To remove a cartridge tape from a 525-Mbyte tape drive, do the following:

1. Place your middle and index fingers on the side of the tape currently in the drive, press firmly inward, then release.
2. The tape should pop out.



### CAUTION:

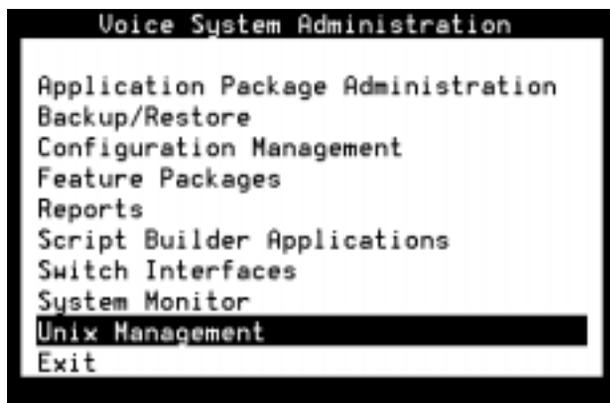
*You can only remove the tape when the drive is idle, that is, when the light is not on.*

## Formatting Cartridge Tapes

---

To format a cartridge tape, do the following:

1. Start at the Voice System Administration Menu ([Figure 3-4](#))



---

**Figure 3-4. Voice System Administration Menu**

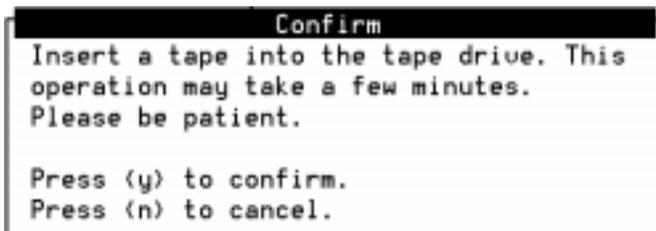
2. Select

```
> UNIX Management
```

```
> Format UNIX Floppy/Tape
```

```
> Format Cartridge Tape
```

The system displays a Confirm window ([Figure 3-5](#)).



---

**Figure 3-5. Confirm Window**

3. Verify that the tape is not write-protected and insert the tape into the tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" above for more information.
4. Press **y**  
The system displays a screen stating that the tape has been formatted.
5. Remove the tape from the tape drive.
6. Press **ENTER** to continue.

## **About Diskette Drives and Diskettes**

Diskettes can provide for the storage of information used by the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. If information must be transferred from an INTUITY CONVERSANT system without a LAN card, diskettes must be used.

### **Types of Diskettes**

The INTUITY CONVERSANT system is not shipped with disks. If you need disks, obtain unformatted 3.5-inch disks. The disks can be either

- High density (1.44-Mbyte)
- Low density (720-Kbyte)

### **Inserting and Removing Diskettes**

This section details the procedures for inserting and removing diskettes.

## Inserting the Diskette

To insert a diskette, do the following:

1. Locate the diskette drive on the front of the MAP/40 ([Figure 3-1](#)).
2. Check the read/write switch to make sure that the diskette is not write-protected.
3. Insert the diskette in the drive.

### NOTE:

The light on the diskette drive is on when the drive is in use. If the light is not on, the diskette drive is idle.

## Removing the Diskette

To remove a diskette, do the following:

1. Press the button on the lower right corner of the diskette drive to reveal part of the diskette.
2. Pull out the diskette.

### CAUTION:

*You can only remove the diskette when the drive is idle, that is, when the light is not on.*

## Formatting Diskettes

---

To format a diskette, do the following:

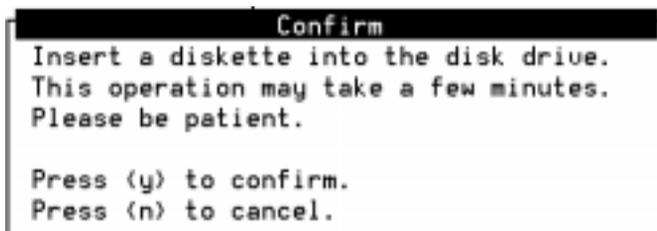
1. Starting at the Voice System Administration Menu ([Figure 3-4](#)), select

```
> UNIX Management
```

```
> Format UNIX Floppy/Tape
```

```
> Format 3.5 inch 1.44 Mbyte (High Density)
```

The system displays a Confirm window ([Figure 3-6](#)).



---

**Figure 3-6. Confirm Window**

2. Verify that the diskette is not write-protected and insert the tape into the tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" above for more information.
3. Press **y**  
The system displays a screen stating that the tape has been formatted.
4. Remove the tape from the tape drive.
5. Press **(ENTER)** to continue.

## Backing Up the INTUITY CONVERSANT System

---

There are two tools available for you to use to backup and restore your system:

- BRU (backup/restore utility)
- mkimage

### Backup the INTUITY CONVERSANT System Using BRU

---

The following section describes the procedure for backing up your INTUITY CONVERSANT system using the BRU.



**NOTE:**

Use the backup mechanisms described here to back up and restore files on the same machine only.

## Types of BRU

- Root, or disk-level, backup - This is used to save the entire contents of a hard disk and is good to perform to baseline your new system after initial load.
- Full, or UNIX-level - This is a backup of all files and file systems.
- Differential, or UNIX-level differential - this is a backup of files which have changed dates since the last full backup.

## When to perform a BRU backup

There are no specific times or rules as to when to perform a BRU backup. The following are a few suggestions:

- When the system is new. Perform a root and/or full backup to baseline your system.
- When your system has been upgraded to a new software release. Perform a differential backup.
- After your system has been upgraded or reconfigured with new or different hardware. Perform a full and/or differential backup.
- When you notice performing a differential backup is taking a long time to complete. Perform a full backup.

## Performing a Root Backup

### NOTE:

Make sure the INTUITY Backup/Restore Utility is loaded on the system before performing a disk backup. This is convenient for doing Verification, Full and Differential UNIX backup steps.

Backup of the entire disk consists of two parts: copy disk to tape and checksum verification. Each part takes about 1 Hour/Gbyte to complete.

To perform a root backup using the BRU tool, do the following:

1. Log in as root.
2. Enter **shutdown -g0 -y**  
The system shuts down.
3. Insert the BRU Disk Backup diskette labeled "QuickStart" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" above for the procedure.
4. Press the reset button on the lower front of the MAP/40 peripheral bay.  
The system boots from the BRU diskette. After a few minutes the system displays the BRU Main Menu ([Figure 3-7](#)).

QuickStart - System Recovery Tool  
Copyright(c) 1997, Enhanced Software Technologies, Inc.

1. Select Recovery Archive Device.
2. Perform System Backup
3. Perform System Recover
4. Perform Archive Volume Verification
5. Recovery Help
9. Restart Native Operating System

Select Option >

**Figure 3-7. BRU Main Menu**

5. Enter **1**

The system displays the BRU Select Recovery Device Type Menu screen (Figure 3-5).

Please select the type of Backup Device to use.

1. Wangtek 525 MB QIC Tape Drive
2. Tandberg 2.5 GB QIC Tape Drive
- Q. Quit

Select (1, 2, or Q)

**Figure 3-8. BRU Select Recovery Device Type Menu Screen**

6. Enter the number corresponding to your systems tape drive.

The system displays the following message:

Checking Device.

The system displays the BRU Main Menu screen ([Figure 3-7](#)).

7. Enter **2**

The system displays the following message:

Scanning system hardware for attached hard drives

I found X hard drives attached to this system:

1. First SCSI Hard Drive Size = xxxxxxxxxx  
Select Hard Drive to Backup; Separate multiple entries  
with spaces [1]:

8. Enter the number of the hard disk drive to be backed up.

The system displays the following message:

Total backup size 2048 MBytes

Make sure that the prepared tape is unchanged  
Press [ENTER] to continue.

9. Press **(ENTER)**

The system displays the following message:

```
Creating the recovery volume...
```

This operation can take from minutes to hours depending upon the speed of the tape drive being used.

For example:

```
Wangtek 525MB QIC drive - 12MB/min = 720MB/hr  
Tanberg 2.5GB QIC drive - 17MB/min = 1GB/hr
```

```
Backing up X hard drive.
```

```
System backup operation completed successfully.
```

```
QuickStart will now verify the backup.
```

While EST recommends that you verify each backup, this is an optional process.

```
Enter V to verify or S to skip [V/S]:
```



**CAUTION:**

*Entering **v** will cause the system to verify the tape using the backup floppy. This procedure will take approximately two hours. During this time the system will be out of service.*

10. Enter **s**

The system displays the following message:

```
Verification Skipped!
```

You may verify a QuickStart tape at any time by using option 4 from the main QS menu.

```
Press [ENTER] to return to the main menu.
```

11. Press **(ENTER)**

The system displays the BRU Main Menu Screen ([Figure 3-7](#)).

12. Remove the "QuickStart" boot diskette from the diskette drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Diskettes"](#) above for the procedure.
13. Enter **9**
14. The system reboots to the INTUITY CONVERSANT system.
15. Verify the root backup tape while the system is in operation. See ["Verifying a Root Backup Tape"](#) below for the procedure.

## Performing a Full Backup

This procedure can be performed while your system is up and running.

A full UNIX-level backup consists of two components:

- Estimate - this determines how much has changed since the last backup.
- Backup - this is the actual backup performance.

### ⇒ NOTE:

The estimated time required to perform a full backup is 1 Gbyte/hour.

To perform a Full UNIX-level backup, do the following:

1. Starting at the Voice System Administration Menu ([Figure 3-4](#)), select

```
> Backup/Restore
> Full Backup
> Estimate
```

The system displays a message similar to the following message:

```
Please be patient, depending on the size of the backup
this could take several minutes

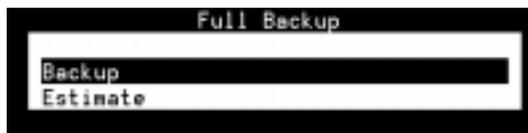
Performing Full Backup estimate...

bru:lvolume xxxxx files, xxxxxxx archive blocks xxxxxx
Kbytes

Please press <ENTER> to return to menu.
```

2. Make sure you have enough backup tapes available to store the system data.
3. Label each cartridge tape with "Full UNIX Backup Tape X."
4. Press **(ENTER)**

The system displays the Full Backup menu ([Figure 3-9](#)).



---

**Figure 3-9. Full Backup Menu**

5. Select

```
> Backup
```

The system displays the following message:

```
Please put a tape in the drive.
```

```
Press <Enter> to continue or q to quit.
```

6. Insert the first tape into the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)," above for the procedure.
7. Press **(ENTER)**

The system displays the following message:

```
The Full UNIX backup is now complete. Please remove the  
tape and label it as "Full UNIX Backup, created  
[today's date]"
```

8. Verify the backup tape. See "[Verifying a Backup Tape](#)" below for the procedure.

## Performing a Differential Backup

Differential backups can be scheduled (to be performed at specified date(s) and time) or performed on demand.

To perform a Differential UNIX-level backup, do the following:

1. Starting at the Voice System Administration Menu ([Figure 3-4](#)), select

```
> Backup/Restore
```

```
> Differential Backup
```

```
> Estimate
```

The system displays a message similar to the following message:

```
Please be patient, depending on the size of the backup  
this could take several minutes
```

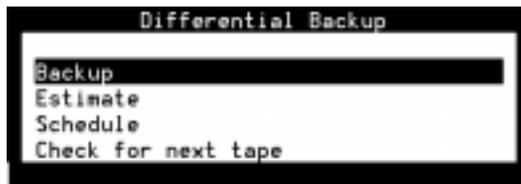
```
Performing Differential Backup estimate...
```

```
bru:lvolume xxxxx files, xxxxxxx archive blocks xxxxxx  
Kbytes
```

```
Please press <ENTER> to return to menu.
```

2. Make sure you have enough backup tapes available to store the system data.
3. Label each cartridge tape with "Differential UNIX Backup Tape X."
4. Press **(ENTER)**

The system displays the Differential Backup menu ([Figure 3-10](#)).



---

**Figure 3-10. Differential Backup Menu**

5. Select

A screenshot of a terminal window showing the text "> Backup" with a cursor pointing to the space before "Backup". The text is enclosed in a rectangular box.

> Backup

The system displays the following message:

Please put a tape in the drive.

Press <Enter> to continue or q to quit.

6. Insert the first tape into the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)," above for the procedure.
7. Press **(ENTER)**

The system displays the following message:

The Differential UNIX backup is now complete. Please remove the tape and label it as "Differential UNIX Backup, created [today's date]"

8. Verify the backup tape. See "[Verifying a Backup Tape](#)" below for the procedure.

## Scheduling a Differential UNIX-Level Backup

You can schedule a differential backup to be performed at a particular time on a weekly basis or on selected days during the week.

**⇒ NOTE:**

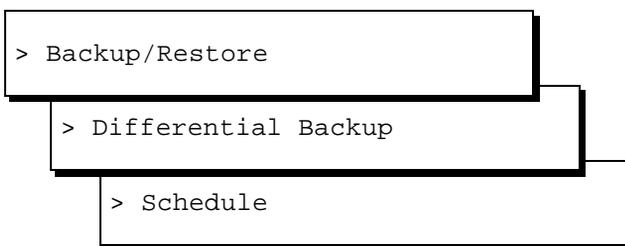
Be sure to have a tape loaded in the tape drive for a backup scheduled at a time when no operator is available.

**⇒ NOTE:**

The backup will wait for a tape to be inserted if there is not one already in the drive.

To schedule a differential UNIX-level backup, do the following:

1. Starting at the Voice System Administration Menu ([Figure 3-4](#)), select



The system displays the Differential Backup Schedule window ([Figure 3-11](#)).



**Figure 3-11. Differential Backup Schedule Window**

2. Set the hour at which the system backup will occur by completing the following Steps a through :
  - a. Use the left  and right  arrows on your keyboard to move within the `Time:` field.
  - b. In the hour portion of the `Time:` field, enter number between 00 and 23.
  - c. In the minute portion of the `Time:` field, enter a number between 00 and 59.  
  
For example, entering 02:30 activates the backup process at 2:30 am.
3. Press the down  arrow on your keyboard to move to the days of the week.
4. Type **YES** next to the day(s) that you want the differential backup to be performed.
5. Type **NO** next to the days that you do not want the differential backup to be performed.
6. Press  (Save).

The system displays the Differential Backup menu ([Figure 3-10](#)).

## Verifying a Backup Tape

A backup tape can be verified using the INTUITY CONVERSANT windows or the backup utility boot floppy.

### Using the INTUITY CONVERSANT Windows

Verify your backup tape using the BRU once the system is in operation. Perform the verification on the same INTUITY CONVERSANT system or another INTUITY CONVERSANT system that has the BRU loaded.

The BRU verifies:

- Differential backup tapes
- Full backup tapes
- Root backup tapes

**Verifying a Differential or Full Backup Tape.** To perform a verification, do the following:

1. Insert the backup tape into the tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" above for the procedure.
2. Starting at the Voice System Administration Menu ([Figure 3-4](#)), select

```
> Backup/Restore
> Verify Backup
> Differential/Full
```

The system displays the following message:

```
The Backup Tape Verification is now complete. Please
remove the tape, check that the label reflects whether
the tape contains root, full, or differential backup
data, date and time it was created then store it.
```

**Verifying a Root Backup Tape.** To perform a verification, do the following:

1. Insert the backup tape into the tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" above for the procedure.
2. Starting at the Voice System Administration Menu ([Figure 3-4](#)), select

```
> Backup/Restore
> Verify Backup
> "QuickStart"
```

The system displays the following message:

```
The Backup Tape Verification is now complete. Please
remove the tape, check that the label reflects whether
the tape contains root, full, or differential backup
data, date and time it was created then store it.
```

## Using the Backup Utility Boot Floppy

### ⇒ NOTE:

You must shut down your CONVERSANT system to perform this verification.

To perform the verification, do the following:

1. Log in as root.
2. Enter **shutdown -g0 -y**  
The system shuts down.
3. Insert the BRU Disk Backup diskette labeled "QuickStart" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" above for the procedure.
4. Press the reset button on the lower front of the MAP/40 peripheral bay.  
The system boots from the BRU diskette. After a few minutes the system displays the BRU Main Menu ([Figure 3-7](#)).

5. Enter **4**

The system displays the following message:

```
Please insert the QuickStart archive media and press  
[ENTER] to continue.
```

6. Insert the backup tape into the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" above for the procedure.
7. Press

The system displays the following message:

```
Checking the media contents...  
Volume 1 = X SCSI fixed disk, size = 2097152 (2048 MB)  
Verifying the X SCSI fixed disk.
```

8. If the verification was successful you have completed the backup procedure.

If the verification was unsuccessful, repeat the backup procedure.

## Backing Up the INTUITY CONVERSANT System Using **mkimage**

---

The following section describes the procedure for backing up your INTUITY CONVERSANT system using the **mkimage** command.

### ⇒ NOTE:

The backup mechanisms described here should be used for backing up and restoring files on the same machine only.

The **mkimage** command backs up all files and speech to cartridge tapes. The **mkimage** command should only be used in the following situations:

- After initially loading a new system
- After upgrading to a new software release
- After upgrading hardware
- After reconfiguring the system

See Appendix A, "Summary of Commands," in *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® V6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591, for additional information about the **mkimage** command.

## Performing a System Backup

To conduct a full system backup using **mkimage**, do the following:

1. Log in as root.
2. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" below for the procedure.
3. Enter **mkimage**

The system displays the following message:

```
The UNIX kernel will be rebuilt now. This will take
some time. Please wait.
```

```
WARNING: This process will put the system in single
user mode!!!
```

```
Do you wish to continue (y/n)?
```

4. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

```
The system will now be put in single user mode.
Re-login after the prompt and re-execute this command
to continue the mkimage process.
```

```
Console Login:
```

5. Continue with the next procedure, "[Backing Up the Root File System.](#)"

## Backing Up the Root File System

To back up the root file system, do the following:

1. Log in as root.
2. Enter **mkimage**

The system displays the following message:

```
Checking the system run level: Please wait
```

```
The system is in single user mode: Continuing
```

The following are approximate tape counts required for this backup for various tape drive sizes

150 Mbyte drive:	X tape(s)
320 Mbyte drive:	X tape(s)
525 Mbyte drive:	X tape(s)
1.2 Gbyte drive:	X tape(s)
2.0 Gbyte drive:	X tape(s)

Be sure to number the cartridge tapes consecutively in the order they will be inserted.

Label the tapes 'CONVERSANT Image Tape x' where x indicates the insertion sequence. Also include the current date.

Note: Very large files, such as database files, take several minutes to backup. During this time you will not see any progress reported to the console. If the tape drive is running and the system disk light is flashing, the operation is in progress.

Please insert the first tape now. Press 'ENTER' to start image tape creation.

3. Label the appropriate number of cartridge tapes.

Label the tapes *CONVERSANT Image Tape x*, where x indicates the insertion sequence. Also include the current date on the label.

4. Insert the cartridge tape labeled "CONVERSANT Image Tape 1" into the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" above for the procedure.
5. Press **ENTER**.

The system takes approximately 30 minutes to load the information onto one cartridge tape.

If your system backup requires more than one cartridge tape, the system displays the following message:

```
End of medium on output  
Change to part 2 and press RETURN key. (q)
```

If your backup requires more than one tape, complete Steps a through d:

- a. Remove the cartridge tape labeled "CONVERSANT Image Tape 1" from the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" above for the procedure.
- b. Insert the cartridge tape labeled "CONVERSANT Image Tape 2" into the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" above for the procedure.
- c. Press **ENTER**.
- d. Repeat Steps [a](#) through [c](#) for all necessary cartridge tapes.

If your backup does not require more than one tape, continue with Step [6](#).

6. When the system displays the following message, remove the last cartridge tape from the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" above for the procedure.

The image tapes will be verified now.  
Make sure the tapes are inserted in the order they are made.

Press 'Enter' to start verification.

7. Press `(ENTER)`.

The system displays the following message:

```
Please insert the first tape now. Press 'Enter' to
continue.
```

8. Insert the cartridge tape labeled "CONVERSANT Image Tape 1" into the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" above for the procedure.

9. Press `(ENTER)`.

The system takes as long to verify a cartridge tape as it did to create it.

The system will prompt for additional tapes if necessary.

10. If your system has speech files located on a second disk, perform the next procedure, "[Backing Up the Speech Files](#)."

If your system has only one disk, or is mirrored, continue with the procedure, "[Verifying the Back Up](#)."

## Backing Up the Speech Files

If your system contains speech files on Hard Disk Drive 2, the system will display the following message:

```
The following are approximate tape counts required for
this backup for various tape drive sizes
```

```
150 Mbyte drive:      X tape(s)
320 Mbyte drive:      X tape(s)
525 Mbyte drive:      X tape(s)
1.2 Gbyte drive:      X tape(s)
2.0 Gbyte drive:      X tape(s)
```

Be sure to number the cartridge tapes consecutively in the order they will be inserted.

Label the tapes 'CONVERSANT Speech Tape x' where x indicates the insertion sequence. Also include the current date.

Note: Very large files, such as database files, take several minutes to backup. During this time you will not see any progress reported to the console. If the tape drive is running and the system disk light is flashing, the operation is in progress.

Please insert the first tape now. Press 'ENTER' to start image tape creation.

To back up the speech files, using the **mkimage** command, do the following:

1. Label the appropriate number of cartridge tapes.

Label the tapes 'CONVERSANT Speech Tape x' where x indicates the insertion sequence. Also include the current date on the label.

2. Insert the cartridge tape labeled "CONVERSANT Speech Tape 1" into the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" above for the procedure.
3. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system takes approximately 30 minutes to load the information onto one cartridge tape.

If your system backup requires more than one cartridge tape, the system displays the following message:

```
End of medium on output  
Change to part 2 and press RETURN key. (q)
```

If your backup requires more than one tape, complete Steps a through d:

- a. Remove the cartridge tape labeled "CONVERSANT Speech Tape 1" from the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" above for the procedure.
- b. Insert the cartridge tape labeled "CONVERSANT Speech Tape 2" into the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" above for the procedure.
- c. Press **(ENTER)**.
- d. Repeat Steps [a](#) through [c](#) for all necessary cartridge tapes.

If your backup does not require more than one tape, continue with Step [4](#).

4. When the system displays the following message, remove the last cartridge tape from the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" above for the procedure.

The speech tapes will be verified now.

Make sure the tapes are inserted in the order they are made.

Press 'Enter' to start verification.

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Please insert the first tape now. Press 'Enter' to
continue.
```

6. Insert the cartridge tape labeled "CONVERSANT Speech Tape 1" into the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" above for the procedure.

7. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system takes as long to verify a cartridge tape as it did to create it.

The system will prompt for additional tapes if necessary.

8. Continue with the procedure, "[Verifying the Back Up.](#)"

## Verifying the Back Up

When the system is done verifying a cartridge tape it automatically reboots, returns to multi-user format, and displays the console login. To verify the back up, do the following:

1. Log in as root.
2. Enter **vi /SaveVsData/mkimage.log**

If the system displays the following message, the mkimage back up was successful.

```
Creation and verification of the CONVERSANT Image Tape
is complete.
```

If the system does not display this message, the mkimage back up was not successful. Repeat the procedure.

## Performing Other Backups

See the *Novell UnixWare Backup and Restore Services* book, which is part of the *UnixWare Documentation Set*, 585-350-908, for information on:

- Establishing an automatic backup using **bkreg**
- Backing up the UnixWare system
- Performing a UnixWare incremental backup
- Copying files using **cpio**
- Backing up non-Script Builder Applications
- Backing up a database

See *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® V6.0 Application Development with Script Builder*, 585-310-760, for information on:

- Backing up Script Builder applications

See *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® V6.0 Speech Development, Processing and Recognition*, 585-310-762, for information on:

- Backing up speech files using **spsav**

## **Restoring the INTUITY CONVERSANT System**

---

The following section describes the procedure for restoring your INTUITY CONVERSANT system.

There are two tools available for you to use to restore your system:

- BRU (Backup/Restore utility)
- mkimage

### **Restore the INTUITY CONVERSANT System Using BRU**

---

The following section describes the procedure for restoring your INTUITY CONVERSANT system using the BRU.

The BRU restores up to one or more tapes and has a checksum verification option available. BRU restore is a 3-step process:

- Root, or disk-level, restore.
- Full, or UNIX-level, restore.
- Differential, or UNIX-level differential restore.

### **Performing a Root Restore**

#### **NOTE:**

The INTUITY CONVERSANT system must be shut down in order to restore an entire disk.

To perform a root restore using the BRU tool, do the following:

1. Log in as root.
2. Enter **shutdown -g0 -y**  
This message will shutdown the system.
3. Insert the BRU Disk Backup diskette labeled "QuickStart" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" above for the procedure.
4. Press the reset button on the lower front of the MAP/40 peripheral bay.

The system will boot from the BRU diskette. After a few minutes, the system displays the BRU Main Menu Screen ([Figure 3-7](#)).

5. Enter **1**

The system displays the BRU Select Recovery Device Type Menu Screen ([Figure 3-8](#)).

6. Enter the number corresponding to your systems tape drive.

The system displays the following message:

```
Checking Device...
```

The system displays the BRU Main Menu Screen ([Figure 3-7](#)).

7. Enter **3**

The system displays the following message:

```
Please insert the QuickStart tape in the tape drive and  
press [ENTER].
```

8. Insert the recovery tape in the tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" above for the procedure.

9. Press **(ENTER)**

The system displays the following message:

```
Verifying the tape and reading the contents listings.
```

```
Tape contains a QuickStart backup and is ready.
```

```
There is 1 drive volume on this tape  
Volume 1 = X SCSI Hard Drive size = 2097152 (2048 MB)
```

```
Press [ENTER] to continue.
```

10. Press **(ENTER)**

The system displays the following message:

```
Restoring the X hard drive.
```

 **NOTE:**

The restore speed is about 1GByte/hour.

```
Press [ENTER] to return to the main menu.
```

11. Press **(ENTER)**

The system displays the BRU Main Menu Screen ([Figure 3-7](#)).

12. Remove the "QuickStart" boot diskette from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" above for the procedure.

13. Enter **9**

14. The system reboots to the INTUITY CONVERSANT system.

15. Continue with "[Performing a Full Restore](#)".

## Performing a Full Restore

A Full Restore is the second step in the recovery process.

To perform a Full Restore, do the following:

1. Starting at the Voice System Administration Menu (Figure 3-6), select

```
> Backup/Restore
```

```
> Restore
```

The system checks to see if the INTUITY CONVERSANT Voice System is running. If the voice system is running, continue with step 2, otherwise go to step 3.

The system displays the following message:

```
The Voice System is running, do you want to stop it for  
Restore?
```

2. Enter **y**

**⇒ NOTE:**

If you choose N, the voice system is not stopped and the restoration does not continue.

3. Insert the tape labelled "Full Backup Created [latest date available]." See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" for the procedure.

The system displays a message similar to the following message:

```
Do you want to recover the following volume:  
Full Backup created on April 3, 1997: 2:30 A. M.  
Enter y to recover (y):
```

4. Enter **y**

**⇒ NOTE:**

If more than one tape is required to restore, the system will prompt you to insert the additional tapes when they are needed.

5. Continue with "Performing a Differential Restore."

## Performing a Differential Restore

A Differential Restore is the third step in the recovery process.

To perform a Differential Restore, do the following:

1. Starting at the Voice System Administration Menu (Figure 3-6), select

```
> Backup/Restore
```

```
> Restore
```

The system checks to see if the CONVERSANT Voice System is running. If the voice system is running, continue with step 2, otherwise go to step 3.

The system responds with the following message:

```
The Voice System is running, do you want to stop it for  
Restore?
```

2. Enter **y**

### ⇒ NOTE:

If you choose N, the voice system is not stopped and the restoration does not continue.

3. Insert the tape labelled "Differential Backup Created [latest date available]." See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" for the procedure.

The system displays a message similar to the following message:

```
Do you want to recover the following volume:  
Differential Backup created on April 3,1997: 2:30 A. M.  
Enter y to recover (y):
```

4. Enter **y**

### ⇒ NOTE:

If more than one tape is required to restore, the system will prompt you to insert the additional tapes when they are needed.

5. Press the reset button on the lower front of the MAP/40 peripheral bay.

## Performing a System Restoration using mkimage

To perform a system restoration, do the following:

1. From [Chapter 9, "Installing Base System Software"](#), perform the following procedures:
  - a. ["Beginning the UnixWare Installation"](#)
  - b. ["Setting Up the UnixWare Environment"](#)
  - c. ["Initializing the Hard Disk Drives"](#)
  - d. ["Transferring the UnixWare Files"](#)

The system displays the Application Server Media Type screen ([Figure 3-12](#)).

The Application Server software is available on diskette or tape or network server. You must select the source you will use to install the software.

Your choices are:

1. Diskette Drive 1
2. Unixware for Intuity CONVERSANT
3. Network Install Server
4. Intuity Image/Snap Tape

Press a number between '1' and '4' followed by 'ENTER':

### **Figure 3-12. Application Server Media Type Screen**

2. Insert your system backup cartridge tape labeled "CONVERSANT Image Tape 1" into the tape drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes"](#) above for the procedure.
3. Type **4**
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the Insert Tape screen ([Figure 3-13](#)).

Please insert the Intuity Image/Snap cartridge tape into the tape drive and press 'ENTER'.

Your choices are:

1. The tape has been inserted in the tape drive.
2. Go back to previous menu.

Press '1' or '2' followed by 'ENTER':

**Figure 3-13. Insert Tape Screen**

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

This will accept the default of 1 to indicate the tape has been inserted and is ready for access.

The system displays the following message:

Installation in progress. This will take several minutes. Please do not remove the tape.

The installation process will take two to three hours to complete. When the system installation is complete the system will display a message stating that you are able to remove the tape from the drive.

6. Remove the tape labeled "CONVERSANT Image Tape 1" from the tape drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes"](#) above for the procedure.
7. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system reboots.

8. If your system has more than one hard disk drive clean the secondary hard disk drives. See ["Cleaning a Hard Disk Drive,"](#) in [Chapter 6,](#) ["Replacing the Hard Disk Drive,"](#) for the procedure.



**CAUTION:**

*Do not remove the partition on the root hard disk drive.*

9. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)," below, for the procedure.
10. Perform the "[Activating the Volume Manager](#)," procedure in [Chapter 9, "Installing Base System Software"](#).

The system is now ready for you to restore speech files or activate mirroring. To restore the speech files, see "Saving and Restoring," in Chapter 1, "Overview of Speech," in *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Speech Development, Recognition, and Processing*, 585-310-762. To activate mirroring, see "[Mirroring](#)," in [Chapter 6, "Replacing the Hard Disk Drive"](#).

## **Performing a System Restoration on a System which has been Upgraded from INTUITY CONVERSANT V5**

---

### **CAUTION:**

*Do not perform this procedure on a system which has not been upgraded from INTUITY CONVERSANT V5.*

### **CAUTION:**

*This procedure should only be performed once. After the procedure has been performed the upgraded INTUITY CONVERSANT V5 system has the same file structure as a factory supplied INTUITY CONVERSANT Version 6 system.*

To perform a system restoration on a system which has been upgraded from INTUITY CONVERSANT V5, do the following:

1. Perform the procedure "[Performing a System Restoration using mkimage](#)," above.
2. Enter **/usr/bin/change\_volname**

You have completed this procedure.

## Restoring the Database Directory from System Backup

---



### CAUTION:

*Current data, system traffic data, and application data may be lost depending on the date of the last system backup.*

1. If the database system is running, perform the "Stopping the Database System" procedure below.
2. Perform the "Selective System Restore" procedure described in *Novell UnixWare Backup and Restore Services* book which is part of the *UnixWare Documentation Set*, 585-350-908. Specify the directory **/oracle/dbs**.
3. If there are other database files created outside the **/oracle/dbs** directory, perform the "Selective System Restore" procedure for each of the files. See the *Novell UnixWare Backup and Restore Services* book which is part of the *UnixWare Documentation Set*, 585-350-908, for this procedure.
4. Perform the "Starting the Voice System" procedure below to start the database and the voice system.

## Administering the Voice System

---

Administering the voice system includes:

- Starting the voice system
- Stopping the voice system
- Shutting down the voice system

### Starting the Voice System

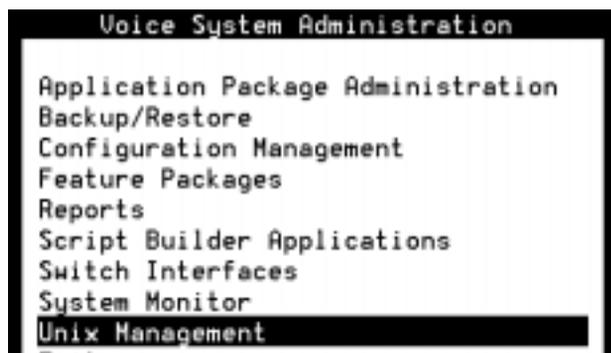
---

You can stop the voice system from either the INTUITY CONVERSANT windows or the command line.

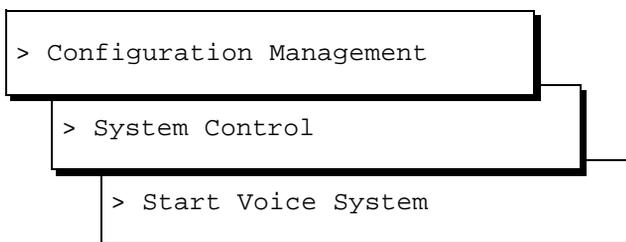
## Using the INTUITY CONVERSANT Windows

To start the voice system, do the following:

1. Starting at the Voice System Administration menu ([Figure 3-14](#)), select



**Figure 3-14. Voice System Administration Menu**



The system displays the following messages:

```
running bitmapmgr...  
bitmapmgr completed.
```

```
Form Filler Audit complete. No errors found.
```

```
ORACLE RDBMS is already started.
```

```
The Voice System is starting
```

```
The Voice System is initializing cards
```

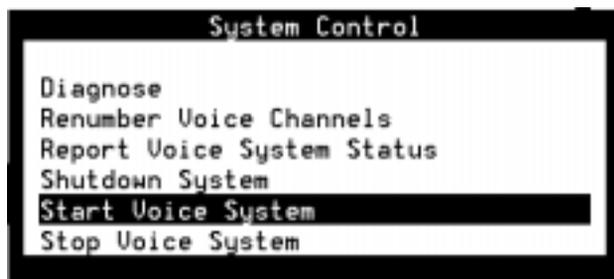
```
The Voice System is still initializing cards  
Please wait...
```

```
Startup of the Voice system is now complete.
```

```
Hit acknowledge key to continue.
```

2. Press **F1** (acknowledge).

The system displays the System Control menu ([Figure 3-15](#)).



---

**Figure 3-15. System Control Menu**

## Using the Command Line

To start the voice system, do the following:

1. Enter **start\_vs**

The system displays the following messages:

```
running bitmapmgr...  
bitmapmgr completed.
```

```
Form Filler Audit complete. No errors found.
```

```
ORACLE RDBMS is already started.
```

```
The Voice System is starting
```

```
The Voice System is initializing cards
```

```
The Voice System is still initializing cards  
Please wait...
```

```
Startup of the Voice system is now complete.
```

## Stopping the Voice System

---

You must stop the voice system to complete the following tasks:

- Replacing a component in the MAP/40
- Performing routine backup and restore procedures

When the voice system is stopped, the entire system is placed in the idle state when all lines are free, the internal system tables are saved, and all processes are turned off.

The voice system can be stopped from either the INTUITY CONVERSANT windows or the command line.

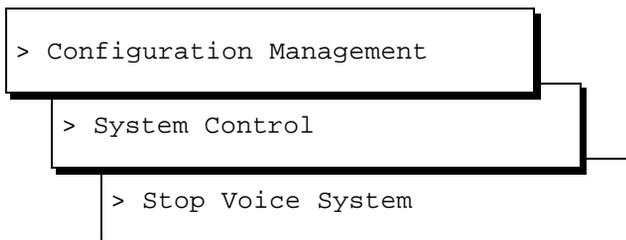
## Using the INTUITY CONVERSANT Windows

To stop the voice system, do the following:

### ⇒ NOTE:

Have the system administrator route calls away from the system before beginning this procedure.

1. Starting at the Voice System Administration menu ([Figure 3-14](#)), select



The system displays the Wait Time window ([Figure 3-16](#)).



---

**Figure 3-16. Wait Time Window**

2. Enter a number between 60 and 600.

This is the number of seconds you want the system to wait for all calls to clear before stopping the voice system.

3. Press **F3** (save).

The system displays the following messages:

The Voice System is now stopping.

Initiating request to clear all calls in the next **X** seconds.

Orderly idling of the system succeeded.

After the voice system has completely stopped, use the "Start Voice System" choice from the system control menu to restart the voice system.

The Voice System has stopped.

Press Enter to continue.

4. Press **ENTER**.

The system displays the System Control menu ([Figure 3-15](#)).

## Using the Command Line

To stop the voice system, do the following:



### NOTE:

Have the system administrator route calls away from the system before beginning this procedure.

1. Enter **stop\_vs time**

where *time* is the time (60 to 600 seconds) that you want the system to wait before it begins the shut down procedure. The default wait time is 180 seconds.

The system displays the following message:

```
The Voice System is now stopping.
```

```
Initiating request to clear all calls in the next X  
seconds.
```

```
Orderly idling of the system succeeded.
```

After the voice system has completely stopped, use the "Start Voice System" choice from the system control menu to restart the voice system.

## Shutting Down the Voice System

---

To shut down the voice system, do the following:

1. Starting at the Voice System Administration menu ([Figure 3-14](#)), select

```
> Configuration Management
```

```
> System Control
```

```
> Shutdown System
```

The system displays the Wait Time window ([Figure 3-16](#)).

2. Enter a number between 0 and 60.

This is the number of seconds you want the system to wait for all calls to clear before shutting down the voice system.

3. Press **F3** (save).

The system displays the following messages:

The Voice System is now stopping.

Initiating request to clear all calls in the next **X** seconds.

Orderly idling of the system succeeded.

After the voice system has completely stopped, use the "Start Voice System" choice from the system control menu to restart the voice system.

## Administering the Operating System

Administering the operating system includes

- Shutting down the operating system
- Rebooting the operating system

### Shutting Down the Operating System

You can shut down the operating system

- Using the INTUITY CONVERSANT windows
- Using the command line

#### **⇒ NOTE:**

The system automatically resets the machine clock for daylight savings time. If your system is down at the time at that daylight savings time is updated (April and October), your machine clock will not indicate the correct time.

### Using the INTUITY CONVERSANT Windows

1. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)," above
2. Start at the INTUITY CONVERSANT system menu ([Figure 3-17](#)).



---

**Figure 3-17. INTUITY CONVERSANT System Menu**

3. Select

```
> UNIX System Administration
> Machine
> shutdown
```

The system displays the Shut Down the Machine window ([Figure 3-18](#)).

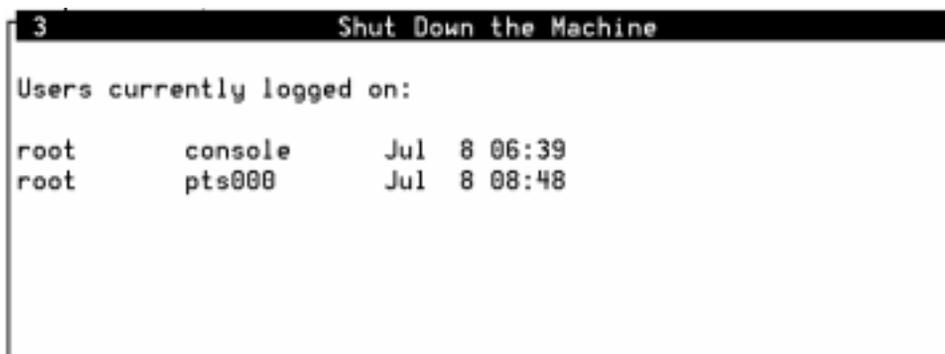


Figure 3-18. Shut Down the Machine Window

4. Press **F3** (Continue).

The system displays the next Shut Down the Machine window ([Figure 3-19](#)).

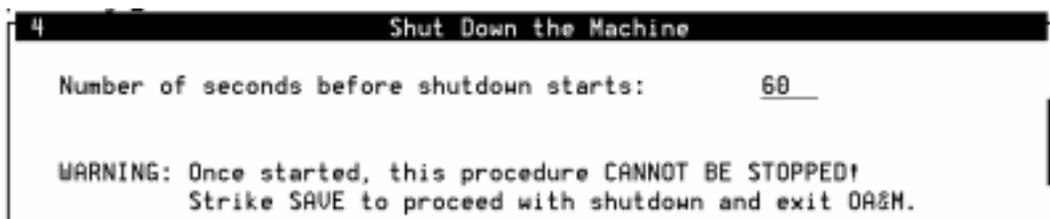


Figure 3-19. Shut Down the Machine Window (continued)

5. Enter the number of seconds the machine should wait to clear all calls before shutting down. Valid values are between 0 and 9999.
6. Press **F3** (save).

If you selected "0," the shutdown starts immediately. In this case, all remote users (if any) are notified that a shutdown is starting immediately.

## Using the Command Line

To shut down the operating system using the command line, do the following:

1. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" above.
2. Enter **shutdown -i0 -y -g0**

## Rebooting the UNIX System

---

To reboot the UNIX system, do the following:

1. Stop the voice system. See "Stopping the Voice System" above for the procedure.
2. Enter **shutdown i6 -y -g0**

## Administering the Database System

---

Administering the database system consists of

- Starting the database system
- Stopping the database system

## Starting the Database System

---

To start the database system, do the following:

1. Enter **/oracle/bin/ior w**

The system displays the following messages followed by the UNIX prompt.

```
ORACLE instance started.  
Database mounted.  
Database opened.  
Total System Global Area877716 bytes  
Fixed Size 24908 bytes  
Variable Size410440 bytes  
Database Buffers409600 bytes  
Redo Buffers32768 bytes  
SQL*DBA complete.
```

If the database start-up fails, the system may hang, forcing you to press **(DEL)**, or the system may provide error information and return the system prompt. If the system returns error information, enter:

**`/oracle/bin/oerr ora error_num`**

where *error\_num* is the ORACLE error number in the reason field of the error message.

The output will contain a brief explanation of the error, the cause, and the action to take to correct it.

**⇒ NOTE:**

You can also refer to the *ORACLE Error Messages and Codes Manual* for the explanation. If the error is unique to the UNIX environment, you can also see the *ORACLE for UNIX Technical Reference Guide* for detailed information.

Follow the actions suggested to correct the problem.

## Stopping the Database System

To stop the database system, do the following:

1. If the voice system is still running, perform "Stopping the Voice System" above.
2. Enter **`/oracle/bin/ior s`**

The system displays the following messages followed by the UNIX prompt.

```
Database closed.
```

```
Database dismounted.
```

```
ORACLE instance shut down.
```

```
SQL*DBA complete.
```

If the database shutdown was not successful, complete Steps a and b.

- a. Press **(DEL)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
ORA-01013: user requested cancel of current  
operation SQL*DBA complete.
```

- b. Enter **`/oracle/bin/ior c`**

The system displays the following message:

```
ORACLE instance shut down.  
SQL*DBA complete.
```

## Dropping a Database Table

---

If the table resides in a remote system machine, perform the following procedure on that remote machine.

### NOTE:

If the table resides in a non-system remote machine, contact the database administrator of the remote machine for assistance.

1. Enter **/oracle/bin/orastat** to verify that the database is running

The system displays either the number 1 or the number 0.

If "1" is displayed, the database is not running. Perform ["Starting the Database System"](#) above.

If "0" is displayed, the database is running. Continue with Step 2.

2. Enter **/oracle/bin/sqlplus sti/sti**

This will invoke the ORACLE SQL\*PLUS utility.

The system displays the following message:

```
SQL*Plus: Release 3.1.1.9.1>
```

3. Enter **drop table <"tblname">**

where <"tblname"> is the name of the table to be dropped enclosed in double quotes.

### NOTE:

The table name is case sensitive. It must also be enclosed in double quotes appearing exactly as it appears in the system message.

If the table is dropped successfully, the system displays the following message:

```
Table dropped.
```

If the <reason> field is `ORA: 00942 table or view does not exist`, continue with Step 4.

If the table cannot be dropped, complete Steps a through d.

- a. Enter **quit**

This will exit the SQL\*PLUS utility.

- b. Perform "Stopping the Database System," above.

- c. Perform "Starting the Database System" above.

- d. Repeat Step 3 of this procedure.

4. Enter **quit**

This will exit the SQL\*PLUS utility.

## Recreating the System Traffic Tables

---

To recreate the system traffic tables, do the following:

### ⇒ NOTE:

All current system traffic data is lost after performing this procedure.

1. Stop the voice system. See ["Stopping the Voice System"](#) above for the procedure.
2. Enter `/oracle/bin/sqlplus \@ /oracle/dist/cdh.sql`  
This will drop and recreate all system traffic tables.
3. Start the voice system. See ["Starting the Voice System"](#) above for the procedure.

## Verifying the Date and Time

---

### Checking the UNIX Date and Time Window

---

To check the UNIX Date and Time window, do the following:

1. Starting at the Voice System Administration Menu ([Figure 3-4](#)), select

```
> UNIX Management
```

```
> UNIX Date and Time
```

The system displays the UNIX Date and Time window ([Figure 3-20](#)).

```
UNIX Date and Time
Date:           May      29, 1997
Time:           3:00
AM/PH:         PM
Timezone:      Eastern
Is Daylight Savings Time used?: YES
```

Figure 3-20. UNIX Date and Time Window

2. Check each of the fields under UNIX Date and Time.

If all of the fields are correct, press **CANCEL** (F6).

If a field contains incorrect information, continue with the next procedure, "[Changing the UNIX Date and Time Window.](#)"

## Changing the UNIX Date and Time Window

---

The user can change any of the displayed fields. To change one field in the Date and Time window, the user must either change or acknowledge the information in each field.

### Changing the Date Field

The date field contains the month, day, and year.

#### Changing the Month

1. Place the cursor on the **Month** field in the UNIX Date and Time window.
2. If the month shown is not correct, complete Steps a through c:
  - a. Press **CHOICES** (F2) to display the months of the year ([Figure 3-21](#)).



---

**Figure 3-21. UNIX Month Choices Menu**

- b. Use **▲** or **▼** to move the cursor and highlight the correct month.

- c. Press **(ENTER)** to place the name of the correct month into the month field.



**NOTE:**

The user can also select the current month by entering the corresponding alphabetic abbreviation from this list: **Ja, F, Mar, Ap, May, Jun, Jul, Au, S, O, N, D.**

Continue with the next procedure "Changing the Day."

If the month shown is correct, press **(ENTER)** for no change and continue with the next procedure "[Changing the Day.](#)"

### Changing the Day

If the day of the month shown is not correct, enter the correct day as a number from 1 to 31 and continue with the next procedure "[Changing the Year.](#)"

If the day of the month shown is correct, press **(ENTER)** for no change and continue with the next procedure "[Changing the Year.](#)"

### Changing the Year

If the year shown is not correct, enter the correct year as a number from 1996 to 2038 and continue with the next procedure "[Changing the Time Field.](#)"

If the year shown is correct, press **(ENTER)** for no change and continue with the next procedure "[Changing the Time Field.](#)"

### Changing the Time Field

If the time shown is not correct, enter the correct time in the form of *hours:minutes* and continue with the next procedure "[Changing the AM/PM Field.](#)"



**NOTE:**

Use a 12-hour a.m./p.m. standard. Do not use the 24-hour military standard.

If the time shown is correct, press **(ENTER)** for no change and continue with the next procedure "[Changing the AM/PM Field.](#)"

### Changing the AM/PM Field

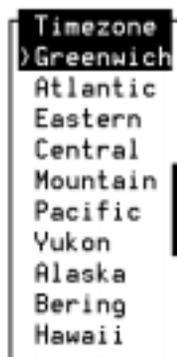
If **AM/PM** is not correct as shown, type **a** for a.m. or **p** for p.m. and continue with the next procedure "[Changing the Time Zone Field.](#)"

If **AM/PM** is correct as shown, press **(ENTER)** for no change and continue with the next procedure "[Changing the Time Zone Field.](#)"

## Changing the Time Zone Field

If the time zone shown is not correct, complete Steps 1 through 3 and continue with the next procedure "[Changing the Is Daylight Savings Time Used Field.](#)"

1. Press **(CHOICES)** (F2) to display the list of time zones ([Figure 3-22](#)).



---

**Figure 3-22. UNIX Time Zone Choices Menu**

2. Use **(▲)** or **(▼)** to move the cursor and highlight the correct time zone.
3. Press **(ENTER)** to place the name of the correct time zone into the `Timezone` field.

If the time zone shown is correct, press **(ENTER)** for no change and continue with the next procedure "[Changing the Is Daylight Savings Time Used Field.](#)"

## Changing the Is Daylight Savings Time Used Field

1. Type **y** for yes or **n** for no depending upon whether or not daylight savings time is used at any time during the year.
2. Press **(SAVE)** (F3) to save the changes and continue with the next procedure "[Acknowledging the Changes to the Date and Time Window.](#)"

## Acknowledging the Changes to the Date and Time Window

After the changes have been made to the Date and Time window the user must ensure that the system recognizes the new information. To acknowledge the new information, do the following:

1. Reboot the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" above for the procedure.

At this time the date and time changes will take affect.

2. Starting at the Voice System Administration Menu ([Figure 3-4](#)), select

```
> UNIX Management
```

```
> UNIX Date and Time
```

The system displays the UNIX Date and Time window ([Figure 3-20](#)).

3. Check each of the fields under UNIX Date and Time to ensure that the changes have been recorded.



# Getting Inside the Computer

# 4

---

## Overview

---

This chapter describes:

- Proper electrostatic discharge protection procedures
- Power removal and restoration procedures
- Computer chassis access procedures

## Purpose

---

The purpose of this chapter is to provide the correct procedures for accessing the internal components of the MAP/40.

## Protecting against Damage from Electrostatic Discharge

---

### CAUTION:

Read this section before unpacking the MAP/40. You **must** observe proper grounding techniques to prevent the discharge of static electricity from your body into ESD-sensitive components.

Circuit cards and packaging materials that contain ESD-sensitive components are usually marked with a yellow-and-black warning symbol ([Figure 4-1](#)).

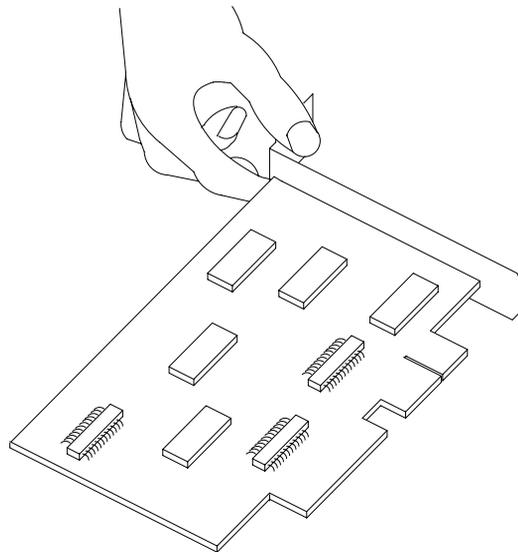


---

**Figure 4-1. ESD Warning Symbol**

To avoid damaging ESD-sensitive components, follow these rules:

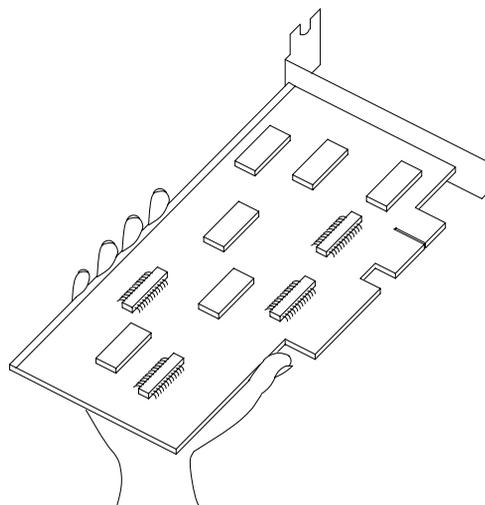
- Handle ESD-sensitive circuit cards only after attaching a wrist strap to the bare wrist. Attach the other end of the wrist strap to a ground that terminates at the system ground, such as any unpainted metallic chassis surface.
- Handle a circuit card by the faceplate or side edges only ([Figure 4-2](#) and [Figure 4-3](#)).



---

**Figure 4-2. How to Hold a Small Circuit Card**

---



---

**Figure 4-3. How to Hold a Large Circuit Card**

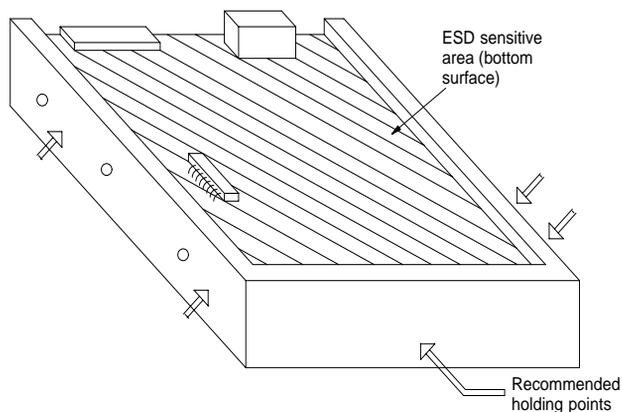
---



**CAUTION:**

*Ensure that your palm is not in contact with the non-component side of the board.*

- Keep circuit cards away from plastics and other synthetic materials such as polyester clothing.
- Do not hand circuit cards to another person unless that person is grounded at the same potential level.
- Hold devices such as a hard disk, floppy drive, or streaming tape in the same manner as a large circuit card. The ESD-sensitive area of these components is located on the bottom surface ([Figure 4-4](#)).

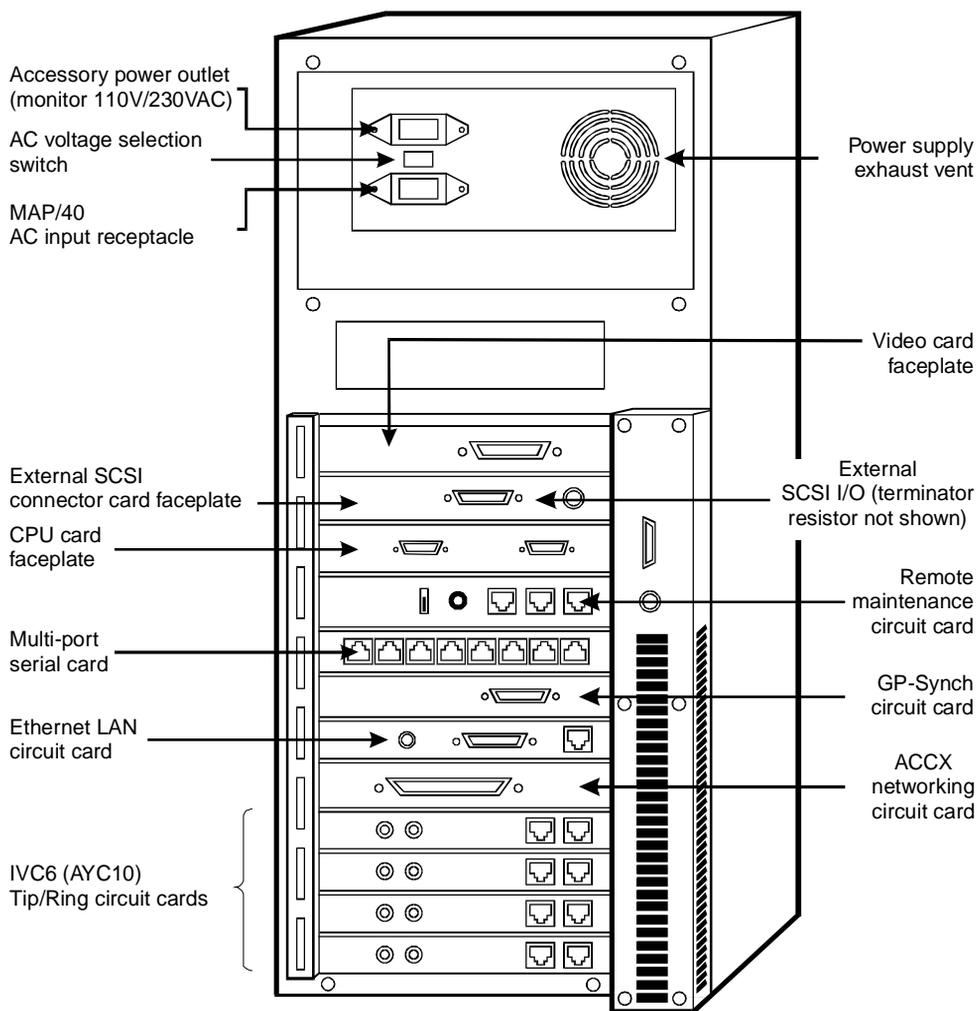


---

**Figure 4-4. ESD-Sensitive Area of an Electronic Component**

## Removing Power from the MAP/40

The MAP/40 requires a dedicated circuit with a dedicated circuit breaker. The power cord connects to the rear of the MAP/40 at the point labeled AC input receptacle (Figure 4-5). Before you begin any work in the MAP/40 you must disconnect the incoming power. Follow the procedure below to remove power from the MAP/40.



M40bkvw3 C.J.L. 032596

Figure 4-5. Back View of the MAP/40

1. Shut down the voice system. See "[Shutting Down the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures."](#)

2. Shut down the INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
3. Turn off the monitor's power switch.  
The green or amber lamp on the front bottom of the monitor should be off.
4. Turn off the power switch on the front of the MAP/40.  
The green lamp, labeled POWER ON, on the front of the unit should be off.
5. Unplug the MAP/40 from the power outlet.
6. Remove the MAP/40 power cord from the AC input receptacle on the rear of the MAP/40 ([Figure 4-5](#)).
7. Observe the correct lock-out/tag-out precautions for isolating power as outlined in the Lucent lock-out/tag-out procedure.

## **Removing the Dress Cover**

---

The dress cover provides protection for the internal components of the MAP/40. You must remove the dress cover to access these components.



### **WARNING:**

*Shut power off before removing the dress cover or access panel of the MAP/40. See "[Removing Power from the MAP/40](#)" above for the procedure.*

1. Ensure that the MAP/40 tower configuration is in an upright position on the support base.
2. Locate the two screws on both the bottom left and right corners of the dress cover ([Figure 4-6](#)).

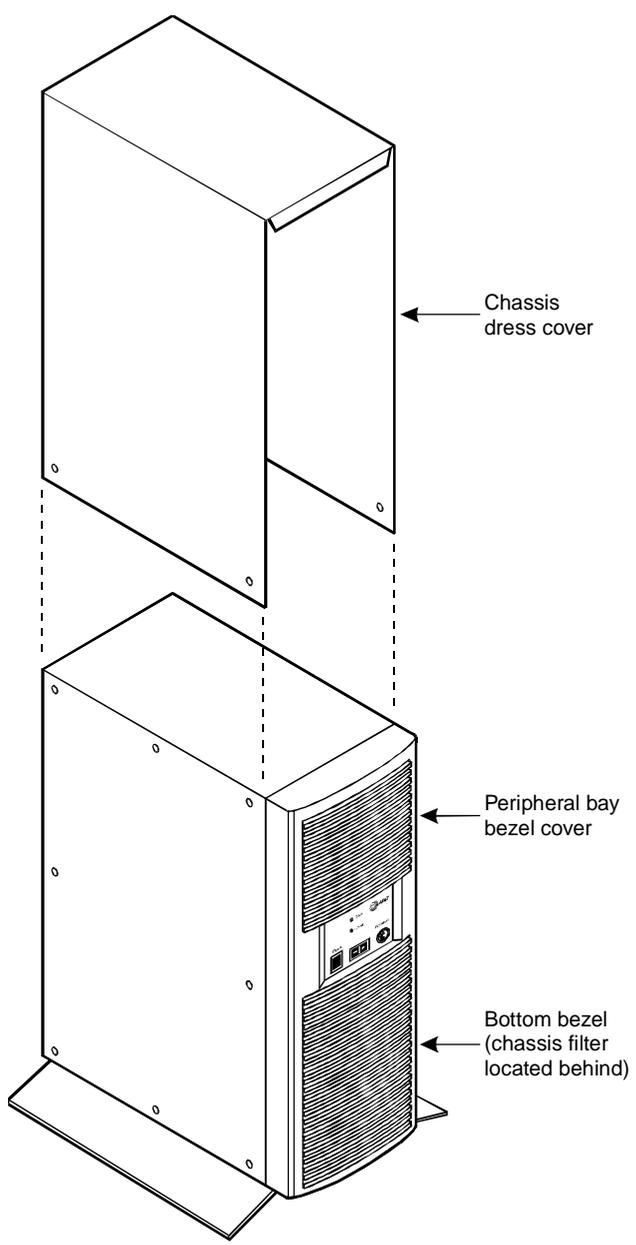


Figure 4-6. Removing the Dress Cover

3. Remove the screws.
4. Remove the front bezel by pulling it forward.
5. Slide the dress cover forward and then up to remove it from the MAP/40.



**CAUTION:**

*As more of the dress cover is removed, it may begin to collapse inward from the pressure. Move your hands downward on the dress panel to reduce the pressure as you lift it.*

## Removing the Circuit Card Cage Access Panel

---

The circuit card cage access panel provides additional protection for the internal components of the MAP/40. The circuit card cage access panel must be removed to gain access to these internal components. The circuit card cage area is more accessible if the MAP/40 is on its side when work is done inside the computer.

Use the following procedure to remove the circuit card cage access panel.



**NOTE:**

You will need a No. 2 Phillips screwdriver.

To remove the circuit card cage access panel, do the following:

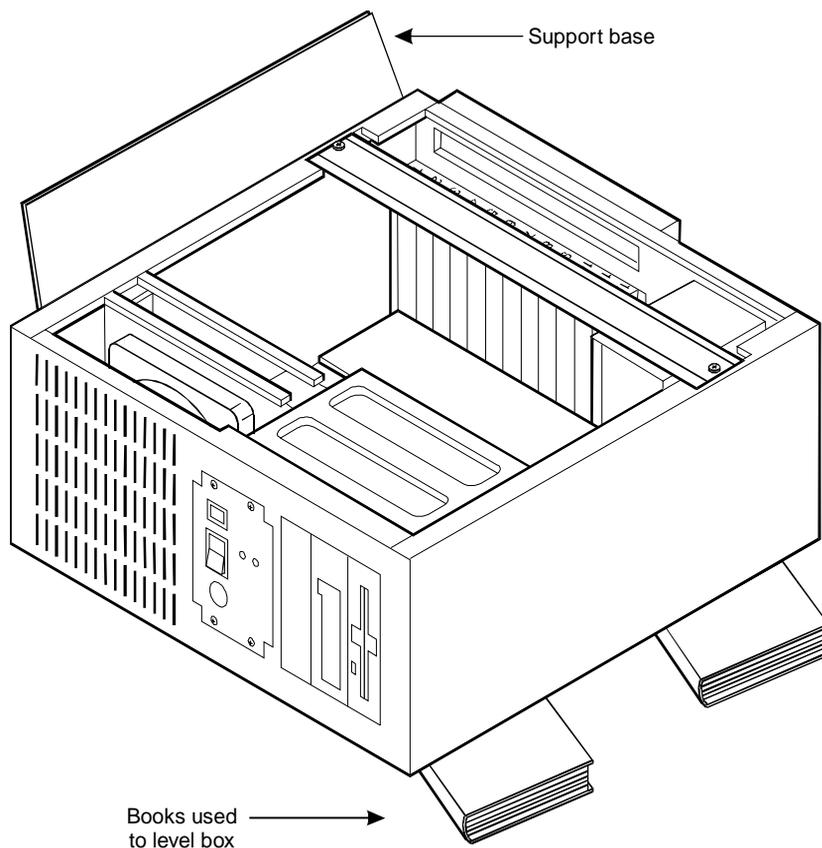
1. Place the MAP/40 on one side. The circuit card cage area is more accessible if the MAP/40 (tower configuration) is on its side. Use one of the following methods to place the MAP/40 on its side:
  - If you have cables attached to the MAP/40 and want to leave the computer on the floor
    1. Place two books the size of large telephone books or a similar form of support on the floor.
    2. Turn the MAP/40 on its side, resting the side of the computer opposite from the support base on the two books ([Figure 4-7](#)).
  - If you do not have cables attached to the MAP/40 or currently have it sitting on a table, place the MAP/40 (tower configuration) on its side with the support base over the edge of the table ([Figure 4-8](#)).
2. Use the Phillips screwdriver to loosen the 1/4-in. flathead screws by *two turns only*.



**NOTE:**

You only need provide adequate clearance. It is not necessary to remove the screws.

3. Apply gentle downward pressure to the access cover with the palms of your hands.
4. Push into the chassis with your palms and slide the access cover back toward the chassis area.
5. Lift and remove the access cover once you have cleared the screw heads.



---

**Figure 4-7. Working Within the Card Cage - Floor Position**

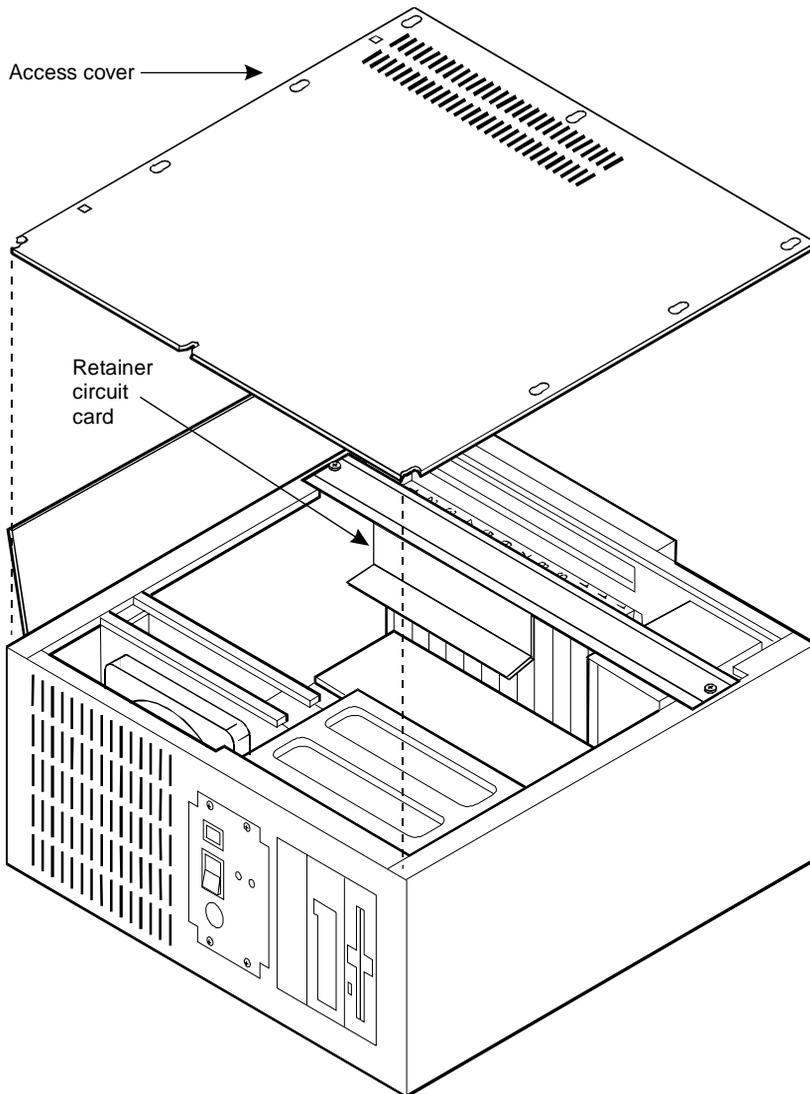


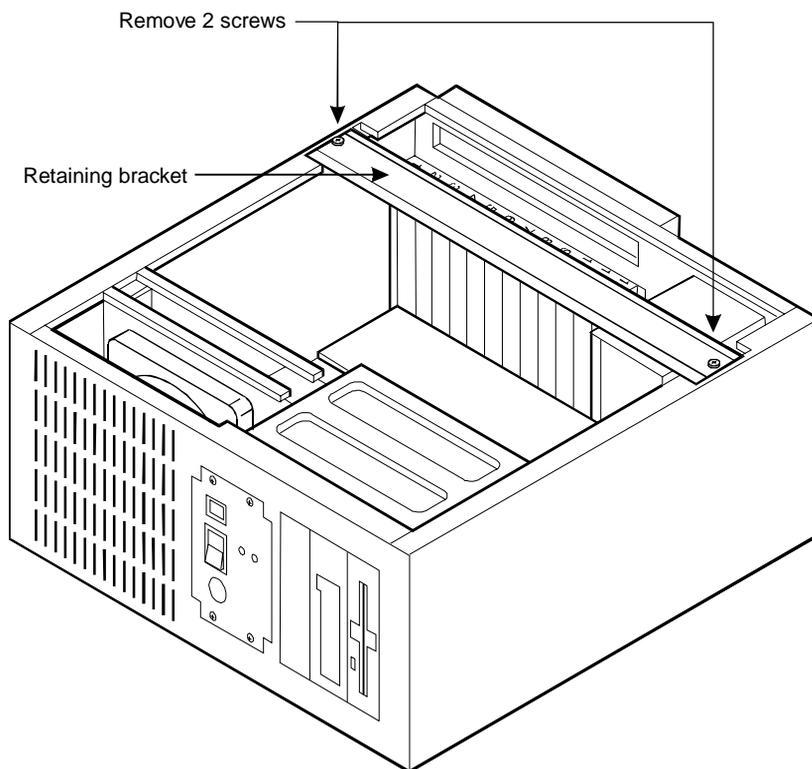
Figure 4-8. Removing the Access Panel

## Removing the Circuit Card Cage Retaining Bracket

---

The MAP/40 is equipped with a card cage area with a retainer to reduce vibrations that could damage the circuit cards. This bracket must be removed in order to remove or install circuit cards. Follow the procedure below to remove the retaining bracket.

1. Use a Phillips #2 screwdriver to loosen and remove the two screws in the retaining bracket ([Figure 4-9](#)).



---

**Figure 4-9. Removing Screws in the Retaining Bracket.**

2. Lift the retaining bracket and remove it from the MAP/40.

## Replacing the Retaining Bracket, Access Panel, and Dress Cover

---

1. Place the MAP/40 on one side.
2. Remount the circuit card cage retaining bracket across the circuit cards using two screws ([Figure 4-9](#)). Leave the two screws only partially tightened to provide adequate clearance for the access panel.
3. Place the access panel on top of the MAP/40. Align the access panel so that it slides over the eight screws on the MAP/40 ([Figure 4-8](#)).
4. Apply pressure gently on the access panel.
5. Push in and slide the access panel into place.
6. Tighten the eight access panel screws and the two retaining bracket screws.
7. Place the MAP/40 in the upright position.
8. Slide the dress cover over the unit.
9. Replace and tighten the four dress cover retaining screws.

## Restoring Power to the MAP/40

---

The MAP/40 requires a dedicated power line. The power cord connects to the rear of the MAP/40 at the point labeled input receptacle ([Figure 4-5](#)).

Follow the procedure below to restore power to the MAP/40.

1. Place the MAP/40 power cord in the AC input receptacle on the rear of the unit ([Figure 4-5](#)).
2. Plug the MAP/40 power cord into the designated power outlet.
3. Turn on the power switch on the front of the MAP/40.  
The green lamp, labeled POWER ON, on the front of the unit should be lit.
4. Turn on the monitor's power switch.  
The green or amber lamp on the front bottom of the monitor should be lit.

# Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards

# 5

---

## Overview

This chapter describes:

- Configuring circuit cards in the MAP/40
- Types of circuit cards
- General steps for circuit card installation
- Specific procedures for installation of standard and optional MAP/40 circuit cards
- Settings for resource options

---

## Purpose

The purpose of this chapter is to ensure that:

- Circuit cards are installed correctly
- Resource options are set correctly

## General Procedures

---

The general procedures include:

- Removing a circuit card
- Installing a circuit card

### Removing a Circuit Card

---



#### WARNING:

Observe proper electrostatic discharge precautions when you handle computer components. Wear an antistatic wrist strap that touches your bare skin and connect the strap cable to an earth ground. See ["Protecting against Damage from Electrostatic Discharge"](#) in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#) for detailed electrostatic discharge precautions.

To remove a circuit card, do the following.

1. Verify that the replacement equipment is on site and appears to be in usable condition, with no obvious shipping damage.



#### NOTE:

If the circuit card being replaced is defective, note all symptoms of failure and include this information with the circuit card when it is returned.

2. If the system is in service, perform the following steps.
  - a. Stop the voice system. See ["Stopping the Voice System"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
  - b. Shut down the voice system. See ["Shutting Down the Operating System"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
  - c. Shut down the INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® system. See ["Shutting Down the Operating System"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Remove power from the MAP/40. See ["Removing Power from the MAP/40"](#) in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for power removal procedures.
4. Remove the dress cover, circuit card access panel, and circuit card retaining bracket. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for component removal procedures.
5. Locate the card to be replaced within the card cage. Disconnect any attached cables. Note the connectivity of each cable.

6. If there are ribbon cables attached to other cards which would impede the removal of the card, disconnect them and place them to the side. Note the connectivity of each cable.
7. Remove the retaining screw from the circuit card faceplate and save it.
8. Remove the circuit card from the backplane slot by gently pulling on each corner of the card.

 **NOTE:**

The backplane connector slots are labeled 1 through 12. Make sure to install the replacement card in the same backplane slot.

9. Remove the circuit card from the MAP/40 chassis.

 **CAUTION:**

*Hold the circuit card carefully by the edges and place it on a grounded mat. See "[Protecting against Damage from Electrostatic Discharge](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#) for detailed electrostatic discharge precautions.*

## Installing a Circuit Card

 **WARNING:**

*Observe proper electrostatic discharge precautions when you handle computer components. Wear an antistatic wrist strap that touches your bare skin and connect the strap cable to an earth ground. See "[Protecting against Damage from Electrostatic Discharge](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#) for detailed electrostatic discharge precautions.*

To install a circuit card, do the following:

1. Remove the new circuit card from its ESD-protective wrapping.

 **NOTE:**

Keep the package and all ESD-protective wrapping. If you must return a card for repair, re-use of the replacement unit packaging is necessary to meet the manufacturer's warranty.

2. Verify the circuit card switch and jumper settings. Ensure address switches and jumpers are set to match the old card.

 **NOTE:**

See the specific instructions below for the specific circuit card you are installing, then continue with Step 3.

3. If the circuit card is the last circuit card connected to either end of the TDM bus, you must ensure that the TDM bus terminator single in-line packages (SIPs) are in place on the circuit card. See "[Replacing a Terminator SIP](#)" in [Chapter 7, "Replacing Other Components"](#).

If the circuit card is not the last circuit card on the bus, you must remove the SIPs.

 **NOTE:**

"Last circuit card connected" means that there are no other cards between the circuit card and the end of the bus. There may, however, be empty connectors.

4. If the circuit card you are installing is now the last circuit card on the bus, double check those circuit cards that were already in place to ensure that the SIPs have been removed.
5. Holding the circuit card by its upper corners, slide the card into the backplane connector slot position from which you removed the damaged card.
6. Apply even pressure to both corners of the circuit card until it is locked into the backplane.
7. Secure the circuit card faceplate into position by replacing the retaining screw.
8. Replace all cables on the new card. Make sure these cables are attached to their proper terminations.
9. Replace all cables removed from other cards. Make sure these cables are attached to their proper terminations.
10. Replace the circuit card retaining bracket, circuit card access panel, and MAP/40 dress panel. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#) for component replacement procedures.
11. Apply power to the unit. See "[Restoring Power to the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#) for instructions on restoring power.
12. Reboot the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#) for the procedure.

## Settings for Optional Circuit Cards

---



### WARNING:

Observe proper electrostatic discharge precautions when you handle computer components. Wear an antistatic wrist strap that touches your bare skin and connect the strap cable to an earth ground. See "[Protecting against Damage from Electrostatic Discharge](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for detailed electrostatic discharge precautions.

This section provides the following information on the optional feature circuit cards:

- Switch and jumper settings
- Driver installation, where necessary
- Other installation requirements that are specific to the particular circuit card you are installing

In general, circuit cards are not preset at the factory. You must set the switches and jumpers (resource options) *before* you install the cards. When you set the switches according to the instructions in this book, remember that OFF is equivalent to open and ON is equivalent to closed.

## Tip/Ring Circuit Cards

---

The Tip/Ring circuit cards provide the channels which are used by the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. The MAP/40 accommodates eight Tip/Ring circuit cards. The Tip/Ring circuit card can be any of the following types:

- IVP4 (AYC6)
- IVP6 (AYC5B)
- IVP6-IU (AYC16)
- IVP6-IA (AYC26)
- IVP6-ID (AYC27)
- IVP6 (AYC28)
- IVC6 (AYC10)
- NGTR (AYC30)

The following section covers the resource option settings each type of Tip/Ring card. Many of the figures illustrate settings for more than one type of Tip/Ring card.

## IVP4 (AYC6) Circuit Card

The IVP4 (AYC6) circuit card ([Figure 5-1](#)) provides four channels. This circuit card contains jumpers which must be set before the circuit card can be installed in the MAP/40 ([Figure 5-2](#)). Figure shows the correct jumper setting.

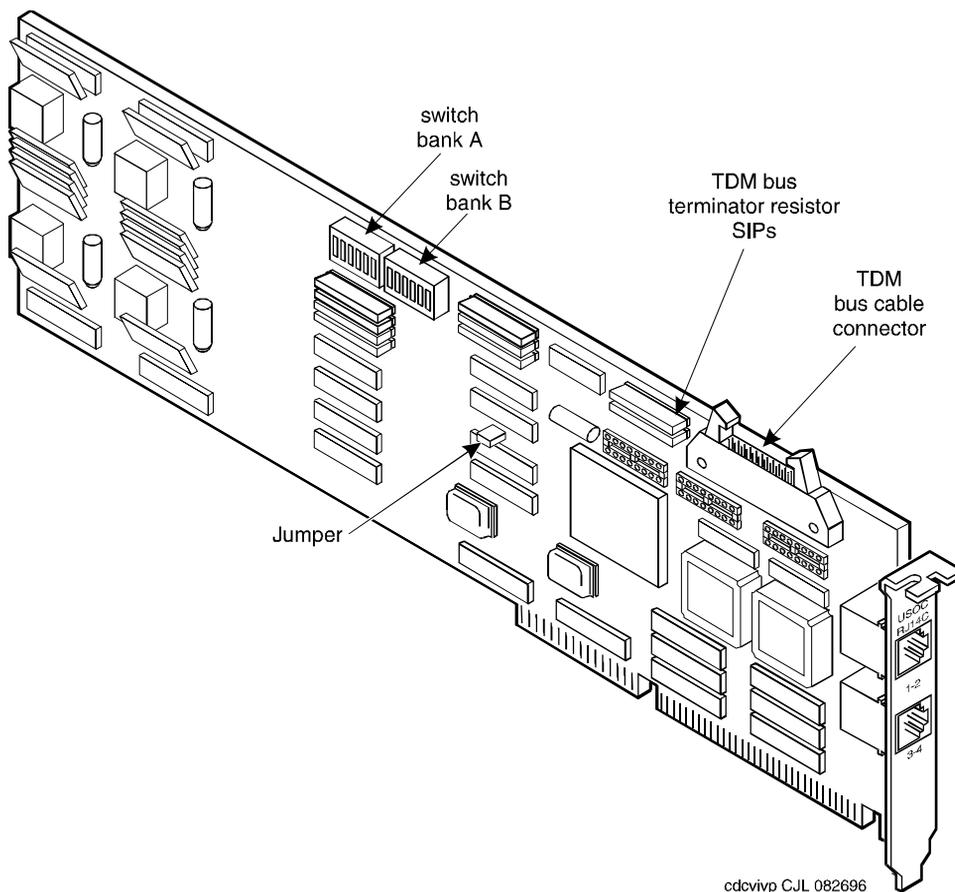


Figure 5-1. Location of Switch Banks A and B and Jumpers on the IVP4 (AYC6) Tip/Ring Circuit Card

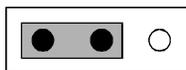
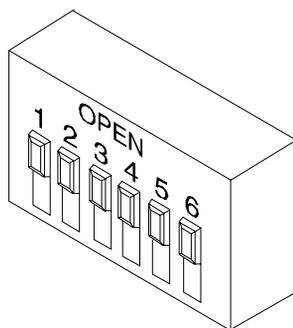


Figure 5-2. IVP4 (AYC6) Jumper Settings

The IVP4 (AYC6) circuit card contains two sets of switches that you must set before you install the circuit card in the MAP/40 ([Figure 5-1](#)).

The six switches on Switch Bank A adjust the termination impedance that each Tip/Ring interface presents to the network. This adjustment is sometimes necessary to ensure an adequate impedance match between the network and the telephone hybrid on the Tip/Ring card.

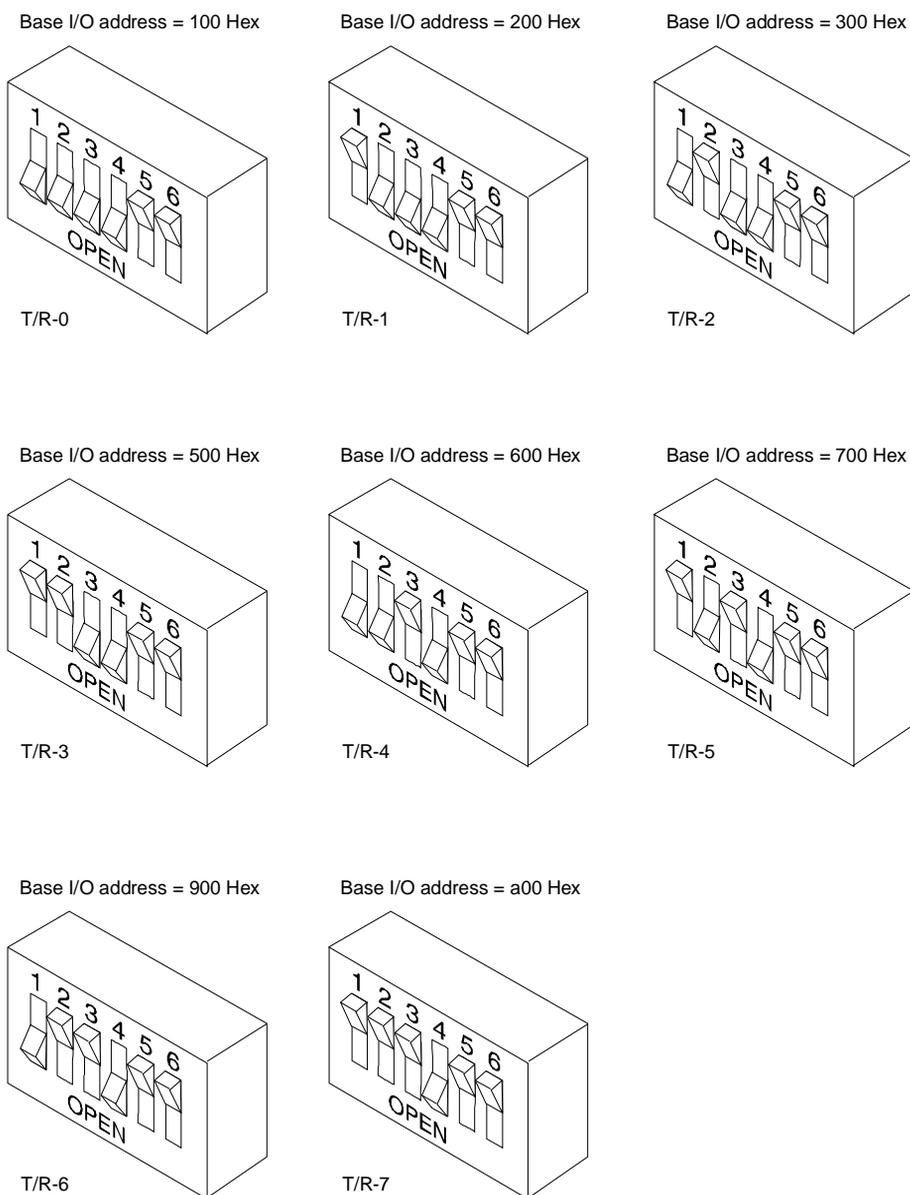
Switches one (1) through six (6) on Switch Bank A correspond to channels 0-5, respectively, on each Tip/Ring card. [Figure 5-3](#) shows the correct setting for the IVP4 (AYC6B) circuit card.



**Figure 5-3. Setting for Switch Bank A on the IVP4 (AYC6) Tip/Ring Circuit Card**

In general, you should leave all switches on Switch Bank A in the factory default "OPEN" position. If the system shows problems such as not recognizing touch tones, touch-tone simulation by outgoing speech (speech abruptly stops during playback), or unreliable detection of touch tones during playback (playback does not stop when a touch tone is entered), moving the switch that corresponds to the channel exhibiting the conditions to the "CLOSED" position may solve the problem.

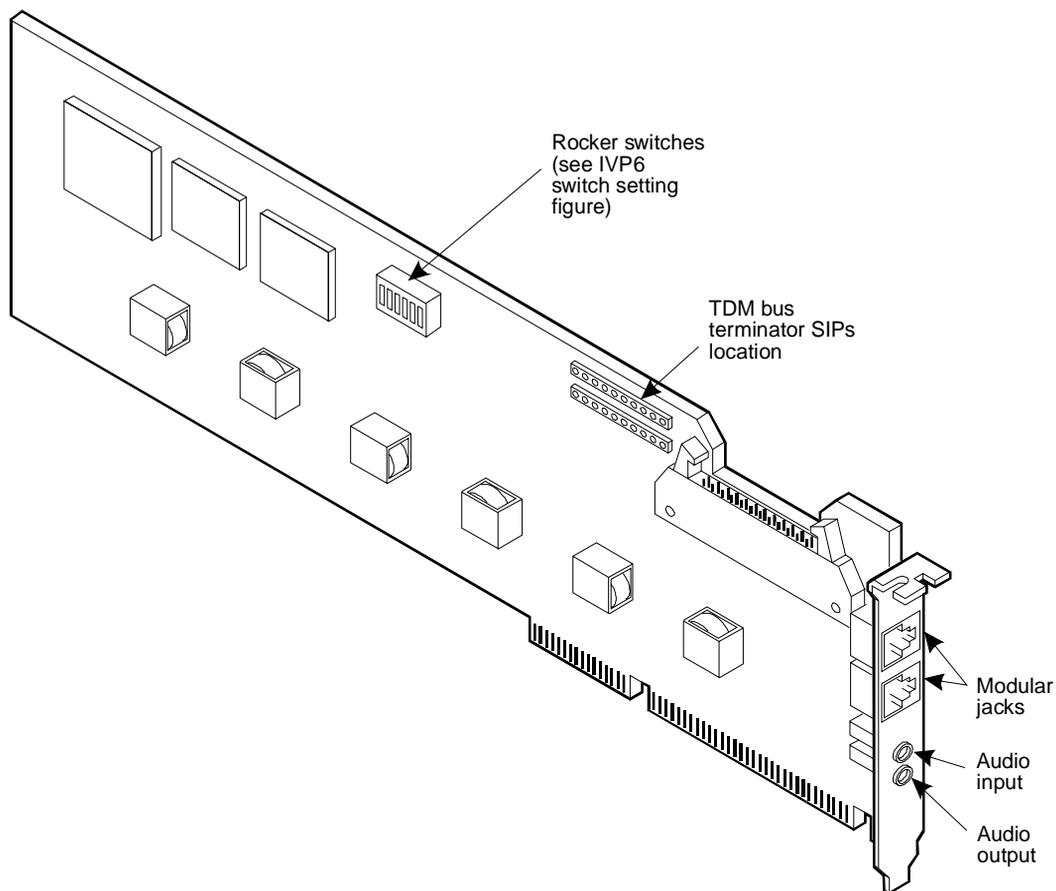
Each Tip/Ring card in the system must have a unique address. To set these addresses, set Switch Bank B as shown in [Figure 5-4](#), where "T/R 0" denotes the first Tip/Ring circuit card you are installing, "T/R 1" denotes the second card, and so on.



**Figure 5-4. Settings for Switches on the IVP4 (AYC6), IVP6 (AYC5B), IVP6-IU (AYC16), IVP6-IA (AYC26), IVP6-ID (AYC27), IVP6 (AYC28), and IVC6 (AYC10) Tip/Ring Circuit Cards T/R-0 through T/R-7**

### IVP6 (AYC5B) Circuit Card

The IVP6 (AYC5B) circuit card ([Figure 5-5](#)) provides six channels. This circuit card contains switches that you must set before you install the circuit card in the MAP/40.



**Figure 5-5. Layout of the IVP6 (AYC5B), IVP6-IU (AYC16), IVP6 (AYC26), IVP6 (AYC27), and IVP6 (AYC28) Tip/Ring Circuit Cards**

Each Tip/Ring card in the system must have a unique address. To set these addresses, the switches must be configured properly. [Figure 5-4](#) shows the switch settings for the IVP6 (AYC5B) circuit card.

### IVP6-IU (AYC16) Circuit Card

The IVP6-IU (AYC16) circuit card ([Figure 5-5](#)) provides six channels. This circuit card contains switches that you must set before you install the circuit card in the MAP/40.

Each Tip/Ring card in the system must have a unique address. To set these addresses, the switches must be configured properly. [Figure 5-4](#) shows the switch settings for the IVP6-IU (AYC16) circuit card.

### **IVP6-IA (AYC26) Circuit Card**

The IVP6-IA (AYC26) circuit card ([Figure 5-5](#)) provides six channels. This circuit card contains switches that you must set before you install the circuit card in the MAP/40.

Each Tip/Ring card in the system must have a unique address. To set these addresses, the switches must be configured properly. [Figure 5-4](#) shows the switch settings for the IVP6-IA (AYC26) circuit card.

### **IVP6-ID (AYC27) Circuit Card**

The IVP6-ID (AYC27) circuit card ([Figure 5-5](#)) provides six channels. This circuit card contains switches that you must set before you install the circuit card in the MAP/40.

Each Tip/Ring card in the system must have a unique address. To set these addresses, the switches must be configured properly. [Figure 5-4](#) shows the switch settings for the IVP6-ID (AYC27) circuit card.

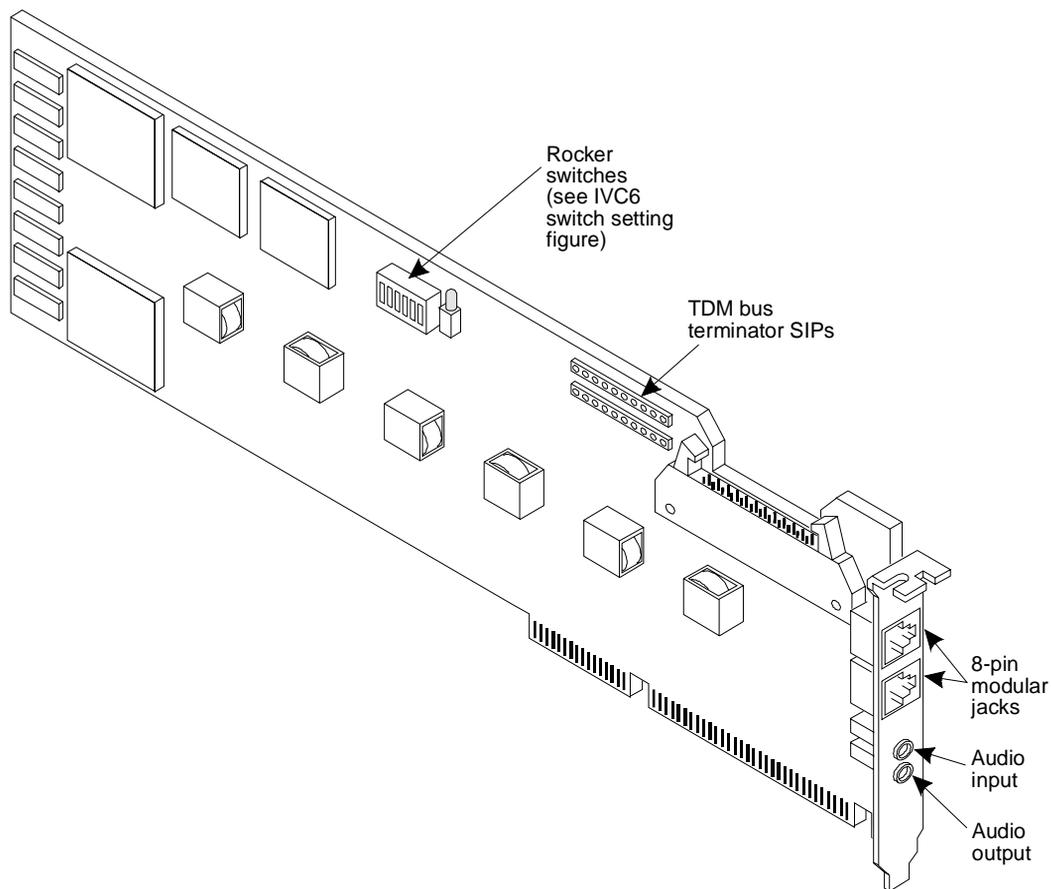
### **IVP6 (AYC28) Circuit Card**

The IVP6 (AYC28) circuit card ([Figure 5-5](#)) provides six channels. This circuit card contains switches that you must set before you install the circuit card in the MAP/40.

Each Tip/Ring card in the system must have a unique address. To set these addresses, the switches must be configured properly. [Figure 5-4](#) shows the switch settings for the IVP6 (AYC28) circuit card.

### **IVC6 (AYC10) Circuit Card**

The IVC6 (AYC10) circuit card ([Figure 5-6](#)) provides six channels. This circuit card contains switches that you must set before you install the circuit card in the MAP/40.

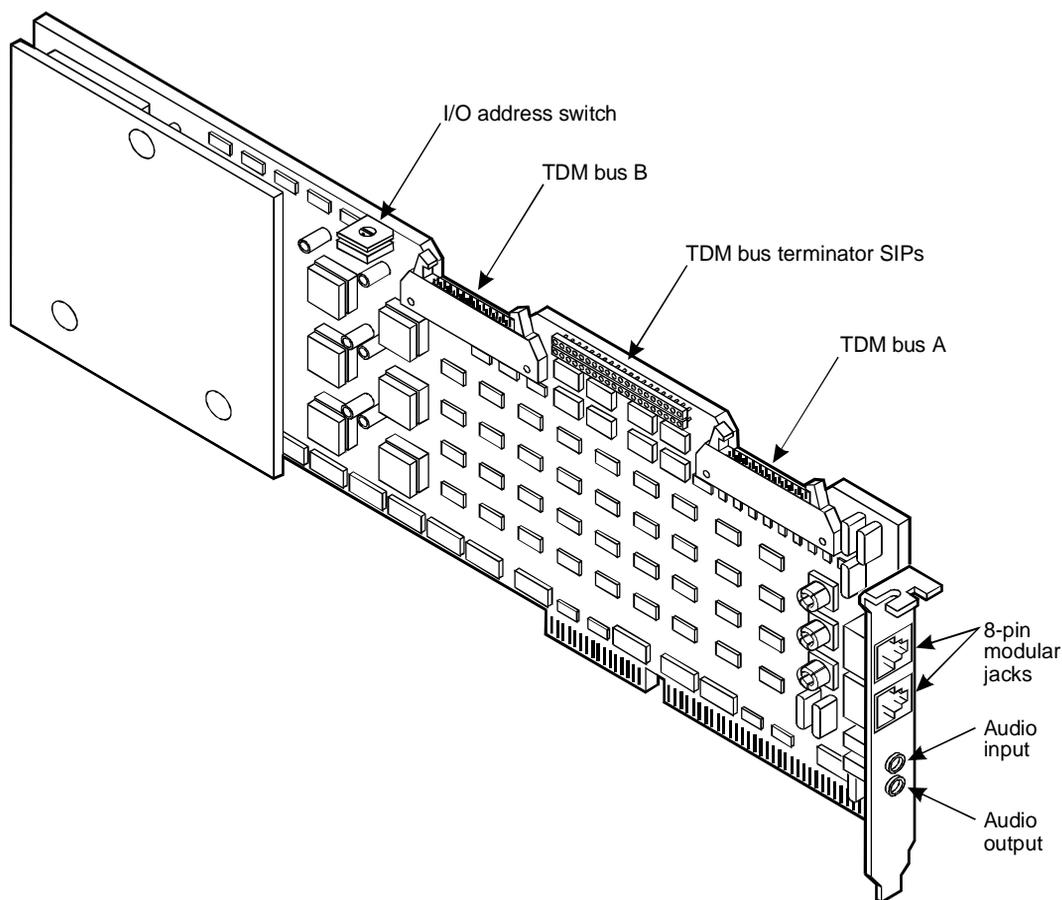


**Figure 5-6. IVC6 (AYC10) Tip/Ring Circuit Card**

Each Tip/Ring card in the system must have a unique address. To set these addresses, the switches must be configured properly. [Figure 5-4](#) shows the switch settings for the IVC6 (AYC10) circuit card.

## NGTR (AYC30) Circuit Card

The NGTR (AYC30) circuit card ([Figure 5-7](#)) provides six channels. This circuit card contains switches that you must set before you install the circuit card in the MAP/40.



**Figure 5-7. NGTR (AYC30)**

Each Tip/Ring circuit card in the system must have a unique address. To set these addresses, the switch must be configured properly. [Figure 5-8](#) shows the switch settings for the NGTR (AYC30) circuit card.

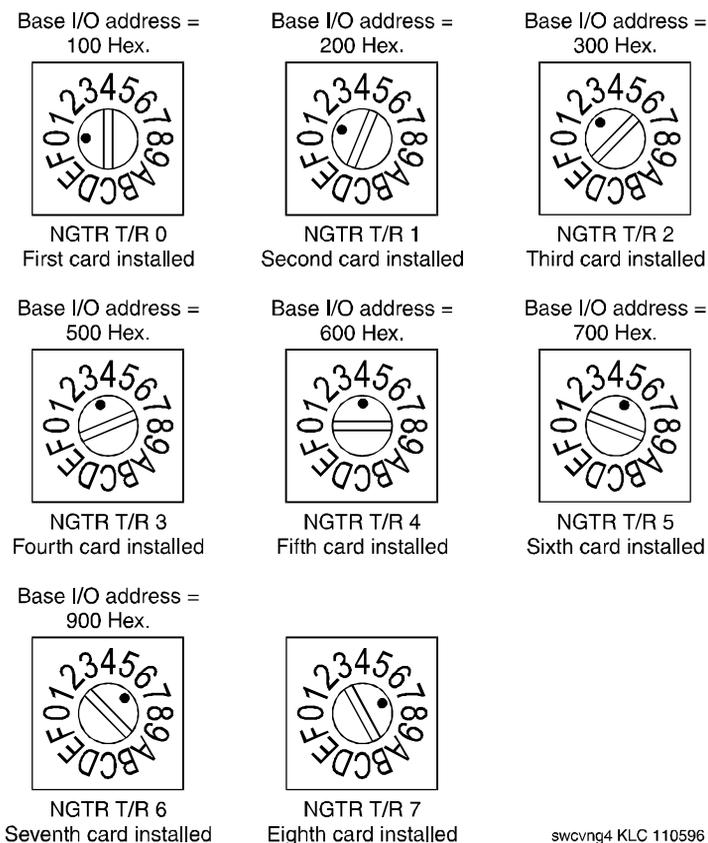


Figure 5-8. NGTR (AYC30) Tip/Ring Circuit Card Switch Settings

## Installing the Tip/Ring Circuit Card Driver

### NOTE:

If the Tip/Ring circuit cards are not recognized when the voice system is started or if other problems are noticed with the Tip/Ring circuit card driver, it may be necessary to remove and reinstall the Tip/Ring circuit card driver.

Occasionally dynamically loadable drivers fail to load into the UnixWare kernel properly.

To install the Tip/Ring circuit card driver, do the following:

1. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
2. Run the Hardware Resource Allocator to determine the configuration and placement of the Tip/Ring circuit cards to be installed. See "[Adding Hardware to an Existing Configuration](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).
3. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
4. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

5. Insert the diskette labeled "Tip/Ring Board Driver 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
6. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

- ```
  1. tipring      INTUITY Tip/Ring Board Driver  
                    (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

7. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:  
Set: INTUITY Tip/Ring Board Driver (tipring) from  
<diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY Tip/Ring Board Driver  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Please enter the IRQ:
```

8. Enter the IRQ provided by the Hardware Resource Allocator.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of INTUITY Tip/Ring Board Driver (tipring)
was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

9. Enter **q**
10. Remove the diskette labeled "Tip/Ring Board Driver 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

## E1/T1 Circuit Card

The E1/T1 circuit card ([Figure 5-9](#)) contains switches and jumpers that you must set before you install the circuit card in the MAP/40.

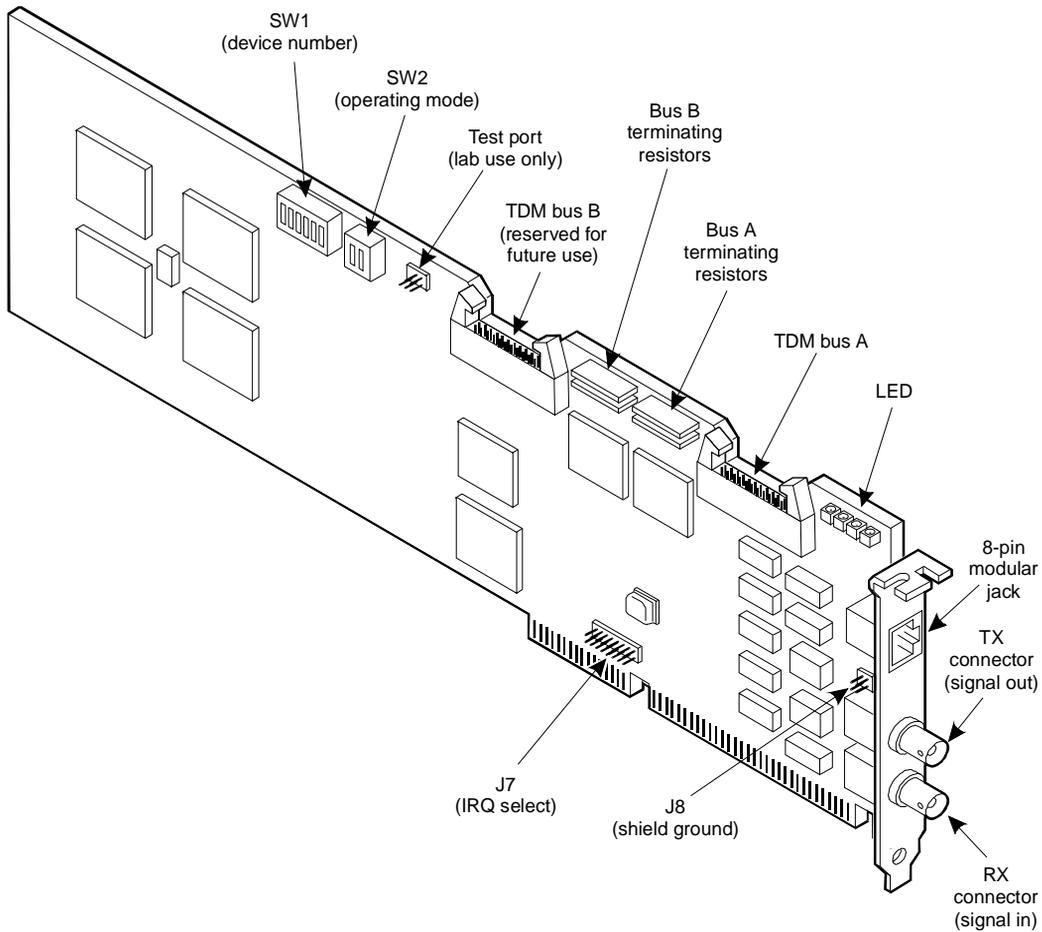
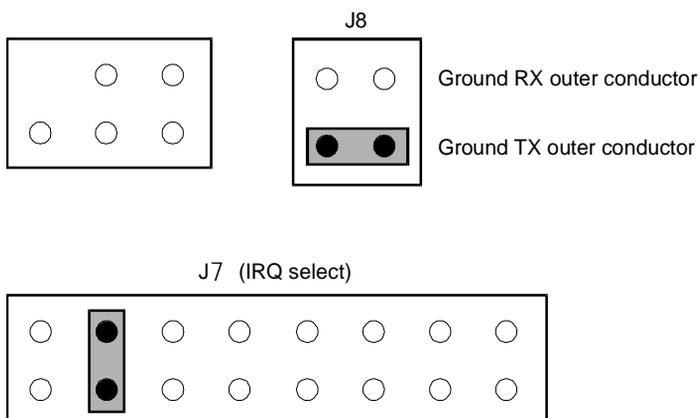


Figure 5-9. E1/T1 (AYC21) Circuit Card

## Jumper Settings

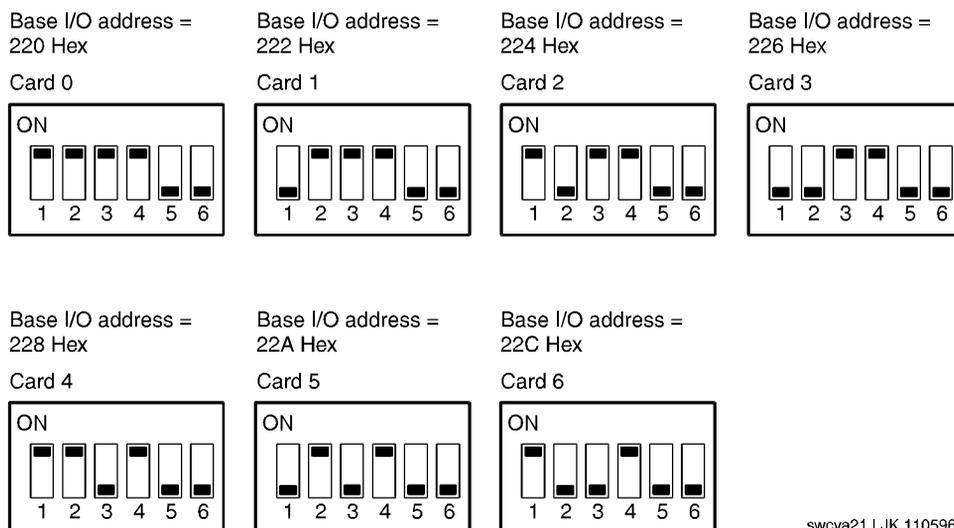
[Figure 5-10](#) shows the location and correct setting of the E1/T1 circuit card jumpers.



**Figure 5-10. AYC21 Jumper Settings**

## Switch Settings

There are two sets of switches on the E1/T1 circuit card. [Figure 5-11](#) through [Figure 5-13](#) and show the correct switch settings.



swcva21 LJK 110596

**Figure 5-11. AYC21 Device Number Switch 1 Settings**

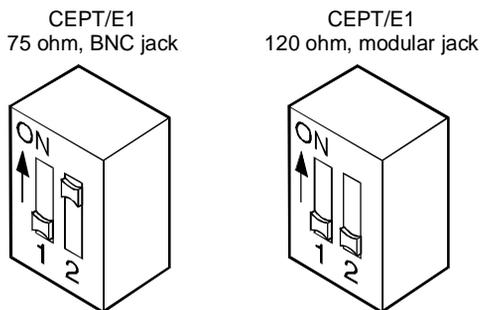


Figure 5-12. AYC21 Operating Mode Switch Settings for E1 Operation

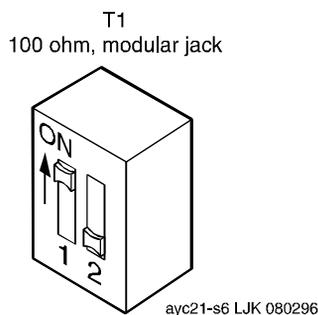


Figure 5-13. AYC21 Operating Mode Switch Settings for T1 Operation

## Installing the E1/T1 Circuit Card Driver

### NOTE:

If the E1/T1 circuit cards are not recognized when the voice system is started or if other problems are noticed with the E1/T1 circuit card driver, it may be necessary to remove and reinstall the E1/T1 circuit card driver.

Occasionally dynamically loadable drivers fail to load into the UnixWare kernel properly.

To install the E1/T1 circuit card driver, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

3. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

4. Insert the diskette labeled "T1/E1 Board Driver 1 of 3" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

1. tldriver INTUITY T1/E1 Board Driver  
(i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

6. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:  
Set: INTUITY T1/E1 Board Driver (tldriver) from  
<diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY T1/E1 Board Driver  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:  
    Package: INTUITY T1/E1 Board Driver (tldriver)  
            diskette 2 of 3
```

```
Insert diskette 2 of 3 into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

7. Remove the diskette labeled "T1/E1 Board Driver 1 of 3" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
8. Insert the diskette labeled "T1/E1 Board Driver 2 of 3" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

9. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY T1/E1 Board Driver (tldriver)  
diskette 3 of 3
```

```
Insert diskette 3 of 3 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

10. Remove the diskette labeled "T1/E1 Board Driver 2 of 3" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
11. Insert the diskette labeled "T1/E1 Board Driver 3 of 3" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
12. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of T1/E1 Board Driver (tldriver) was  
successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

13. Enter **q**
14. Remove the diskette labeled "T1/E1 Board Driver 3 of 3" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

## **T1 Circuit Cards**

---

The INTUITY CONVERSANT system supports two types of T1 circuit cards:

- AYC3B
- AYC11

### **AYC3B Circuit Card**

The AYC3B version of the T1 circuit card ([Figure 5-14](#)) contains switches and jumpers that you must set before you install the circuit card in the MAP/40.

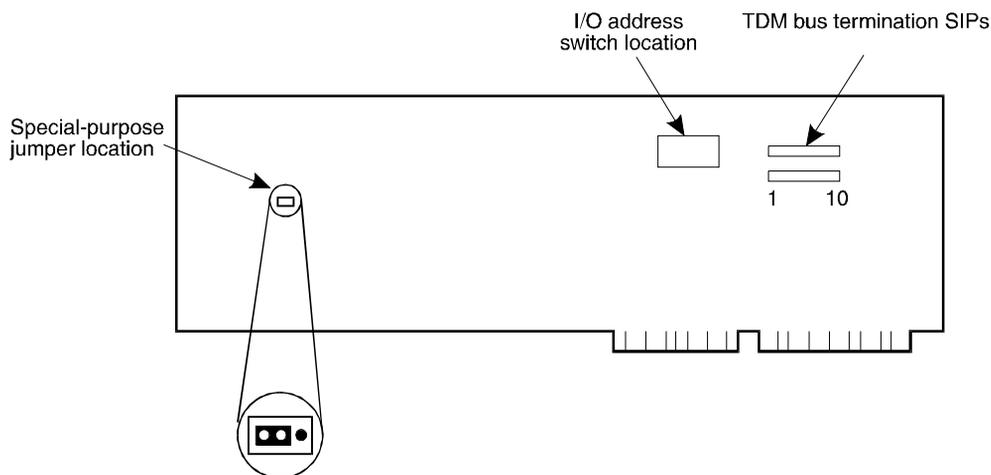


Figure 5-14. AYC3B T1 Circuit Card

### Jumper Settings

[Figure 5-14](#) shows the jumper setting for the AYC3B T1 circuit card.

### Switch Settings

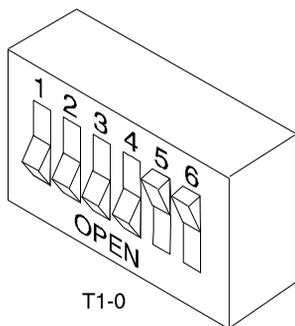
[Figure 5-15](#) shows the switch settings for the AYC3B T1 circuit card.

### ⚠ CAUTION:

*Do not use OS-Index 0 or OS-Index 1 if your system has the Token Ring driver installed.*

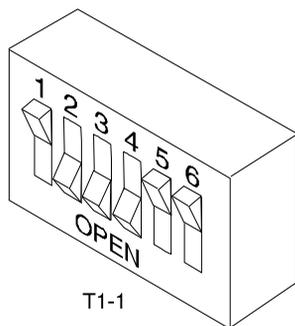
Base I/O address = 220 Hex

OS-Index = 0



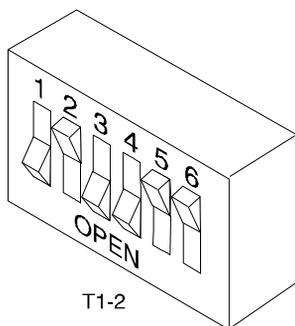
Base I/O address = 222 Hex

OS-Index = 1



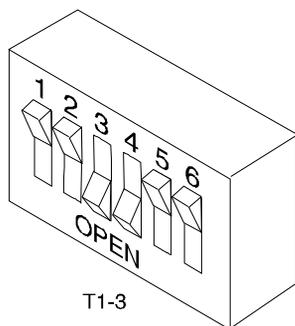
Base I/O address = 224 Hex

OS-Index = 2



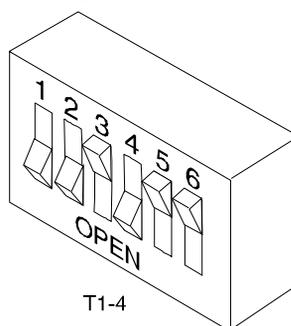
Base I/O address = 226 Hex

OS-Index = 3



Base I/O address = 228 Hex

OS-Index = 4



**Figure 5-15. T1-0 through T1-4 Switch Settings for the AYC3B and AYC11 T1 Circuit Cards**

### AYC11 Circuit Card

The AYC11 version of the T1 circuit card ([Figure 5-16](#)) contains switches and jumpers that you must set before you install the circuit card in the MAP/40.

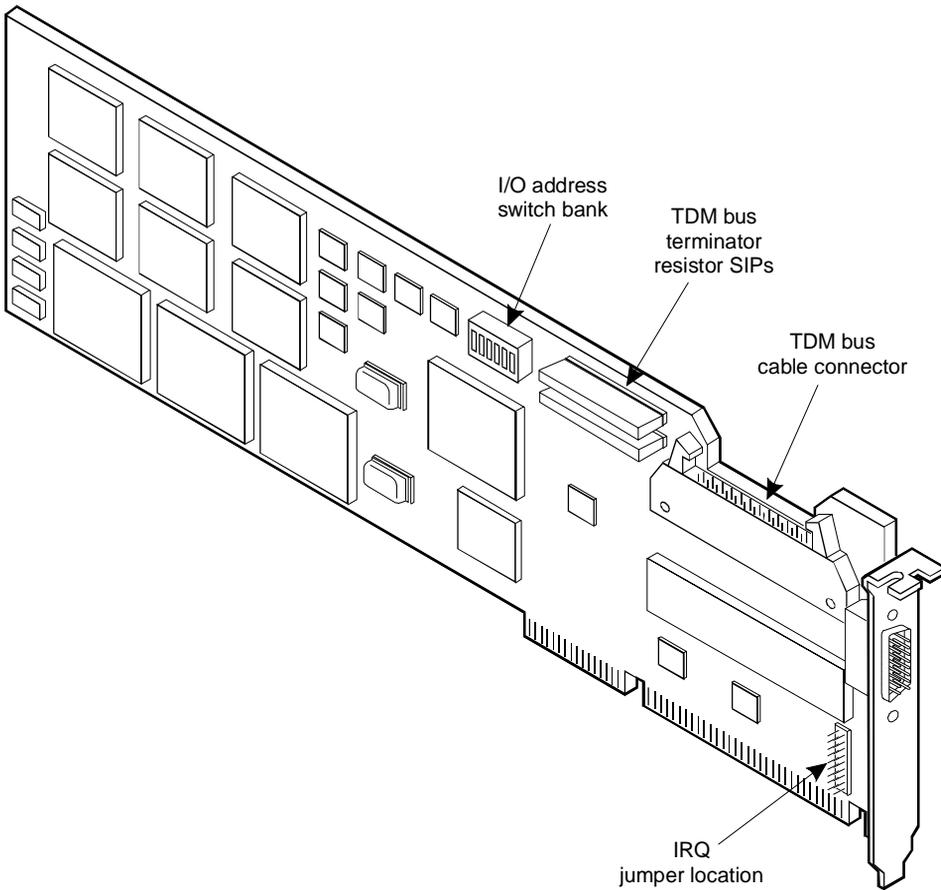
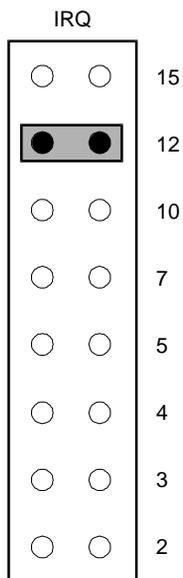


Figure 5-16. AYC11 T1 Circuit Card

## Jumper Settings

[Figure 5-17](#) shows the jumper settings for the AYC11 T1 circuit card.

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**Figure 5-17. AYC11 Jumper Settings**

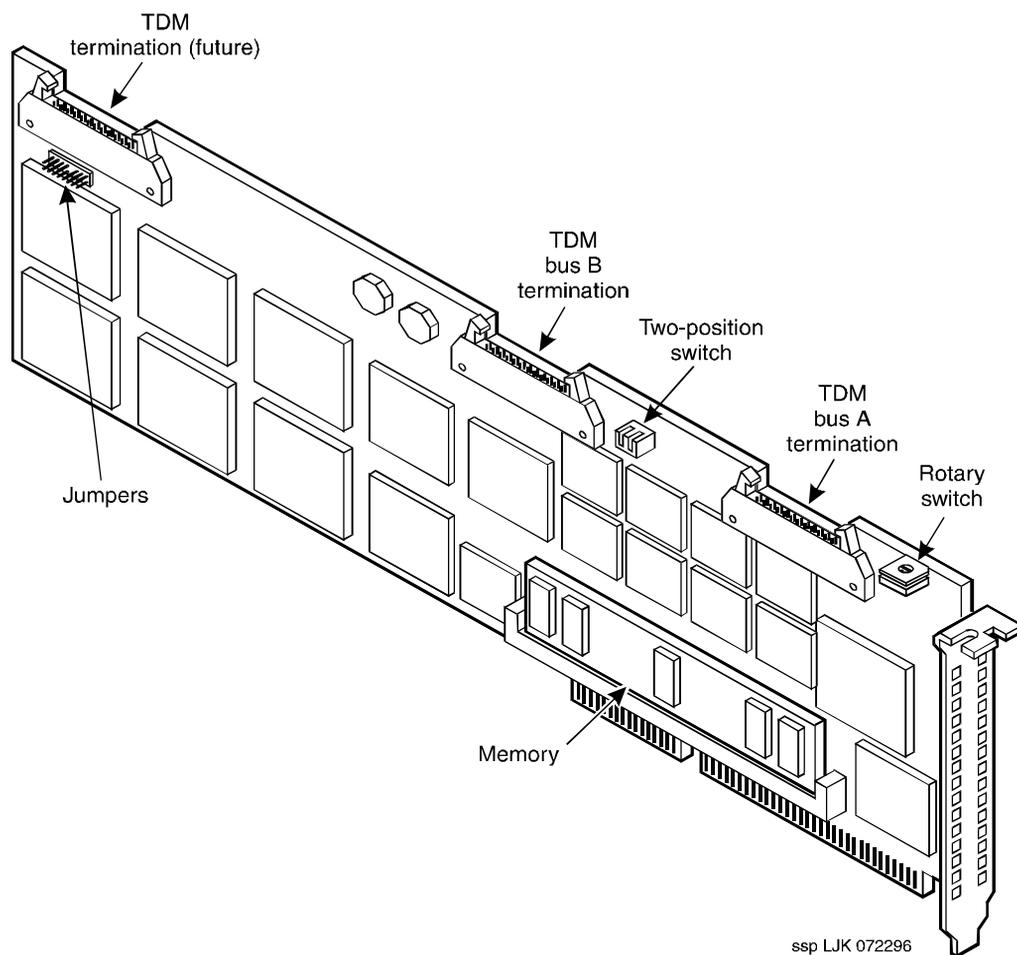
## Switch Settings

[Figure 5-15](#) shows the switch settings for the AYC11 T1 circuit card.

## Speech and Signal Processor (AYC43) Circuit Card

---

The SSP circuit card ([Figure 5-17](#)) contains switches and jumpers that you must set before you install the circuit card in the MAP/40.



ssp LJK 072296

Figure 5-18. Speech and Signal Processor Circuit Card

### Jumper Settings

Figure 5-18 shows the location of the SSP circuit card jumpers. There should be no jumpers installed on the SSP circuit card.

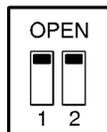
### Switch Settings

There are two types of switches on the SSP circuit card:

- Two-position switches
- Rotary switch

## Two-Position Switch Settings

[Figure 5-19](#) shows the location of the SSP circuit card two-position switches. If the SSP circuit card is not located at the end of the TDM bus, both switches should be set to open. The switches should be set to closed if the SSP circuit card is located at the end of the bus.



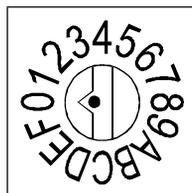
ssp-sw LJK 072296

---

**Figure 5-19. SSP Circuit Card Two-Position Switches (Set for a Placement in the Middle of the TDM Bus)**

## Rotary Switch Settings

[Figure 5-20](#) shows the rotary switch. It is set at zero for the first SSP circuit card installed in the MAP/40.



---

**Figure 5-20. SSP Circuit Card Rotary Switch**

[Table 5-1](#) shows the rotary switch settings for the subsequent SSP circuit cards installed.

**Table 5-1. SSP Circuit Card Rotary Switch Setting**

| I/O Address | OS Index | Rotary Switch Setting |
|-------------|----------|-----------------------|
| d20         | 8        | 0                     |
| d28         | 9        | 1                     |
| d30         | 10       | 2                     |
| d38         | 11       | 3                     |
| 920         | 12       | 4                     |
| 928         | 13       | 5                     |
| 930         | 14       | 6                     |
| 938         | 15       | 7                     |

## Memory

The SSP circuit card is equipped with 16 Mbytes of memory contained on a dual in-line memory module (DIMM). The DIMM is located in the lower portion of the SSP circuit card ([Figure 5-18](#)).



**CAUTION:**

*The DIMM is not field serviceable.*

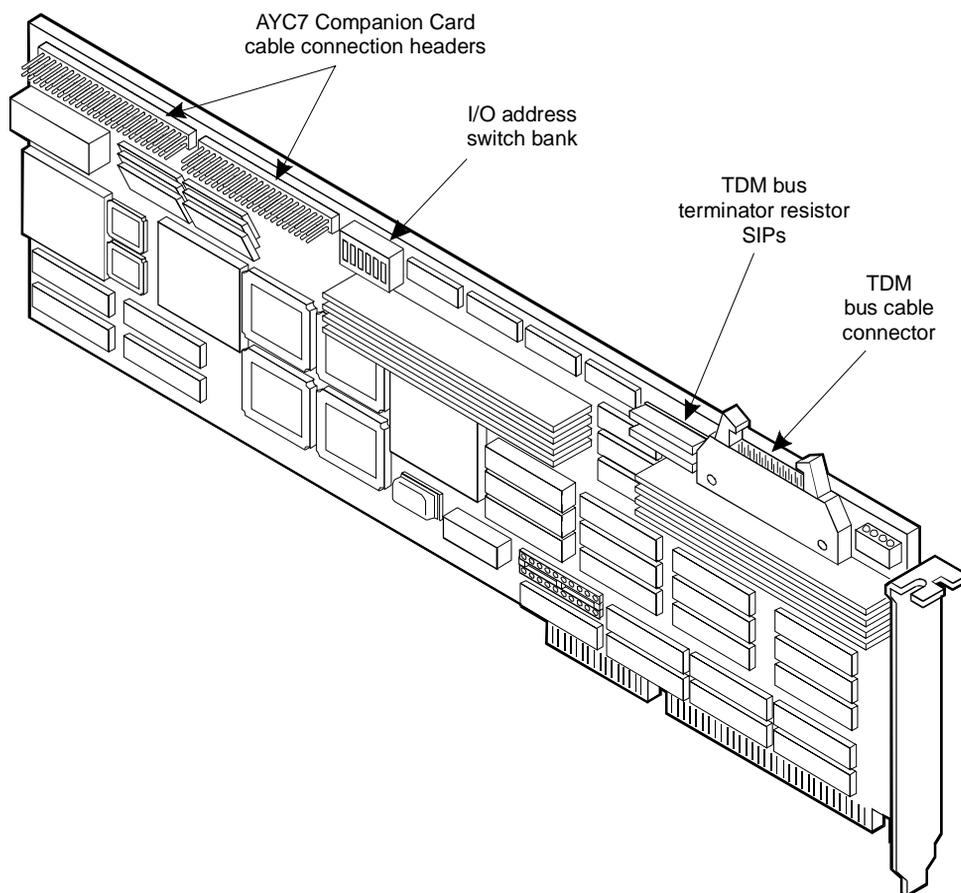
## Signal Processor (AYC2C or AYC9) Circuit Card

There are two types of SP circuit cards supported by the INTUITY CONVERSANT system:

- The AYC2C ([Figure 5-21](#))
- The AYC9 ([Figure 5-21](#))

## Jumper Settings

There are no jumpers on either SP circuit card.



**Figure 5-21. Signal Processor (AYC2C) or Text-to-Speech (AYC9) Circuit Card**

### Switch Settings

You must set one bank of switches on the SP circuit card. Set the switches as shown in [Figure 5-22](#) for the correct I/O address switch settings for cards SP-0 through SP-7.

Notice in [Figure 5-22](#) that the switches are numbered one (1) through six (6). Switch 1 is a no-option switch. This means its setting is not important. The figure shows this switch as open, but it does not matter if it is open or closed. Switch 2 must be closed. Switch 3 must be open. [Figure 5-22](#) also displays the OS index number for the corresponding switch settings. The INTUITY CONVERSANT system uses this index to identify each SP card.

**NOTE:**

Contact your service representative to determine if the first four switch settings are valid.

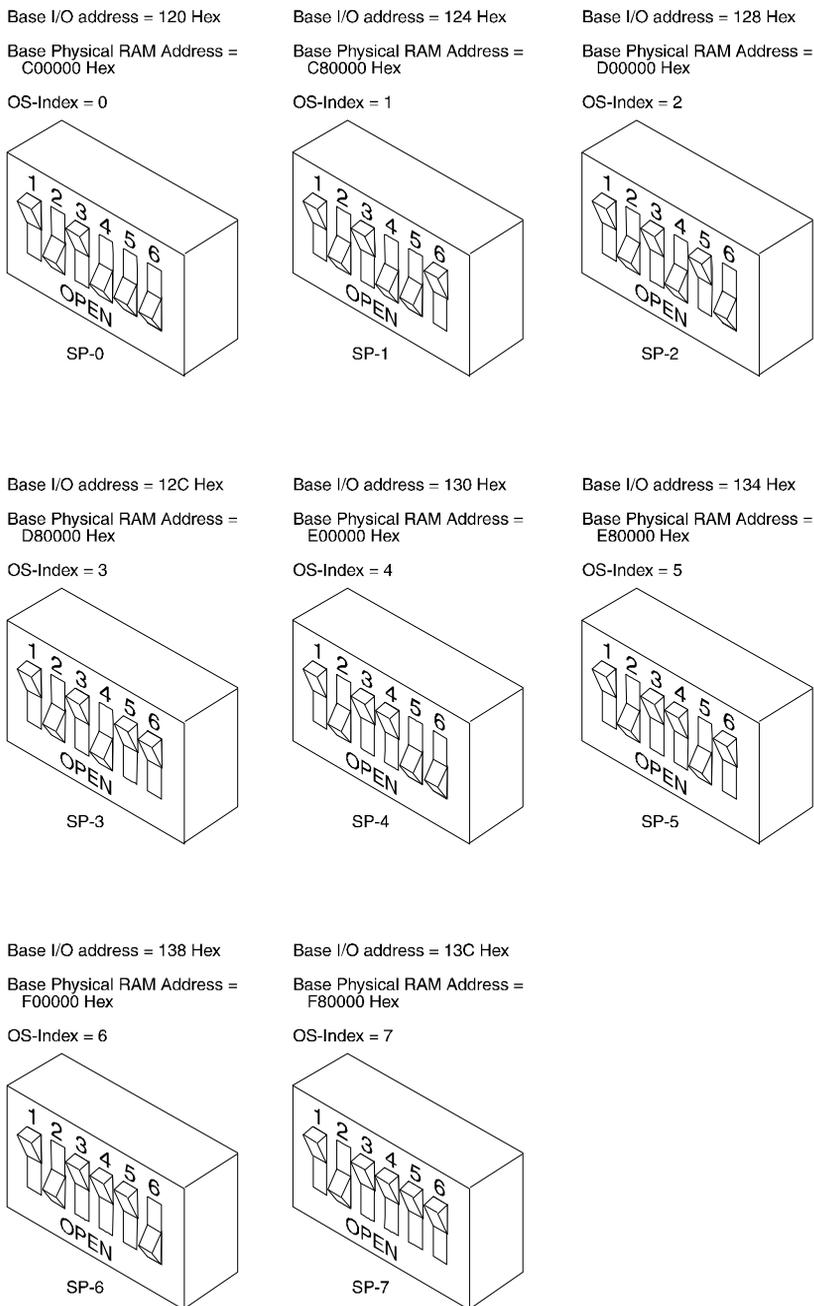


Figure 5-22. Switch Settings for Signal Processor (AYC2C) and Text-to-Speech (AYC9) Circuit Cards 0 through 7

## Installing the SP Driver

To install the SP circuit card driver, do the following:

1. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

2. At the UNIX prompt, enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "ASP Driver Package 1 of 3" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

1. asp INTUITY ASP Driver Package  
(i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:  
Set: INTUITY ASP Driver Package (asp) from <diskette1>  
  
INTUITY ASP Driver Package  
(i486)  
Using </> as the package base directory.
```

### NOTE:

If you did not stop the voice system, the system displays the following message at this point:

```
The voice system is currently running and must be  
stopped in order to install this package.
```

```
Is it ok to STOP the voice system ? [y/n]
```

Enter **y**

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY ASP Driver Package (asp)  
diskette 2 of 3
```

Insert diskette 2 of 3 into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)

6. Remove the diskette labeled "ASP Driver Package 1 of 3" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
7. Insert the diskette labeled "ASP Driver Package 2 of 3" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
8. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

READY TO PROCESS:

Package: INTUITY ASP Driver Package (asp)  
diskette 3 of 3

Insert diskette 3 of 3 into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)

9. Remove the diskette labeled "ASP Driver Package 2 of 3" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
10. Insert the diskette labeled "ASP Driver Package 3 of 3" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
11. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

The UNIX Operating System kernel will be rebuilt  
to include your configuration changes during the  
next system reboot.

Installation of INTUITY ASP Driver Package (asp) was  
successful.

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)

12. Enter **q**
13. Make sure that the light on the diskette drive is off and remove the diskette. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
14. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

## Companion (AYC7) Circuit Card

The Companion (CMP) circuit card ([Figure 5-23](#)) is an extension of the SP circuit card and is connected by its own special bus. The CMP card gets only power from the backplane. All the signal interfaces come from the SP card. If only one CMP card is attached to an SP, it must be located in the slot next to the SP. There cannot be an empty slot between the SP and the CMP. Up to eight (8) CMP cards are supported.

### NOTE:

An SP may be configured to support at most two (2) CMP cards. The CMP(s) connected to the SP(s) always must start addressing with card 0. For example, if there are four SPs, each with one CMP, each CMP will be addressed as card 0.

The CMP card is used only in speech recognition applications. See *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Speech Development, Processing and Recognition*, 585-310-762, for more information.

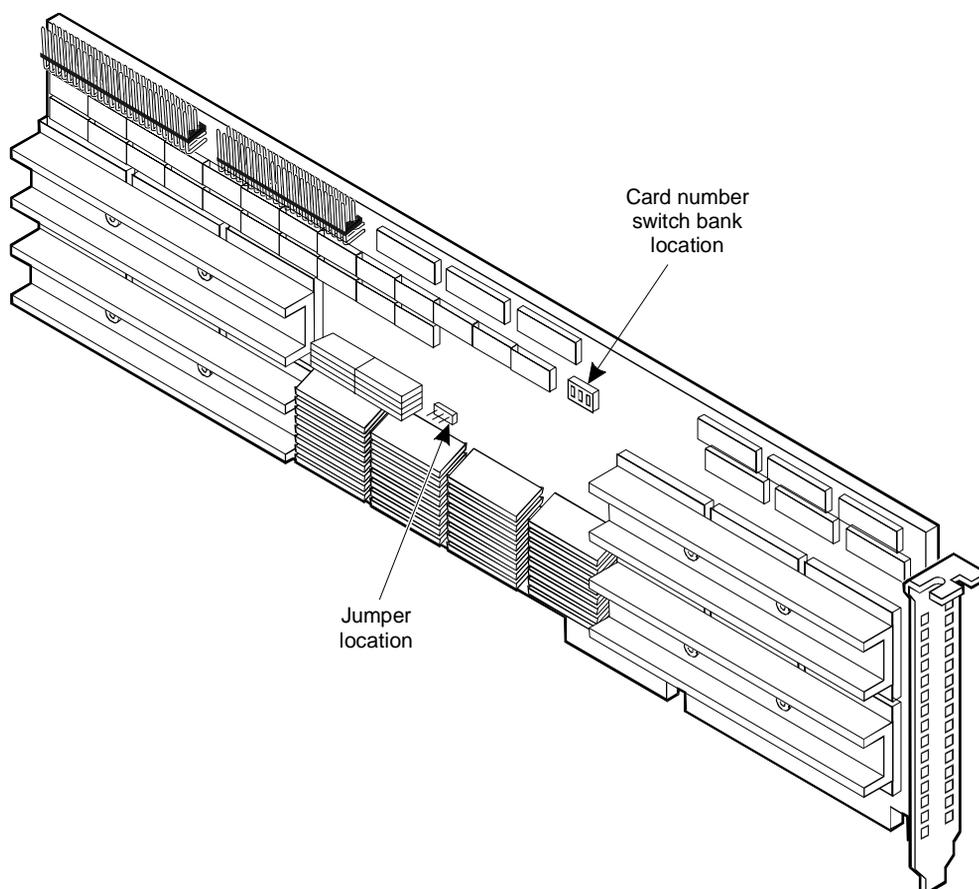
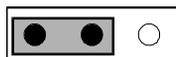


Figure 5-23. Companion Circuit Card

## Jumper Settings

[Figure 5-24](#) shows the jumper settings for the companion circuit card.

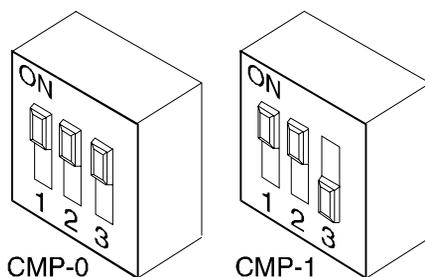



---

**Figure 5-24. Companion Card Jumper Setting**

## Switch Settings

[Figure 5-25](#) shows the required switch settings for the companion circuit card.




---

**Figure 5-25. Companion Card 0 and 1 Switch Settings**

## Text-to-Speech (AYC9) Circuit Card

[Figure 5-21](#) shows the TTS (AYC9) circuit card.

### Jumper Settings

There are no jumpers on the AYC9 TTS circuit card.

### Switch Settings

You must set one bank of switches on the TTS circuit card. Set the switches as shown in [Figure 5-22](#) for the correct I/O address switch settings for cards TTS-0 through TTS-7.

Notice in [Figure 5-22](#) that the switches are numbered one (1) through six (6). Switch 1 is a no-option switch. This means its setting is not important. The figure shows this switch as open, but it does not matter if it is open or closed. Switch 2

must be closed. Switch 3 must be open. [Figure 5-22](#) also displays the OS index number for the corresponding switch settings. The INTUITY CONVERSANT system uses this index to identify each SP card.

## Fax Circuit Cards

The INTUITY CONVERSANT system supports two versions of the fax circuit cards.

### Version 1

The MAP/40 supports up to three Version 1 fax circuit cards ([Figure 5-26](#)).

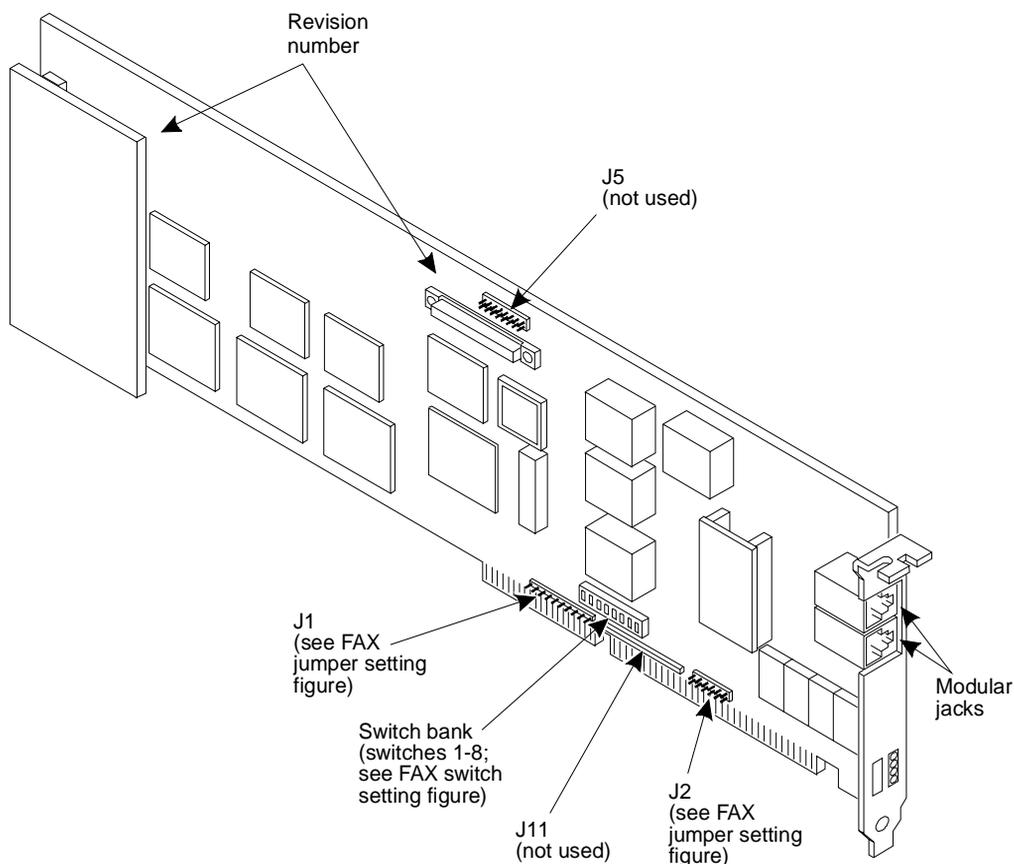


Figure 5-26. Fax Circuit Card - Version 1

## Switches

There are multiple versions of the Fax circuit card — revision 5, revision 6, and higher. The revision number is indicated on the card at one of the two locations shown in [Figure 5-26](#). Set the switches for all versions as shown in [Figure 5-27](#) unless otherwise instructed for those cards beyond revision 6, and observe the following:

- For revision 5 cards, switch #1 does not affect the I/O address and must be OFF on *all* Fax circuit cards in the system. Switch #2 does not affect the base I/O address and must be ON *on one and only one* Fax circuit card.
- For revision 6 cards, switch #1 does not affect the base I/O address. It is used to pull up the TR114 interrupt line and must be ON *on one and only one* Fax circuit card in the system.

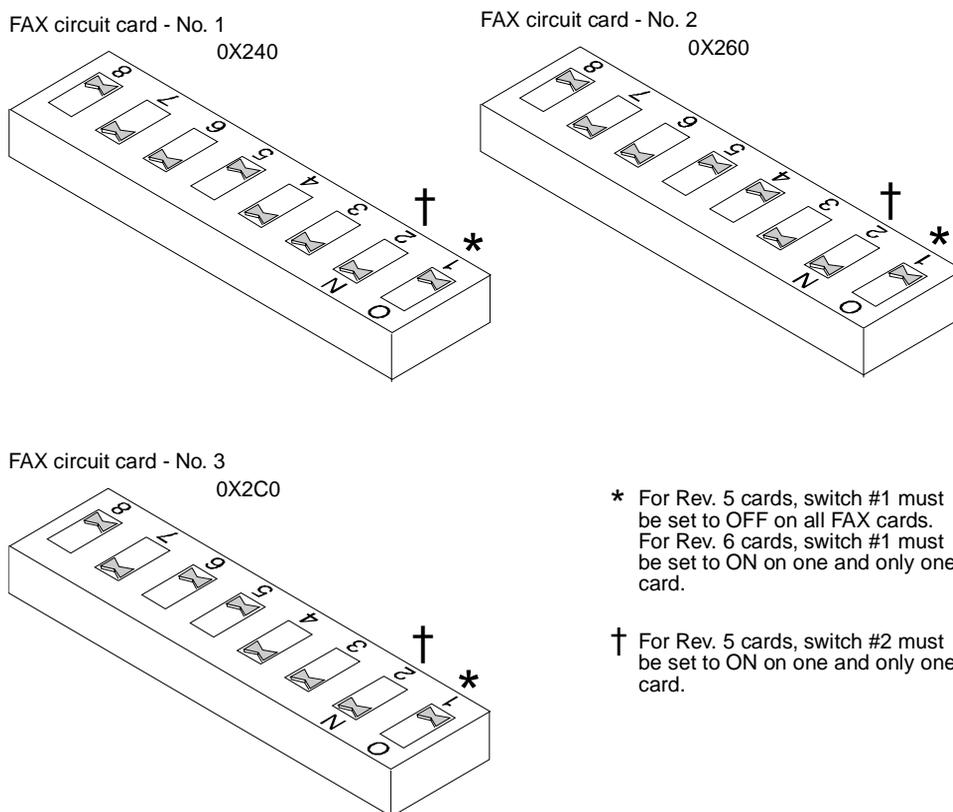


Figure 5-27. Fax Circuit Card - Version 1 Switch Settings

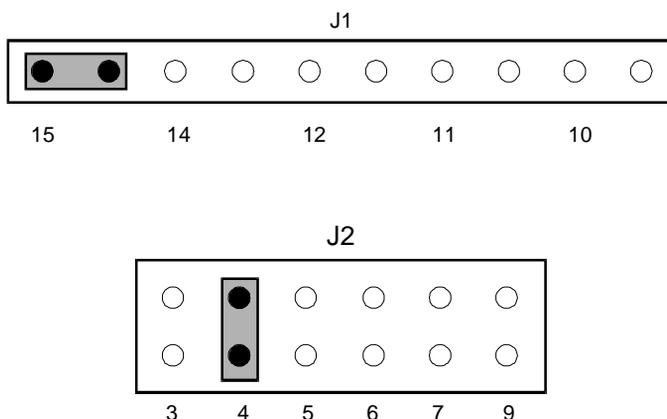
### NOTE:

In [Figure 5-27](#), the first switch bank indicates settings for the first card installed, the second switch bank for the second card installed, and the third switch bank for the third card installed.

## Jumper Settings

Jumpers on the Fax circuit card are in two locations: top center and bottom right (Figure 5-26). Neither J5 at the top center nor J11 in the middle of the bottom group is used.

Figure 5-28 shows diagrams of J1 and J2. Interrupt numbers are indicated beneath the jumper blocks. In this example, J1 is set to 15 and J2 is set to 4. You must set the jumpers according to the output of the Hardware Resource Allocator for the system you are installing. See "Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator," in Appendix A, "System Configuration", for more information.

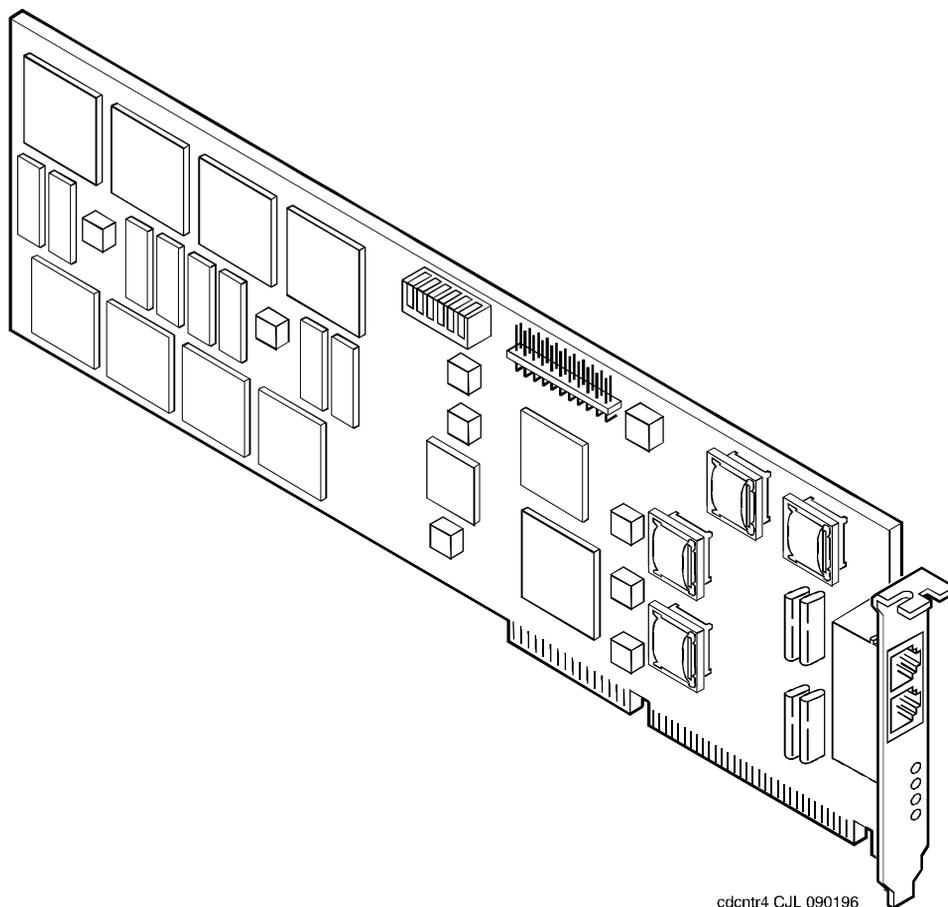


Set jumpers according to the output of the configuration program for your system. This example shows interrupts set to 15 (J1) and 4 (J2).

**Figure 5-28. Sample Fax Circuit Card Jumper Settings and Interrupt Numbers**

## Version 2

The MAP/40 supports up to three Version 2 fax circuit cards. Figure 5-29 shows the version 2 of the fax circuit card.



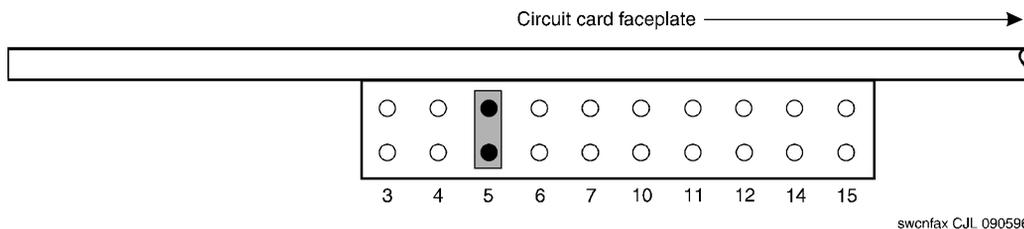
cdcctr4 CJL 090196

**Figure 5-29. Fax Circuit Card - Version 2**

## Jumper Settings

Jumpers on the fax circuit card are located in the top center of the circuit card ([Figure 5-29](#)).

[Figure 5-30](#) shows a diagram of the jumpers. Interrupt numbers are indicated above the jumper blocks. In this example, the jumper is set to 5. You must set the jumpers according to the output of the Hardware Resource Allocator for the system you are installing. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)," in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#), for more information.



swcnfax C.JL 090596

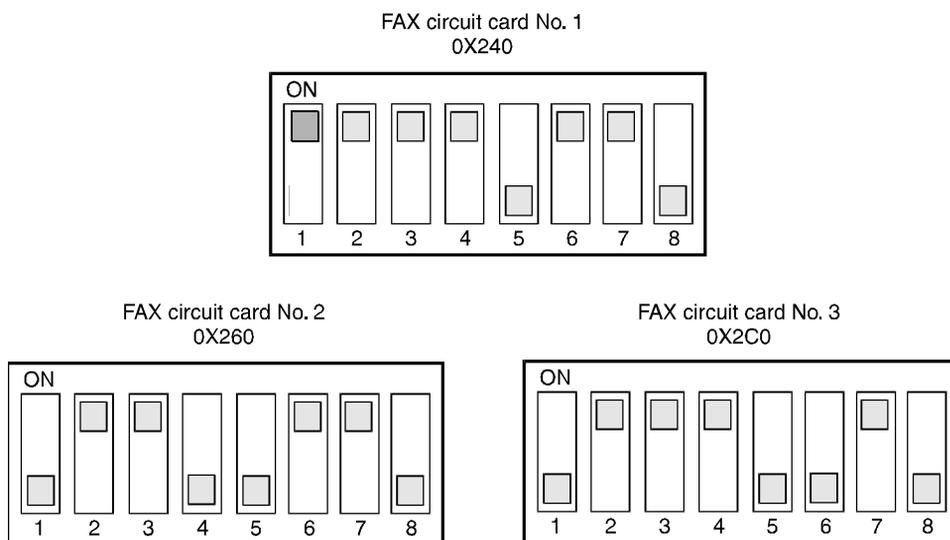
**Figure 5-30. Sample Jumper Settings and Interrupt Numbers for the Fax Actions Circuit Card**

### Switch Settings

Set the switches as shown in [Figure 5-31](#). Switch #1 does not affect the base I/O address. It is used to pull up the TR114 interrupt line and must be ON *on one and only one* fax attendant circuit card in the system.

#### ⇒ NOTE:

In [Figure 5-31](#), the first switch indicates settings for the first card installed, the second switch for the second card installed, and the third switch for the third card installed.



swcnlan C.JL 090496

**Figure 5-31. Switch Settings for the Fax Actions Circuit Card**

## Ethernet LAN Circuit Cards

The INTUITY CONVERSANT system supports two types of Ethernet LAN circuit cards:

- ISA - Industry Standard Architecture
- PCI - Peripheral Component Interconnect

These cards allow you to connect the INTUITY CONVERSANT system to your local area network.

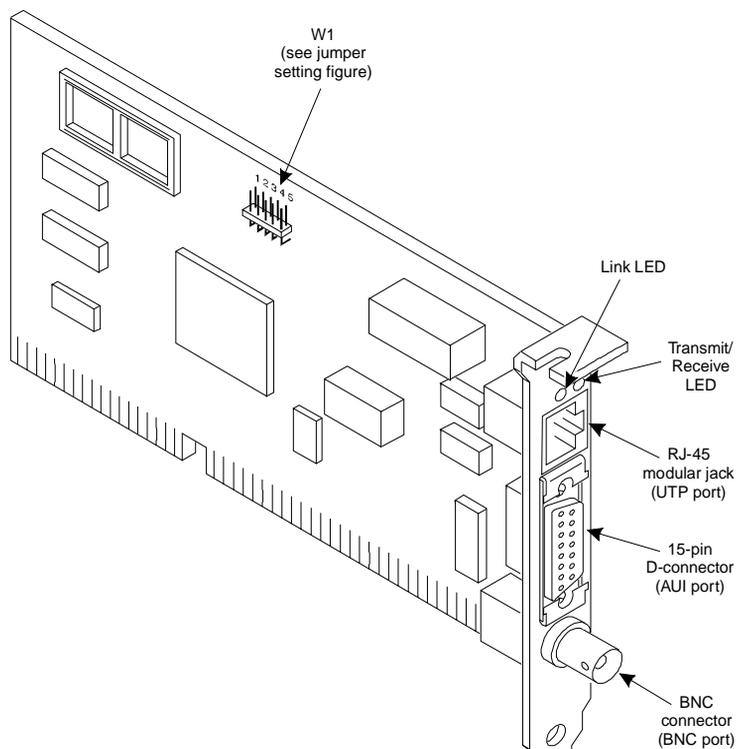
### ISA Ethernet LAN Circuit Cards

The system supports two versions of the ISA Ethernet LAN circuit card.

- SMC8216
- SMC8416

#### SMC8216 Circuit Card

[Figure 5-32](#) shows the SMC8216 Ethernet LAN circuit card.

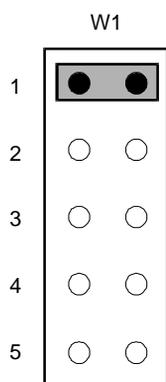


**Figure 5-32. Ethernet LAN Circuit Card - SMC8216**

The default software configuration is as follows:

- IRQ - 10
- I/O base address - 280
- RAM base address - D8000

The default setting for the jumper on W1 is "1" ([Figure 5-33](#)). This position configures the card to be software programmable beginning at the default settings.



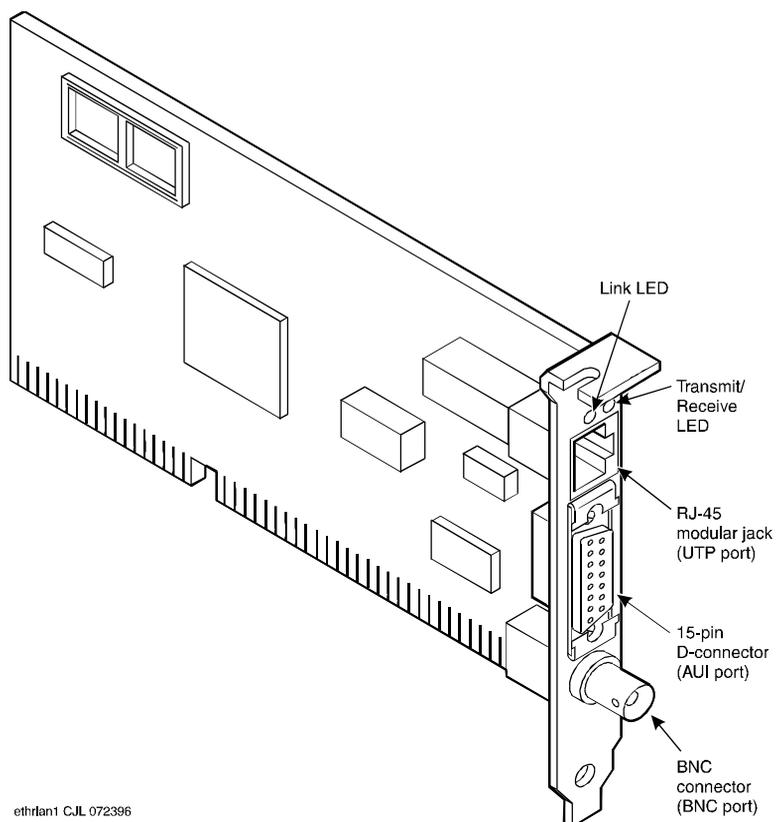
---

**Figure 5-33. Ethernet LAN Circuit Card Software Programmable Jumper Setting**

There are no switches to set on the Ethernet LAN circuit card.

### SMC8416 Circuit Card

[Figure 5-34](#) shows the SMC8416 Ethernet LAN circuit card.



**Figure 5-34. Ethernet LAN Circuit Card - Version 2 (SMC8416)**

There are no jumpers or switches associated with Version 2 of the Ethernet LAN circuit card.

### Installing an ISA LAN Circuit Card

Installation of a Version 2 LAN circuit card, in a system which did not previously have a LAN circuit card, involves

- Installing the LAN circuit card driver
- Installing the LAN circuit card
- Verifying the LAN circuit card installation

**Installing the ISA Hardware Driver.** To install the LAN circuit card driver, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).

3. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

4. Insert the diskette labeled "SMC Ethernet Device Driver ISA Release 3.07 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

The following packages are available:

1. smeUW11 SMC Ethernet Device Driver ISA Release  
 3.07

Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:

6. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the Adapter Selection screen ([Figure 5-35](#)).

Specify the number of SMC Ethernet Adapters to be configured

SMC ISA Adapters:

Apply

Reset

Use TAB/BACK TAB to move between fields. When form is complete, TAB to the "Action:" field, select "Apply", and press <Enter> to continue

Figure 5-35. Adapter Selection Screen

7. Use the left  and right  arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections.
8. Select 1.
9. Press the down  arrow to move to the `Apply` field.
10. Press `(ENTER)`.

The system displays the Access Mode Selection screen ([Figure 5-36](#)).

ADAPTER:

This screen allows you to select either Memory-Mapped or IO-Mapped for access mode of adapter.

If you are not using SMC 8416 adapter, select Memory-Mapped mode

Access Mode:

Apply

Reset

Use TAB/BACK TAB to move between fields. When form is complete, TAB to the "Action:" field, select "Apply", and press <Enter> to continue

Figure 5-36. Access Mode Selection Screen

11. Use the left  and right  arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections.
12. Select `Memory-Mapped`.
13. Press the down  arrow to move to the `Apply` field.
14. Press `(ENTER)`.

The system displays the SMCETH Parameter Selection screen. ([Figure 5-37](#)).

ADAPTER: SMCETH

This screen allows you to select various parameters to be configured for adapter 1.

Interrupt Vector:

I/O Address:

RAM Address:

Apply

Reset

Use TAB/BACK TAB to move between fields. When form is complete, TAB to the "Action:" field, select "Apply", and press <Enter> to continue

Figure 5-37. SMCETH Parameter Selection Screen

15. Use the left  and right  arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections.
16. Select the appropriate vector number.  
The vector number is determined by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).
17. Use the left  and right  arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections.
18. Select the appropriate I/O base address.  
The I/O base address is determined by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).
19. Use the left  and right  arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections.

20. Select the appropriate RAM base address.

The RAM base address is determined by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).

 **NOTE:**

For Version 1 circuit cards, select the RAM base address to provide a 16-Kbyte block of RAM space.  
For Version 2 circuit cards, select the RAM base address to provide an 8-Kbyte block of RAM space.

21. Press the down  arrow to move to the `Apply` field.
22. Press .
- The system displays a series of messages.
23. Remove the diskette labeled "SMC Ethernet Device Driver ISA Release 3.07 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
24. Reboot the system.
25. Continue with the next procedure, "[Installing the ISA LAN Circuit Card.](#)"

**Installing the ISA LAN Circuit Card.** To install Version 2 of the Ethernet LAN circuit card, do the following:

1. Run the Hardware Resource Allocator to determine the configuration and slot assignment of the Version 2 LAN circuit card. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).
2. Record the output.
3. Shut down the system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
4. Install the Version 2 LAN circuit card. See "[Installing a Circuit Card](#)" above for the procedure.
5. Continue with the next procedure, "[Configuring the ISA LAN Circuit Card.](#)"

**Configuring the ISA LAN Circuit Card.** To configure the Version 2 LAN circuit card, do the following:

The default software configuration is as follows:

- IRQ - 10
- I/O base address - 280
- RAM base address - D8000
- Access mode - Memory Mapped
- PnP - Disabled

1. Compare the default values with the values you received from the Hardware Resource Allocator.

If the default values match the values you received from the Hardware Resource Allocator, skip this step and continue with Step 2.

If the initializing values do not match the values you received from the Hardware Resource Allocator, complete the following Steps a through g:

**⇒ NOTE:**

The discrepancy in values will create error messages. Ignore these messages.

- a. Install the LAN Adapter Setup Program. See [“Installing the LAN Adapter Setup Program”](#) in Chapter 11, [“Installing the Optional Feature Software”](#), for the procedure.
- b. Enter **/etc/ezsetup**

The system displays the SMC LAN Adapter Setup screen ([Figure 5-38](#)).

```
SMC LAN Adapter Setup Program -- Version 1.21
```

```
Board Type:      8416BTA
Node Address:    0000C0314EDB
```

```
Current Setup
```

```
I/O Base Address 280
IRQ              15
RAM Size         8 K
WIN Size        16 K
RAM Base Address 0D8000
Add Wait States  Yes
Network Connection TwPr-No Link
Link Integrity   n/a
ROM Size         Disabled
ROM Base Address Disabled
Pnpboot         n/a
```

```
Do you want to change the setup? (y)->
```

**Figure 5-38. SMC LAN Adapter Setup Screen - Sample Output**

- c. Enter **y**
- d. Change the appropriate values.

- e. Enter **/etc/confnet.d/configure -i**

The system displays the following message:

```
These are the device(s) available on your system:  
1  sme_0
```

```
Type the number of the device(s) to be configured  
with inet [?,??,q]
```

- f. Enter the appropriate number for the sme\_0 device.

The system displays the following message:

```
Please enter the IP host name for device sme_0:
```

- g. Enter the your machine name.



**CAUTION:**

*Do not take the default.*

The system displays the following message:

```
Please initialize the IP address for host XXX:
```

2. Enter the IP address.

The system displays the following message:

```
Configure host XXX with default Ethernet(TM)ifconfig  
options?  
Info message is long. (yes no ClassC BerkeleyC info;  
default: info)
```

3. Enter the **ClassC**.

The system displays the system prompt.

4. Continue with the next procedure, "[Verifying the ISA LAN Circuit Card Installation.](#)"

**Verifying the ISA LAN Circuit Card Installation.** To check the Version 2 LAN circuit card installation, do the following:

1. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).
2. Check the message log report for TCP/IP or LAN adapter errors. See Chapter 1, "Getting Started," in *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 System Alarms and Log Messages*, 585-310-182.
3. Verify that you have network connectivity using the **ping** command. See Appendix A, "Summary of Commands," in *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591.

## Replacing an ISA LAN Circuit Card

To replace an ISA LAN circuit card, do the following:

1. Run the Hardware Resource Allocator to determine the configuration and slot assignment of the Version 2 LAN circuit card. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).
2. Record the output.
3. Complete the "[Installing the ISA LAN Circuit Card](#)" procedure above.
4. Complete the "[Configuring the ISA LAN Circuit Card](#)" procedure above.
5. Complete the "[Verifying the ISA LAN Circuit Card Installation](#)" procedure above.

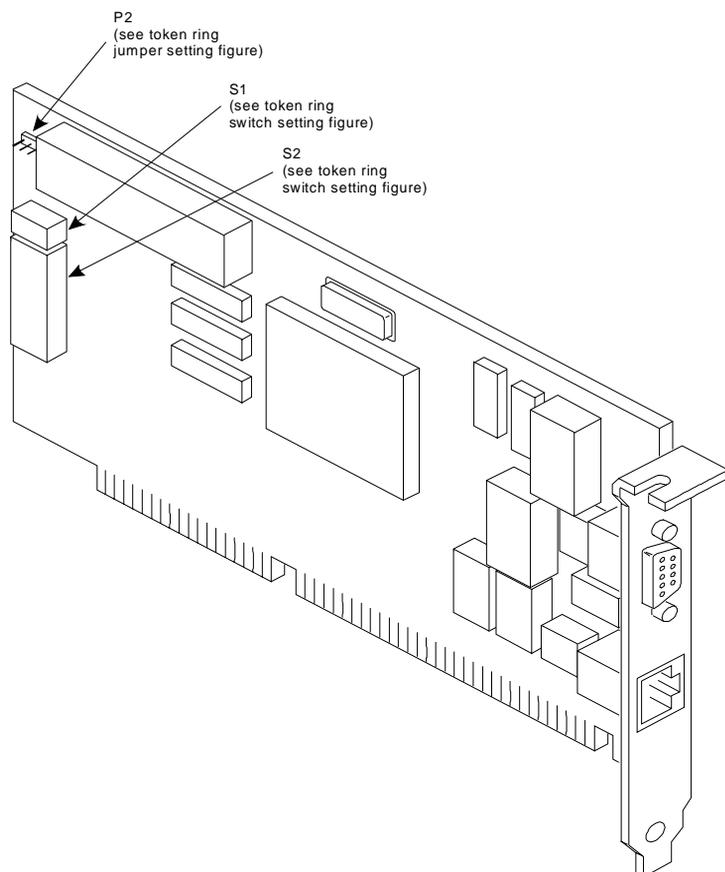
You have completed this procedure.

## Token Ring Circuit Card

The INTUITY CONVERSANT system supports two versions of the Token Ring circuit card. Both versions allow you to connect the INTUITY CONVERSANT system to your local area network.

### Version 1

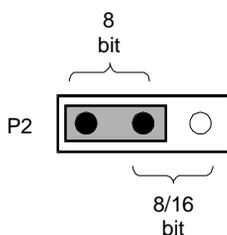
Version 1 of the Token Ring circuit card ([Figure 5-39](#)) has jumpers and switches that you must set before you install the circuit card in the MAP/40.



**Figure 5-39. Token Ring Circuit Card - Version 1**

### Jumper Settings

[Figure 5-39](#) shows the location of the 8- or 16-bit mode jumper (P2). You must place the jumper across positions 1 and 2 to select the 8-bit mode, as shown in [Figure 5-40](#).

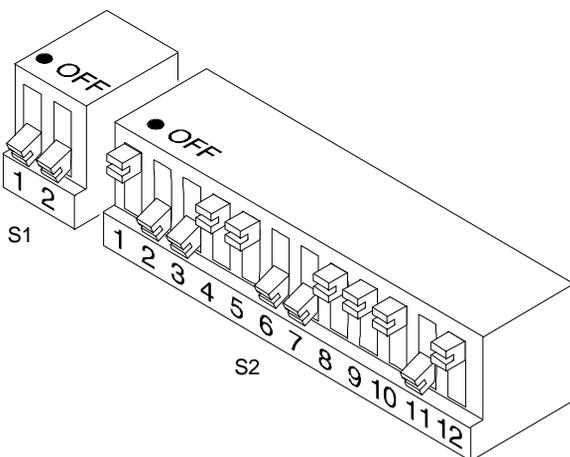


**Figure 5-40. Token Ring Card 8- or 16-Bit Mode Jumper**

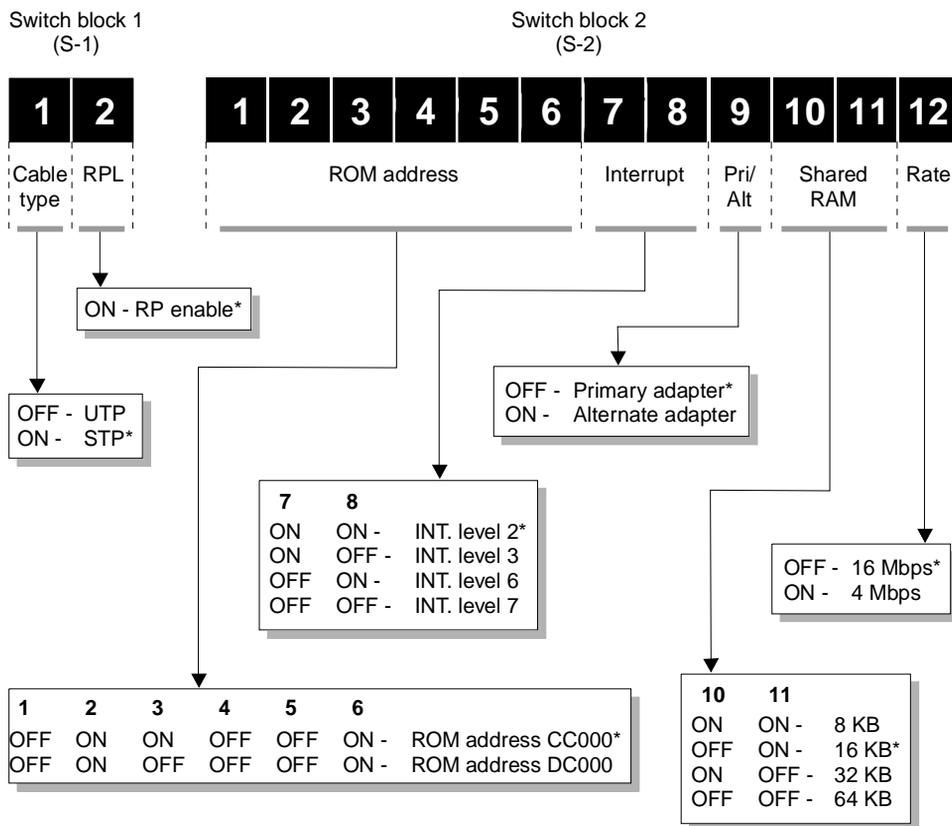
### Switch Settings

[Figure 5-39](#) shows the location of switches S1 and S2 on Version 1 of the Token Ring circuit card. [Figure 5-41](#) shows how to set the switches. With the exception of the interrupt level (switches 7 and 8), these are the default settings.

[Figure 5-42](#) provides a switch description summary.



**Figure 5-41. Switch Settings for the Token Ring Circuit Card**

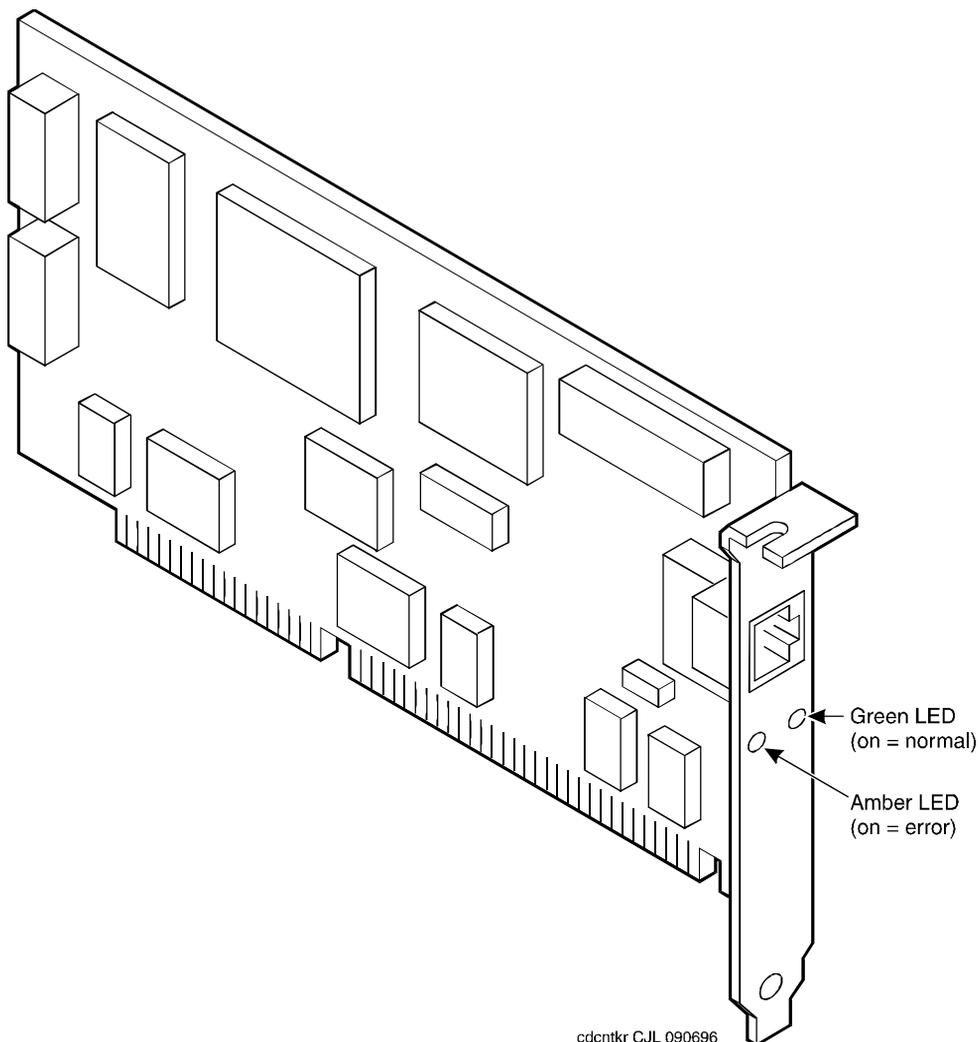


\* Default settings

Figure 5-42. Token Ring Circuit Card Switch Description Summary

### Version 2

Version 2 of the Token Ring circuit card (Figure 5-43) is software configured. This is the latest version of the Token Ring circuit card. A diskette, provided with the Token Ring circuit card, is used to set the IRQ, I/O address, ROM address, RAM address, and RAM size.



**Figure 5-43. Token Ring Circuit Card - Version 2**

To configure version 2 of the Token Ring circuit card, do the following:

1. If the Token Ring circuit card is being added to the system, run the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator to determine the resource assignments. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#), for the procedure.

Record the parameters listed in [Table 5-2](#).

**Table 5-2. Token Ring Circuit Card Settings**

| Parameter   | Setting |
|-------------|---------|
| IRQ         |         |
| ROM address |         |
| RAM address |         |
| I/O address |         |

If the Token Ring circuit card is replacing an existing Token Ring circuit card, record and use the existing hardware resource parameters. You can view the existing parameters by entering **/etc/conf/sdevice.d/ibmtok**

The system displays a message similar to the following message:

```
ibmtok Y 16 6 1 3 A20 A23 CC000 CDFFF -1
ibmtok Y 16 0 0 0 0 0 D0000 D3FFF -1
```

Record the parameters listed in [Table 5-2](#).

In the example message, the IRQ is 3, the ROM address range is CC000 - CDFFF, the RAM address range is D0000 - D3FFF, and the I/O address range is A20 - A23.

2. Verify that IRQ being used by the existing Token Ring circuit card, or designated by the Hardware Resource Allocator, is available.

To set the IRQs complete the following Steps a and b:

- a. Enter **cd /etc/conf/cf.d**
- b. Enter **awk '\$6==2||\$6==3||\$6==9{print\$0}' sdevice**

If this command generates no output, the IRQs are available.

If the command generates output specifying **ibmtok**, the IRQs are available.

If the command generates any other output the IRQs are not available.

3. Verify that the CPU BIOS ROM address is not **DC000 - DDFFF**. See "[486 CPU Circuit Card](#)" or "[P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card](#)" for the procedure.
4. Make sure the CPU ROM is not shadowed. See "[486 CPU Circuit Card](#)" or "[P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card](#)" for the procedure.
5. Install the new Token Ring circuit card. See "[Installing a Circuit Card](#)" for the procedure.



**NOTE:**

Complete all 10 steps in the installation procedure.

6. Connect the Token Ring circuit card to the LAN.



**CAUTION:**

*Do not use a 10 Base T (802.3) wire to connect the Token Ring circuit card to the LAN.*

7. Insert the diskette labeled *Token Ring Setup Floppy* into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
8. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

The system displays the following message:

```
Starting PC DOS
```

```
PC DOS 7.0 Startup Menu
```

1. IBM Auto 16/4 Token-Ring ISA Extended Diagnostics
2. IBM Auto 16/4 Token-Ring ISA Configuration Using LANAID

Enter a choice:

9. Enter **2**

The system displays the following message:

```
Hit any key to continue with LANAID from diskette or  
remove the diskette and reboot the system normally.
```

10. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the LANAID Copyright screen ([Figure 5-44](#)).



**Figure 5-44. LAN AID Copyright Screen**

11. Press **(ENTER)** to accept the default of Continue.

The system displays the following message:

Querying your machines current configuration.

Please wait.

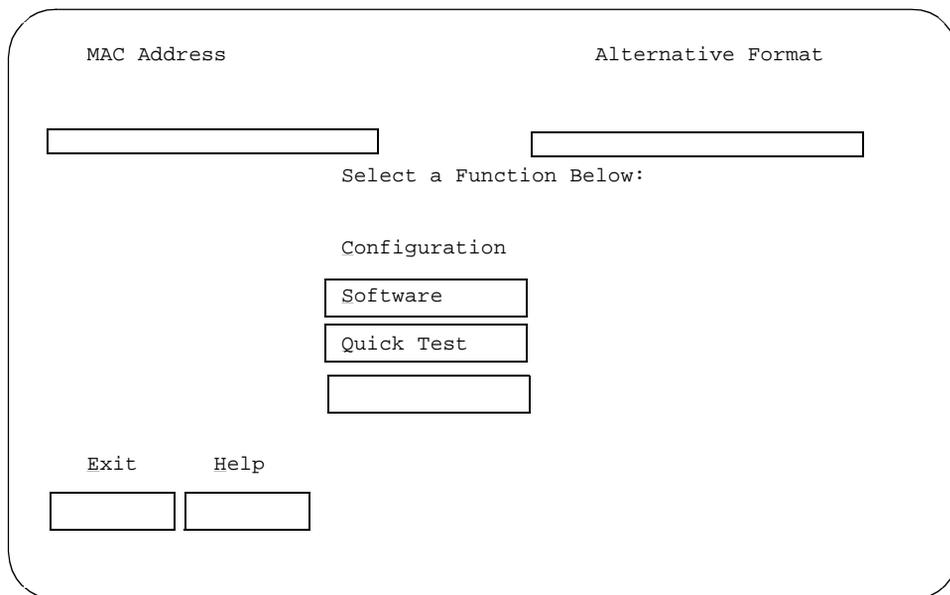
To accept the Fast Path configuration and perform Fast Path, select one of the Fast Path options.

To bypass the Fast Path options, select <Standard Install>

Default = Standard Install

12. Press **(ENTER)** to accept the default.

The system displays the Standard Installation Options screen ([Figure 5-45](#)).



The image shows a terminal-style screen with a rounded rectangular border. At the top left, the text "MAC Address" is positioned above a horizontal input field. At the top right, the text "Alternative Format" is positioned above another horizontal input field. Below these two fields, the text "Select a Function Below:" is centered. Underneath this text, the word "Configuration" is centered. Below "Configuration", there are three vertically stacked rectangular buttons: the top one is labeled "Software", the middle one is labeled "Quick Test", and the bottom one is empty. At the bottom left of the screen, the text "Exit" is positioned above a rectangular button. To its right, the text "Help" is positioned above another rectangular button.

**Figure 5-45. Standard Installation Options Screen**

13. Press **(ENTER)** to accept the default of Configuration.

The system displays the Configuration Parameters screen ([Figure 5-46](#)).

**Figure 5-46. Configuration Parameters Screen**

14. If your system is equipped with a mouse, complete the following Steps a through q to set the configuration parameters.

If your system is not equipped with a mouse, skip to Step 15.

- a. Click on **Manual Configuration**.
- b. Click on **IRQ**.
- c. Choose the IRQ you recorded in [Table 5-2](#).

**⇒ NOTE:**

The phrase “in use” next to an option indicates that the option is being used for another circuit card. If there is no other circuit card in the system using IRQ 2 or 3, the system may still indicate that one of these IRQs is “in use.” In this instance the system is referring to the Token Ring circuit card you are installing and the “in use” IRQ may be used.

- d. Click on **ROM**.
- e. Choose the ROM address you recorded in [Table 5-2](#).

- f. Click on RAM. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
- g. Choose the RAM address you recorded in [Table 5-2](#).
- h. Click on I/O. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
- i. Choose the I/O address you recorded in [Table 5-2](#).
- j. Click on 16 Kbytes in the RAM Size field.
- k. Click on Disabled in the Auto Sense field.
- l. Click on 16 Mbps in the Data Rate field.
- m. Click on Disabled in the Remote IPL field.
- n. Click on 8 bit in the Bus Width field.
- o. Click on Store.
- p. Click on Done.

The system displays the Standard Installation Options screen ([Figure 5-45](#)).

- q. Click on Quick Test.
15. If your system is not configured with a mouse, complete the following Steps a through v to set the configuration parameters.
- a. Place the cursor on Manual Configuration. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  - b. Press (ENTER).
  - c. Set the IRQ.
    1. Place the cursor on IRQ. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
    2. Press (ENTER).

The system displays a list of choices.
    3. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to highlight the IRQ you recorded in [Table 5-2](#).

 **NOTE:**

The phrase "in use" next to an option indicates that the option is being used for another circuit card. If there is no other circuit card in the system using IRQ 2 or 3, the system may still indicate that one of these IRQs is "in use." In this instance the system is referring to the Token Ring circuit card you are installing and the "in use" IRQ may be used.

4. Press (ENTER).

- d. Set the RAM size.
  1. Place the cursor on **RAM size**. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  2. Press (ENTER).

The system displays a list of choices.
  3. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to highlight the RAM size you recorded in [Table 5-2](#).
  4. Press (ENTER).
- e. Set the ROM address.
  1. Place the cursor on **ROM**. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  2. Press (ENTER).

The system displays a list of choices.
  3. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to highlight the ROM address you recorded in [Table 5-2](#).
  4. Press (ENTER).
- f. Set the RAM address.
  1. Place the cursor on **RAM**. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  2. Press (ENTER).

The system displays a list of choices.
  3. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to highlight the RAM address you recorded in [Table 5-2](#).
  4. Press (ENTER).
- g. Set the I/O address.
  1. Place the cursor on **I/O**. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  2. Press (ENTER).

The system displays a list of choices.
  3. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to highlight the I/O address you recorded in [Table 5-2](#).
  4. Press (ENTER).
- h. Disable the Auto Sense function.
  1. Press (TAB).

This will place the cursor in the **AUTO sense** field.

2. Place the cursor on `Disable`. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  3. Press (ENTER).
- i. Set the Data Rate.
1. Press (TAB).  
This will place the cursor in the `Data Rate` field.
  2. Place the cursor on `16 Mbps`. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  3. Press (ENTER).
- j. Disable the Remote IPL.
1. Press (TAB).  
This will place the cursor in the `Remote IPL` field.
  2. Place the cursor on `Disable`. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  3. Press (ENTER).
- k. Set the Bus Width.
1. Press (TAB).  
This will place the cursor in the `Bus width` field.
  2. Place the cursor on `8 bit`. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  3. Press (ENTER).
- l. Press (TAB) until the cursor is on `Store`.
- m. Press (ENTER).
- n. Press (TAB) until the cursor is on `Done`.
- o. Press (ENTER).  
The system displays the Standard Installation Options screen ([Figure 5-45](#)).
- p. Press (TAB) until the cursor is on `Quick Test`.
- q. Press (ENTER).  
The system tests the configuration of the Token Ring circuit card.
- r. Press (TAB) until the cursor is on `Cancel`.
- s. Press (ENTER).
- t. Press (TAB) until the cursor is on `Exit`.
- u. Press (ENTER).
- v. Press (ENTER).

16. Remove the diskette labeled "LANAID" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
17. Perform a hard reboot of the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the Token Ring Hardware Support Package

To install the Token Ring hardware support package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Insert the diskette labeled "Token Ring Hardware Support" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
  or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress. Do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

```
1 tok          Token Ring Hardware Support  
                (i386) 1.3
```

```
Select the package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:  
Package: Token Ring Hardware Support (tok) from  
<diskette1>.
```

During the installation, the system presents a blue screen. In this screen, input the number and type of Token Ring cards in the system, and the hardware settings of the card.

The system displays a series of informational screens.

The INTUITY CONVERSANT system supports the use of *one* IBM Token Ring Network 16/4 Adapter circuit card. Use this information as well as the output from the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator to enter the data in this screen.

**⇒ NOTE:**

The Token Ring Network Adapter circuit card is Version 16/4, not 16/4A.

The system displays the following message:

```
Do you wish to continue with installation? [y,n,?,q]:
(default: y)
```

If, during the installation of the Token Ring Hardware Support package, you did not see the blue screen, the installation was not successful. Reinstall the package by completing the following Steps a through h:

- a. From the system prompt #, enter **displaypkg**
- b. Find the tok (Token Ring Hardware Support) package and use the **pkgrm** command to remove it.
- c. Enter **shutdown -g0 -y -i6**  
 When the system reboots and comes back up, it displays the login screen.
- d. Press **(ALT) (E)**.
- e. Enter **root**
- f. Enter your root password.  
 The system responds by displaying the system prompt #.
6. Enter **rm /etc/inst/scripts/postreboot.sh**  
 g. Repeat the installation procedure for installing the Token Ring Hardware Support package.
7. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

...

```
Installing Token Ring Hardware Support as <tok>
```

When the package has finished installing, the system displays the following message:

```
Installation of Token Ring Hardware Support (tok) was
successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready.
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

8. Enter **q**

The system responds with a message to say that if all desired packages are installed, the machine should be rebooted.



**CAUTION:**

*Do not reboot the system at this time.*

The system displays the system prompt #.

9. Remove the diskette. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## **PC/ISDN (IPCI) Circuit Card**

---

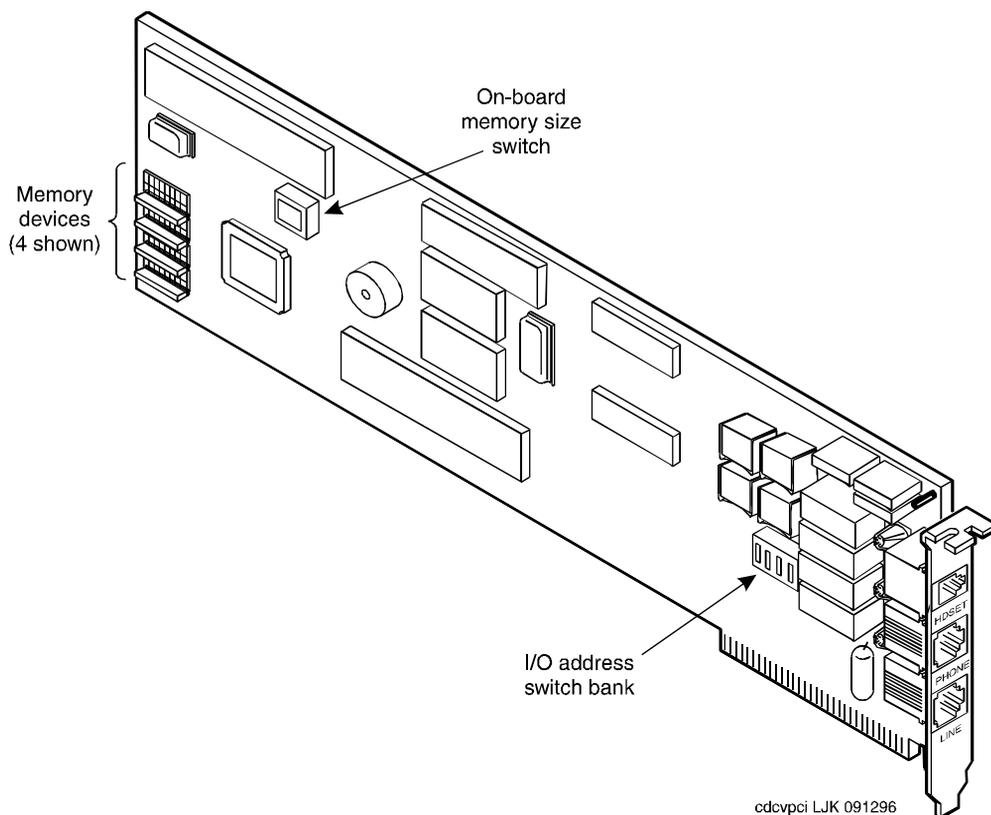
The PC/ISDN circuit card supports the Adjunct/Switch Application Interface (ASAI).



**NOTE:**

Other Lucent Technologies documentation may refer to this card as the IPCI card.

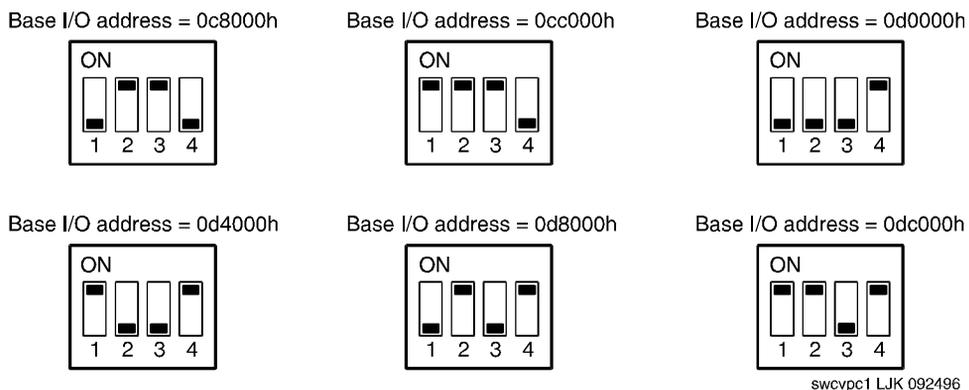
There are two types of switches that you must set before you install the PC/ISDN circuit card in the MAP/40. [Figure 5-47](#) shows the PC/ISDN circuit card with the location of its switches.



**Figure 5-47. PC/ISDN Circuit Card**

The first switches are the I/O address switches. These switches determine the I/O address of the PC/ISDN circuit card. These switches should be set as determined by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator. See ["Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator"](#) in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#) for more information.

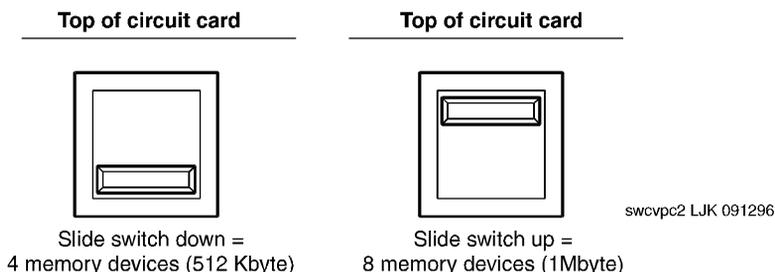
[Figure 5-48](#) shows the I/O address switch settings.



**Figure 5-48. PC/ISDN Circuit Card Address Settings**

There is also a switch that sets the on-board memory size. The position of this switch is based on the number of memory devices included on the PC/ISDN circuit card. If there are four memory devices, place the switch in the upper position. If there are eight memory devices, place the switch in the lower position.

[Figure 5-49](#) shows the on-board memory size switch positions.



**Figure 5-49. PC/ISDN Circuit Card On-Board Memory Size Settings**

There are no jumpers to set on the PC/ISDN circuit card.

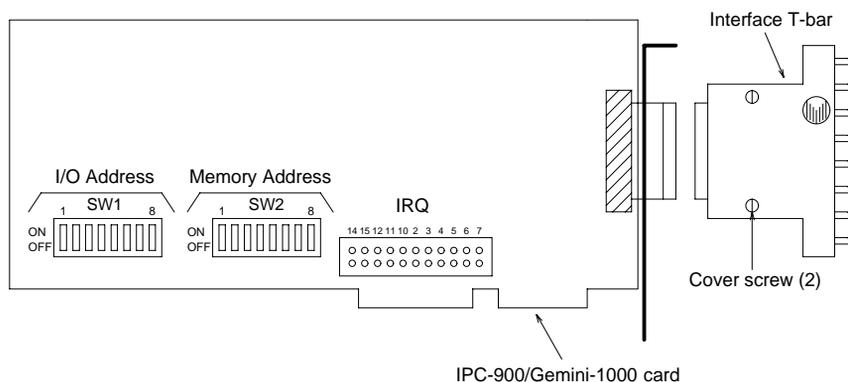
## Asynchronous Circuit Cards

There are two types of asynchronous cards:

- 8-Port IPC-900 or Gemini-1000 Asynchronous Serial Card
- EQUINOX Megaport 8C5 8-Port Serial I/O Card

### 8-Port IPC-900 or Gemini-1000 Asynchronous Serial Card

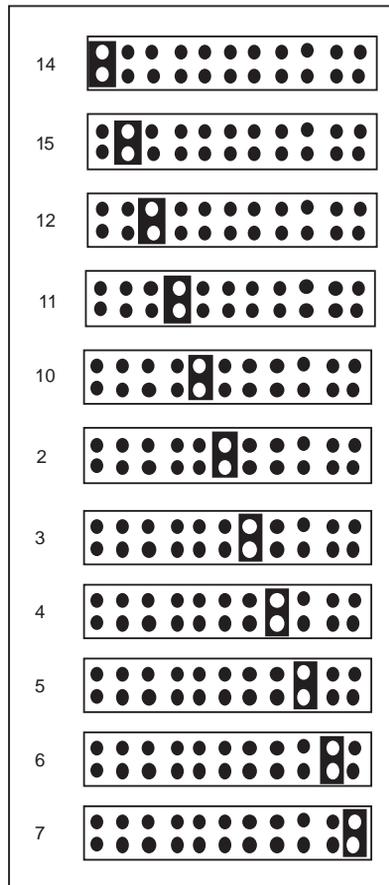
[Figure 5-50](#) shows the IPC-900 or Gemini-1000 asynchronous serial card with its switches and jumper locations. Check and set the IRQ settings, I/O switches, and memory switches on the asynchronous card before installing it.



**Figure 5-50. IPC-900 or Gemini-1000 Asynchronous Card**

## Jumper Settings

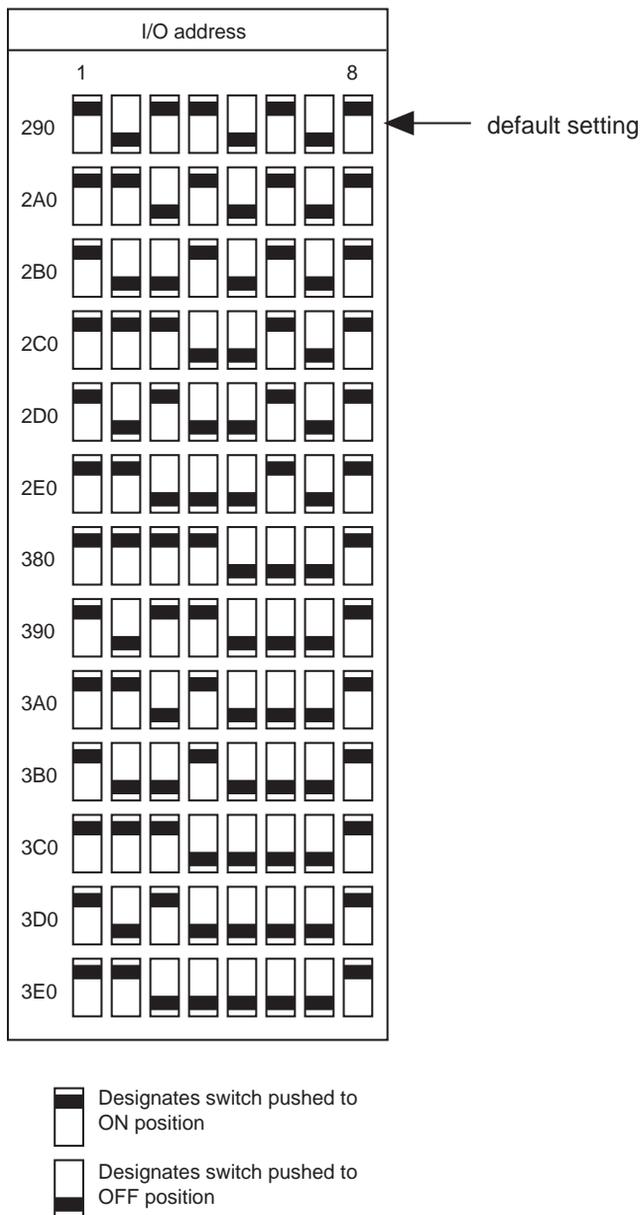
[Figure 5-51](#) shows the jumper settings on the 8-Port IPC-900 or Gemini-1000 asynchronous serial card.



**Figure 5-51. Interrupt Jumper Settings for IPC-900 or Gemini-1000 Asynchronous Card**

## Switch Settings

[Figure 5-52](#) and [Figure 5-53](#) show the switch settings on the 8-Port IPC-900 or Gemini-1000 asynchronous serial card.



**Figure 5-52. Base I/O Address Settings for the IPC-900 or Gemini-1000 Asynchronous Card**

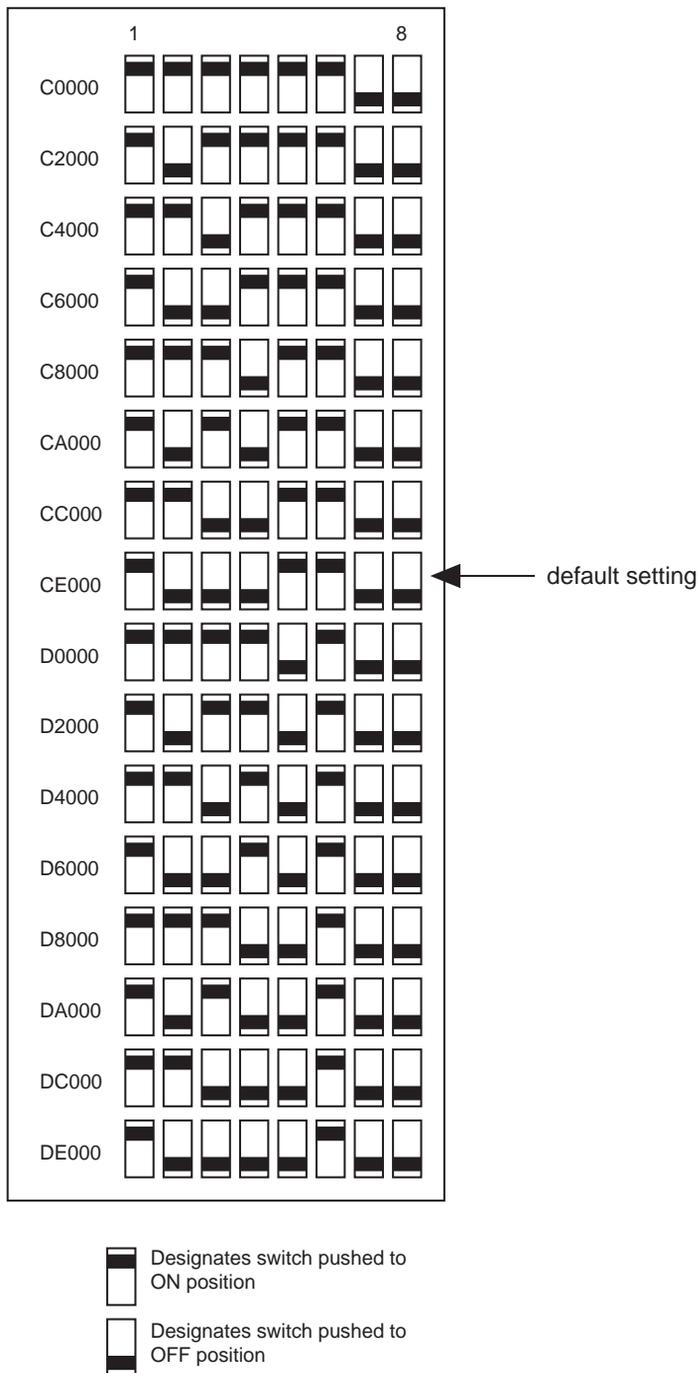
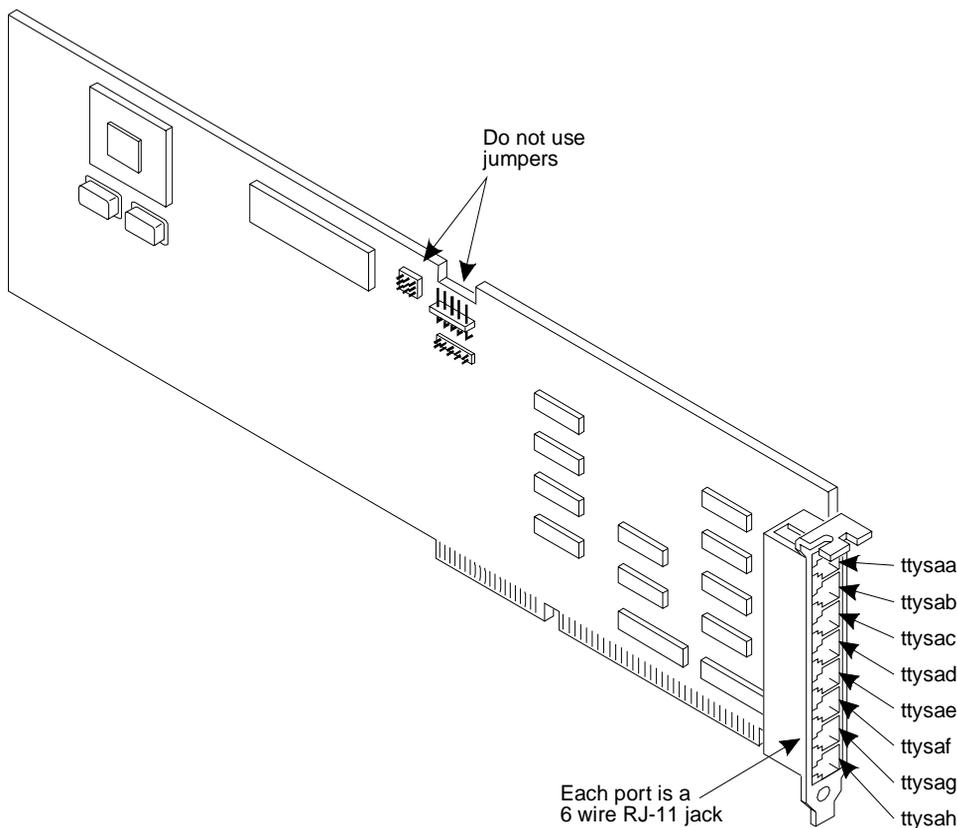


Figure 5-53. Memory Address Settings for the IPC-900 or Gemini-1000 Asynchronous Card

## 8-Port Asynchronous Circuit Card (EQUINOX Megaport 8C5 8-Port Serial I/O Board)

[Figure 5-54](#) shows the EQUINOX Megaport 8C5 8-Port Asynchronous circuit card and the location of the jumpers. Verify that no jumpers are set.

There are no switches to set in the 8-Port Asynchronous circuit card.



**Figure 5-54. 8-Port Asynchronous Circuit Card (EQUINOX Megaport 8C5 8-Port Serial I/O Board)**

## Installing the Equinox Megaport Card Driver

To install the Equinox Megaport card driver, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Equinox Megaport/Megaplex STREAMS Device Driver (ISA/EISA) 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

- ```
1. eqx      Equinox Megaport/Megaplex STREAMS  
           Device Driver (ISA/ESA)  
           (i386)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:  
Set: Equinox Megaport/Megaplex STREAMS Device Driver  
(eqx) from <diskette1>
```

```
Equinox Megaport/Megaplex STREAMS Device Driver  
(i386)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Press Enter to Continue.
```

6. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
What do you wish to install?
```

- (1) MEGAPORT
- (2) MEGAPLEX
- (H) Help

Enter 1 or 2 [1]:

7. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Up to 10 MEGAPORT boards can be installed on a system.  
Enter the number of boards you are installing [1]:
```

8. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Early version MEGAPORT boards required a 64KB buffer  
block instead of the 8KB block used by boards currently  
being manufactured.
```

```
Are you installing any early version MEGAPORT boards  
which require a 64KB buffer block? (Y/N/H) [N]
```

9. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Where do you wish to install the board(s) in memory:
```

- (1) Between 640KB and 1MB
- (2) Above 1MB
- (H) Help

```
Enter 1 if there is 16 MB or more of physical memory  
installed in your system.
```

```
Enter 2 if there is less than 16 MB of physical memory  
installed in your system.
```

```
Default is between 640KB and 1MB [1]:
```

10. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
8KB of unoccupied memory is required for the MEGAPORT  
board(s). This 8KB memory block must reside on a 8KB  
boundary with the last four hex digits being one of the  
following:
```

```
0000, 2000, 4000, 6000, 8000, a000, c000, e000.
```

```
Enter 8KB common buffer block address [d0000]:
```

11. Enter the appropriate memory block boundary.

The memory block boundary is determined by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#), for more information.

The system displays the following message:

```
Each MEGAPORT requires 8KB of unoccupied memory. The
address of this 8KB control block must end with the last
four hex digits being one of the following:
```

```
0000, 2000, 4000, 6000, 8000, a000, c000, e000.
```

```
Board 1:          Enter address of 8KB control block
[d2000]:
```

12. Enter the appropriate memory block boundary.

The memory block boundary is determined by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#), for more information.

The system displays the following message:

```
Is this an EISA machine (y/n) [No]?
```

13. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
MEGAPORT CONFIGURATION SUMMARY
```

```
Number of boards installed:      1
Common 8KB buffer block:        XXXXXX
Board 1, 8KB control block:      XXXXXX
EISA system:                     N
```

```
Is this correct? (y/n)
```

14. Enter **y**

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
The UNIX Operating System kernel will be rebuilt
to include you configuration changes during the
next system reboot.
```

```
Installation of Equinox Megaport/Megaplex STREAMS
Device Driver (ISA/ESA) (eqx) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

15. Enter **q**

16. Remove the diskette labeled "Equinox Megaport/Megaplex STREAMS Device Driver (ISA/EISA) 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
17. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

See the section "Ports" in Chapter 8, "System Administration Features," of the *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591, for information on serial ports set up for modems and terminals.

## **Synchronous Cards**

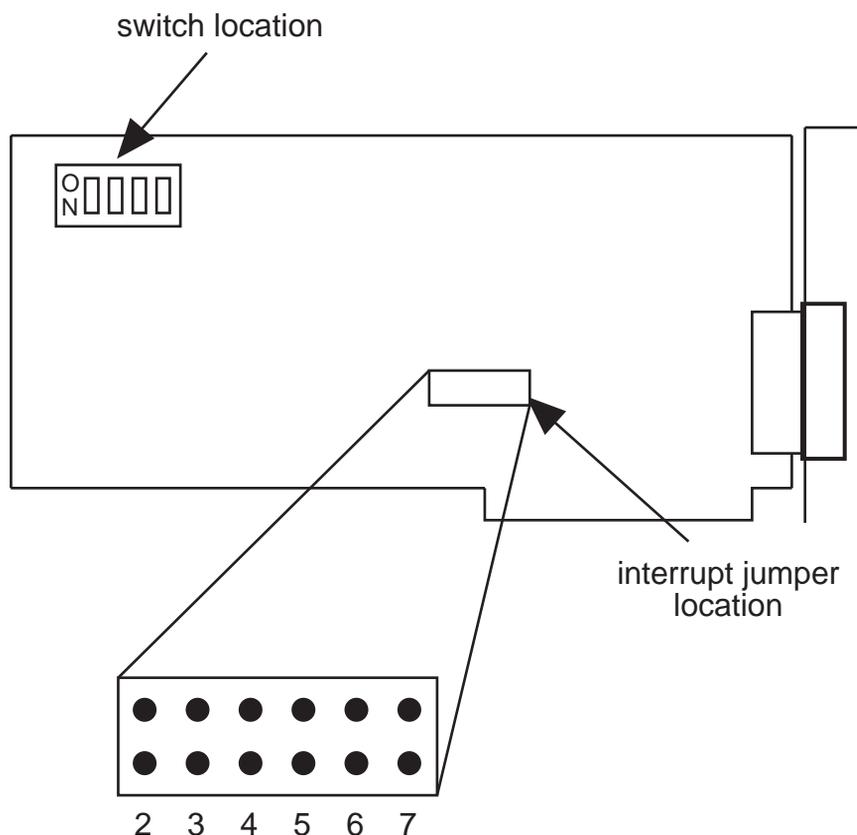
---

There are two possible types of synchronous cards:

- PC/XL Synchronous Input/Output Card (Revision D or newer)
- Lucent /SIB Synchronous Host Circuit Card

### **PC/XL Synchronous I/O Card**

Only one PC/XL synchronous card is supported (Revision D or newer). [Figure 5-55](#) shows the location of the switches and interrupt jumpers.



**Figure 5-55. PC/XL Synchronous I/O Card**

The interrupt request (IRQ) line enables the PC/XL to request service from the processor.

Set the IRQ jumper to the value selected by the software configuration program. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#), for more information.

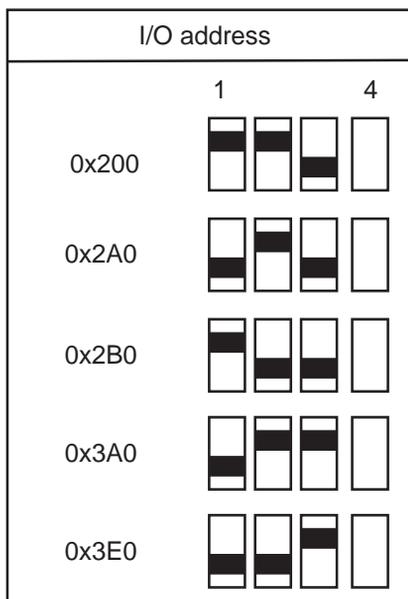
The input/output (I/O) address is the door through which the PC/XL accesses the PC data paths. [Figure 5-56](#) shows the I/O address settings.

Set the I/O address dip switches (switches 1–3) to the default I/O address 200H.



**NOTE:**

Switch 4 is not used.



Designates switch pushed to ON position

Designates switch pushed to OFF position

**Figure 5-56. Base I/O Address Settings for PC/XL Card**

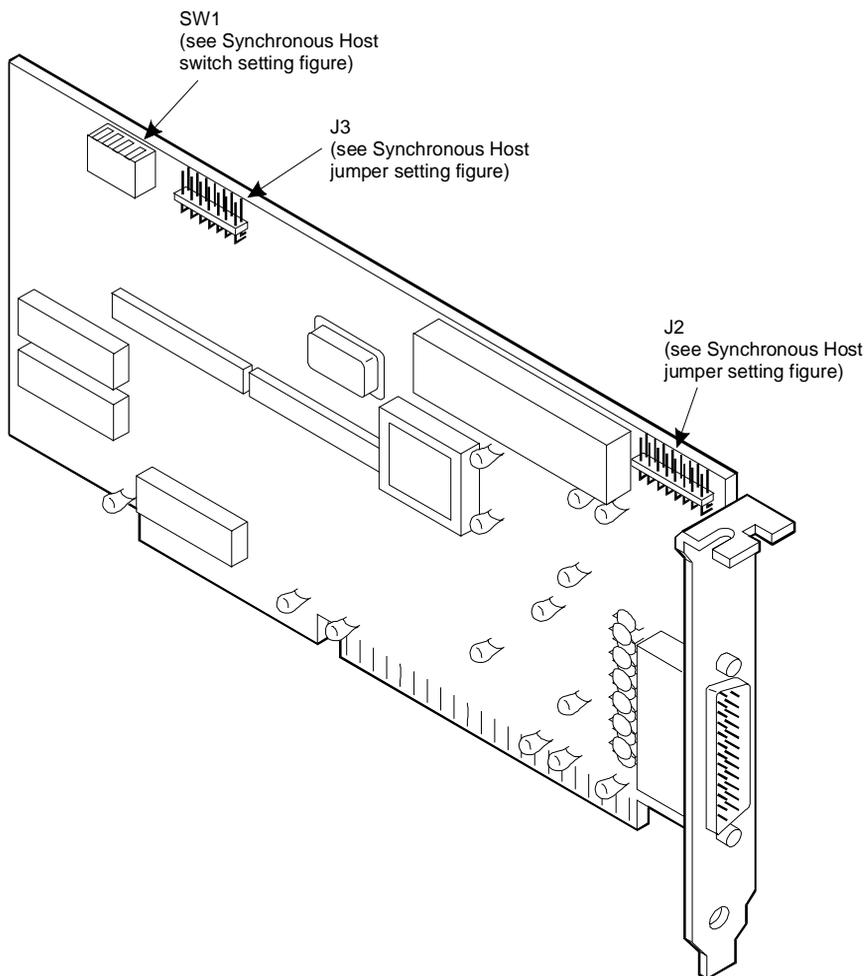
The PC/XL card allows a portion of its on-card memory (RAM) to be accessed (both read and write) by the CPU. All transactions with the PC/XL card take place through this shared memory window (SMW).w4

The location of the SMW is set during linkix\_3270 software installation. See ["Installing Package 3 \(linkix\\_3270 Supplement\)"](#) in [Chapter 11, "Installing the Optional Feature Software"](#).

The SMW is 16 Kbyte in size and may reside at any available 16 Kbyte boundary below 1 Mbyte. The location is controlled by software, so there are *no* jumpers to adjust for this aspect.

### FIFO/SIB Synchronous Host Circuit Card

Up to two FIFO/SIB synchronous host cards are supported. Figure 5-57 shows the FIFO/SIB synchronous host card and the location of the switches and interrupt jumpers.



**Figure 5-57. FIFO/SIB Synchronous Host Circuit Card**

### Jumper Settings

There are two jumper locations on the Synchronous Host circuit card, J3 and J2.

Use J3 to set the interrupt request line (IRQ) to a value of 3, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12, or 13 (Figure 5-58). The IRQ corresponds to the number below the pins. Figure 5-58 shows the card set with an IRQ of 3. See "Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator" in Appendix A, "System Configuration" for more information.



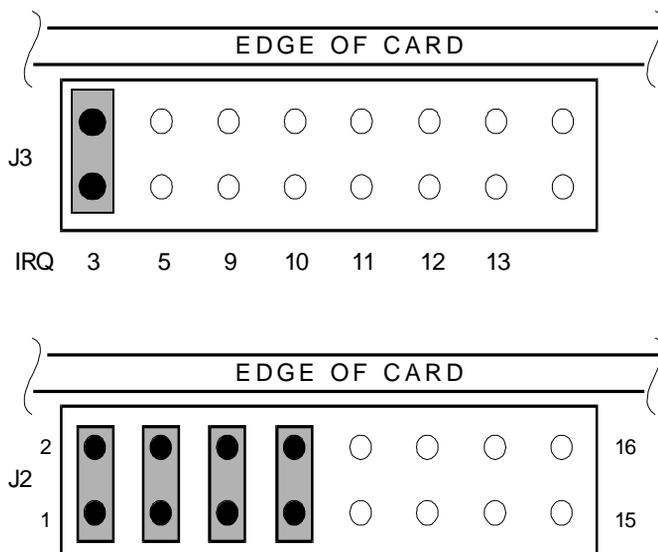
**NOTE:**

If you are using IRQ 9, ensure that IRQ 2 is unused on your system.

J2 is preset at the factory. However, before you install the FIFO/SIB synchronous host circuit card, ensure that this jumper is set as shown in [Figure 5-58](#).

**NOTE:**

When operating at 64 kbaud, this setting supports a maximum cable length of 15 ft.

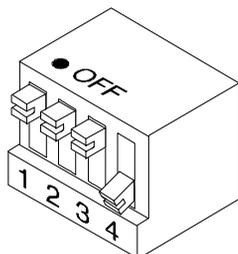


**Figure 5-58. Jumper Settings for the FIFO/SIB Synchronous Host Circuit Card**

### Switch Settings

[Figure 5-57](#) shows the location of the I/O switch block SW1. [Figure 5-59](#) shows the I/O switch settings for an address of 380.

Base I/O address = 380 Hex



All switches closed or OFF

**NOTE:** Switch 4 is not used.

**Figure 5-59. Switch Settings for the FIFO/SIB Synchronous Host Circuit Card**

[Table 5-3](#) shows the switch settings for other potential I/O addresses.

**Table 5-3. FIFO/SIB Switch Settings**

I/O Address	Switch		
	1	2	3
250	On	On	Off
260	Off	Off	On
2B0	On	Off	On
2E0	Off	On	On
380 (default)	Off	Off	Off
3A0	On	Off	Off
3E0	Off	On	Off
Disabled	On	On	On

## Standard Circuit Cards

---



### WARNING:

*Observe proper electrostatic discharge precautions when you handle computer components. Wear an antistatic wrist strap that touches your bare skin and connect the strap cable to an earth ground. See "[Protecting against Damage from Electrostatic Discharge](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for detailed electrostatic discharge precautions.*

This section provides the following information on the standard circuit cards that are included with every MAP/40:

- Switch and jumper settings
- Other installation requirements that are specific to the particular circuit card you are installing

## CPU Circuit Cards

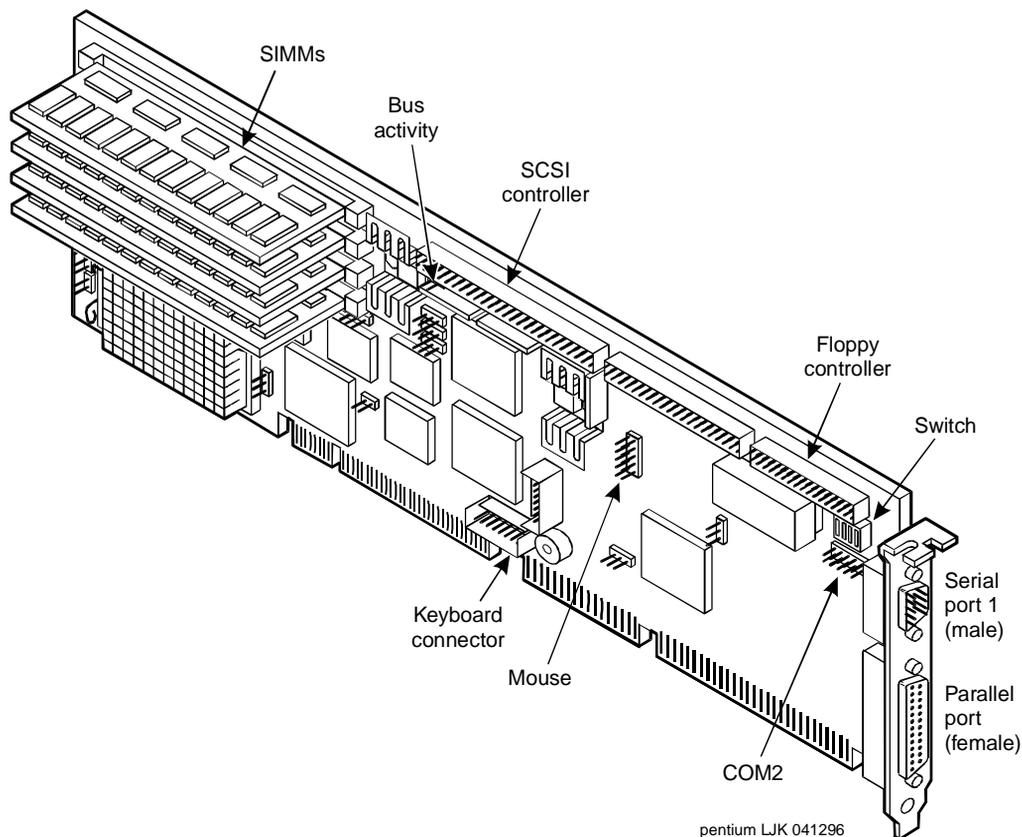
---

There are two CPU circuit cards available with the INTUITY CONVERSANT system:

- P5 120 MHz CPU circuit card
- 486 CPU circuit card

### P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card

The P5 120 MHz CPU is packaged on a single PC/AT-compatible circuit card ([Figure 5-60](#)) that plugs into the backplane. There is one P5 120 MHz CPU circuit card installed in the MAP/100.



**Figure 5-60. P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card and Jumper Locations**

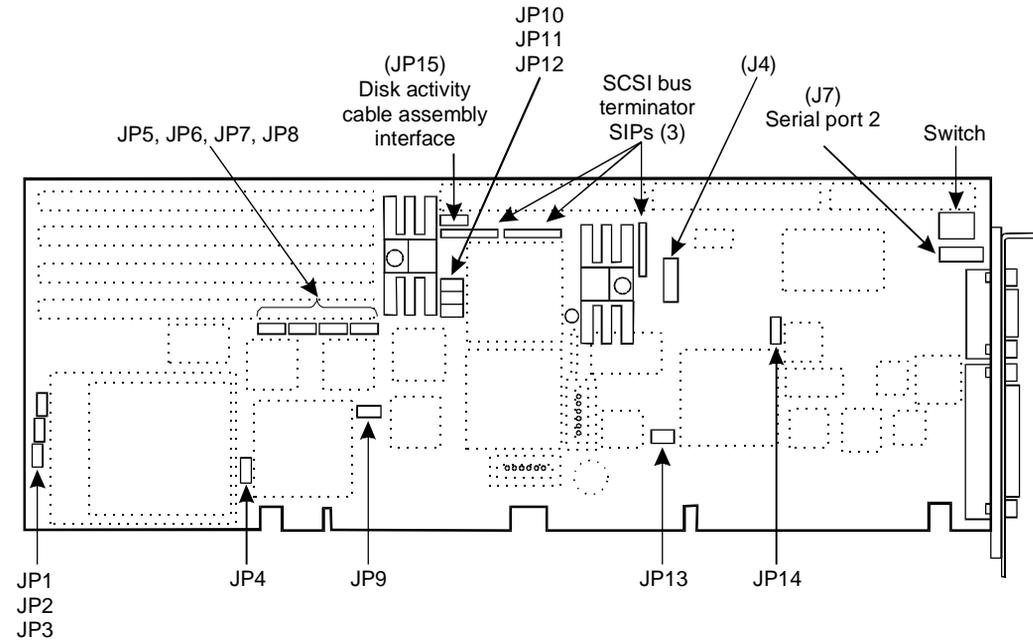


**NOTE:**

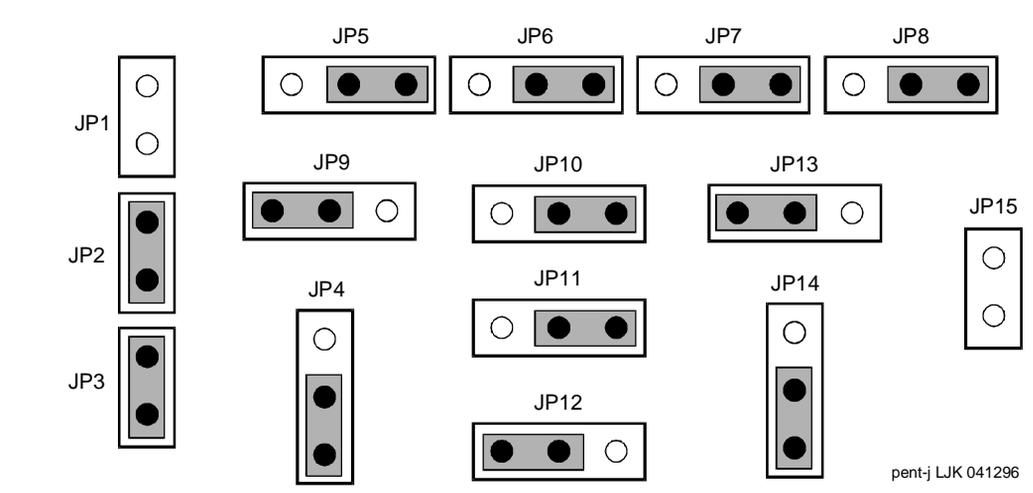
Remove the SCSI Bus terminating SIPs before installing the P5 120 MHz circuit card.

**Jumper Settings**

The P5 120 MHz CPU card has jumpers that you must set before you install the circuit card. [Figure 5-61](#) shows the jumper locations. [Figure 5-62](#) shows the jumper settings.



**Figure 5-61. Jumper Locations for the P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card**



pent-j LJK 041296

**Figure 5-62. Jumper Settings for the P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card**

[Table 5-4](#) lists the function of each jumper as it is set for the Lucent INTUITY system.

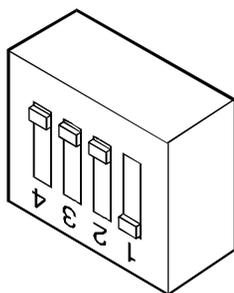
**Table 5-4. Jumper Functions**

<b>Jumper</b>	<b>Function</b>
JP1	Sets the SRAM write policy to write-back.
JP2	Enables the pipeline.
JP3	Sets the processor speed to 1/2 bus speed.
JP4	Inactivates the watchdog timer reset.
JP5	This jumper is for factory use. DO NOT CHANGE.
JP6	This jumper is for factory use. DO NOT CHANGE.
JP7	This jumper is for factory use. DO NOT CHANGE.
JP8	This jumper is for factory use. DO NOT CHANGE.
JP9	Sets the cache select type to 256 Kbyte SRAM (5 volts, 3.3 volt compatible).
JP10	Sets the SRAM configuration to standard.
JP11	Sets the SRAM option to 256 Kbyte.
JP12	Sets the SRAM option to 256 Kbyte.
JP13	Sets the SCSI clock configuration to
JP14	Disables the keyboard when using Next Step OS configuration.
JP15	This is the hard disk drive bus activity LED interface connection.

*Continued on next page*

### Switch Settings

The P5 120 MHz CPU card has switches that you must set before you install the circuit card ([Figure 5-63](#)).



**Figure 5-63. Switch Settings for the P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card**

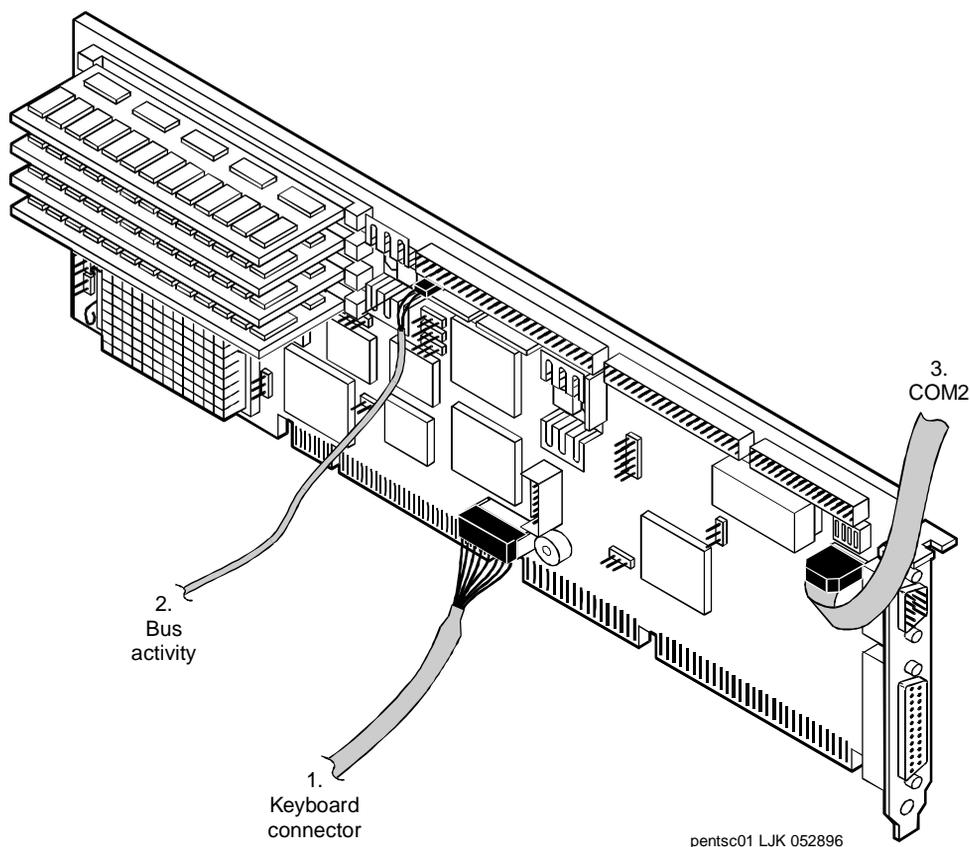
[Table 5-5](#) shows function of each switch as well as the Lucent INTUITY CONVERSANT system default setting.

**Table 5-5. Switch Settings and Functions**

Switch	Function
1	Sets the monitor type as a color monitor.
2	Sets the on-board ROM access to disable auxiliary ROM and enable flash memory.
3	Sets the CMOS RAM.  <b>⇒ NOTE:</b> This switch is used in special cases when the CMOS RAM becomes corrupted.
4	This switch is not used.

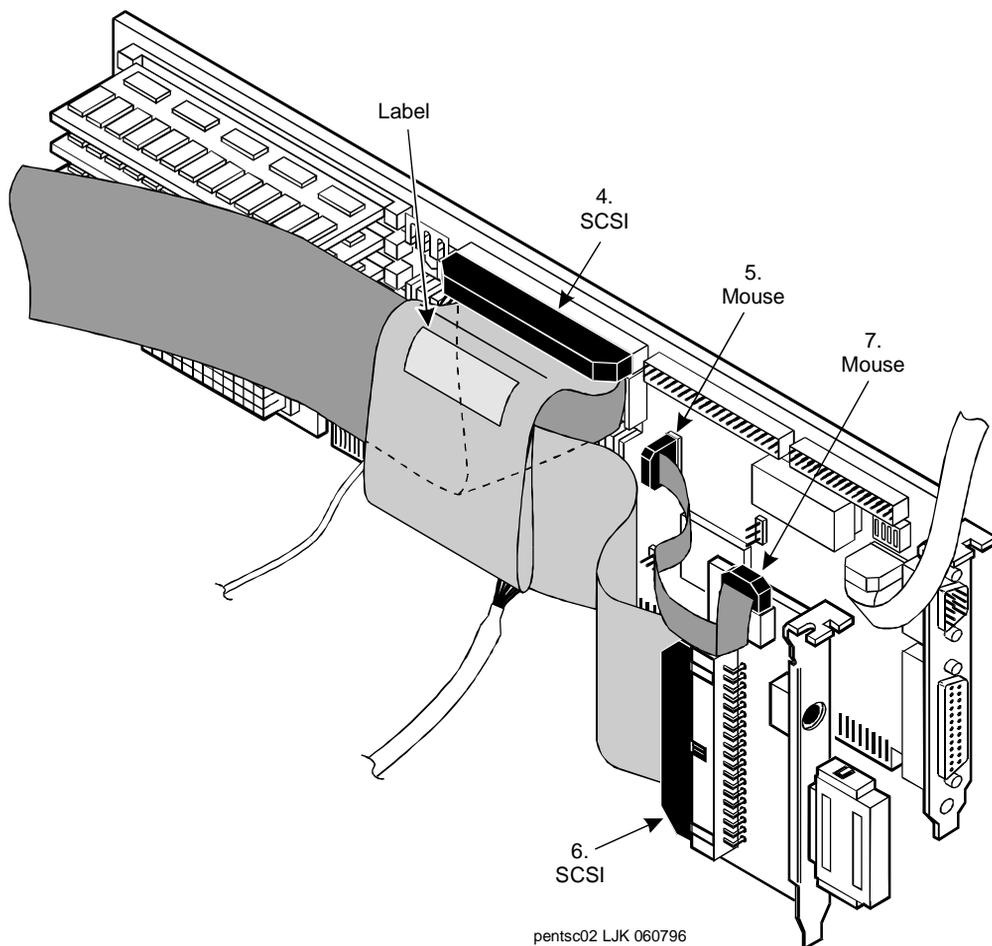
### Installation Procedure

1. Remove the remote maintenance circuit card, if installed, from Slot 9. See ["Removing a Circuit Card"](#) above for the procedure.
2. Remove the external SCSI connector circuit card from Slot 11. See ["Removing a Circuit Card"](#) above for the procedure.
3. Remove the video controller circuit card from Slot 12. See ["Removing a Circuit Card"](#) above for the procedure.
4. Complete Steps 1 and 2 of ["Installing a Circuit Card"](#) above.
5. Attach the keyboard cable to the keyboard pins on the P5 120 MHz CPU circuit card ([Figure 5-64](#)).



**Figure 5-64. Attaching Cables to the P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card, Part 1**

6. Complete Step 3 of "General Procedure."
7. Attach the disk activity cable to the P5 120 MHz CPU circuit card with the red lead toward the back of the MAP/40 or 40s ([Figure 5-64](#)).
8. Install the rear COM2 cable to the P5 120 MHz CPU circuit card ([Figure 5-64](#)).
9. Dress this cable to the side ([Figure 5-64](#)).
10. Attach the SCSI cable to the SCSI controller pins on the P5 120 MHz CPU circuit card ([Figure 5-65](#)).



**Figure 5-65. Attaching Cables to the P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card - Part 2**



**NOTE:**

The SCSI cable has a label that contains the following message ([Figure 5-65](#)):

H600-449 6() ISS. ()  
MAP/40 SCSI CA  
(SCSI/( ) -P5/40)



**NOTE:**

The SCSI cable will be routed over top of the disk activity cable ([Figure 5-65](#)).

11. Attach the mouse cable to the P5 120 MHz CPU circuit card ([Figure 5-65](#)).
12. Attach the SCSI cable to the external SCSI connector circuit card ([Figure 5-65](#)).
13. Install the external SCSI connector circuit card. See "[External SCSI Connector Circuit Card](#)" below for the procedure.
14. Attach the SCSI cable to the hard disk drive or drives.
15. Attach the SCSI cable to the cartridge tape drive.

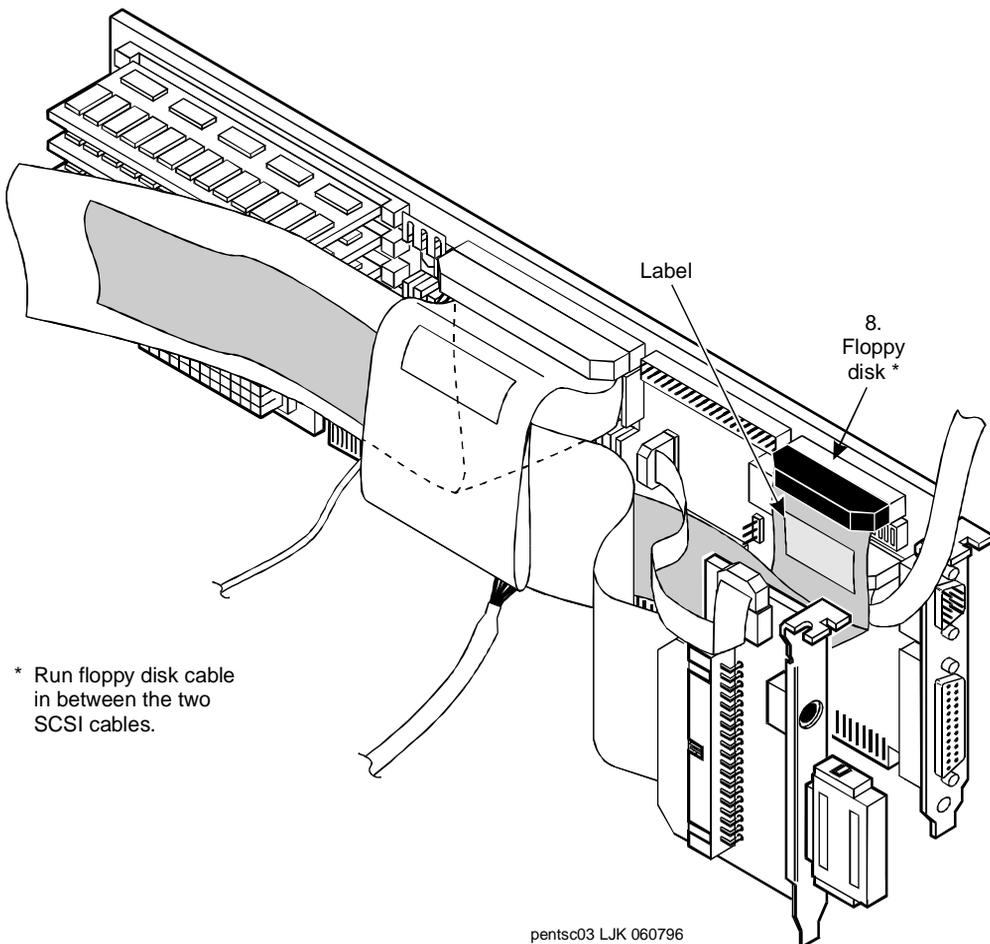


Figure 5-66. Attaching Cables to the P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card - Part 3

16. Attach the diskette cable to the floppy cable pins on the P5 120 MHz CPU circuit card ([Figure 5-66](#)).



**NOTE:**

The floppy cable has a label that contains the following message ([Figure 5-66](#)):

```
H600-449 6() ISS. ()  
MAP/40 Floppy CA  
(Floppy/( ) -P5/40)
```

17. Dress this cable through the SCSI cable and beneath the external SCSI connector circuit card ([Figure 5-66](#)).
18. Install the video controller circuit card. See "[Video Controller Circuit Cards](#)" below for the procedure.
19. Install the remote maintenance circuit card, if equipped. See "[Remote Maintenance Circuit Card](#)" below for the procedure.
20. Complete Steps 4 through 11 of "General Procedure."

## Host Adapter Parameter Settings



**CAUTION:**

*Do not change the settings if there is a mismatch. Contact your remote maintenance center for assistance.*

1. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
2. After the power on self test (POST) but before the system boots, press **(CONTROL) + [A]** when prompted.

The system displays the Host Adapter Configuration screen ([Figure 5-67](#)).

Would you like to configure the Host Adapter, or run the SCSI disk utilities? Select the option and press <Enter>. Press <F5> to switch between color and monochrome modes.

Options  
 Configure/View Host Adapter Settings  
 SCSI Disk Utilities

**Figure 5-67. Host Adapter Configuration Screen**

3. Place the cursor on Configure/View Host Adapter Settings. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
4. Press (ENTER).
5. Compare the settings shown on the screen with the parameters listed in [Table 5-6](#).

**Table 5-6. SCSI Bus Interface Definitions**

Option	Setting
Host Adapter SCSI ID	7
SCSI Parity Checking	Enabled
Host Adapter SCSI Termination	Disabled

6. Place the cursor on SCSI Device Configuration. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
7. Press (ENTER).

Compare the settings shown on the screen with the correct parameters listed in [Table 5-7](#).



**NOTE:**

These settings must be applied to all SCSI IDs (0 – 7) shown.

**Table 5-7. SCSI Device Configuration**

Option	Setting
Initiate Sync Negotiation	Yes
Maximum Sync Transfer Rate	5.0
Enable Disconnection	Yes
Send Start Unit Command	No
Include In BIOS Scan	Yes

- Press **(ESC)**.

The system displays the SCSI bus interface definitions screen.

- Place the cursor on **Advanced Configuration Options**. Use the up **(▲)** and down **(▼)** arrows to move the cursor.
- Press **(ENTER)**.

Compare the settings shown on the screen with the correct parameters listed in [Table 5-8](#).

**Table 5-8. Advanced Configuration Options**

Option	Setting
Reset SCSI Bus	Enabled
Host Adapter BIOS	Enabled
Support Removable Disks	Disabled
Extended BIOS Translations	Disabled
BIOS Support > 2 Drives	Disabled

- Press **(ESC)**.

The system displays the SCSI bus interface definitions screen.

12. Press **(ESC)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Exit Utilities
  Yes
  No
```

13. Place the cursor on **Yes**. Use the up **(▲)** and down **(▼)** arrows to move the cursor.
14. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Please press any key to reboot.
```

15. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system reboots and responds with the UNIX prompt (#).

You have completed verifying the Host Adapter settings.

## CMOS Parameter Settings



### CAUTION:

*Do not change the settings if there is a mismatch. Contact your local technical support representative for assistance.*

1. Perform a hard reboot of the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.



### NOTE:

You must perform a hard reboot to access the CMOS parameter settings.

2. During the POST, press **(S)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Please standby for SETUP Utility...
```

After the system has installed the BIOS it displays the CMOS basic options set-up menu.

3. Compare the P5 120 MHz CPU circuit card settings in the setup menu with the default parameters listed in [Table 5-9](#).



### NOTE:

The settings in [Table 5-9](#) may differ from the default parameters due to other equipped feature circuit cards in your system.

**Table 5-9. CMOS Basic Option Settings for the P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card**

Option	Setting
<b>Time and Date</b>	
Set the time and date to the current time and date.	
Time/Date Boot Errors	ON
<b>Floppy Disks</b>	
On-board floppy controller	ON
Select Drive A: Type	3.5 Inch, 1.44 MB
Select Drive B: Type	Not Installed
Floppy Configuration Errors	ON
<b>Fixed Disks</b>	
On-board IDE Interface	OFF
Set Hard Disk 1 Type	SCSI Drive Installed
Set Hard Disk 2 Type	Not Installed (If there is only one disk installed)
<b>Video Adapter</b>	
Select Video Adapter Type	VGA/EGA
Video Configuration Errors	ON
<b>Keyboard</b>	
Keyboard Configuration Errors	ON
Set Keyboard Typematic Rate	NO
<b>Shadow RAM</b>	
Address: C000:0 Status	SHADOW
Address: C800:0 Status	SHADOW
Address: D400:0 Status	ROM
Address: DC00:0 Status	ROM
Address: E000:0 Status	SHADOW
Address: F000:0 Status	SHADOW
<b>Boot Options</b>	
Boot Drive Sequence	Drive A: then C:
Keyboard Numlock at Boot	OFF

*Continued on next page*

**Table 5-9. CMOS Basic Option Settings for the P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card — *Continued***

Option	Setting
<b>Password Options</b>	
Password Protect Options	None
<b>Password Edit</b>	
Skip these options.	

4. To change the parameter settings, complete the following Steps a through d.
  - a. Place the cursor on the appropriate heading. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  - b. Press (ENTER).
  - c. Change the parameters. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  - d. Press (ENTER).
5. Place the cursor on **Advanced Options**.
6. Press (ENTER).

The system displays the CMOS advanced options set-up menu.

7. Compare the P5 120 MHz CPU circuit card settings in the set-up menu with the default parameters listed in [Table 5-9](#).

**⇒ NOTE:**

The settings in [Table 5-10](#) may differ from the default parameters due to other equipped feature circuit cards in your system.

**Table 5-10. CMOS Advanced Option Settings for the P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card**

Option	Setting
<b>Serial Ports</b>	
16550 Compatible UART 1:	03F8, IRQ4
16550 Compatible UART 2:	02F8, IRQ3

*Continued on next page*

**Table 5-10. CMOS Advanced Option Settings for the P5 120 MHz CPU  
 Circuit Card — Continued**

Option	Setting
<b>Parallel Ports</b>	
Select Parallel Port Address:	0378
Select Parallel Port IRQ:	IRQ7
Select Parallel Port Mode:	ISA Compatible
<b>PS/2 Mouse</b>	
On-board PS/2 Mouse Port	OFF
<b>Cache</b>	
Internal 16K Code/Data Cache:	Enabled
Level 2 Write Back Cache:	Enabled
Level 2 Cache Test:	Disabled
<b>PCI Configuration</b>	
Is C800 Available?	YES
Is CC00 Available?	YES
Is D000 Available?	NO
Is D400 Available?	NO
Is D800 Available?	NO
Is DC00 Available?	NO
Is IRQ5 Available?	NO
Is IRQ9 Available?	NO
Is IRQ10 Available?	NO
Is IRQ11 Available?	NO
Is IRQ12 Available?	NO
Is IRQ14 Available?	YES
Is IRQ15 Available?	NO
Integrated Adeptec PCI SCSI:	Enabled
PCI Bus Device 00:00:	OK
PCI Bus Device 00:01:	OK
PCI Bus Device 00:02:	OK

*Continued on next page*

**Table 5-10. CMOS Advanced Option Settings for the P5 120 MHz CPU  
 Circuit Card — Continued**

Option	Setting
<b>PCI INT/IRQ Binding</b>	
INTA IRQ Availability	AUTOMATIC
INTB IRQ Availability	AUTOMATIC
INTC IRQ Availability	AUTOMATIC
INTD IRQ Availability	AUTOMATIC
<b>Memory Options</b>	
Base Memory Size:	640K
Memory Gap Block Size:	4 Mbyte
Memory Gap Address Range	12-16 Mbyte
<b>System Performance</b>	
ISA Bus Speed	7.5 MHz
Guaranteed Access Time:	Disabled
DRAM Performance Mode:	Enhanced
PCI Burst Mode:	Standard
PCI to Memory Posting	Standard
Host to PCI Posting	Standard
DMA Performance Mode:	Standard
ISA Performance Mode:	Standard
8-Bit I/O Recovery Time:	6 SYSCLK
16-Bit I/O Recovery Time:	6 SYSCLK
<b>Miscellaneous</b>	
Watchdog Timer Delay:	1.2 sec
ISA/PCI Option ROM Scan Order	PCI ROM Scan First
<b>Console Redirection</b>	
COM1 Baud Rate:	NOT USED
COM2 Baud Rate:	NOT USED
COM3 Baud Rate:	NOT USED
COM4 Baud Rate:	NOT USED

8. To change the parameter settings, complete the following Steps a through d.
  - a. Place the cursor on the appropriate heading. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  - b. Press (ENTER).
  - c. Change the parameters. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  - d. Press (ENTER).
9. Place the cursor on `Basic Options`.
10. Press (ENTER).

The system displays the CMOS basic options set-up menu.
11. Place the cursor on `Flash It!`.
12. Press (ENTER).

The system displays the following message.

```
Make Settings Permanent
    Yes
    No
```
13. Place the cursor on `Yes`.
14. Press (ENTER).

The system displays the following message.

```
Reset in progress.
```

After approximately three minutes, the system reboots and displays the UNIX prompt (#).

## Upgrading a System from a 486 CPU to a P5 120 MHz CPU

The CPU can be upgraded from a 486 to a P5 120 MHz:

- Without reinstalling the UnixWare system
- While reinstalling the UnixWare system

### Upgrading the CPU without Reinstalling the UnixWare System

To complete the CPU upgrade, without reinstalling the UnixWare system, you must have all of the components listed in [Table 5-11](#).

**Table 5-11. Necessary Components for Upgrading a 486 to a P5 120 MHz without Reinstalling the UnixWare System**

✓	Component	Quantity	Comcode
	P5 120 MHz CPU with 0 Mbytes of memory	1	407515204
	Video controller circuit card	1	407530013
	SCSI terminator	1	407524719
	External SCSI connector circuit card	1	407524073
	SCSI cable	1	H600-449 G2
	Floppy cable	1	H600-452 G1
	Bus activity cable	1	H600-446 G1
	Bus mouse cable	1	H600-447 G1
	Nylon cable tie	4	406666438
	Adaptec PCI SCSI Host Adapter Driver - IRQ 14 diskette	1	N/A

*Continued on next page*

**NOTE:**

If the 486 CPU is equipped with only 16 Mbytes of memory, order an additional 16-Mbyte SIMM. The new SIMM must be the one installed on the 486 CPU.

To upgrade a system from a 486 CPU to a P5 120 MHz CPU, do the following:

1. If your system includes any of the following ([Figure 5-21](#)):
  - AYC2B circuit card
  - AYC2C circuit card
  - AYC9 circuit card

Complete the following Steps a and b:

- a. Enter **vi /stand/boot**
- b. Enter **MEMRANGE=0-640K:256,1M-12M:512,16M-1024M:8074**

If your system does not include any of the above-listed circuit cards, skip this step and continue with Step 2.

2. If your system is equipped with an Ethernet LAN circuit card, view the **/etc/conf/sdevice.d/sme0** file and make sure the circuit card is not using the address range **c8000-cbfff**.

If the Ethernet LAN circuit card is using **c8000-cbfff** as the address range, change the address range before continuing with Step 3. See the Ethernet LAN circuit card documentation for the procedure.

If your system is not equipped with an Ethernet LAN circuit card, skip this step and continue with Step 3.

3. Enter **/etc/conf/bin/ldtune -f MAXDMAPAGE 4096**
4. Edit the **/etc/conf/sdevice.d/adsc** file and enter **N** in the second column of the **adsc** line.
5. Insert the floppy disk labeled "Adaptec PCI SCSI Host Adapter Driver — IRQ14" into the floppy drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

6. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

7. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress. Do not remove the diskette.  
  
The following sets are available:
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]
```

8. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Processing of <Set> is completed.
```

```
The following sets are available:
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]
```

9. Enter **q**

The system displays the UNIX prompt.

10. Make sure that the light on the floppy disk drive is off and remove the diskette. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
11. View the **/etc/conf/sdevice.d/adsl0** file and make sure there are no lines with the word `loadable` present.

If the word `loadable` does exist, contact your remote maintenance center.

 **NOTE:**

If the word `loadable` does exist, but is preceded by a #, it has been commented out. Ignore the word and proceed with Step 12.

12. View the `/etc/conf/sdevice.d/ibmtok` file and make sure the token ring setting does not have DMA in the range **C8000 - CBFFF**.

If the DMA is in this range, contact your remote maintenance center.

13. Enter `/etc/conf/bin/idbuild -B`

This will rebuild the UnixWare kernel.

14. After the kernel has been rebuilt, enter `/etc/shutdown -g0 y`

This will shut down the system.

15. Remove power from the MAP/40. See "[Removing Power from the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for power removal procedures.

16. Remove the dress cover, circuit card access panel, and circuit card retaining bracket. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for component removal procedures.

17. Disconnect the monitor cable from the video controller circuit card faceplate ([Figure 5-83](#)).

18. Remove the retaining screw from the video controller circuit card faceplate and save it.

19. Remove the video controller circuit card from the backplane slot by gently pulling on each corner of the card.

20. Locate the SCSI host adapter controller circuit card ([Figure 5-78](#)) in Slot 12 of the MAP/40.

21. Disconnect the floppy disk cable from the SCSI host adapter controller circuit card ([Figure 5-78](#)).

22. Disconnect the floppy disk cable from the back of the floppy disk drive.

 **CAUTION:**

*Do not remove the PCBA adapter card.*

23. Remove the floppy disk cable from the MAP/40 and set it aside.

You will not need this cable with the P5 120 MHz CPU.

24. Disconnect the SCSI cable from the SCSI host adapter controller circuit card ([Figure 5-78](#)).

25. Disconnect the SCSI cable from the back of Hard Disk Drive 0.

26. If your system is equipped with Hard Disk Drive 1, disconnect the SCSI cable from the back of Hard Disk Drive 1.
27. Disconnect the SCSI cable from the back of the cartridge tape drive.
28. Remove the SCSI cable from the MAP/40 and set it aside.  
You will not need this cable with the P5 120 MHz CPU.
29. Disconnect the bus activity cable from the SCSI host adapter controller circuit card ([Figure 5-78](#)).
30. Disconnect the bus activity cable from the MAP/40 12-slot backplane.
31. Remove the bus activity cable from the MAP/40 and set it aside.  
You will not need this cable with the P5 120 MHz CPU.
32. Remove the retaining screw from the SCSI host adapter controller circuit card faceplate and save it.
33. Remove the SCSI host adapter controller circuit card from the backplane slot by gently pulling on each corner of the card.
34. Locate the 486 CPU circuit card in Slot 10 of the MAP/40 ([Figure 5-68](#)).
35. Disconnect the keyboard cable from the 486 CPU circuit card ([Figure 5-68](#)).
36. Disconnect the keyboard cable from the MAP/40.
37. Remove the keyboard cable from the MAP/40 and set it aside.  
You will not need this cable with the P5 120 MHz CPU.
38. Disconnect the COM2 cable from the 486 CPU circuit card ([Figure 5-68](#)).
39. Disconnect the COM2 cable from the MAP/40.
40. Remove the COM2 cable from the MAP/40 and set it aside.  
You will not need this cable with the P5 120 MHz CPU.
41. Remove the retaining screw from the 486 CPU circuit card faceplate and save it.
42. Remove the 486 CPU circuit card from the backplane slot by gently pulling on each corner of the card.
43. Remove the SIMMs from the 486 CPU circuit card ([Figure 5-68](#)). See "[Removing SIMMs](#)" in [Chapter 7, "Replacing Other Components"](#).
44. Install the SIMMs on the P5 120 MHz CPU circuit card. See "[Installing SIMMs](#)" in [Chapter 7, "Replacing Other Components"](#).

 **NOTE:**

Make sure you follow the P5 120 MHz CPU memory configuration rules. See "[Memory and SIMM Description](#)" in [Chapter 7, "Replacing Other Components"](#), for the configuration rules.

45. Install the new video controller circuit card ([Figure 5-81](#)) in the slot designated by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator.
46. Install the External SCSI connector circuit card ([Figure 5-77](#)) in the slot designated by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator.
47. Place the P5 120 MHz CPU circuit card in the slot designated by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator. See "[P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card](#)" above for the procedure.
48. Replace the circuit card retaining bracket, circuit card access panel, and MAP/40 dress panel. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for component replacement procedures.
49. Install toroids on all cables. See "[Replacing the Electromagnetic Interference Reduction Components](#)" in [Chapter 7, "Replacing Other Components"](#), for toroid installation procedures.
50. Apply power to the unit. See "[Restoring Power to the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for instructions on restoring power.
51. Reboot the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

## Upgrading the CPU while Reinstalling the UnixWare System

To complete the CPU upgrade while reinstalling the UnixWare system, you must have all of the components listed in [Table 5-12](#).

**Table 5-12. Necessary Components for Upgrading a 486 to a P5 120 MHz while Reinstalling the UnixWare System**

✓	Component	Quantity	Comcode
	P5 120 MHz CPU with 0 Mbytes of memory	1	407515204
	Video controller circuit card	1	407530013
	SCSI terminator	1	407524719
	External SCSI connector circuit card	1	407524073
	SCSI cable	1	H600-449 G2
	Floppy cable	1	H600-452 G1
	Bus activity cable	1	H600-446 G1
	Bus mouse cable	1	H600-447 G1
	Nylon cable tie	4	406666438

### NOTE:

If the 486 CPU is equipped with only 16 Mbytes of memory, you will have to order an additional 16-Mbyte SIMM. The new SIMM must be identical to the one installed on the 486 CPU.

To upgrade a system from a 486 CPU to a P5 120 MHz CPU, do the following:

1. If the system is in service, perform the following steps:
  - a. Stop the voice system. See [“Stopping the Voice System”](#) in [Chapter 3, “Common System Procedures,”](#) for the procedure.
  - b. Shut down the voice system. See [“Shutting Down the Voice System”](#) in [Chapter 3, “Common System Procedures,”](#) for the procedure.
  - c. Shut down the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. See [“Shutting Down the Operating System”](#) in [Chapter 3, “Common System Procedures,”](#) for the procedure.
2. Remove power from the MAP/40. See [“Removing Power from the MAP/40”](#) in [Chapter 4, “Getting Inside the Computer,”](#) for power removal procedures.

3. Remove the dress cover, circuit card access panel, and circuit card retaining bracket. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for component removal procedures.
4. Disconnect the monitor cable from the video controller circuit card faceplate ([Figure 5-83](#)).
5. Remove the retaining screw from the video controller circuit card faceplate and save it.
6. Remove the video controller circuit card from the backplane slot by gently pulling on each corner of the card.
7. Locate the SCSI host adapter controller circuit card ([Figure 5-78](#)) in Slot 12 of the MAP/40.
8. Disconnect the floppy disk cable from the SCSI host adapter controller circuit card ([Figure 5-78](#)).
9. Disconnect the floppy disk cable from the back of the floppy disk drive.



**CAUTION:**

*Do not remove the PCBA adapter card.*

10. Remove the floppy disk cable from the MAP/40 and set it aside.  
You will not need this cable with the P5 120 MHz CPU.
11. Disconnect the SCSI cable from the SCSI host adapter controller circuit card ([Figure 5-78](#)).
12. Disconnect the SCSI cable from the back of Hard Disk Drive 0.
13. If your system is equipped with Hard Disk Drive 1, disconnect the SCSI cable from the back of Hard Disk Drive 1.
14. Disconnect the SCSI cable from the back of the cartridge tape drive.
15. Remove the SCSI cable from the MAP/40 and set it aside.  
You will not need this cable with the P5 120 MHz CPU.
16. Disconnect the bus activity cable from the SCSI host adapter controller circuit card ([Figure 5-78](#)).
17. Disconnect the bus activity cable from the MAP/40 12-slot backplane.
18. Remove the bus activity cable from the MAP/40 and set it aside.  
You will not need this cable with the P5 120 MHz CPU.
19. Remove the retaining screw from the SCSI host adapter controller circuit card faceplate and save it.
20. Remove the SCSI host adapter controller circuit card from the backplane slot by gently pulling on each corner of the card.
21. Locate the 486 CPU circuit card in Slot 10 of the MAP/40 ([Figure 5-68](#)).

22. Disconnect the keyboard cable from the 486 CPU circuit card ([Figure 5-68](#)).
23. Disconnect the keyboard cable from the MAP/40.
24. Remove the keyboard cable from the MAP/40 and set it aside.  
You will not need this cable with the P5 120 MHz CPU.
25. Disconnect the COM2 cable from the 486 CPU circuit card ([Figure 5-68](#)).
26. Disconnect the COM2 cable from the MAP/40.
27. Remove the COM2 cable from the MAP/40 and set it aside.  
You will not need this cable with the P5 120 MHz CPU.
28. Remove the retaining screw from the 486 CPU circuit card faceplate and save it.
29. Remove the 486 CPU circuit card from the backplane slot by gently pulling on each corner of the card.
30. Remove the SIMMs from the 486 CPU circuit card ([Figure 5-68](#)). See "[Removing SIMMs](#)" in [Chapter 7, "Replacing Other Components"](#).
31. Install the SIMMs on the P5 120 MHz CPU circuit card. See "[Installing SIMMs](#)" in [Chapter 7, "Replacing Other Components"](#).

 **NOTE:**

Make sure you follow the P5 120 MHz CPU memory configuration rules. See "[Memory and SIMM Description](#)" in [Chapter 7, "Replacing Other Components"](#), for the configuration rules.

32. Install the new video controller circuit card ([Figure 5-81](#)) in the slot designated by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator.
33. Install the External SCSI connector circuit card ([Figure 5-77](#)) in the slot designated by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator.
34. Place the P5 120 MHz CPU circuit card in the slot designated by the Conversant Hardware Resource Allocator. See "[P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card](#)" above for the procedure.
35. Replace the circuit card retaining bracket, circuit card access panel, and MAP/40 dress panel. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for component replacement procedures.
36. Install toroids on all cables. See "[Replacing the Electromagnetic Interference Reduction Components](#)" in [Chapter 7, "Replacing Other Components"](#), for toroid installation procedures.
37. Apply power to the unit. See "[Restoring Power to the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for instructions on restoring power.
38. Install UnixWare. See "[Installing Base System Software](#)" in [Chapter 9, "Installing Base System Software"](#), for the procedure.

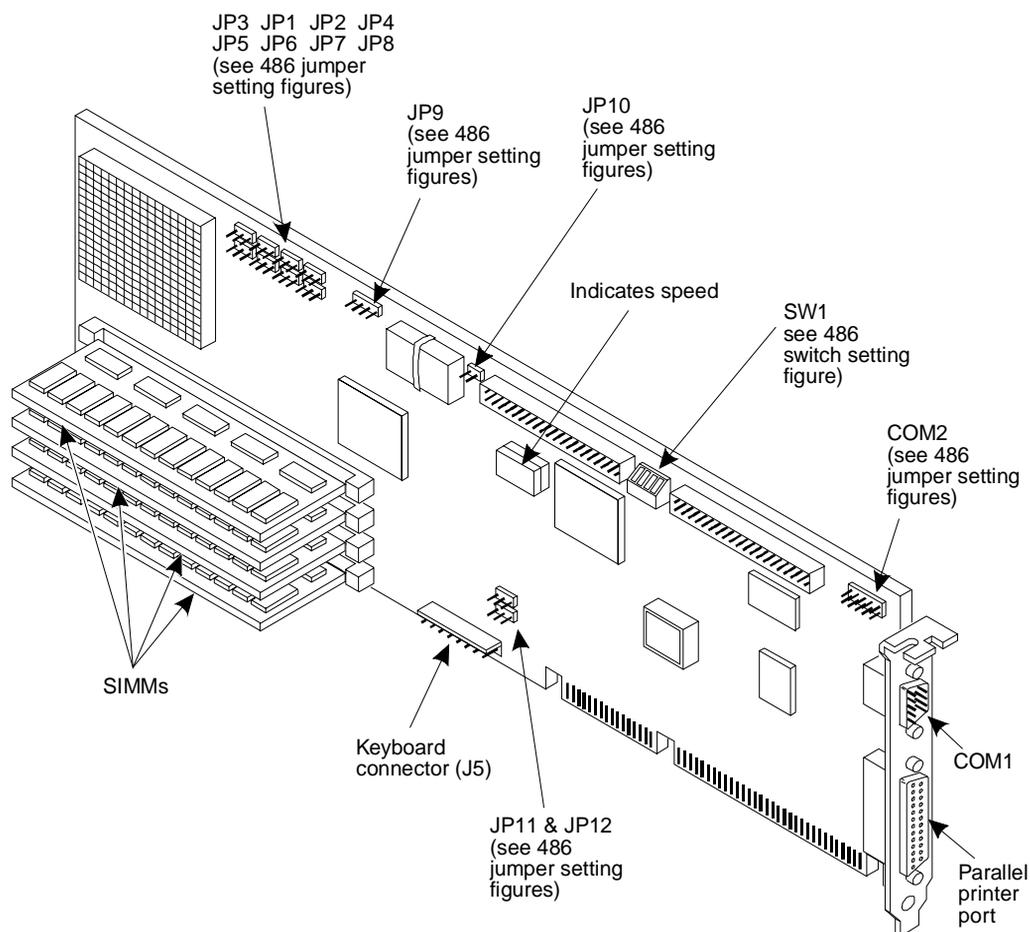
## 486 CPU Circuit Card

The 486 CPU circuit card supports up to four 16-Mbyte SIMMs for a total of 64 Mbytes of memory. There are two revisions of this card, revision 1 ([Figure 5-68](#)) and revision 2 ([Figure 5-69](#)).



**NOTE:**

The INTUITY CONVERSANT system must have a minimum of 32 Mbyte of memory.



**Figure 5-68. 486 CPU Circuit Card, Revision 1**

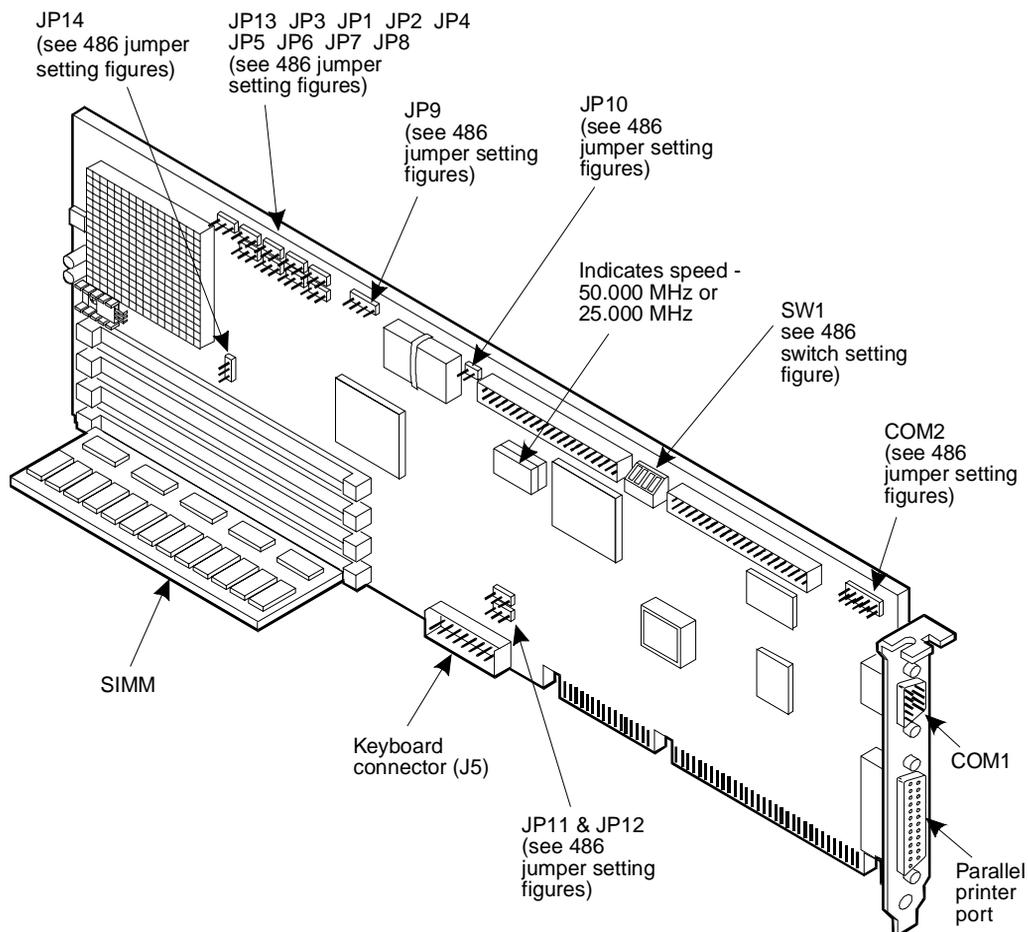


Figure 5-69. 486 CPU Circuit Card, Revision 2

### Jumper Settings

[Figure 5-70](#) shows the jumper settings on the 486 25-MHz circuit card.

[Figure 5-71](#) shows the jumper settings on the 486 50-MHz circuit card.

[Figure 5-68](#) shows the location of the jumpers (JP1 through JP12) on the 486 CPU circuit card. Verify that they are set as shown in [Figure 5-70](#) and [Figure 5-71](#).

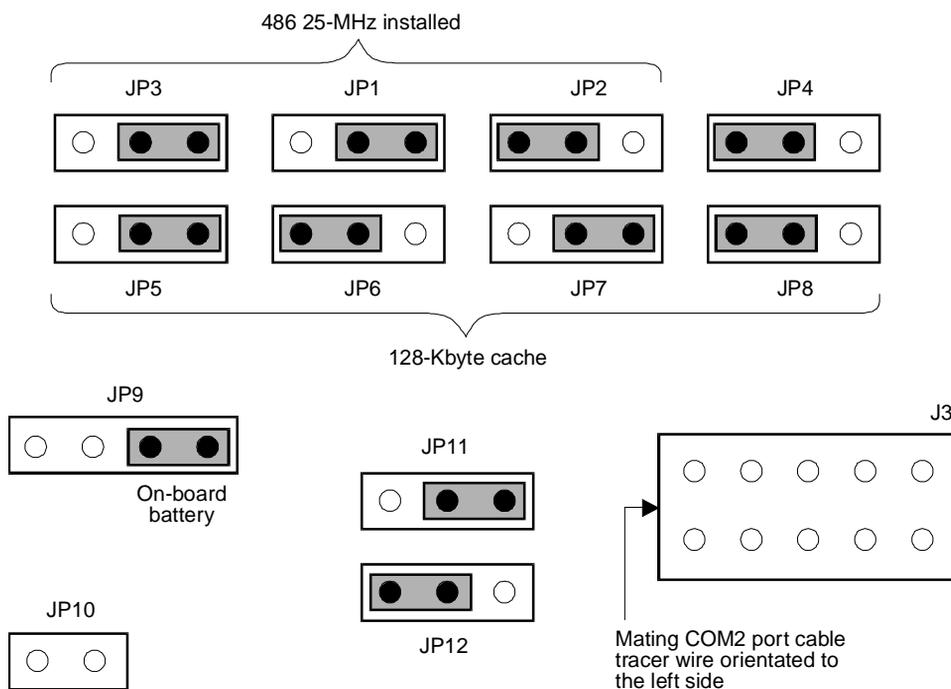
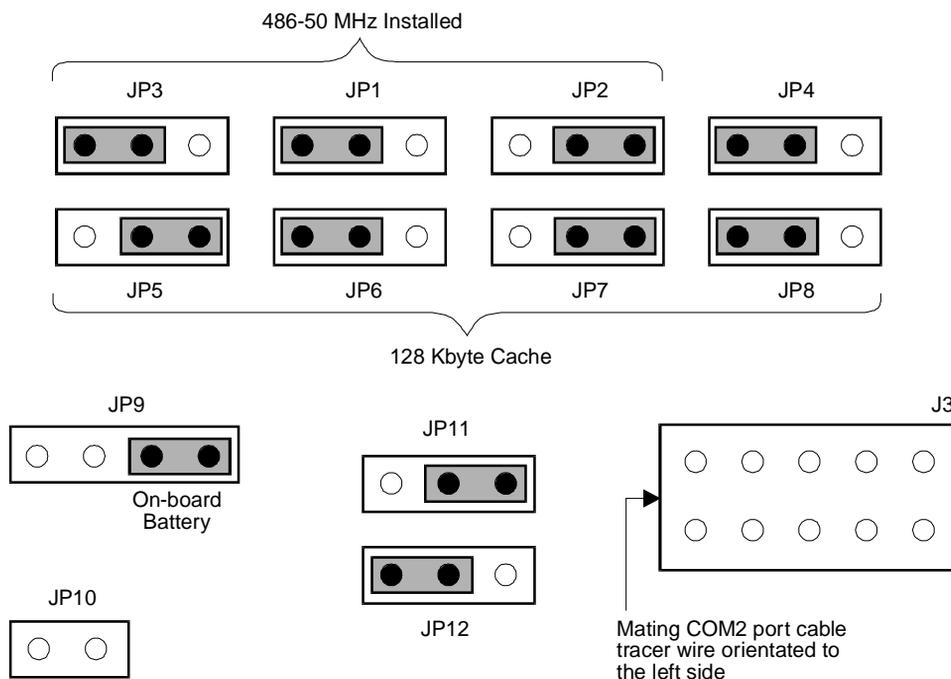


Figure 5-70. Jumper Settings for the 25-MHz 486 CPU Card, Revision 1



**Figure 5-71. Jumper Settings for the 50-MHz 486 CPU Card, Revision 1**

[Figure 5-72](#) shows the jumper settings on the 486 25-MHz circuit card.

[Figure 5-71](#) shows the jumper settings on the 486 50-MHz circuit card.

[Figure 5-69](#) shows the location of the jumpers (JP1 through JP12) on the 486 CPU circuit card. Verify that they are set as shown in [Figure 5-72](#) and [Figure 5-73](#).

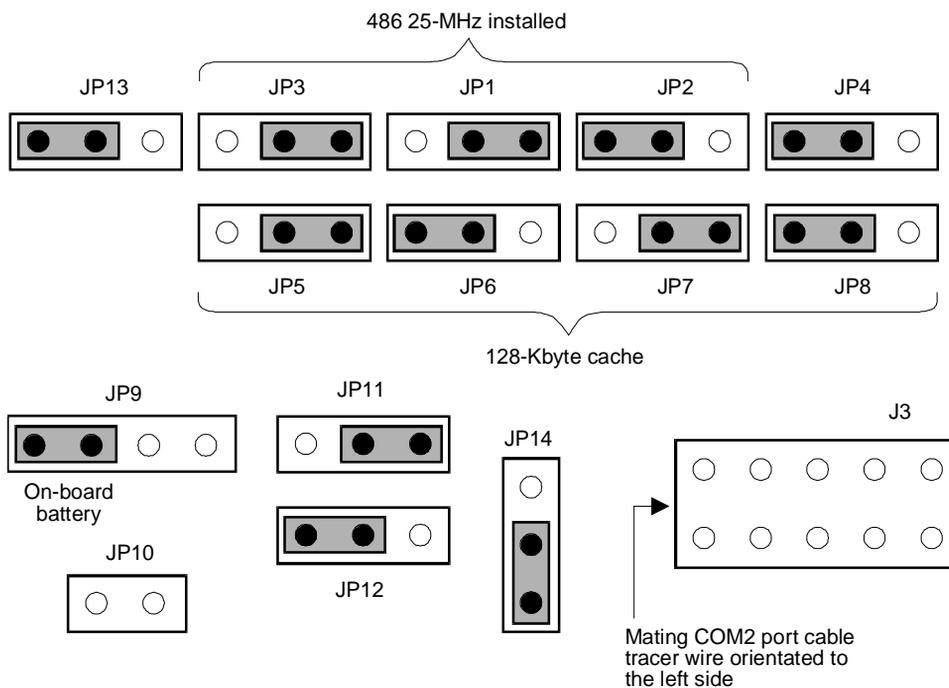


Figure 5-72. Jumper Settings for the 25MHz 486 CPU Card, Revision 2

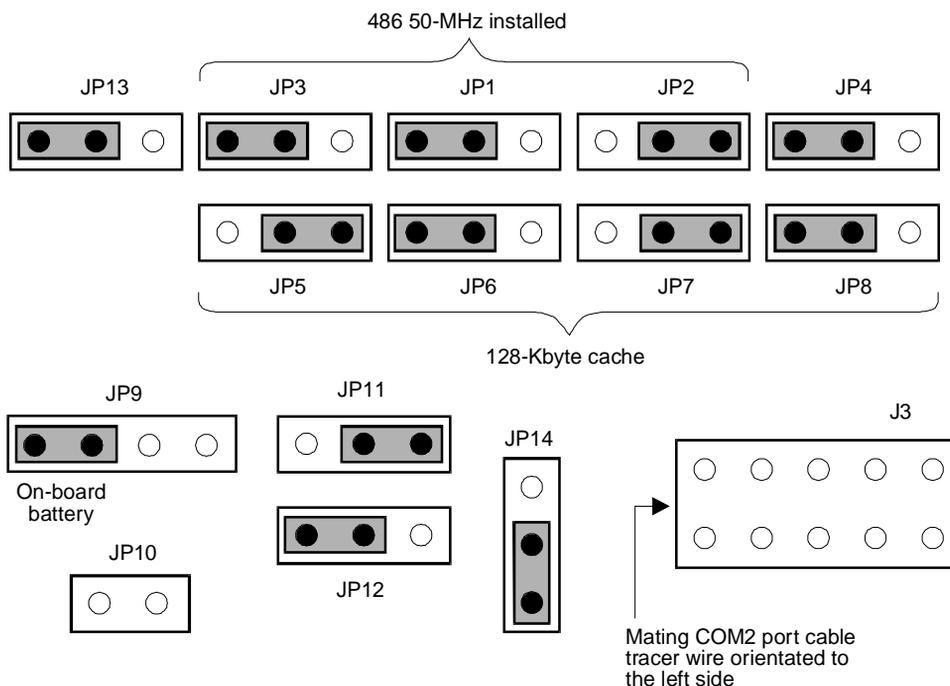


Figure 5-73. Jumper Settings for the 50MHz 486 CPU Card, Revision 2

### Switch Settings

Figure 5-68 shows the location of the rocker switch (SW1) on the 486 CPU circuit card. Verify that it is set as shown in Figure 5-74. This figure applies to both the 25-MHz and the 50-MHz card.

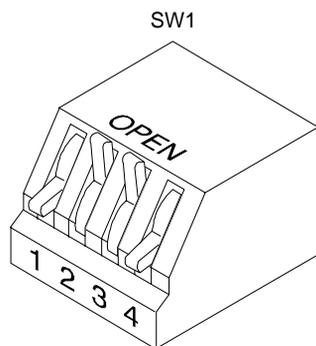


Figure 5-74. Switch Settings for the 486 CPU Card

## Installation Procedure

1. Remove the remote maintenance circuit card, if installed, from Slot 9. See "[Removing a Circuit Card](#)" above for the procedure.
2. Remove the video controller card from Slot 12. See "[Removing a Circuit Card](#)" above for the procedure.
3. Complete Steps 1 and 2 of "General Procedure."
4. Attach the keyboard cable to the keyboard pins on the 486 CPU circuit card ([Figure 5-68](#) or [Figure 5-69](#)).
5. Complete Step 3 of "General Procedure."
6. Attach the disk activity cable to the 486 CPU circuit card with the red lead toward the back of the MAP/40.
7. Install the rear COM2 cable to the 486 CPU circuit card.
8. Dress this cable to the side.
9. Attach the mouse cable to the 486 CPU circuit card.
10. Attach the floppy disk cable to the floppy cable pins on the 486 CPU circuit card ([Figure 5-68](#) or [Figure 5-69](#)).
11. Install the video controller circuit card. See "[Video Controller Circuit Cards](#)" below for the procedure.
12. Install the remote maintenance circuit card, if equipped. See "[Remote Maintenance Circuit Card](#)" below for the procedure.
13. Complete Steps 4 through 11 of "General Procedure."

## CMOS Basic Parameter Settings

### CAUTION:

*Do not change the settings if there is a mismatch. Contact your local technical support representative for assistance.*

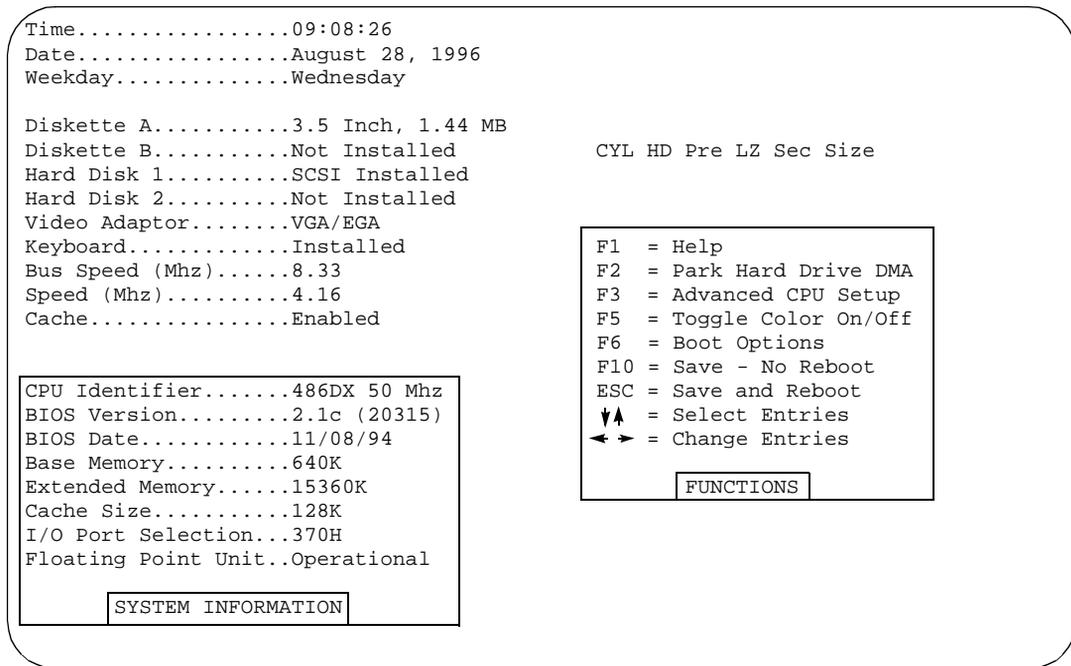
1. Perform a hard reboot of the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

### NOTE:

You must perform a hard reboot to access the CMOS parameter settings.

2. During the POST, press **(ESC)**.

After the system has completed POST, it displays the CMOS Basic Options Set-Up screen ([Figure 5-75](#)).



**Figure 5-75. CMOS Basic Options Set-Up Screen**

3. Compare the 486 CPU circuit card settings in the setup menu with the default parameters listed in [Table 5-13](#) and [Table 5-14](#).

**NOTE:**

The settings in [Table 5-13](#) and [Table 5-14](#) may differ from the default parameters due to other equipped feature circuit cards in your system.

**Table 5-13. CMOS Basic Option Settings for the 486 CPU Circuit Card**

Option	Setting	
	50 MHz	25 MHz
Set the time and date to the current time and date.		
Select Drive A: Type	3.5 Inch, 1.44 MB	3.5 Inch, 1.44 MB
Select Drive B: Type	Not Installed	Not Installed
Set Hard Disk 1 Type	SCSI Drive Installed	SCSI Drive Installed

*Continued on next page*

**Table 5-13. CMOS Basic Option Settings for the 486 CPU Circuit Card — Continued**

Option	Setting	
	50 MHz	25 MHz
Set Hard Disk 2 Type	Not Installed (If there is only one disk installed)	Not Installed (If there is only one disk installed)
Select Video Adapter Type	VGA/EGA	VGA/EGA
Keyboard	Installed	Installed
Diskette Verify	Enabled	Enabled
Bus Speed	8.33	8.33
DMA Speed	4.16	4.16
Cache	Enabled	Enabled

**Table 5-14. System Information for the 486 CPU Circuit Card**

Option	Setting	
	50 MHz	25 MHz
CPU Identifier	486 DX 50 MHz	486 DX 25 MHz
BIOS Version	2.1c (20315)	2.1c (20315)
BIOS Date	11/08/94	11/08/94
Base Memory	640K	640K
Extended Memory	15360K	15360K
Cache Size	128K	128K
I/O Port Selection	370h	370h
Floating Port Unit	Operational	Operational

4. To change the parameter settings, complete the following Steps a and b.
  - a. Place the cursor on the appropriate heading. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  - b. Change the parameters. Use the left (◀) and right (▶) arrows to change the field.
5. View the System Boot Options. See "[System Boot Options](#)" below for the procedure.

## System Boot Options

To view the system boot options, do the following:

1. Starting at the CMOS Basic Options Set-up screen ([Figure 5-75](#)), press F6  
 The system displays the system boot options.
2. Verify that the parameters match those listed in [Table 5-15](#).

**Table 5-15. System Boot Options**

Option	Setting
Boot Sequence	Drive A: then Drive C:
Keyboard Numlock	ON
Fast Boot	Disabled



### CAUTION:

*Setting Fast Boot to enabled will make it difficult to access the CMOS set-up screen in the future.*

3. To change the parameter settings, complete the following Steps a and b.
  - a. Place the cursor on the appropriate heading. Use the up  and down  arrows to move the cursor.
  - b. Change the parameters. Use the left  and right  arrows to change the field.
4. Press **ENTER**.

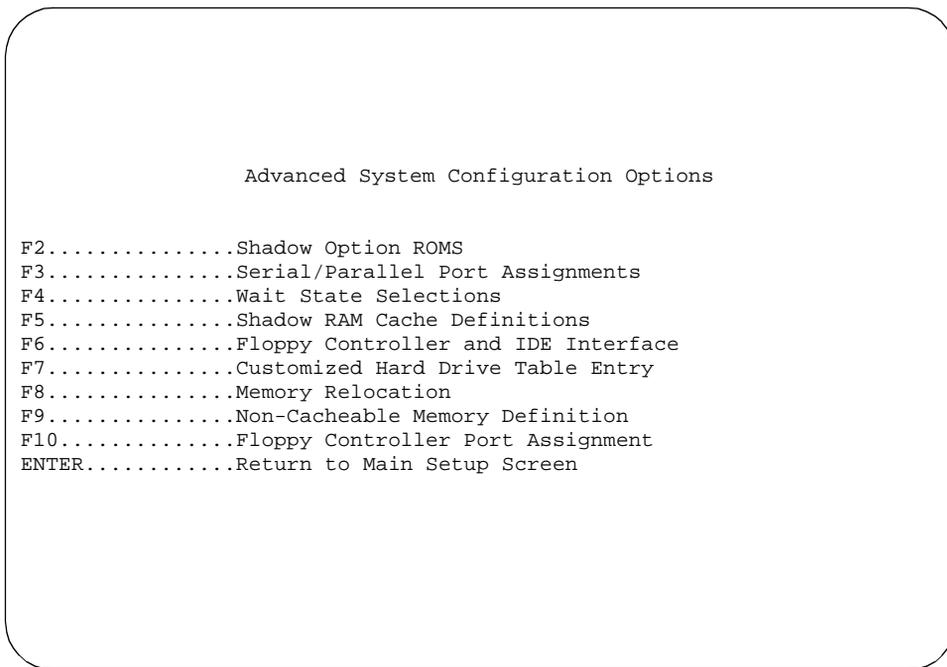
The system displays the CMOS Basic Options Set-up screen ([Figure 5-75](#)).

5. View the advanced CPU set-up options. See "[Advanced CPU Set-up Options](#)" below for the procedure.

## Advanced CPU Set-up Options

To view the advanced CPU set-up options, do the following:

- Starting at the CMOS Basic Options Set-up screen ([Figure 5-75](#)), press F3  
 The system displays the Advanced System Configuration Options screen ([Figure 5-76](#)).



**Figure 5-76. Advanced System Configuration Options Screen**

- Press F2.  
 The system displays the shadow options ROMS.
- Verify that the system parameters match those listed in [Table 5-16](#).

**Table 5-16. Shadow Options ROMS**

Option	Setting
Video	ROM
C4000	ROM
C8000	ROM
CC000	Not Equipped

*Continued on next page*

**Table 5-16. Shadow Options ROMS — Continued**

Option	Setting
D0000	Not Equipped
D4000	Not Equipped
D8000	Not Equipped
DC000	Not Equipped
E0000	Not Equipped

4. To change the parameter settings, complete the following Steps a and b.
  - a. Place the cursor on the appropriate heading. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  - b. Change the parameters. Use the left (◀) and right (▶) arrows to change the field.
5. Press (ENTER).  
 The system displays the Advanced System Configuration Options screen ([Figure 5-76](#)).
6. Press F3.  
 The system displays the serial/parallel port assignments.
7. Set these system parameters in accordance with the CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator.
8. To change the parameter settings, complete the following Steps a and b.
  - a. Place the cursor on the appropriate heading. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  - b. Change the parameters. Use the left (◀) and right (▶) arrows to change the field.
9. Press (ENTER).  
 The system displays the Advanced System Configuration Options screen ([Figure 5-76](#)).
10. Press F4.  
 The system displays the wait state selections.
11. Verify that the system parameters match those listed in [Table 5-17](#).



**CAUTION:**

*Entering different settings than those indicated in [Table 5-17](#) could cause system failures.*

**Table 5-17. Wait State Selections**

Option	Setting	
	50 MHz	25 MHz
82C206 Read/Write Cycle	2 Wait States	1 Wait State
I/O Command Recovery Time	4 Bus Clocks	4 Bus Clocks
16-Bit DMA	2 Wait States	1 Wait State
8-Bit DMA	2 Wait States	1 Wait State
DMA Address Hold	1-2 CPU Clocks	1-2 CPU Clocks
DMA CAS Timing Delay	1 CPU Clock	1 CPU Clock
Memory Wait States	2 Wait States	0 Wait States

12. To change the parameter settings, complete the following Steps a and b.
  - a. Place the cursor on the appropriate heading. Use the up  and down  arrows to move the cursor.
  - b. Change the parameters. Use the left  and right  arrows to change the field.
13. Press **ENTER**.  
 The system displays the Advanced System Configuration Options screen ([Figure 5-76](#)).
14. Press F5.  
 The system displays the shadow RAM cache definitions.
15. Verify that the system parameters match those listed in [Table 5-18](#).

**Table 5-18. Shadow RAM Cache Definitions**

Option	Setting
C000	Non-Cacheable
C400	Non-Cacheable
C800	Non-Cacheable
CC000	Non-Cacheable
D000	Non-Cacheable
D400	Non-Cacheable

*Continued on next page*

**Table 5-18. Shadow RAM Cache Definitions — Continued**

Option	Setting
D800	Non-Cacheable
DC00	Non-Cacheable
E000	Non-Cacheable
CPU BIOS	Non-Cacheable

16. To change the parameter settings, complete the following Steps a and b.
  - a. Place the cursor on the appropriate heading. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  - b. Change the parameters. Use the left (◀) and right (▶) arrows to change the field.
17. Press (ENTER).  
 The system displays the Advanced System Configuration Options screen (Figure 5-76).
18. Press F6.  
 The system displays the floppy controller and IDE interface parameters.
19. Verify that the system parameters match those listed in [Table 5-19](#).

**Table 5-19. Floppy Controller and IDE Interface**

Option	Setting
Floppy Controller	External
IDE Interface	External

20. To change the parameter settings, complete the following Steps a and b.
  - a. Place the cursor on the appropriate heading. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
  - b. Change the parameters. Use the left (◀) and right (▶) arrows to change the field.
21. Press (ENTER).  
 The system displays the Advanced System Configuration Options screen (Figure 5-76).

22. Press F7.

The system displays the customized hard drive table entry.

23. Verify that the system parameters match those listed in [Table 5-20](#).

**Table 5-20. Customized Hard Drive Table Entry**

Option	CYL	HD	PRE	LZ	SEC	SIZE
Type 48	0	0	0	0	0	0
Type 49	0	0	0	0	0	0

24. To change the parameter settings, complete the following Steps a and b.

a. Place the cursor on the appropriate heading. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.

b. Change the parameters. Use the left (◀) and right (▶) arrows to change the field.

25. Press (ENTER).

The system displays the Advanced System Configuration Options screen ([Figure 5-76](#)).

26. Press F8.

The system displays the memory relocation parameters.

27. Verify that the system parameters match those listed in [Table 5-21](#).

**Table 5-21. Memory Relocation Parameters**

Option	Setting
Memory Remapping	Disabled

28. To change the parameter settings, complete the following Steps a and b.

a. Place the cursor on the appropriate heading. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.

b. Change the parameters. Use the left (◀) and right (▶) arrows to change the field.

29. Press (ENTER).

The system displays the Advanced System Configuration Options screen ([Figure 5-76](#)).

30. Press F9.

The system displays the non-cacheable memory definitions.

31. Verify that the system parameters match those listed in [Table 5-22](#).

**Table 5-22. Non-Cacheable Memory Definitions**

Option	Status	Addresses		Block Size
		Starting	Ending	
1	Disabled	0000000h	0000FFFh	4K
2	Disabled	0000000h	001FFFFh	128K

32. To change the parameter settings, complete the following Steps a and b.

- Place the cursor on the appropriate heading. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
- Change the parameters. Use the left (◀) and right (▶) arrows to change the field.

33. Press (ENTER).

The system displays the Advanced System Configuration Options screen ([Figure 5-76](#)).

34. Press F10.

The system displays the floppy controller port assignment.

35. Verify that the system parameters match those listed in [Table 5-23](#).

**Table 5-23. Floppy Controller Port Assignment**

Option	Setting
Port Address	3F0H

36. To change the parameter settings, complete the following Steps a and b.

- Place the cursor on the appropriate heading. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
- Change the parameters. Use the left (◀) and right (▶) arrows to change the field.

37. Press (ENTER).

The system displays the Advanced System Configuration Options screen ([Figure 5-76](#)).

38. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the CMOS Basic Options Set-up screen ([Figure 5-75](#)).

39. Press **(ESC)**.

The system saves the changes and reboots.

## **SCSI Circuit Cards**

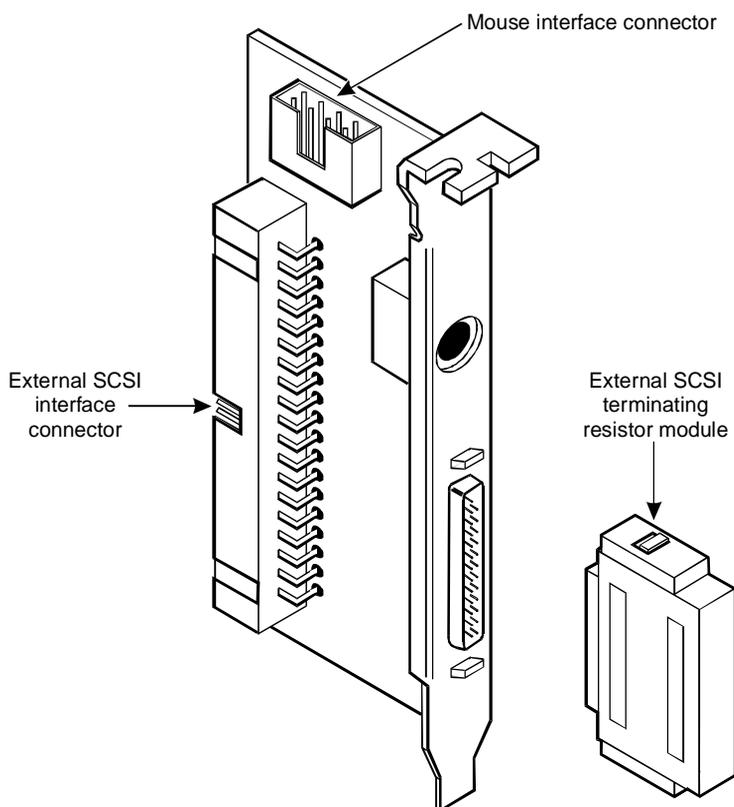
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There are two SCSI circuit cards available for the INTUITY CONVERSANT system:

- If your system uses the P5 120 MHz CPU circuit card, you must have the external SCSI connector circuit card.
- If your system uses the 486 CPU circuit card, you must have the SCSI host adapter controller circuit card.

### **External SCSI Connector Circuit Card**

The external SCSI connector card ([Figure 5-77](#)) provides an the ability to interface with external SCSI devices. There is only one external SCSI connector circuit card installed on the system.



**Figure 5-77. External SCSI Connector Circuit Card and Terminating Resistor Module**

Once the external SCSI connector circuit card has been installed, the terminating resistor can be attached. The terminating resistor must remain on the external SCSI connector circuit card whenever the MAP/40 is in operation.

### SCSI Host Adapter Controller Card

[Figure 5-78](#) shows the SCSI host adapter controller card.

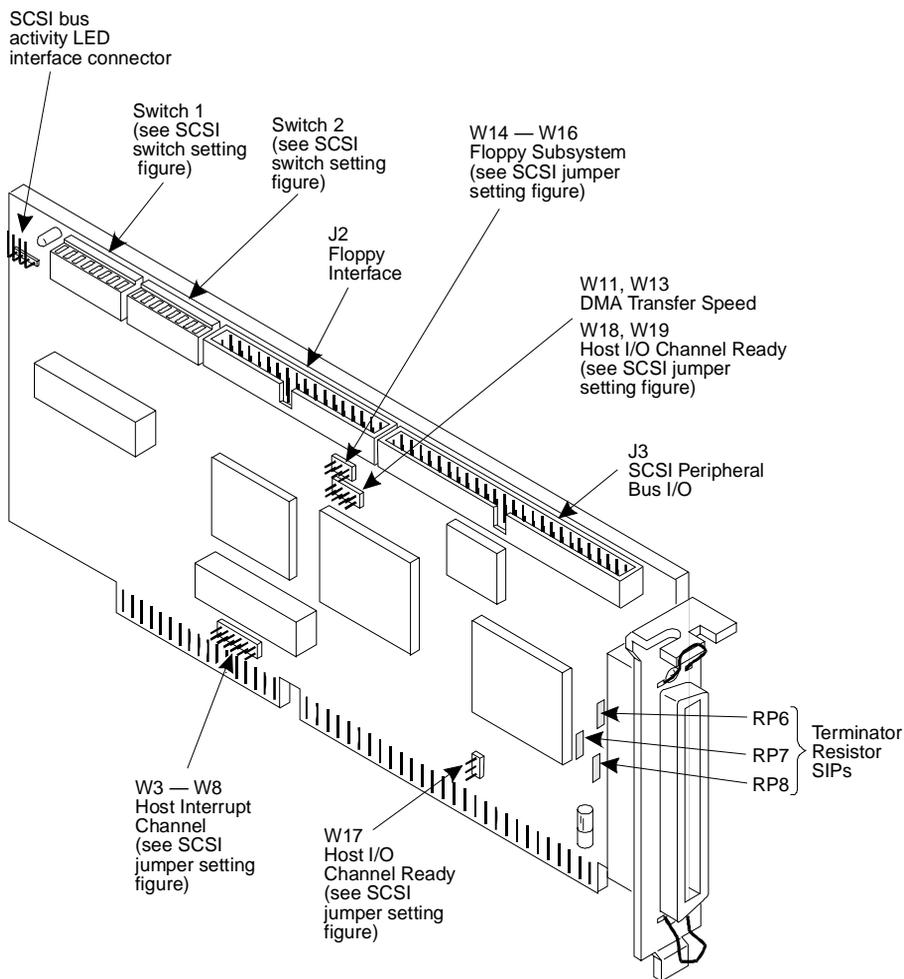
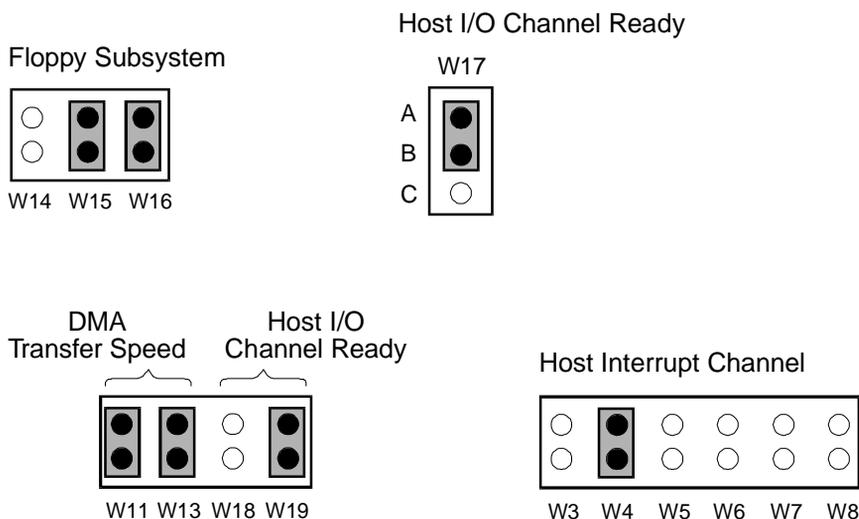


Figure 5-78. SCSI Host Adapter Controller Card

### Jumper Settings

[Figure 5-78](#) shows the locations of the jumpers on the SCSI controller circuit card. [Figure 5-79](#) shows the correct settings for these jumpers. [Table 5-24](#) provides a summary of the jumper settings (the recommended settings are shown in bold).



**Figure 5-79. SCSI Controller Card Jumper Settings**

**Table 5-24. Summary of the Jumper Settings for the SCSI Controller Circuit Card (Recommended Settings in Bold)**

Function	Jumper Number	Jumper Setting	Output Result
Host interrupt channel	W3	Installed	15
	<b>W4</b>	<b>Installed</b>	<b>14</b>
	W5	Installed	12
	W6	Installed	11, default
	W7	Installed	10
	W8	Installed	9

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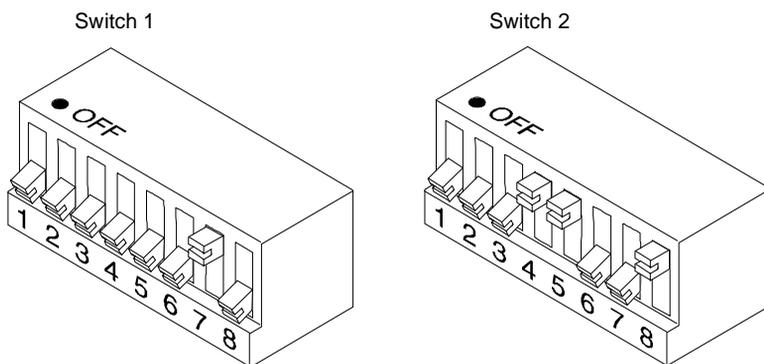
**Table 5-24. Summary of the Jumper Settings for the SCSI Controller Circuit Card — *Continued* (Recommended Settings in Bold)**

Function	Jumper Number	Jumper Setting	Output Result
DMA transfer speed	W11 W13	Not installed Not installed	5.0 Mbyte/sec
	W11 W13	Not installed Installed	5.7 Mbyte/sec
	W11 W13	Installed Not installed	6.7 Mbyte/sec
	<b>W11</b> <b>W13</b>	<b>Installed</b> <b>Installed</b>	<b>3.3 Mbyte/sec</b>
Floppy subsystem	<b>W14</b>	<b>Not installed</b>	<b>Primary (3FX)</b>
	W14	Installed	Secondary (37X)
	W15 W16	Not installed Not installed	Disable
	<b>W15</b> <b>W16</b>	<b>Installed</b> <b>Installed</b>	<b>Enable, default</b>
Host I/O channel ready	<b>W17</b>	<b>A-B installed</b>	<b>Enable, default</b>
	W17	B-C installed	Disable
	<b>W18</b>	<b>Not installed</b>	<b>Reserved for spare</b>
	<b>W19</b>	<b>Installed</b>	<b>Reserved for factory testing</b>

*Continued on next page*

### Switch Settings

[Figure 5-80](#) shows the switch settings for the SCSI controller card. [Figure 5-81](#) and [Table 5-26](#) provide a summary of the switch settings (the recommended settings are shown in bold type).



**Figure 5-80. SCSI Controller Card Switch Settings**

**Table 5-25. Summary of Switch Settings for Switch Bay 1 on the SCSI Controller Circuit Card (Recommended Settings in Bold)**

Function	Switch Number	Switch Setting	Output Result
Host adapter SCSI ID	1,2,3	OFF, OFF, OFF	0
	1,2,3	ON, OFF, OFF	1
	1,2,3	OFF, ON, OFF	2
	1,2,3	ON, ON, OFF	3
	1,2,3	OFF, OFF, ON	4
	1,2,3	ON, OFF, ON	5
	1,2,3	OFF, ON, ON	6
		<b>1,2,3</b>	<b>ON, ON, ON</b>
SCSI parity	4	OFF	Disable
	<b>4</b>	<b>ON</b>	<b>Enable, default</b>
Disk > 1 Gbyte (not SCO UNIX)	5	OFF	Enable
	<b>5</b>	<b>ON</b>	<b>Disable, default</b>
Adapter initiate synchronous negotiation	6	OFF	Enable
	<b>6</b>	<b>ON</b>	<b>Disable, default</b>

*Continued on next page*

**Table 5-25. Summary of Switch Settings for Switch Bay 1 on the SCSI Controller Circuit Card — *Continued***  
 (Recommended Settings in Bold)

Function	Switch Number	Switch Setting	Output Result
Host DMA channel	7,8	OFF, OFF	Disable
	7,8	ON, OFF	7
	<b>7,8</b>	<b>OFF, ON</b>	<b>6</b>
	7,8	ON, ON	5, default

*Continued on next page*

**Table 5-26. Summary of Switch Settings for Switch Bay 2 on the SCSI Controller Circuit Card**  
 (Recommended Settings in Bold)

Function	Switch Number	Switch Setting	Output Result
Host I/O port address	1,2,3	ON, OFF, OFF	134H-137H
	1,2,3	OFF, ON, OFF	234H-237H
	1,2,3	OFF, OFF, OFF	Reserved
	1,2,3	ON, ON, OFF	334H-337H
	1,2,3	OFF, OFF, ON	Reserved
	1,2,3	ON, OFF, ON	130H-133H
	1,2,3	OFF, ON, ON	230H-233H
	<b>1,2,3</b>	ON, ON, ON	330H-333H, default
Host BIOS (16-Kbyte address)	<b>4,5</b>	<b>OFF, OFF</b>	<b>0C8000H</b>
	4,5	ON, OFF	Disable
	4,5	OFF, ON	0D8000H
	4,5	ON, ON	0DC000H, default

*Continued on next page*

**Table 5-26. Summary of Switch Settings for Switch Bay 2 on the SCSI Controller Circuit Card — *Continued***  
**(Recommended Settings in Bold)**

Function	Switch Number	Switch Setting	Output Result
Host interrupt	6,7,8	OFF, OFF, OFF	Reserved
	6,7,8	ON, OFF, OFF	Reserved
	6,7,8	OFF, ON, OFF	15
	<b>6,7,8</b>	<b>ON, ON, OFF</b>	<b>14</b>
	6,7,8	OFF, OFF, ON	12
	6,7,8	ON, OFF, ON	9
	6,7,8	OFF, ON, ON	10
	6,7,8	ON, ON, ON	11, default

*Continued on next page*

## Video Controller Circuit Cards

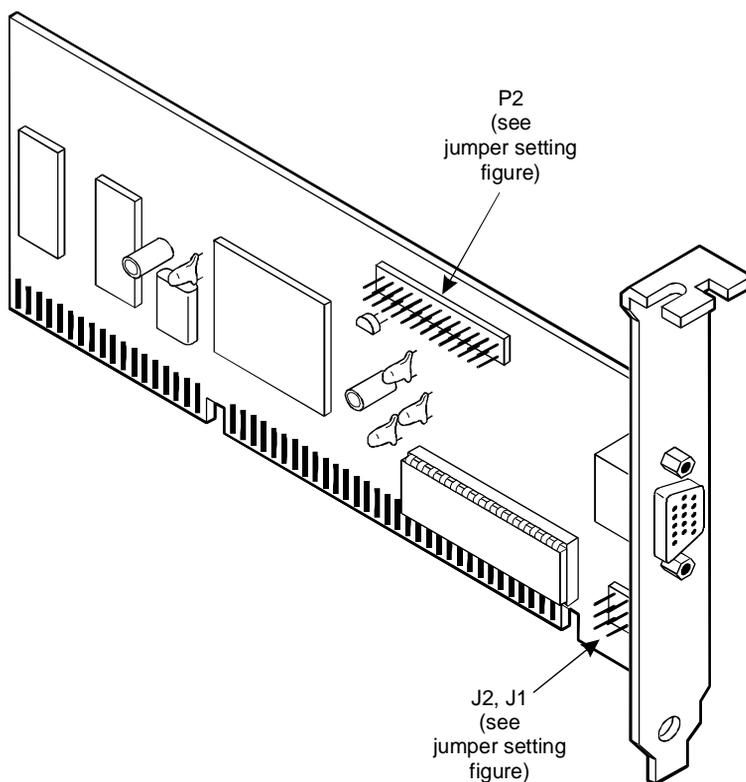
The INTUITY CONVERSANT system supports four video controller card

- STB Horizon ([Figure 5-81](#))
- WDXLR831124 ([Figure 5-83](#))
- WDXLR83160 ([Figure 5-84](#))
- WDXLR833124 ([Figure 5-85](#))

The video controller cards allow the MAP/40 to interface with a monitor. There is one video controller card installed on the system.

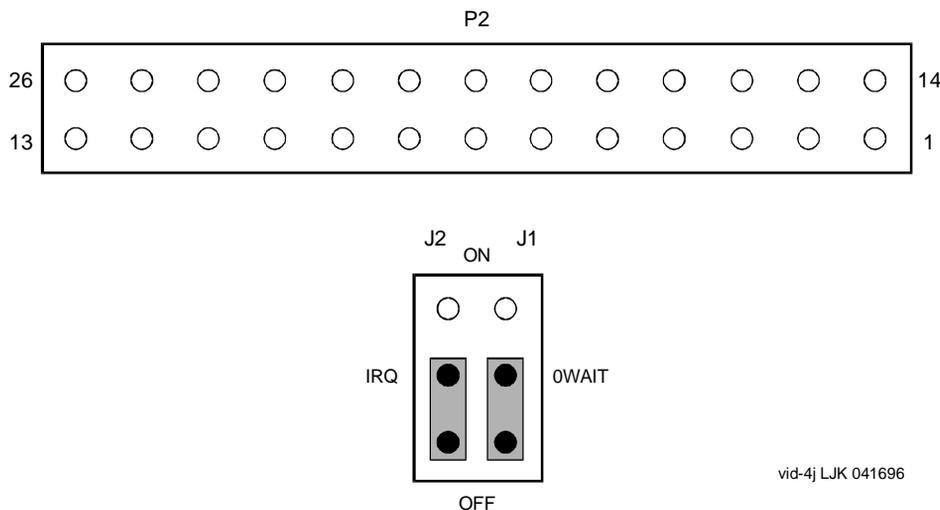
## STB Horizon

[Figure 5-81](#) shows the STB Horizon video controller circuit card.



**Figure 5-81. STB Horizon Video Controller Circuit Card**

Jumpers on the STB Horizon video controller card are set by the manufacturer. However, you must confirm the setting before you install the card ([Figure 5-82](#)). There are no switches on the STB Horizon video controller card.



**Figure 5-82. STB HorizonVideo Controller Circuit Card Jumper Settings**

## WDXLR831124

[Figure 5-83](#) shows the WDXLR831124 video controller circuit card.

Position the card in front of you with the gold fingers pointing down.

### Switch Settings

Set all SW1 dip switches to the off position (all switches pointed upward). Use the point of a pen or similar instrument to set the switches.

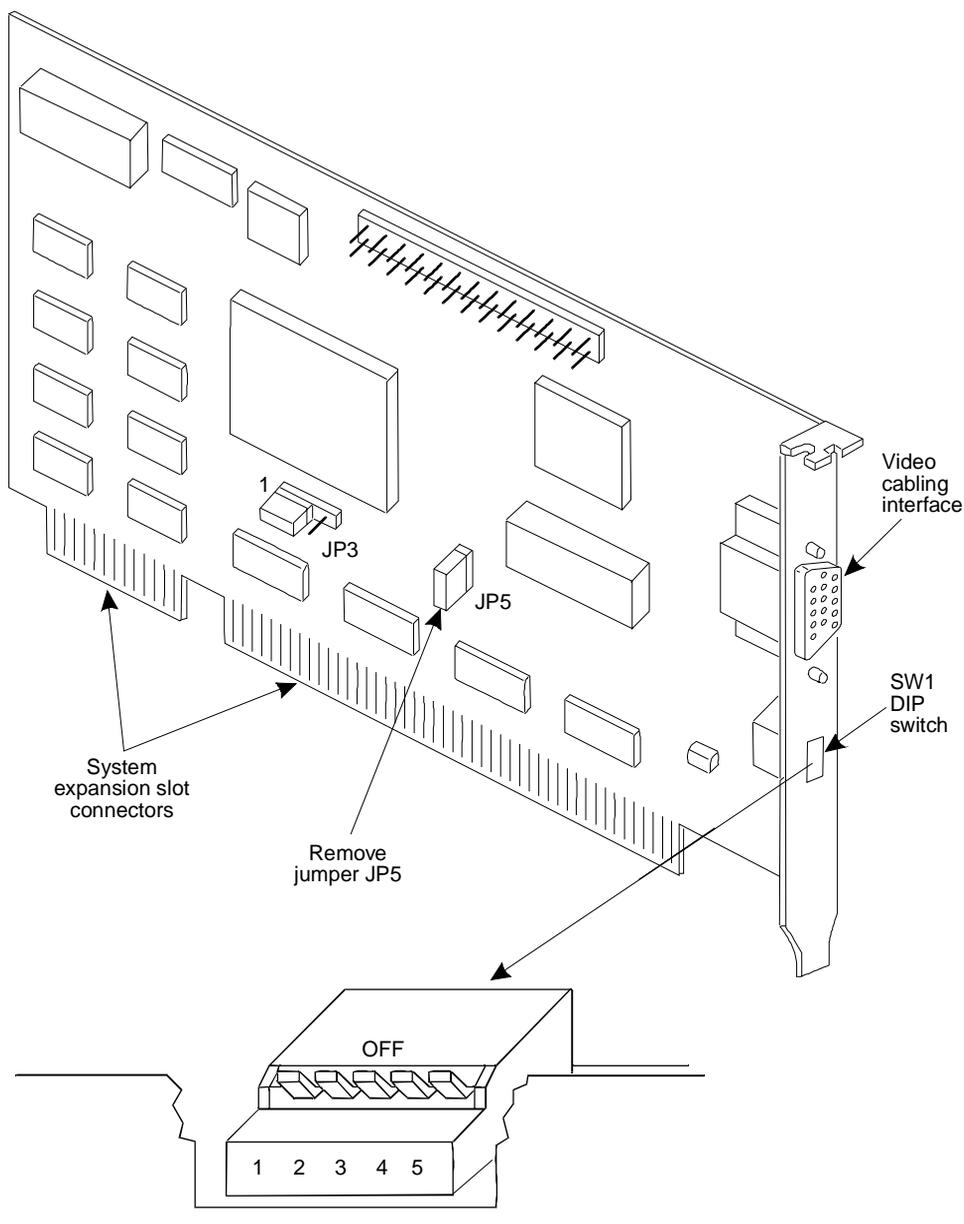
#### **CAUTION:**

*Do not use a lead pencil. The graphite can damage the card.*

These switches control the monitor's mode and vertical and horizontal retrace/scan rate. See [Figure 5-83](#) for the location of the switch on the video controller card.

#### **NOTE:**

Switch position 2 controls the horizontal retrace rate. This switch may be set to on or off on your current video card. For new video cards being installed, set this switch according to [Figure 5-83](#).



**Figure 5-83. WDXLR831124 Video Controller Circuit Card and Switch Settings**

### Jumper Settings

Jumper JP5 – Zero Wait State: The manufacturer sets this jumper. Remove the jumper block from JP5. This block must be removed for the Graphical Speech Editor to function properly.

Jumper JP3 – Address Latch Enable: The manufacture sets this jumper. Install the jumper block on pins 1 and 2 of JP3. Note that pin 1 is on the left side of the jumper (see [Figure 5-83](#) for proper orientation).

## WDXLR83160

[Figure 5-84](#) shows the WDXLR83160 video controller circuit card.

### Switch Settings

Position the card in front of you with the gold fingers pointing down. See [Figure 5-84](#) for proper orientation.

Set all SW1 dip switches to the off position (all switches pointed upward). Use the point of a pen or similar instrument to set the switches.

### CAUTION:

*Do not use a lead pencil. The graphite can damage the card.*

These switches control the monitor's mode and vertical and horizontal retrace/scan rate. See [Figure 5-84](#) for the location of the switch on video controller card.

### NOTE:

Switch position 2 controls the horizontal retrace rate. This switch may be set to on or off on your current video card. For new video cards being installed, set this switch according to [Figure 5-84](#).

### Jumper Settings

Jumper JP3: The manufacturer sets this jumper. Remove the jumper block from JP3. This block must be removed for the Graphical Speech Editor to function properly.

Jumper JP4 – Address Latch Enable: The manufacture sets this jumper. Install the jumper block on pins 1 and 2 of JP4. Note that pin 1 is on the left side of the jumper (see [Figure 5-84](#) for proper orientation).

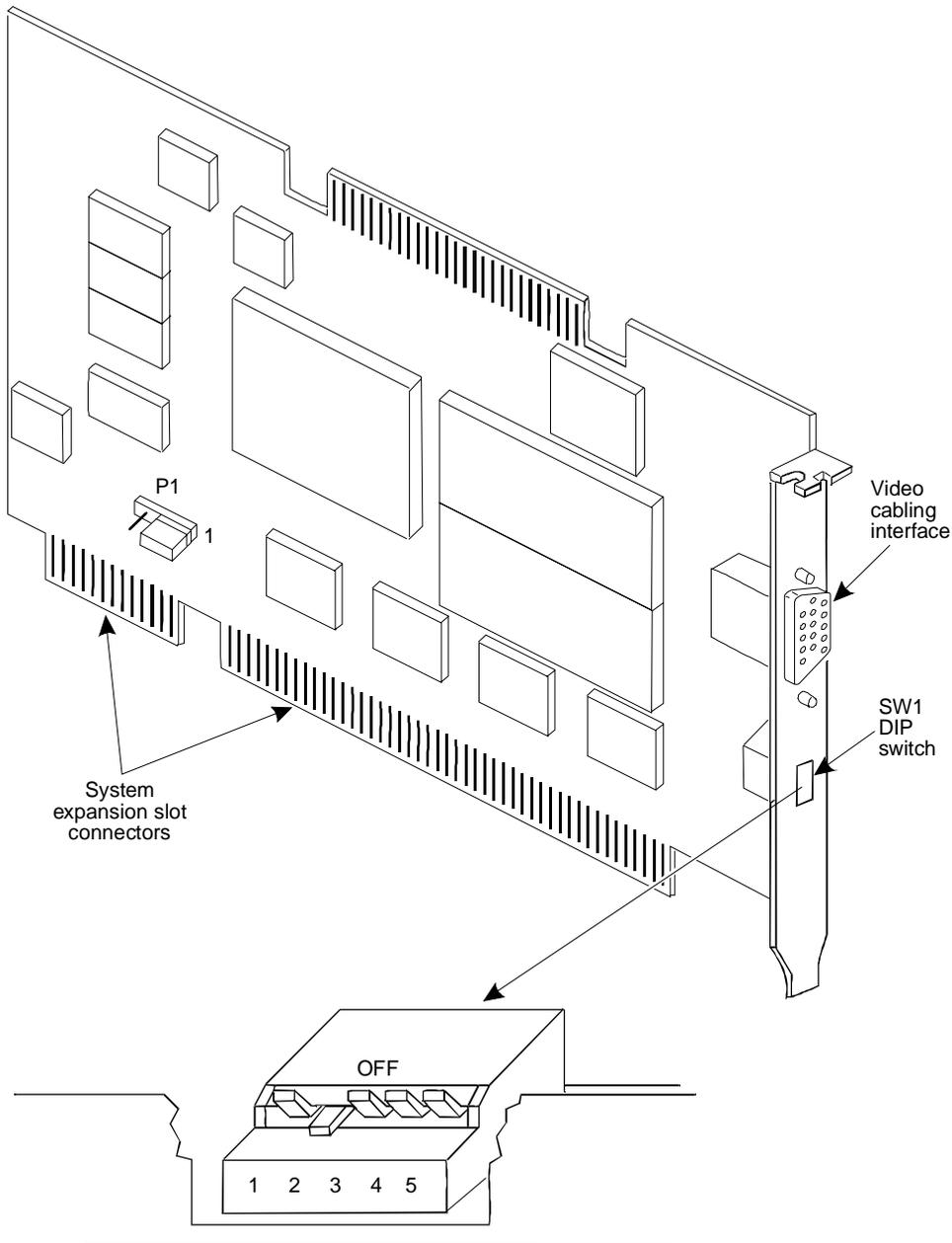
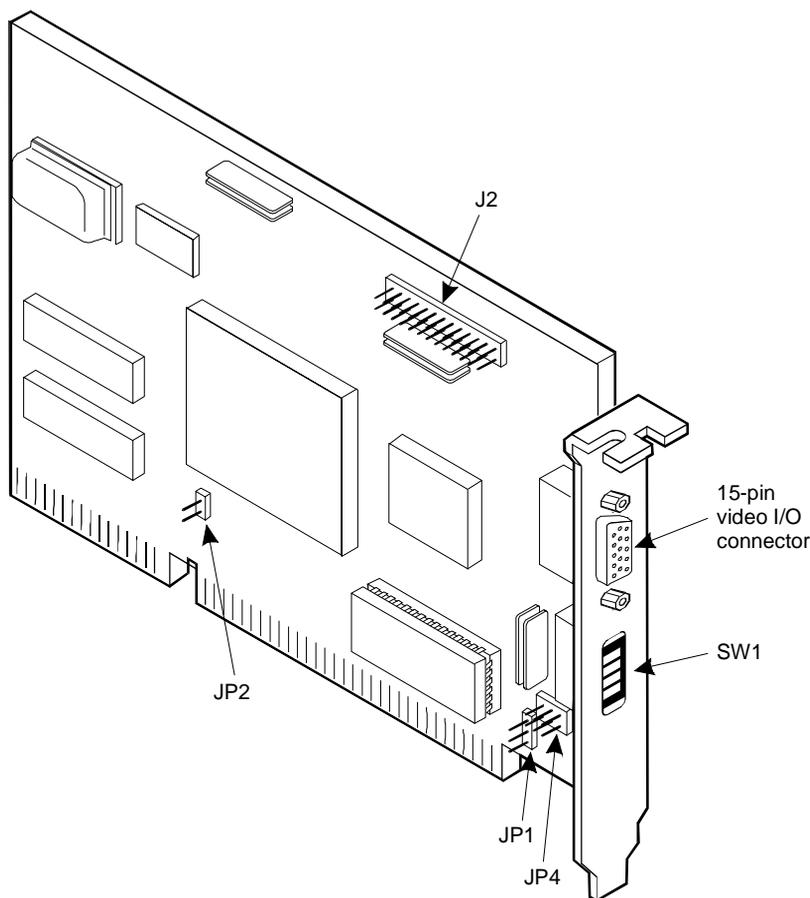


Figure 5-84. WDXLR83160 Video Controller Circuit Card and Switch Settings

## Model WDXLR833124

[Figure 5-85](#) shows the WDXLR833124 video controller circuit card.



**Figure 5-85. Video Controller Circuit Card — Model WDXLR833124**

### Switch Settings

Position the card in front of you with the gold fingers pointing down. See [Figure 5-85](#) for proper orientation.

Set all SW1 dip switches to the off position (all switches pointed upward). Use the point of a pen or similar instrument to set the switches.

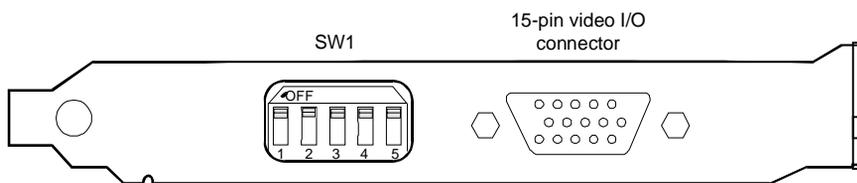
### CAUTION:

*Do not use a lead pencil. The graphite can damage the card.*

These switches control the monitor's mode and vertical and horizontal retrace/scan rate. See [Figure 5-85](#) for the location of the switch on video controller card.

**NOTE:**

Switch position 2 controls the horizontal retrace rate. This switch may be set to on or off on your current video card. For new video cards being installed, set this switch according to [Figure 5-86](#).



**Figure 5-86. Switch Settings on Model WDXLR833124 Video Controller Circuit Card**

**Jumper Settings**

Jumper JP1 – Factory Use: Do not change the settings on this jumper.

Jumper JP2 – Zero Wait State: The manufacturer sets this jumper. Remove the jumper block from JP2. This block must be removed for the Graphical Speech Editor to function properly.

Jumper JP4 – Monitor Resolution Mode: Verify that a jumper block is installed on pins 1 and 2 of JP4. Note that pin 1 is on the left side of the jumper (see [Figure 5-84](#) for proper orientation).

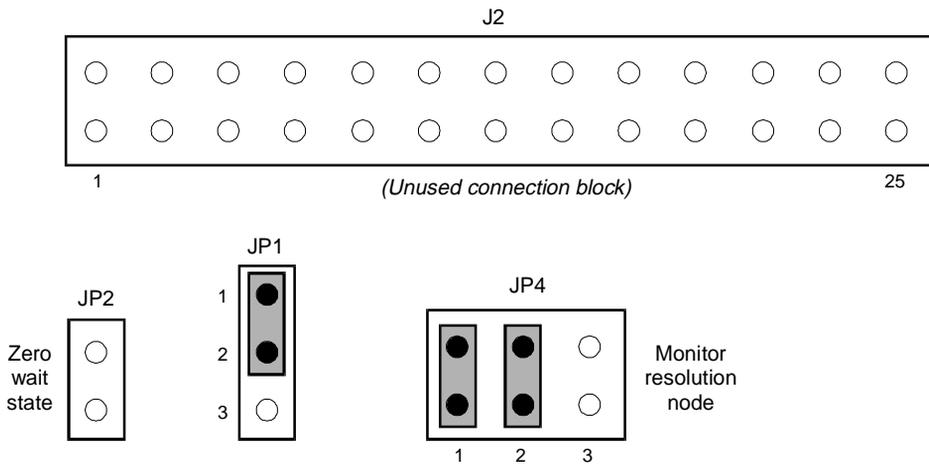
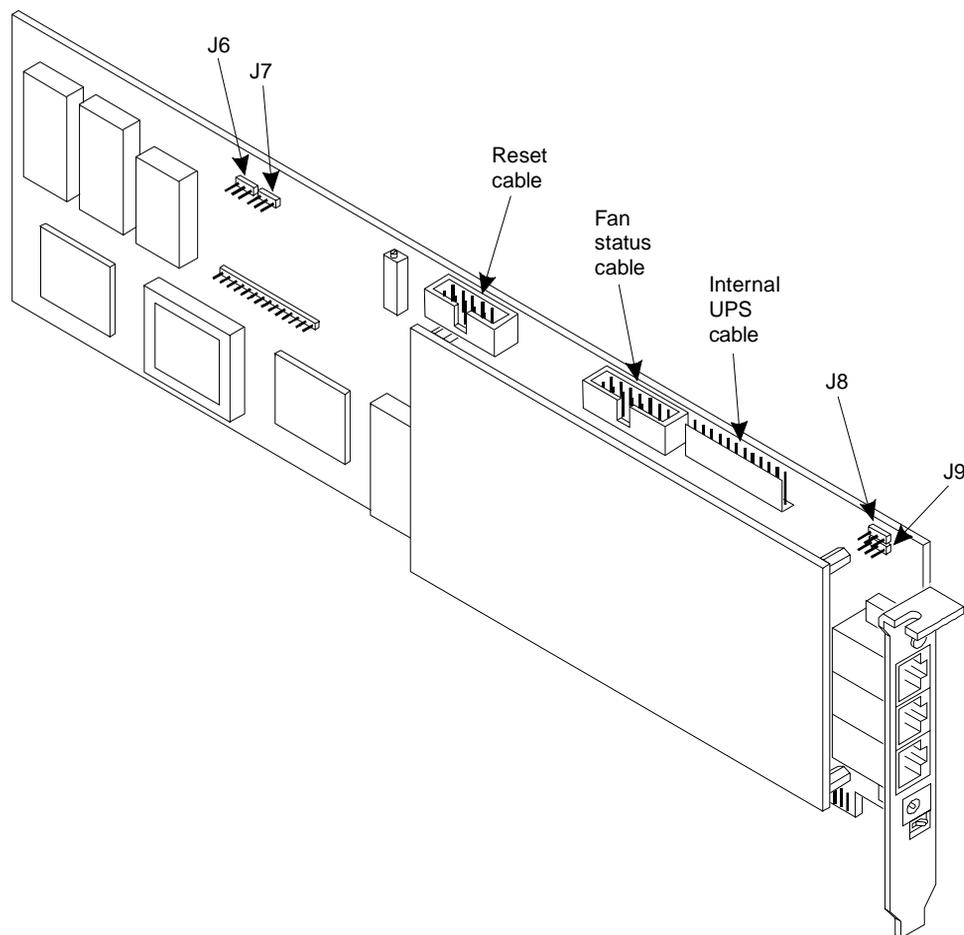


Figure 5-87. Jumper Settings on Model WDXLR833124 Video Controller Circuit Card

### Remote Maintenance Circuit Card

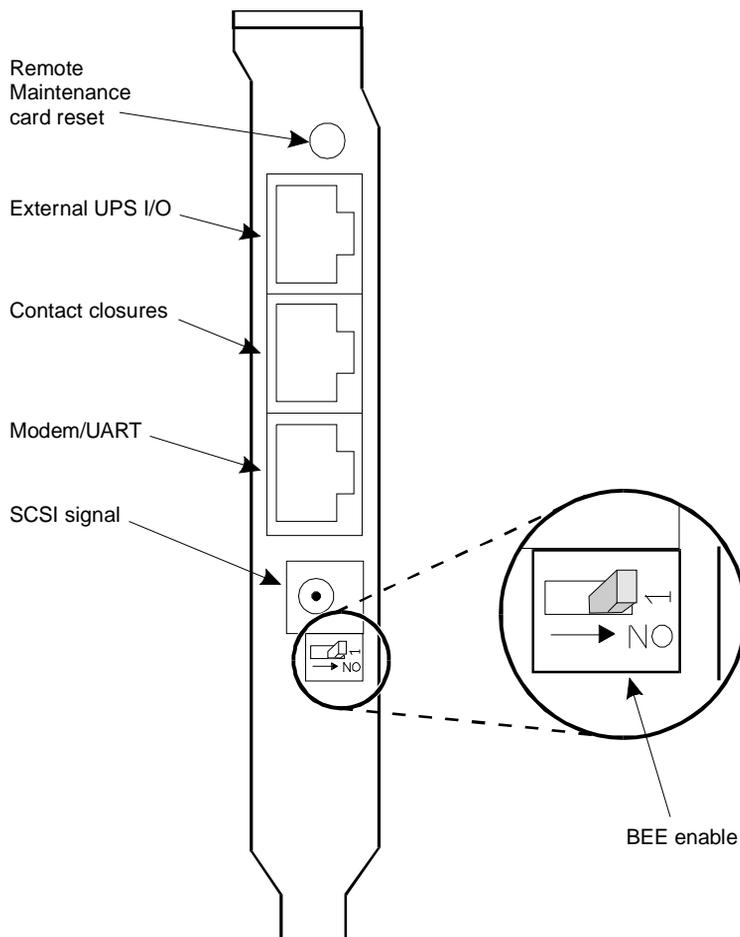
The remote maintenance circuit card provides remote diagnostics of basic MAP/40 components ([Figure 5-88](#)). There is one remote maintenance circuit card installed on the system.



**Figure 5-88. Remote Maintenance Circuit Card**

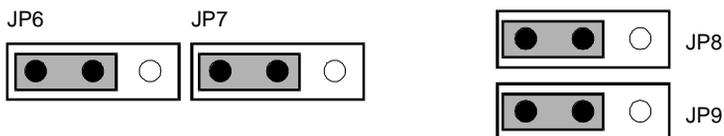
### Setting the Resource Options

[Figure 5-89](#) shows the faceplate of the remote maintenance circuit card and an enlarged view of the BIOS Extension EPROM (BEE) enable switch. Ensure that this switch is set to the ON (default) position as shown.



**Figure 5-89. Faceplate of the Remote Maintenance Circuit Card Showing the BEE Enable Switch**

There are four jumper locations on the Remote Maintenance circuit card (J6, J7, J8, and J9). Verify that a jumper is installed on pins 1 and 2 of each one as shown in [Figure 5-90](#).



**Figure 5-90. Jumper Settings for the Remote Maintenance Circuit Card**

### Installing the Remote Maintenance Circuit Card Driver

To install the remote maintenance circuit card driver, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
  or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Remote Maintenance Board Package 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

The following packages are available:

- ```
1. rmb          Remote Maintenance Board Package
                (Kickstart 3 for V6 and Mach4)
                (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: Remote Maintenance Board Package (Kickstart 3 for  
V6 and Mach4) (rmb) from <diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY Remote Maintenance Board Package  
(Kickstart 3 for V6 and Mach4)  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of Remote Maintenance Board Package  
(Kickstart 3 for V6 and Mach4) (rmb) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "Remote Maintenance Board Package 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

## Installing the Remote Maintenance Circuit Card Integration Software

To install the remote maintenance circuit card integration software, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "INTUITY RMB Integration Software Version 1.0 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

1. rmbinteg INTUITY RMB Integration Software  
Version 1.0  
(i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY RMB Integration Software Version 1.0  
(rmbinteg) from <diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY RMB Integration Software Version 1.0  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of INTUITY RMB Integration Software  
Version 1.0 (rmbinteg) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "INTUITY RMB Integration Software Version 1.0 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

# Replacing the Hard Disk Drive

# 6

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## Overview

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This chapter describes:

- How to identify a failed hard disk drive
- Hardware procedures for replacing a hard disk drive
- Software procedures for preparing the system for a new hard disk drive
- Software procedures for initializing a hard disk drive

## Purpose

---

The purpose of this chapter is to ensure that hard disk drives are installed in the proper manner.

## Identifying a Failed Hard Disk Drive

Before a hard disk drive can be replaced you must identify which drive has failed. This section details how to identify a failed hard disk drive in INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® systems with two hard disk drives (both mirrored and unmirrored).

**⇒ NOTE:**

If your system is configured with only one hard disk drive, see "[Software and Hardware Procedures for Replacing Hard Disk Drive 1 \(Nonmirrored System\)](#)" for the procedure.

### Hard Disk Drive Contents of the Hard Disk Drives in a Two-Drive System

To determine which hard disk drive has failed, it is necessary to know what type of information is stored on each drive. [Table 6-1](#) shows the information contained on each hard disk drive in a nonmirrored system.

**Table 6-1. Contents of the Hard Disk Drives in a Nonmirrored System**

| Disk Identity                              | Contents of Disk                                                                              |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Hard Disk Drive 0,<br>SCSI ID 00,<br>Bay 3 | UNIX operating system, all INTUITY CONVERSANT software, system data, and speech/voice storage |
| Hard Disk Drive 1,<br>SCSI ID 01,<br>Bay 4 | Speech/voice storage                                                                          |

**⇒ NOTE:**

The contents for Hard Disk Drive 0 are identical in nonmirrored and single-disk systems.

[Table 6-2](#) shows the information contained on each hard disk drive in a mirrored system.

**Table 6-2. Contents of the Hard Disk Drives in a Mirrored System**

| Disk Identity                              | Contents of Disk                                                                              |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Hard Disk Drive 0,<br>SCSI ID 00,<br>Bay 3 | UNIX operating system, all INTUITY CONVERSANT software, system data, and speech/voice storage |
| Hard Disk Drive 1,<br>SCSI ID 01,<br>Bay 4 | The same information as is contained on Disk 0                                                |

### **Identifying a Hard Disk Drive 0 Failure in a Nonmirrored or Single-Disk System**

Because Hard Disk Drive 0 contains the only copy of the operating software in a nonmirrored or single disk system, a failure of this drive will result in a complete failure of the system. If this occurs you will not be able to reboot the system. See [“Software and Hardware Procedures for Replacing Hard Disk Drive 1 \(Nonmirrored System\)”](#) for the replacement procedure.

### **Identifying a Hard Disk Drive 1 Failure in a Nonmirrored System**

Hard Disk Drive 1 contains speech and voice storage. If this hard disk drive fails, speech is lost. In the event of a Hard Disk Drive 1 failure the system displays the following message:

```
WARNING:      Disk Driver:  HA0 TC0 LU1 - Check Condition
```

If this message appears on the screen, contact your remote maintenance center.

### **Identifying a Hard Disk Drive Failure in a Mirrored System**

In a mirrored system both hard disk drives contain the same information. As a result, if either hard disk drive fails, the other drive will continue to operate the system. There will be no noticeable difference in service. A hard disk drive failure will be identified by the messageshown above in [“Identifying a Hard Disk Drive 1 Failure in a Nonmirrored System.”](#)

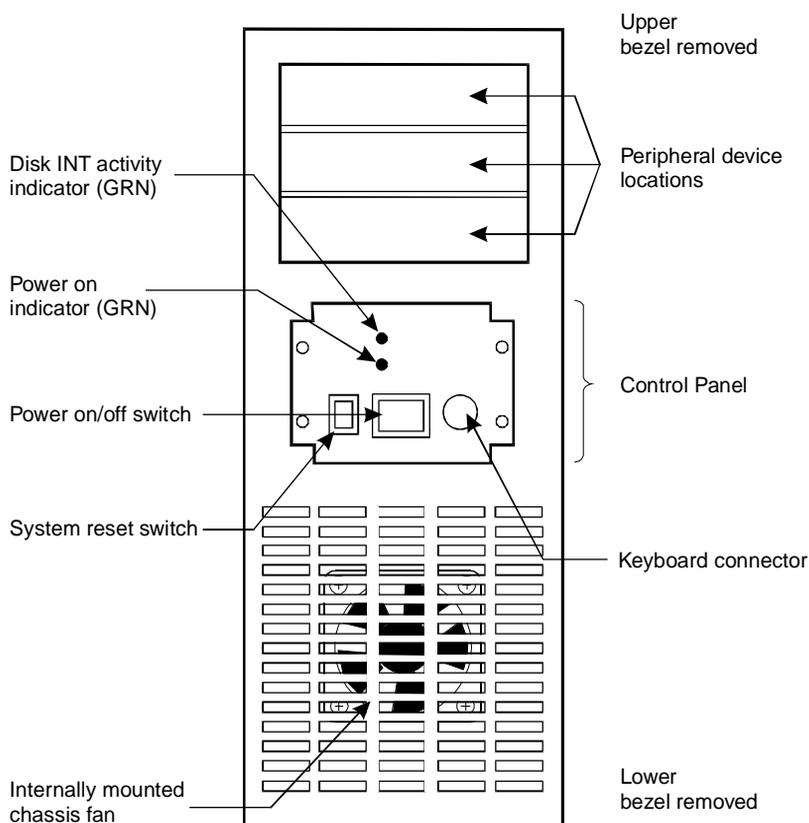
The number preceded by LU in the message is the SCSI ID of the failed hard disk drive. If this message appears on the screen, contact your remote maintenance center.

## Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive

The following procedures detail removing and installing a hard disk drive in the MAP/40. There may be two hard disk drives, located in Positions 3 and 4 of the peripheral bay (Figure 6-1). The drive in Position 3 is referred to as "Drive 1." The drive in Position 4 is referred to as "Drive 0." Procedures vary depending on which drive you are replacing.

### WARNING:

*Observe proper electrostatic discharge precautions when you handle computer components. Wear an antistatic wrist strap that touches your bare skin and connect the strap cable to an earth ground. See "[Protecting against Damage from Electrostatic Discharge](#)," in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#)."*



**Figure 6-1. Front View of the MAP/40**

## Removing a Hard Disk Drive

---

1. Verify that the replacement equipment is on site and appears to be in usable condition, with no obvious shipping damage.
2. If the system is in service, perform the following steps:
  - a. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#) for the procedure.
  - b. Shut down the voice system. See "[Shutting Down the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#) for the procedure.
  - c. Shut down the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#) for the procedure.
3. Remove power from the MAP/40. See "[Removing Power from the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#).
4. Remove the dress cover, circuit card access panel, and circuit card retaining bracket. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#).
5. If you are removing the hard disk drive in Position 3, complete the following Steps a through c:
  - a. Locate and remove the power cord and bus cable assembly connections for the drive.
  - b. Locate the two screws on each side of the peripheral bay chassis that secure the hard disk drive. Holding the rear of the drive, loosen and remove the mounting screws.
  - c. Slide the hard disk drive forward within the peripheral bay and remove the unit through the front opening of the MAP/40 chassis.
6. If you are removing the hard disk drive in Position 4, complete the following Steps a through g:
  - a. Complete Steps 5a through 5c above to remove the hard disk drive in Position 3.

 **NOTE:**

The hard disk drive in Position 3 must be removed to provide adequate clearance to remove the hard disk drive in Position 4.

- b. Locate and remove the power cord and bus cable assembly connections for the drive.
- c. Locate the two screws on each side of the peripheral bay chassis that secure the hard disk drive. Holding the rear of the drive, loosen and remove the mounting screws.
- d. Slide the hard disk drive backward approximately an inch.

- e. Tip the front of the hard disk drive up slightly.
  - f. Move the hard disk drive to the Position 3 slot.
  - g. Remove the hard disk drive through the front of the chassis.
7. Place the defective hard disk drive upside down, with the circuit board facing up, on an ESD-protected surface.
  8. Loosen and remove two screws on each side of the drive to release it from the mounting brackets.

These screws are shown as Item 8 in [Figure 6-2](#) and [Figure 6-3](#).

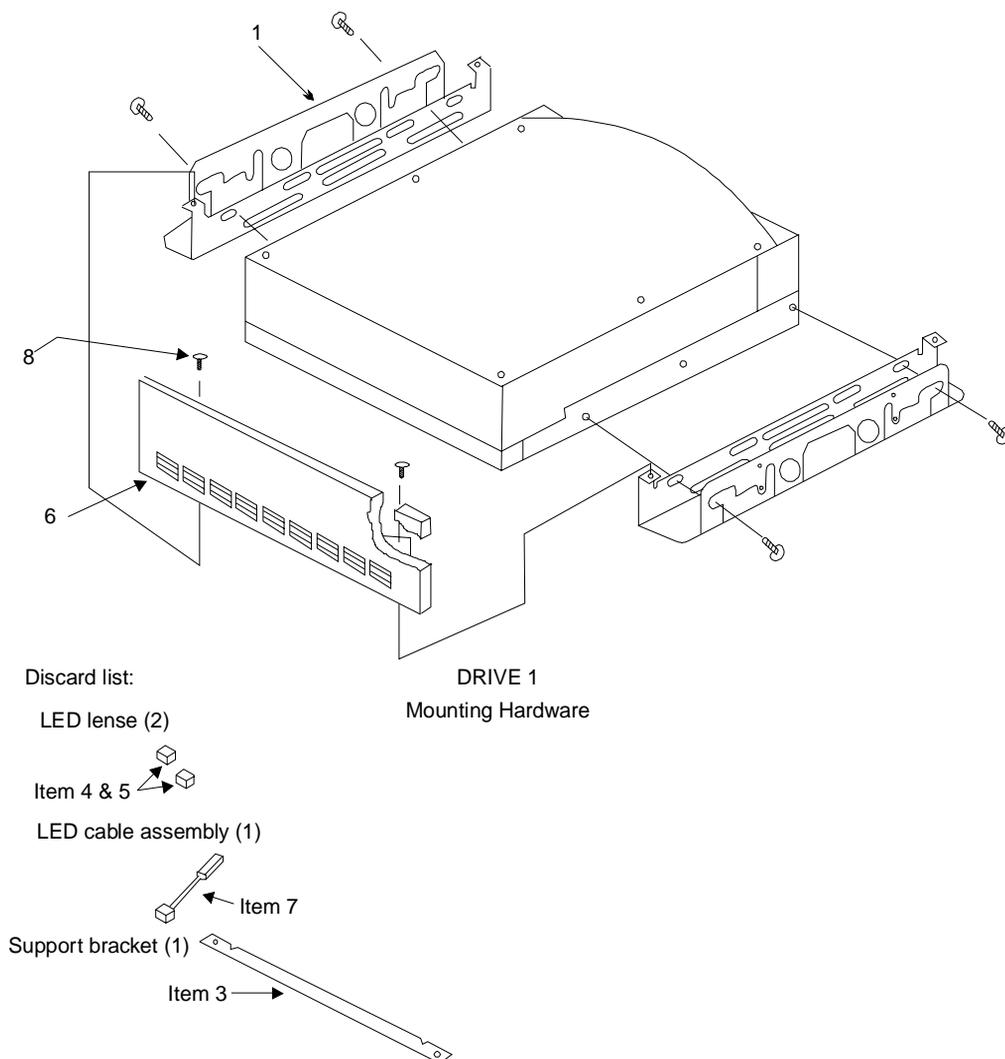
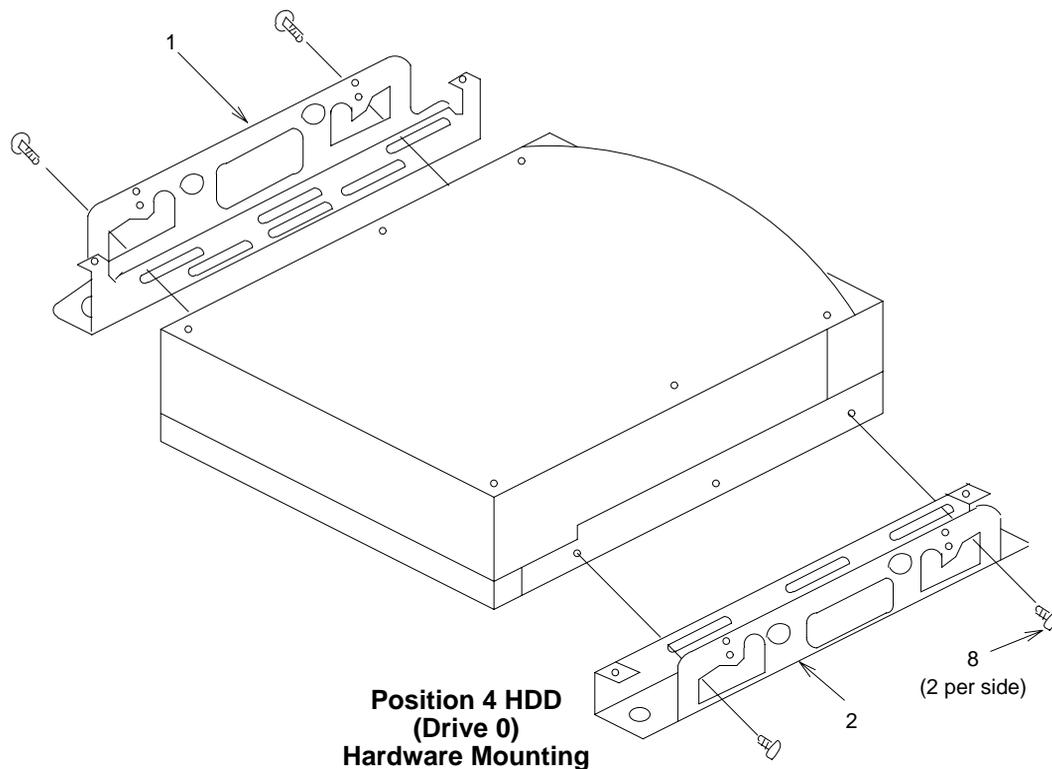


Figure 6-2. Hard Disk Drive 1 Mounting Kit



**Figure 6-3. Hard Disk Drive 0 Mounting Kit**

9. Return the hard disk drive to the remote maintenance center. Include the following information with the hard disk drive:
  - The name and telephone number of the technician
  - The symptoms associated with the disk failure
  - The TSCSS ticket number

### **Preparing a New Hard Disk Drive for Installation**

1. Remove the universal installation kit from the top of the hard disk drive carton.
2. Open the carton.

Cut the top seam and side seams so that the carton can be used again if the hard disk needs to be returned to the factory.

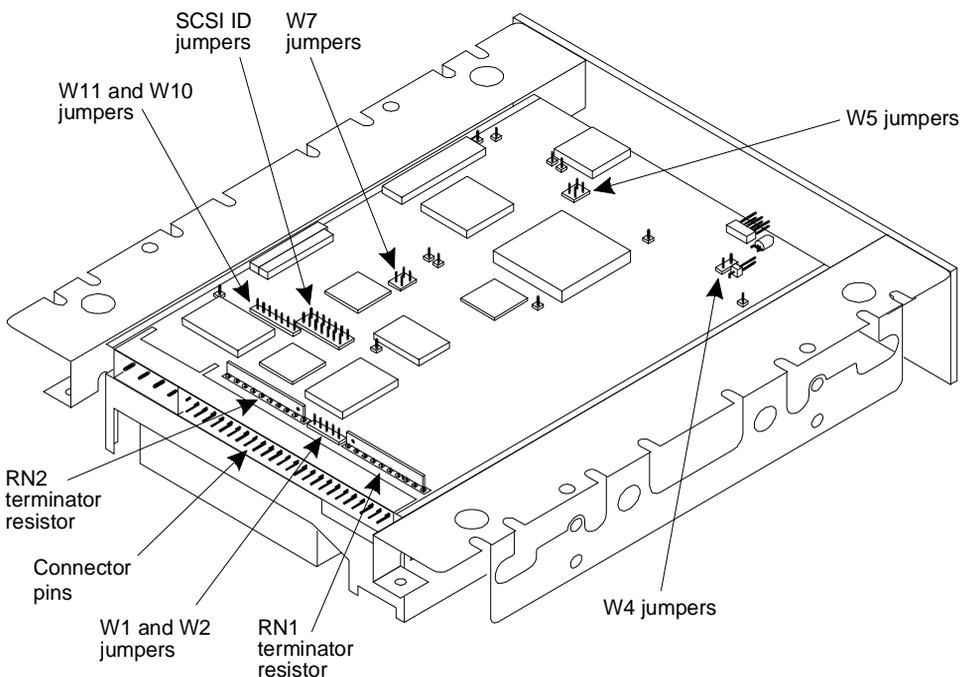
**NOTE:**

You must return any piece of equipment in the original shipping carton and packing materials to ensure warranty.

3. Remove the hard disk drive from the antistatic bag. Keep the bag with the shipping carton.
4. Place the hard disk drive upside down, with the circuit board facing up, on an ESD-protected surface.
5. Verify that all jumpers are correctly positioned.

There are three types of hard disk drives supported by the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. Two of the drives are 2-Gbyte hard disk drives. The third hard disk drive is a 1.7-Gbyte hard disk drive, which is supported on upgraded systems only.

The 1.7-Gbyte hard disk drive has jumpers located on the bottom of the drive. [Figure 6-4](#) shows the location of the jumpers on the 1.7-Gbyte hard disk drive. [Figure 6-5](#) and [Figure 6-6](#) show the jumper settings.



**Figure 6-4. 1.7-Gbyte Hard Disk Drive Jumper Locations**

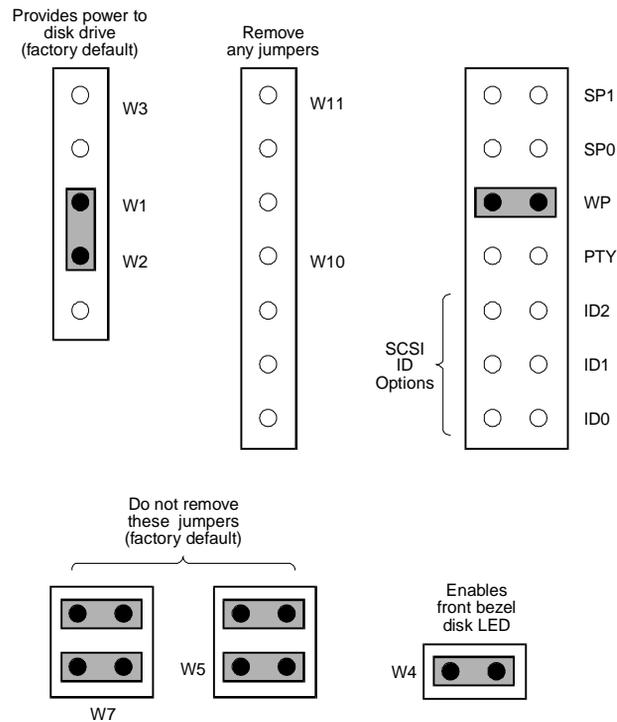
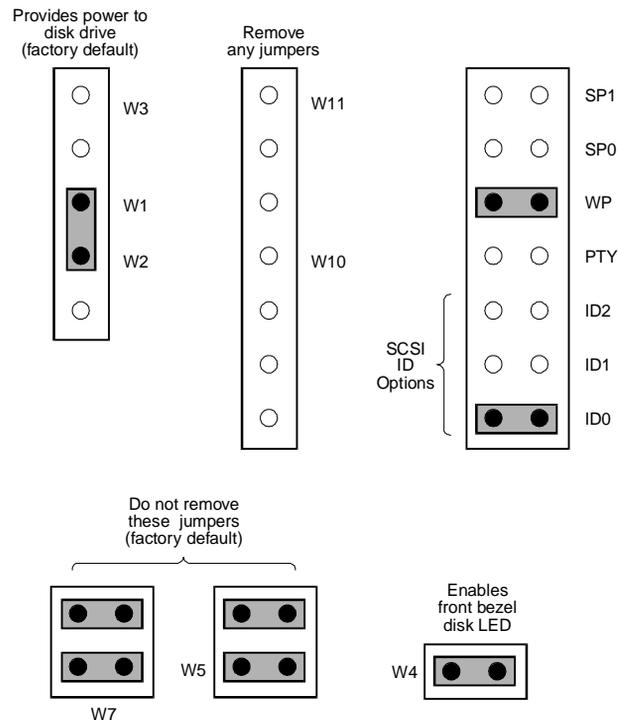


Figure 6-5. Jumper Settings for 1.7-Gbyte Hard Disk Drive 0



**Figure 6-6. Jumper Settings for 1.7-Gbyte Hard Disk Drive 1**

The Type A 2-Gbyte hard disk drive has the jumpers located in the rear of the drive. [Figure 6-7](#) shows the location of the jumpers on the Type A 2-Gbyte hard disk drive. [Figure 6-8](#) and [Figure 6-9](#) show the jumper settings.

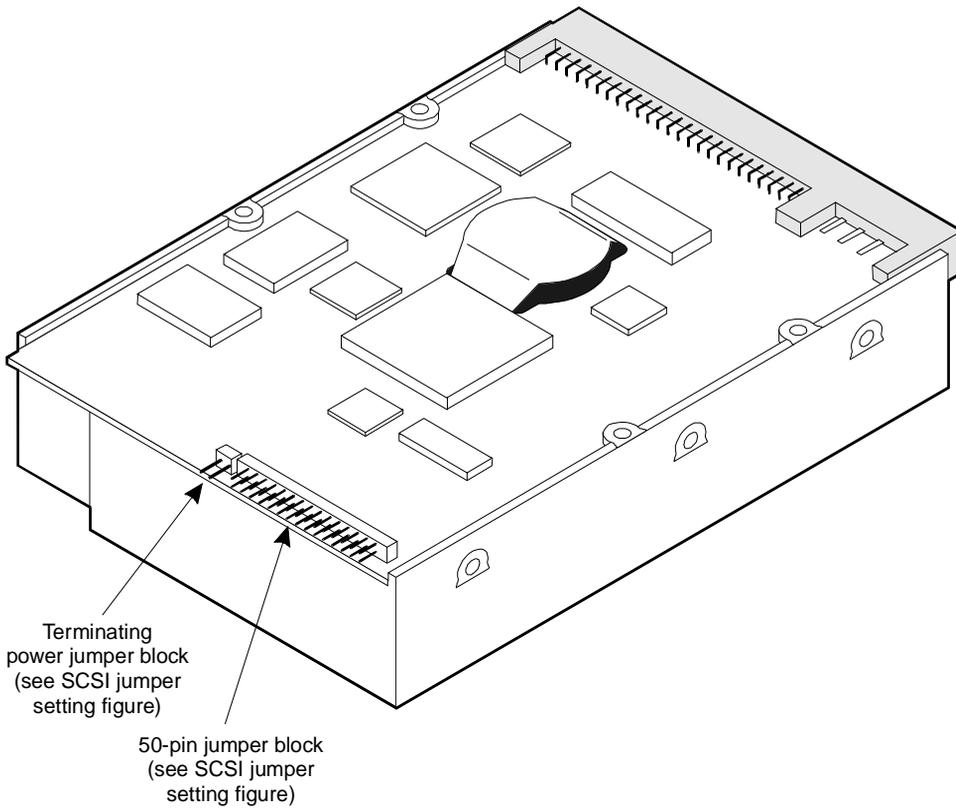


Figure 6-7. Jumper Locations on the Type A 2-Gbyte Hard Disk Drive

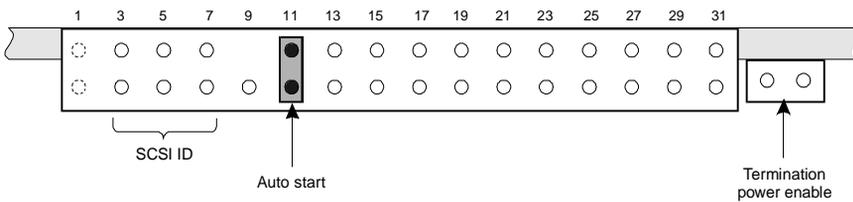
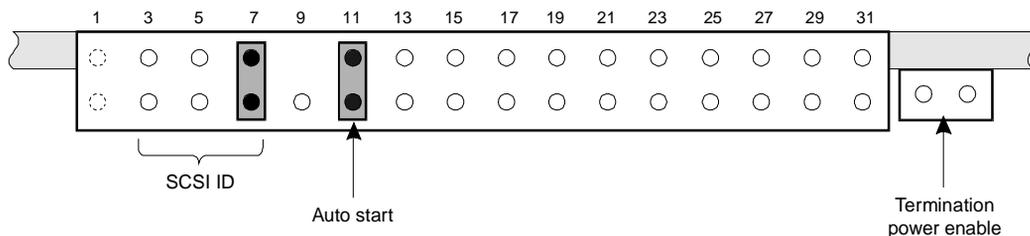


Figure 6-8. Jumper Settings for 2-Gbyte Hard Disk Drive 0 - Type A



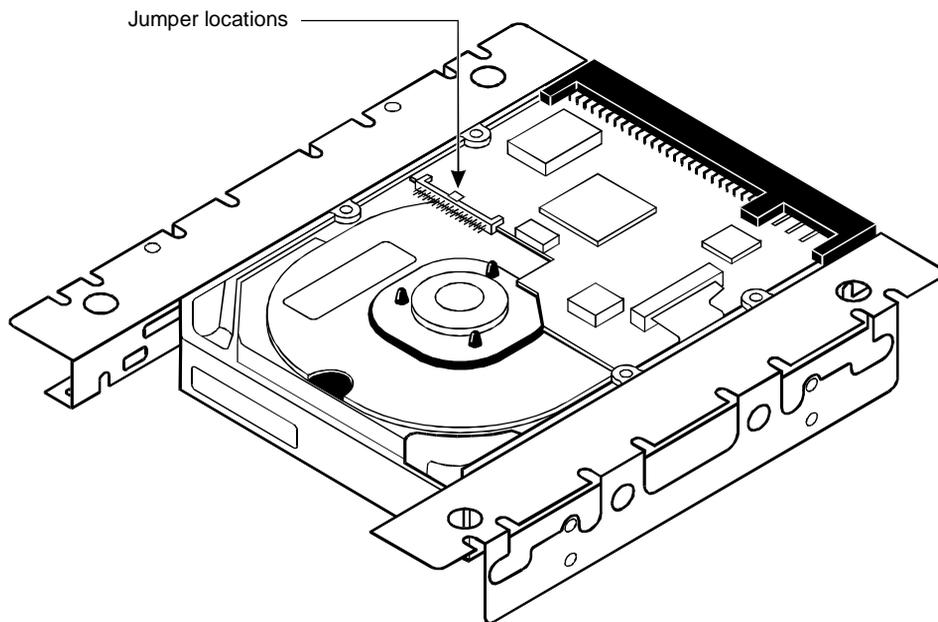
**Figure 6-9. Jumper Settings for 2-Gbyte Hard Disk Drive 1 - Type A**

The Type B 2-Gbyte hard disk drive has the jumpers located in the center of the unit (Figure 6-10). Figure 6-11 and Figure 6-12 show the jumper settings for the Type B 2-Gbyte hard disk drive.



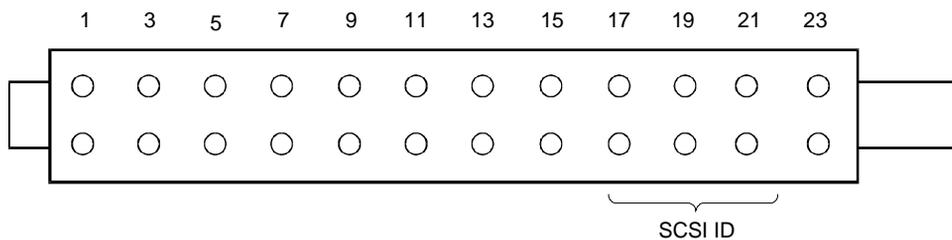
**CAUTION:**

*The Type B hard disk drive is shipped with a third jumper placed on the thirteenth and fourteenth pins. This jumper must be removed prior to installing the hard disk drive.*

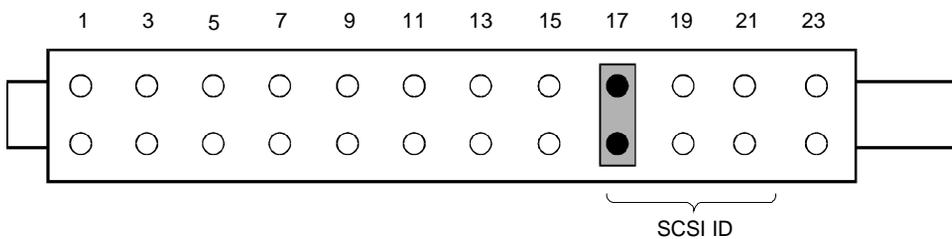


orion2a C.JL 050796

**Figure 6-10. Jumper Locations on the Type B 2-Gbyte Hard Disk Drive**



**Figure 6-11. Jumper Settings for 2-Gbyte Hard Disk Drive 0 - Type B**



**Figure 6-12. Jumper Settings for 2-Gbyte Hard Disk Drive 1 - Type B**

6. Set the disk aside and open the Universal Installation Kit which contains the installation hardware.

The kit contains two bags. The first bag contains the:

- LED lenses
- LED with the connector cable assembly
- Faceplate

The second bag contains the:

- Mounting rails
- Spacer bar
- Bag of screws needed for assembly and mounting

7. Discard the following items:
  - LED lenses
  - LED connector cable assembly
  - Spacer bar



**NOTE:**

If the hard disk drive you are replacing is in Position 4, also discard the faceplate.

8. Place the mounting rails parallel to each other with the smaller of the two flanges of the rails on the inside ([Figure 6-2](#) and [Figure 6-3](#)).
9. Position the hard disk drive with the circuitry down between the rails; the connector end of the drive unit should be flush with the ends of the mounting rails.
10. Align the mounting holes of the drive and the mounting rails.
11. Insert #6-32 x 3/16 inch screws (two screws per side) in the lowest row of slots in the mounting rails and tighten.
12. If the hard disk drive you are replacing is in Position 3, mount the plastic faceplate and secure it to the extended bracket ends using two #6-32 x 3/16 inch screws.

## Mounting a Hard Disk Drive in the MAP/40

1. Locate the bottom set of slots on either side of the MAP/40 just behind the front of the peripheral bay.

You will use the screws provided with the Universal Mounting Kit to secure the drive to the MAP/40 peripheral bay.



**NOTE:**

Use only the bottom position to secure the disk drive/mounting brackets inside the MAP/40. Do not use the threaded holes.

2. Place the drive in the MAP/40 with the aluminum case facing up. Slide the hard disk drive through the front entry area.
3. Hold the drive unit from inside the peripheral bay area and align the bracket with the holes.
4. Insert the mounting screws on each side of the hard disk drive.  
Lock the screws in place, but do not tighten.
5. Adjust the bracket depth so the faceplate is aligned with back edge of the bezel.
6. Tighten the screws.

## **Connecting Cables to the Hard Disk Drive**

---

1. Attach the SCSI cable by aligning it with the pins on the cable receptacle and pushing it on. All connectors are "keyed" to prevent incorrect installation.
2. Attach the power cable to the hard disk drive in the same manner.
3. Dress all cables together neatly and affix the hard disk drive to the peripheral bay assembly by adjusting the plastic cable retainer that is part of the assembly. This cable retainer can be seen by looking through the right side door.

All disk cables are held in place by this retainer as shipped from the factory. Pull on the tab at the top of the retainer to release it. Press on the retainer to secure it.

4. Replace the circuit card retaining bracket, circuit card access panel, and MAP/40 dress cover. See "[Replacing the Retaining Bracket, Access Panel, and Dress Cover](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#).
5. Apply power to the unit. See "[Restoring Power to the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#).
6. Continue with the next step "[Restoring the INTUITY CONVERSANT System.](#)"

## Replacing Hard Disk Drive 0

---

The following procedure explains how to replace a hard disk drive on an existing INTUITY CONVERSANT system.

The following sections list the procedures for replacing Hard Disk Drive 0 in mirrored, nonmirrored, and single-disk systems.

### Replacing Hard Disk Drive 0 (Nonmirrored or Single-Disk System)

---

Because Hard Disk Drive 0 contains the base system software, you must reinstall the entire INTUITY CONVERSANT system if this disk fails on a nonmirrored or single-disk system, after the hard disk drive has been replaced.

### Replacing the Hard Disk Drive

To replace the hard disk drive, do the following:

1. Remove both hard disk drives from the system. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" for the procedure.
2. Set the jumpers on the replacement Hard Disk Drive 0. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" for the procedure.
3. Place the replacement Hard Disk Drive 0 in Bay 4. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" for the procedure.
4. Reinstall Hard Disk Drive 1 in Bay 3. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" for the procedure.

### Restoring the INTUITY CONVERSANT System

#### **WARNING:**

*After installing a 2-Gbyte hard disk drive into a system as Disk 0, **DO NOT ATTEMPT TO INSTALL AN OLDER VERSION OF UnixWare**. The version of the operating system tape that should be used contains the phrase "Independent Image." If the operating system tape does not contain this phrase, notify the remote maintenance center immediately.*

To reinstall the INTUITY CONVERSANT system software, do the following:

1. Restore the system using the CONVERSANT Image Tape created using the **mkimage** command. See "[Restoring the INTUITY CONVERSANT System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
2. Restore the speech files using the **spres** command. See Appendix A, "Summary of Commands," in *INTUITY CONVERSANT System Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591.

## Replacing Hard Disk Drive 0 (Mirrored System)

In the event of a Hard Disk Drive 0 failure in a mirrored system, the system will still be operational and there will be no noticeable degradation of service. The following procedure explains how to replace Hard Disk Drive 0 on a mirrored system.

### CAUTION:

*This initial synchronization of data on a mirrored system can degrade service, depending on system load. Therefore, perform this procedure only during off-peak hours.*

## Replacing the Hard Disk Drive

To replace the hard disk drive, do the following:

1. Remove both hard disk drives from the system. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" for the procedure.
2. Set the jumpers on the replacement Hard Disk Drive 0. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" for the procedure.
3. Place the replacement Hard Disk Drive 0 in Bay 4. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" for the procedure.
4. Reinstall Hard Disk Drive 1 in Bay 3. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" for the procedure.

## Restoring the INTUITY CONVERSANT System

To restore the INTUITY CONVERSANT system, do the following:

1. Insert the diskette labeled "Veritas Boot Floppy 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
2. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter boot SCSI drive:
```

3. Enter **D:unix**

The system displays the console login.

4. Log in as root.

5. Enter **voldiskadm**

The system displays the Volume Manager Support Operations screen ([Figure 6-13](#)).

```
Volume Manager Support Operations
Menu: VolumeManager/Disk

1      Add or initialize a disk
2      Encapsulate a disk
3      Remove a disk
4      Remove a disk for replacement
5      Replace a failed or removed disk
6      Mirror volumes on a disk
7      Move volumes from a disk
8      Enable access to (import) a disk group
9      Remove access to (deport) a disk group
10     Enable (online) a disk device
11     Disable (offline) a disk device
list   List disk information

?      Display help about menu
??     Display help about menuing system
q      Exit from menus

Select an operation to perform:
```

**Figure 6-13. Volume Manager Support Operations Screen**

6. Enter **list**

The system displays the List Disk Information screen ([Figure 6-14](#)).

```
List Disk Information
Menu: VolumeManager/Disk/ListDisk

Use this menu option to display a list of disks. You can
also choose to list detailed information about the disk at
a specific disk device address.

Enter disk device or "all" [<address>,all,q,?] (default:all)
```

**Figure 6-14. List Disk Information Screen**

7. Press **ENTER**.

The system displays the following message:

| DEVICE | DISK   | GROUP  | STATUS |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| c0t0d0 | disk00 | rootdg | online |
| c0t1d0 | disk01 | rootdg | online |

8. Record the device IDs and disk names in the following table.

| Device | Disk |
|--------|------|
|        |      |

9. Press **ENTER**.

The system displays the Volume Manager Support Operations screen ([Figure 6-13](#)).

10. Enter **4**

The system displays the following message:

Enter the name of the disk to remove.

- Enter the disk name for the drive with the device ID `c0t0d0`.



**NOTE:**

This should be `disk00`.

The system displays the Volume Manager Support Operations screen ([Figure 6-13](#)).

- Enter **5**

The system displays the following message:

Enter the name of the disk to replace.

- Enter the same disk name as in [Step 11](#).

The system displays the following message:

Enter the device ID of the disk to use as a replacement.

- Enter **c0t1d0**

The system displays the Hard Disk Partitioning – Disk 1 screen ([Figure 6-15](#)).

Total disk size is 2048 cylinders (2048.0MB)

| Partition | Status | Type        | Start | End  | Length | %   | Approx MB |
|-----------|--------|-------------|-------|------|--------|-----|-----------|
| 1         | Active | UNIX System | 0     | 2047 | 2048   | 100 | 2048.0    |

SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING

0. Overwrite system master boot code
1. Create a partition
2. Change Active (Boot from) partition
3. Delete a partition
4. Update (Update disk configuration and exit)
5. Exit (Exit without updating disk configuration)

Enter selection:

**Figure 6-15. Hard Disk Partitioning – Disk 1 Screen**

- Enter **1**

The system responds with a screen where you must supply information for the new partition.

16. Select UNIX System. Use ◀ and ▶ to move through the Partition Type field selections.
17. Press (TAB) to move to the Percentage of Disk field.
18. Enter **100**
19. Press (▼) to move to the Apply box and press (ENTER).

The system displays the Hard Disk Partitioning – Disk 1 screen ([Figure 6-15](#)).

20. Enter **4**

The system displays the Volume Manager Support Operations screen ([Figure 6-13](#)).

21. Enter **q**

The system starts mirroring the contents of Hard Disk Drive 1 to Hard Disk Drive 0. This will not interrupt normal operation of the INTUITY CONVERSANT system.

22. Remove the diskette labeled "Veritas Boot Floppy 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

You have completed the procedure for replacing Hard Disk Drive 0 in a mirrored system.

## Replacing Hard Disk Drive 1

---

The following procedure explains how to replace a hard disk drive on an existing INTUITY CONVERSANT system.

This procedure only applies to Hard Disk Drive 1. If it is not possible to log in to the INTUITY CONVERSANT system, it is possible that Hard Disk Drive 0 has failed. See one of the "[Replacing Hard Disk Drive 0](#)" procedures (nonmirrored or mirrored, depending on your configuration) for instructions.

### Software and Hardware Procedures for Replacing Hard Disk Drive 1 (Nonmirrored System)

---

In the event of a Hard Disk Drive 1 failure in a nonmirrored system, the system is still operational. However, speech files are lost. The following procedure explains how to replace Hard Disk Drive 1 on a nonmirrored system.

#### Replacing the Hard Disk Drive

To replace Hard Disk Drive 1, do the following:

1. Remove Hard Disk Drive 1 from the system. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" for the procedure.
2. Set the jumpers on the replacement Hard Disk Drive 1. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" for the procedure.
3. Place the replacement Hard Disk Drive 1 in Bay 3. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" for the procedure.

#### Restoring the INTUITY CONVERSANT System

To restore the INTUITY CONVERSANT system, do the following:

1. Log in as root.
2. Enter **voldiskadm**

The system displays the Volume Manager Support Operations screen ([Figure 6-13](#)).

3. Enter **list**

The system displays the List Disk Information screen ([Figure 6-14](#)).

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

| DEVICE | DISK   | GROUP  | STATUS |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| c0t0d0 | disk00 | rootdg | online |
| c0t1d0 | disk01 | rootdg | online |

- Record the device IDs and disk names in the following table.

| Device | Disk |
|--------|------|
|        |      |
|        |      |

- Press **(ENTER)**.  
 The system displays the Volume Manager Support Operations screen ([Figure 6-13](#)).
- Enter **3**.  
 The system displays the following message:  
 Enter the name of the disk to remove.
- Enter the disk name for the drive with the device ID *c0t1d0*.



**NOTE:**

This should be disk01.

The system displays the Volume Manager Support Operations screen ([Figure 6-13](#)).

- Add Hard Disk Drive 1 to the system. See "[Adding Hard Disk Drive 1 to a System for Speech Storage](#)" below for the procedure.
- Restore the speech files using the **spres** command. See Appendix A, "Summary of Commands," in *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6 Speech Development, Processing, and Recognition* for the procedure.

### **Software and Hardware Procedures for Replacing Hard Disk Drive 1 (Mirrored System)**

In the event of a Hard Disk Drive 1 failure in a mirrored system, the system is still operational and there is no noticeable degradation of service. The following procedure explains how to replace Hard Disk Drive 1 on a mirrored system.



**CAUTION:**

*This initial synchronization of data on a mirrored system can degrade service, depending on system load. Therefore, perform this procedure only during off-peak hours.*

## Replacing the Hard Disk Drive

To replace Hard Disk Drive 1, do the following:

1. Remove Hard Disk Drive 1 from the system. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" for the procedure.
2. Set the jumpers on the replacement Hard Disk Drive 1. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" for the procedure.
3. Place the replacement Hard Disk Drive 1 in Bay 3. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" for the procedure.

## Restoring the INTUITY CONVERSANT System

To restore the INTUITY CONVERSANT system, do the following:

1. Log in as root.
2. Enter **voldiskadm**  
The system displays the Volume Manager Support Operations screen ([Figure 6-13](#)).
3. Enter **list**  
The system displays the List Disk Information screen ([Figure 6-14](#)).

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

| DEVICE | DISK   | GROUP  | STATUS |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| c0t0d0 | disk00 | rootdg | online |
| c0t1d0 | disk01 | rootdg | online |

5. Record the device IDs and disk names in the following table.

| Device | Disk |
|--------|------|
|        |      |

6. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the Volume Manager Support Operations screen ([Figure 6-13](#)).

7. Enter **4**

The system displays the following message:

Enter the name of the disk to remove.

8. Enter the disk name for the drive with the device ID `c0t1d0`.



**NOTE:**

This should be `disk01`.

The system displays the Volume Manager Support Operations screen ([Figure 6-13](#)).

9. Enter **5**

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter the name of the disk to replace.
```

10. Enter the same disk name as in [Step 8](#).

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter the device ID of the disk to use as a replacement.
```

11. Enter **c0t0d0**

The system displays the Hard Disk Partitioning – Disk 1 screen ([Figure 6-15](#)).

12. Enter **1**

The system responds with a screen where you must supply information for the new partition.

13. Select `UNIX system`. Use  and  to move through the `Partition Type` field selections.

14. Press  to move to the `Percentage of Disk` field.

15. Enter **100**

16. Press  to move to the `Apply` box and press .

The system displays the Hard Disk Partitioning – Disk 1 screen ([Figure 6-15](#)).

17. Enter **4**

The system displays the Volume Manager Support Operations screen ([Figure 6-13](#)).

18. Enter **q**

The system starts mirroring the contents of Hard Disk Drive 0 to Hard Disk Drive 1. This does not interrupt normal operation of the INTUITY CONVERSANT system.

## Adding a Hard Disk Drive

This section details the procedures for adding a second hard disk drive to an INTUITY CONVERSANT system with only one hard disk drive. If you are replacing an existing drive, see "[Replacing Hard Disk Drive 0](#)" or "[Replacing Hard Disk Drive 1](#)" above for the procedure.

### Adding Hard Disk Drive 1 to a System for Mirroring

To add a hard disk drive, do the following:

1. Install the new hard disk drive. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" above for the procedure.
2. Clean the new hard disk drive. See "[Cleaning a Hard Disk Drive](#)" below for the procedure.
3. Log in as **root**.
4. Enter **voldiskadm**

The system displays the Volume Manager Support Operations screen ([Figure 6-13](#)).

5. Enter **1**

The system displays the Add or Initialize a Disk screen ([Figure 6-16](#)).

```
Add or initialize a disk
Menu: VolumeManager/Disk/AddDisk
```

```
Use this operation to add a disk to a disk group. You can select an
existing disk group or create a new disk group. You can also initialize
a disk without adding it to a disk group, which leaves the disk available
for use as a replacement disk. This operation takes, as input, a disk
device, for example c0t2d0, a disk group (or none to leave the disk
available for as a replacement disk). If you are adding the disk to a
disk group, you will be asked to give a name to the disk.
```

```
Select disk device to add [<address>,list,q,?]
```

**Figure 6-16. Add or Initialize a Disk Screen**

- Enter **list** to show a list of the disk devices recognized by the system.

**⇒ NOTE:**

The **list** command will show the newly added disk "online" or "error," but not as part of any disk group. Choose this disk address for the next prompt.

The system displays the following message:

| DEVICE | DISK   | GROUP  | STATUS |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| c0t0d0 | disk00 | rootdg | online |
| c0t1d0 | -      | -      | online |

- Enter the device to add.

The system displays the following message:

Disk device c0tXd0 appears to have been initialized already.  
 The disk is currently available as a replacement disk.

**⇒ NOTE:**

If the disk is a brand new disk, the above message is not displayed. Sometimes the newly added disk STATUS is shown as "Error" instead of "online." This may happen until the disk is added to the Volume Manager internal configuration files using **voldiskadm**.

Do you wish to reinitialize c0tXd0?

- Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

You can choose to add this disk to an existing disk group, to create a new disk group, or you can choose to leave the disk available for use by future add or replacement operations. To create a new disk group, select a disk group name that does not yet exist. To leave the disk available for future use, specify a disk group name of "none".

Which disk group [<group>,none,list,q,?] (default: rootdg)

- Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

You must now select a disk name for the disk. This disk name can be specified to disk removal, move, or replacement operations. If you move the disk, such as between host bus adapters, the disk will retain the same disk name, even though it will be accessed using a different disk device address name.

Enter disk name [<name>,q,?] (default: disk01)

10. Enter the disk name.

If you are adding Hard Disk Drive 0, enter **disk00**

If you are adding Hard Disk Drive 1, enter **disk01**

The system displays the following message:

```
The requested operation is to initialize disk device
c0tXd0 and to add this device to disk group rootdg as
disk disk0X.
```

Continue with operation? [y,n,q,?] (default: y)

11. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the Initialize a Disk screen ([Figure 6-17](#)).

```
Initialize a disk
Menu: VolumeManager/Disk/AddDisk
```

```
The fdisk utility will now be invoked to allow you to select partitions
to be used for the DOS operating system, and one fdisk partition to use
for storing UNIX partitions. Please create exactly one partition with
type UNIX. If you wish to be able to boot UNIX on this disk, you must
also make the UNIX partition the active partition.
```

```
Continue?
```

**Figure 6-17. Initialize a Disk Screen**

12. Enter **y**.

The system displays the following message:

```
The recommended default partitioning for your disk is:
a 100% "UNIX System" partition.
```

```
To select this please type "y". To partition your disk
differently, type "n" and the "fdisk" program will let
you select other partitions.
```

13. Enter **y**

After approximately 20 to 30 minutes the system will indicate that the procedure was successful.

14. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the Volume Manager Support Operations screen ([Figure 6-13](#)).

15. Enter **q**

The system displays the system prompt.

## Adding Hard Disk Drive 1 to a System for Speech Storage

---

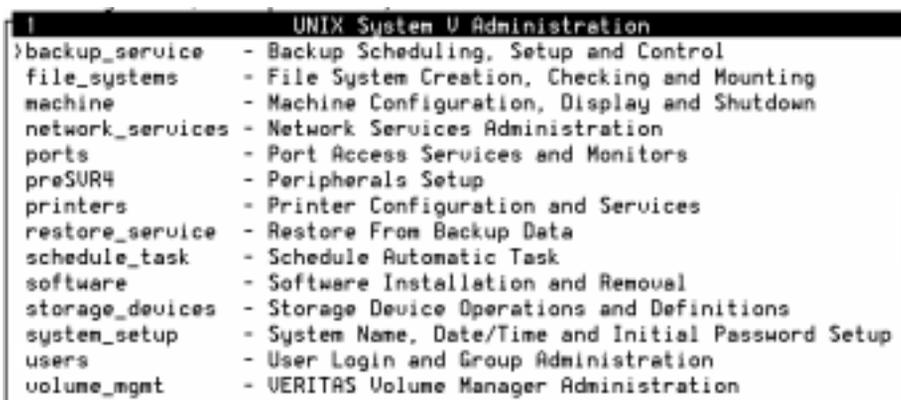
1. Complete the "[Adding Hard Disk Drive 1 to a System for Mirroring](#)" procedure.
2. Log in to the system as **root**.
3. Enter **sysadm**

### ⇒ NOTE:

This procedure assumes that there is no file or directory named **/home3** on the system. If **/home3** exists, choose another unique name and substitute that name for **/home3** throughout the following procedure.

The system displays the UNIX System V Administration menu ([Figure 6-18](#)).

---



```
UNIX System V Administration
}backup_service - Backup Scheduling, Setup and Control
file_systems   - File System Creation, Checking and Mounting
machine        - Machine Configuration, Display and Shutdown
network_services - Network Services Administration
ports          - Port Access Services and Monitors
preSUR4        - Peripherals Setup
printers       - Printer Configuration and Services
restore_service - Restore From Backup Data
schedule_task  - Schedule Automatic Task
software       - Software Installation and Removal
storage_devices - Storage Device Operations and Definitions
system_setup   - System Name, Date/Time and Initial Password Setup
users          - User Login and Group Administration
volume_mgmt    - VERITAS Volume Manager Administration
```

---

Figure 6-18. UNIX System V Administration Menu

4. Select

```
>volume_mgmt
> Display Disks
> disk01
```

The system displays the Display Disk <disk01> window ([Figure 6-19](#)).

```
4 Display Disk disk01
Disk Name: disk01          Status: online
Device Name: c0t1d0s0     Length: 4189696

Volumes on disk disk01:
mtce
oracle
rootvol
standvol
swapvol
tmp
```

**Figure 6-19. Display Disk Window**

5. Record the value in the Length field.

Length

6. Press **(CANCEL)** (F6) twice.

The system displays the VERITAS Volume Manager menu ([Figure 6-20](#)).

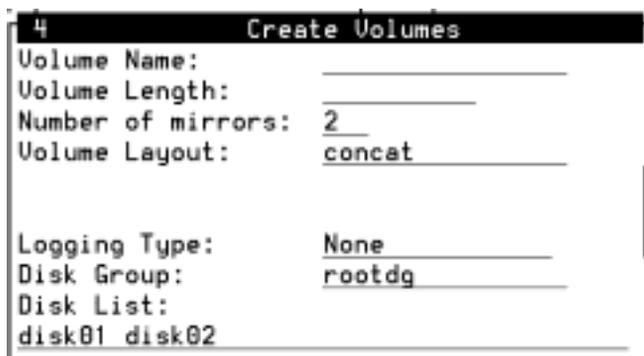
```
2 VERITAS Volume Manager
Basic Disk Operations - Add, remove, and modify disks
Basic Filesystem Operations - Create, remove, and modify file systems
Basic Volume Operations - Create, remove, and modify volumes
)Display Disks - Show disks under Volume Manager control
Display Volumes - Display parameters of volumes
Set Defaults - Set defaults for top down utilities
```

**Figure 6-20. VERITAS Volume Manager Menu**

7. Select

```
>Basic Volume Operations
> Create
```

The system displays the Create Volumes window ([Figure 6-21](#)).



**Figure 6-21. Create Volumes Window**

8. Enter **home3** in the Volume Name: field.
9. Enter the number you recorded in [Step 5](#) in the Volume Length: field.
10. Enter **0** in the Number of Mirrors: field.
11. Enter **concat noncontig** in the Volume Layout: field.
12. Enter **None** in the Logging Type: field.
13. Enter **rootdg** in the Disk Group: field.
14. Enter **disk01** in the Disk List: field.
15. Press **(SAVE)** (F3).
16. Press **(CANCEL)** (F6).
17. Press **(CMD-MENU)** (F7).
18. Select

```
>Exit
```

The system displays the UNIX prompt.

19. Enter **/sbin/mkfs -F vxfs -o C,bsize=8192 /dev/rvol/home3 <number for length of disk from [Step 5](#) above>**

The system displays the following message:

```
Mkfs: make vxfs file system?
```

```
(DEL if wrong)
```

20. Press **(ENTER)**.
21. Enter **cp /etc/vfstab /etc/vfstab.orig**
22. Add the following line to the file */etc/vfstab*:

```
/dev/vol/home3 /dev/rvol/home3 /home3 vxfs 1 yes mincache=closesync
```

23. Enter **mkdir /home3**
24. Enter **mount /home3**
25. Enter **mkdir -p /home3/vfs/talkfiles**

### NOTE:

There is a sysadm menu option for creating a filesystem, but we recommend that you do not use this menu option when creating large file systems.

You have completed the procedure for adding a hard disk drive.

## Cleaning a Hard Disk Drive

Cleaning a hard disk drive can be done by:

- Using the fdisk command
- Low-level formatting the hard disk drive

### Using the fdisk Command

A hard disk drive which contains data cannot be installed in a INTUITY CONVERSANT system. The hard disk drive must be cleaned before use.

To clean a hard disk drive, do the following:

1. Log in to the system as root.
2. Enter **fdisk /dev/rdisk/c0t1d0s0**

### CAUTION:

*The phrase c0t1d0s0 is the name of the disk to be cleaned. The phrase c0t1d0s0 is correct for Hard Disk Drive 1. Hard Disk Drive 0 is named c0t0d0s0.*

The system displays the Disk Cleaning screen ([Figure 6-22](#)).

Total disk size is 2048 cylinders (2048.0MB)

| Partition | Status | Type           | Start | End  | Length | %   | Approx<br>MB |
|-----------|--------|----------------|-------|------|--------|-----|--------------|
| 1         | Active | UNIX<br>System | 0     | 2047 | 2048   | 100 | 2048.0       |

SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING

0. Overwrite system master boot code
1. Create a partition
2. Change Active (Boot from) partition
3. Delete a partition
4. Update (Update disk configuration and exit)
5. Exit (Exit without updating disk configuration)

Enter selection:

**Figure 6-22. Disk Cleaning Screen**

3. Enter **3**

The system displays the following message:

Enter the number of the partition you want to delete  
 (or enter x to exit)

4. Enter the number of the partition.

For the example given in [Figure 6-22](#), you would enter **1**

The system displays the following message:

Do you want to delete partition X? This will erase all  
 files and programs in this partition (type "y" or "n").

5. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

Partition X has been deleted.

The system displays the Disk Cleaning screen ([Figure 6-22](#)).

6. Enter **4**

The system displays the following message:

```
If you have created or altered a partition, you must
initialize the partition to reflect the new
configuration.  For a UNIX System partition run the
disksetup(lm) command.  For a DOS partiton, run the DOS
format command.  Changes limited to the "Active" status
field require no additional action.
```

7. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

You have completed the procedure for cleaning a hard disk drive.

## Low-Level Formatting the Hard Disk Drive

The procedure for low-level formatting a hard disk drive differs depending on the CPU type installed on your system.

### Low-Level Formatting with a 486 CPU Circuit Card

To low-level format a hard disk drive, do the following:

1. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
2. Insert the diskette labeled "Low Level Format V1.3" into the diskette drive.
3. Press the platform RESET button on the front of the MAP/40 to reboot the system.

The system displays the **A:\** prompt.

4. Enter **debug**

The system responds by changing the prompt.

5. Enter **g=c800:6**

The system responds with a menu and requests a menu choice.

6. Choose option 2 repeatedly until you have selected your second hard disk drive.
7. Choose option 3 to format the selected disk. This operation takes approximately one hour, depending on the size of the disk.
8. When the format is completed, choose option 5 to quit the menu.
9. Remove the diskette from the diskette drive.
10. Reboot the system by pressing the RESET button.

You have completed this procedure.

## Low-Level Formatting with a P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card

To low-level format a hard disk drive, do the following:

1. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
2. Press **(CONTROL)-(A)** when prompted.

The system displays the Host Adapter Configuration screen ([Figure 6-23](#)).

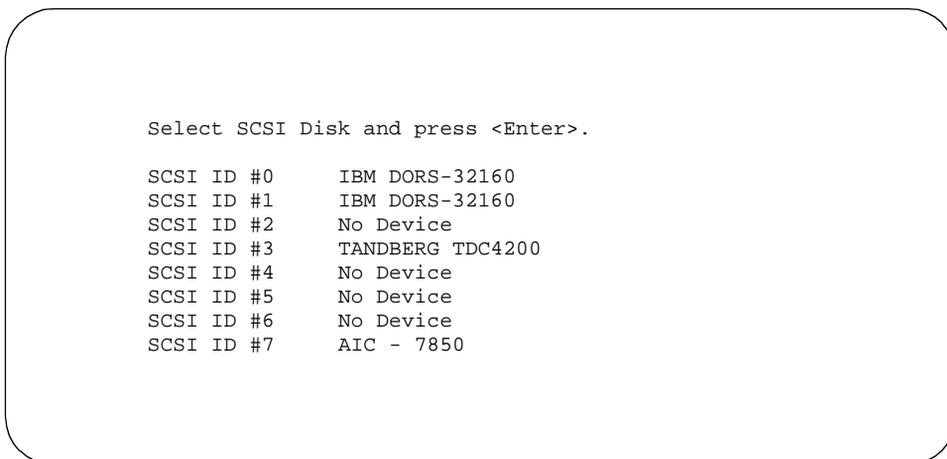
```
Would you like to configure the host adapter or run the SCSI disk
utilities? Select the option and press <Enter>. Press <F5> to switch
between color or monochrome.
```

```
Options
Configure/View Host Adapter Settings
SCSI Disk Utilities
```

**Figure 6-23. Host Adapter Configuration Screen**

3. Place the cursor on `SCSI Disk Utilities`. Use the up **(▲)** and down **(▼)** arrows to move the cursor.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

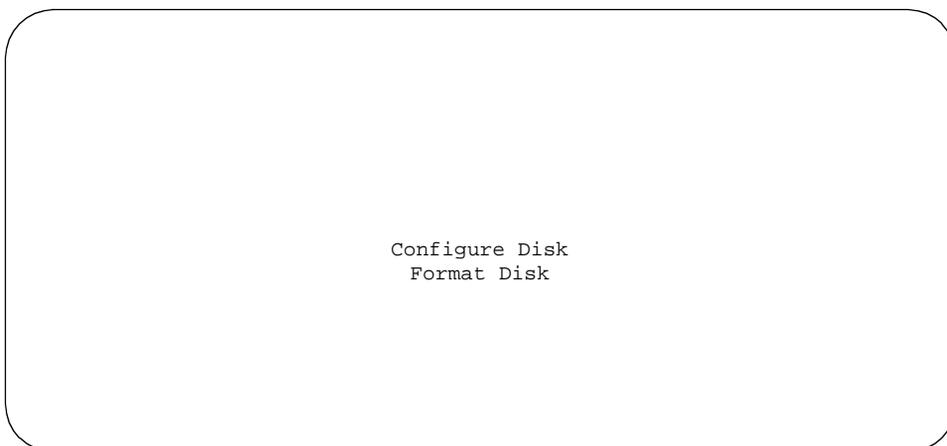
The system displays the SCSI Disk Utilities screen ([Figure 6-24](#)).



**Figure 6-24. SCSI Disk Utilities Screen**

5. Place the cursor on the SCSI Disk to be formatted. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
6. Press (ENTER).

The system displays the Configure/Format Disk screen ([Figure 6-25](#)).



**Figure 6-25. Configure/Format Disk Screen**

7. Place the cursor on the `Format Disk`. Use the up (▲) and down (▼) arrows to move the cursor.
8. Press (ENTER).  
The system will ask you to confirm that the disk is to be formatted.
9. Enter **y**

## Mirroring

This section details procedures for establishing or removing mirroring on a two-disk INTUITY CONVERSANT system.

### Establishing Mirroring

Establishing disk mirroring includes copying data from the first disk to the second disk, then enabling mirroring so that the two disks continue to be in sync. When mirroring to another disk, make sure that the second disk is at least as large as the first one. If the second disk is larger, the additional space remains unused and may be used later if there is a need to grow a file system.

The following procedure shows the system entries and system responses when mirroring disk00 and disk01. If you are mirroring other disks, your responses will be different.

1. Set the jumpers on Hard Disk Drive 1. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" above for the procedure.
2. Place Hard Disk Drive 1 in Bay 3. See "[Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive](#)" above for the procedure.
3. Add Hard Disk Drive 1 to the system. See "[Adding Hard Disk Drive 1 to a System for Mirroring](#)" above for the procedure.

4. At the UNIX prompt, enter **voldiskadm**

The system displays the Volume Manager Support Operations screen ([Figure 6-13](#)).

5. Enter **6**

The system displays the Mirror Volumes on a Disk screen ([Figure 6-26](#)).

```
Mirror volumes on a disk
Menu: VolumeManager/Disk/Mirror
```

```
This operation can be used to mirror volumes on a disk. These volumes can
be mirrored onto another disk or onto any available disk space. Volumes
will not be mirrored if they are already mirrored. Also, volumes that are
comprised of more than one subdisk will not be mirrored.
```

```
Mirroring volumes from the boot disk will produce a disk that can be used
as an alternate boot disk.
```

```
At the prompt below, supply the name of the disk containing the volumes
to be mirrored.
```

```
Enter disk name
```

**Figure 6-26. Mirror Volumes on a Disk Screen**

6. Enter **list**

The system displays the Disk Group screen ([Figure 6-27](#)).

```
Disk group:  rootdg

DM  NAME  DEVICE  TYPE  PRIVLEN  PUBLLEN  PUBPATH
dm  disk00 c0t0d0s0  sliced  512      2422237  /dev/rdisk/c0t0d0se
dm  disk00 c0t1d0s0  sliced  512      3448320  /dev/rdisk/c0t1d0se

Enter disk name
```

**Figure 6-27. Disk Group Screen**

7. Enter **disk00**

The system displays the following message:

```
You can choose to mirror volumes from disk disk00 onto
any available disk space, or you can choose to mirror
onto a specific disk. To mirror to a specific disk,
select the name of that disk. To mirror to any
available disk space, select "any".
```

```
Enter destination disk [<disk>,list,q,?] (default: any)
```

8. Enter **disk01**

The system displays the following message:

```
The requested operation is to mirror all volumes on
disk disk00 in disk group rootdg onto available disk
space on disk disk01.
```

```
NOTE: This operation takes a long time to complete.
```

```
(It will take approximately 20 minutes to mirror all
volumes on a 1.2 Gbyte disk.)
```

```
Continue with the operation?
```

9. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

```
Mirror volume standvol
Mirror volume swapvol
Mirror volume rootvol
Disk disk01 is now bootable
Mirror volume mtce
```

```
Mirror volume oracle
Mirror volume tmp
Mirror volume vol
Mirror volume vs

Mirroring of disk disk01 is complete.

Mirror volumes on another disk?
```

10. Enter **n**

The system displays the Volume Manager Support Operations screen ([Figure 6-13](#)).

11. Enter **q**

## Removing Mirroring

---

To remove mirroring, do the following:

1. At the UNIX prompt, enter **sysadm**

The system displays the UNIX System V Administration menu ([Figure 6-18](#)).

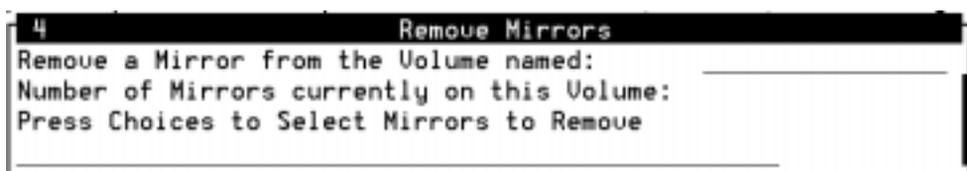
2. Select

```
>volume_mgmt
```

```
> Basic Volume Operations
```

```
> Remove Mirror
```

The system displays the Remove Mirrors window ([Figure 6-28](#)).



**Figure 6-28. Remove Mirrors Window**

3. Enter the name of the volume in the Remove a Mirror from the Volume named: field.
4. Place the cursor in the Press Choices To Select Mirrors to Remove field.

6 Replacing the Hard Disk Drive  
Mirroring

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5. Press (F2) **CHOICES** to select from the menu.
6. Select **disk01**
7. Press (F3) **SAVE**.

# Replacing Other Components

# 7

---

## Overview

This chapter describes the procedures for replacing:

- Memory modules
- Fan filters
- Card cage fans
- Diskette drives
- Power supplies
- SCSI cartridge tape drives
- 12-slot backplanes

## Purpose

The purpose of this chapter is to ensure that the correct procedures are used to replace the internal components of the MAP/40. This chapter also provides information on the correct configuration and settings for the individual components.

## Replacing the Electromagnetic Interference Reduction Components

---

Before connecting peripherals or external devices, install toroids and/or ferrites to each interface cable. All installations require the use of toroids and ferrites to meet the individual country agency electromagnetic conductance (EMC) regulations. Installation of toroids and ferrites must be in accordance with these procedures to meet individual country compliances.

A *toroid* (Type A) is a 2.5-inch (6.4-cm) circular ferrite (comcode 405853458). Toroids are made of a highly conductive carbon type of material that is very brittle. If a toroid ring fractures, it should immediately be replaced.

A *ferrite* (Type B) is a 1-inch (2.5-cm) rectangular device (comcode 407616846). Ferrites are made of a variable conductive carbon type material to reduce special EMC frequency band width. Available in split and solid ferrite forms, a special snap-back protective cover is used to install and keep the halves together.

### CAUTION:

*Handle toroids and ferrites with care. Toroids and ferrites are easily fractured and broken. Immediately replace any fractured or broken toroids or ferrites as they are no longer effective for EMC control.*

Two sizes of cable ties are used to secure the toroids and ferrites:

- Small, 0.1 x 8.0 inch (0.3 x 20 cm); comcode 407033349
- Large, 0.19 x 7.72 inch (0.5 x 20 cm); comcode 402678684

## Toroid and Ferrite Placement

---

[Table 7-1](#) contains a summary of special toroid and ferrite installation requirements. See "[How to Install a Toroid \(Type A\)](#)" and "[How to Install a Ferrite \(Type B\)](#)" below for detailed installation instructions.

**Table 7-1. Requirements for Toroid and Ferrite Placement**

| Installed Component                                                 | Cable                                                                    | Toroid/Ferrite Placement                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Type       | Number of Cable Ties                                      |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| MAP chassis                                                         | Power cord                                                               | 3 ferrites                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | B          | 1 large                                                   |
| Keyboard                                                            | Keyboard cable                                                           | 1 toroid<br>Wrap the cable 3 turns on the toroid                                                                                                                                                                                                       | A          | 2 small                                                   |
| Monitor                                                             | Monitor power cable                                                      | 3 ferrites                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | B          | 1 large                                                   |
| Monitor                                                             | Monitor video cable                                                      | 1 ferrite                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | B          | 1 large                                                   |
| CPU serial port COM1 or COM2                                        | CPU serial port cable                                                    | 1 ferrite                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | B          | 1 large                                                   |
| CPU parallel port (only used if optional printer will be installed) | Printer cable                                                            | 1 ferrite                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | B          | 1 large                                                   |
| CPU serial port (only used if optional modem will be installed)     | Modem cable                                                              | 1 ferrite                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | B          | 1 large                                                   |
| Tip/Ring circuit card AYC10 or AYC29                                | Two 3-foot unshielded flat modular cables for each Tip/Ring circuit card | 1 ferrite on each modular cable<br>Wrap each cable 1 turn through the ferrite                                                                                                                                                                          | B          | none                                                      |
| Tip/Ring circuit card AYC30                                         | Two 3-foot unshielded flat modular cables for each Tip/Ring circuit card | 1 ferrite on each modular cable<br>Wrap each cable 1 turn through a pair of toroids<br><br> <b>NOTE:</b><br>Each pair of toroids can support a maximum of 11 cables | B<br><br>A | None<br><br>1 small on the cable<br>2 small on the toroid |

*Continued on next page*

**Table 7-1. Requirements for Toroid and Ferrite Placement — Continued**

| Installed Component                     | Cable                                     | Toroid/Ferrite Placement                                              | Type | Number of Cable Ties |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------------|
| LAN circuit card                        | Unshielded modular cable                  | 1 ferrite<br>Wrap the cable 1 turn through the ferrite                | B    | None                 |
| PC/ISDN circuit card                    | Unshielded modular cable                  | 1 ferrite<br>Wrap the cable 1 turn through the ferrite                | B    | None                 |
| Fax actions circuit card                | 2 unshielded modular cables               | 1 ferrite for each cable<br>Wrap the cable 1 turn through the ferrite | B    | None                 |
| Synchronous host interface circuit card | Shielded, unterminated DB25 cable         | 1 ferrite<br>Wrap the cable 1 turn through the ferrite                | B    | None                 |
| Token ring circuit card                 | Unshielded, unterminated modular cable    | 1 ferrite<br>Wrap the cable 1 turn through the ferrite                | B    | None                 |
| Multi-Port serial circuit card          | 2 unshielded, unterminated modular cables | 1 ferrite for each cable<br>Wrap the cable 1 turn through the ferrite | B    | None                 |
| Remote maintenance circuit card         | Modular cable                             | 1 ferrite<br>Wrap the cable 2 turns through the ferrite               | B    | None                 |
| Mouse                                   | Mouse cable                               | 1 ferrite<br>Wrap the cable 4 turns through the ferrite               | B    | None                 |

## General Toroid and Ferrite Installation Guidelines

---

When installing toroids and ferrites:

### CAUTION:

*Handle all toroids and ferrites with care. They are easily broken. Do not use any that are broken or fractured.*

1. Place toroids and ferrites as closely as possible to the computer chassis.
2. Minimize the amount of cable between the toroids and ferrites and the chassis.
3. Wrap cables as tightly as possible. Do not leave large amounts of slack in the loop(s).
4. Place small cable ties to hold the cable wrap(s) tightly in place around the toroids. Use large cable ties behind the ferrite(s) to help them to stay in place.

## How to Install a Toroid (Type A)

---

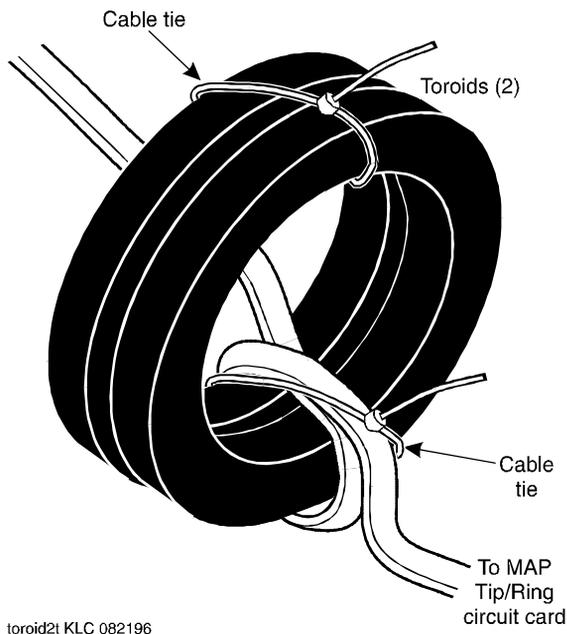
The following is the general toroid installation procedure. [Figure 7-1](#) shows a paired toroid example installation.

### Single Toroid

1. Wrap each modular cable tightly around the toroid.
2. Secure the cable(s) with a small cable tie to reduce cable movement.
3. Trim off any excess from the cable tie.

### Paired Toroids

1. Place two toroids together.
2. Secure the toroid pair with a small cable tie.
3. Trim any excess from the cable tie.
4. Wrap each modular cable around the toroid tightly. Wrap the cables around the toroid opposite of the small cable tie.
5. Secure the modular cable(s) with a cable tie to reduce cable movement.
6. Trim any excess from the cable tie.

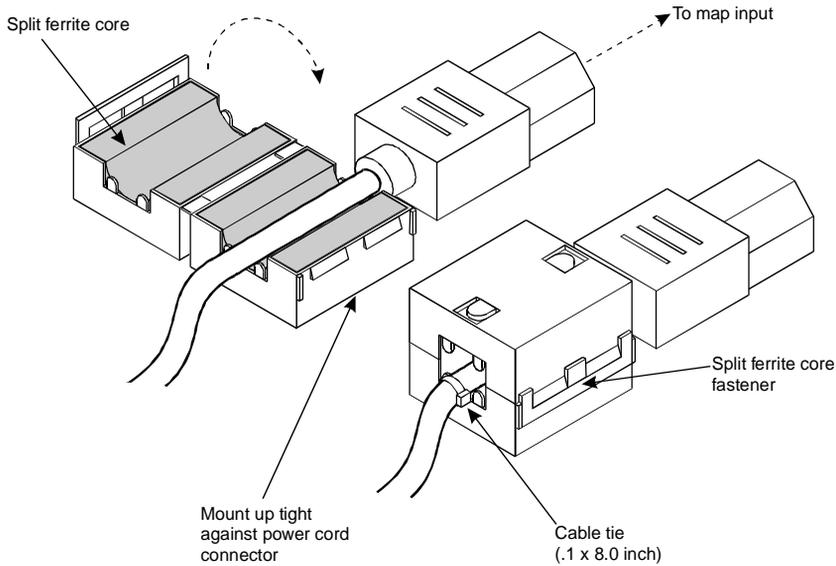


**Figure 7-1. Example Toroid (Type A) Pair Installation**

### **How to Install a Ferrite (Type B)**

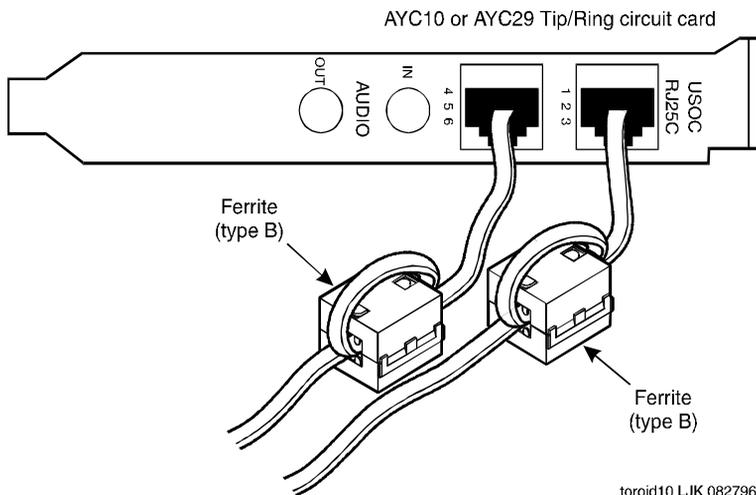
The following is the general ferrite installation procedure. [Figure 7-2](#) and [Figure 7-3](#) show different examples of ferrite installations.

1. Open the ferrite by gently pulling the fastener away from the body of the ferrite.
2. Place the cord or cable in the groove inside the ferrite.
3. If the cable is to be wrapped around the ferrite, loop the cable tightly around half of the ferrite and place the cable into the groove.
4. Gently snap the ferrite shut.
5. Attach a large cable tie directly behind the ferrite to secure it. If the cable is installed looped through the ferrite, no cable tie is required ([Figure 7-3](#)).
6. Trim any excess from the cable tie.



ftorrid KLC 062796

Figure 7-2. Example Ferrite (Type B) Installation



toroid10 LJK 082796

Figure 7-3. Example Ferrite (Type B) Installation

## Replacing Defective Memory Modules

This section describes

- The memory available with the MAP/40
- How to determine if the memory modules are damaged
- How to replace the memory

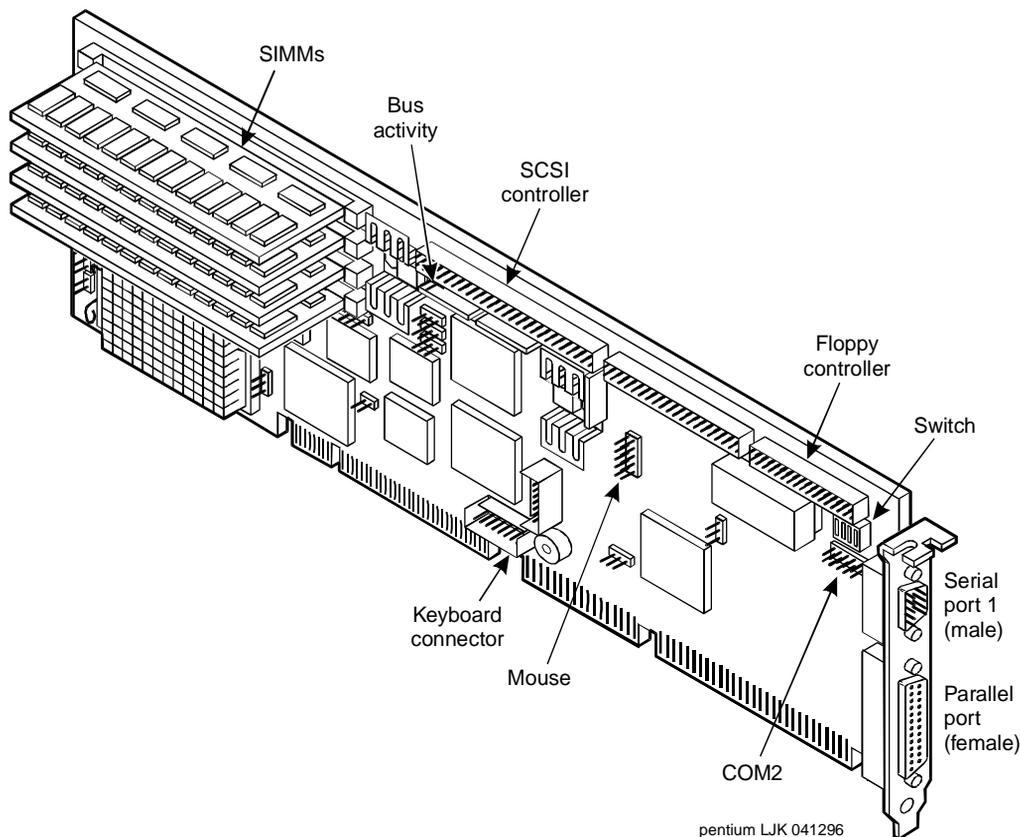


### **WARNING:**

*Observe proper electrostatic discharge precautions when you handle computer components. Wear an antistatic wrist strap that touches your bare skin and connect the strap cable to an earth ground. See "[Protecting against Damage from Electrostatic Discharge](#)," in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#)."*

### Memory and SIMM Description

The MAP/40 supports 32, 64, 96, and 128 Mbytes of memory for both the 486 and the P5120 CPUs. In addition, 48 Mbytes of memory is supported for the 486 CPU. The memory is packaged on single in-line memory modules (SIMMs). These modules are placed in sockets located in the top left corner of the CPU circuit card ([Figure 7-4](#)).



**Figure 7-4. P5120/CPU Circuit Card SIMM Location**

The SIMMs must be installed on the CPU using the following rules.

- All SIMMs must be either -6, 60nS or -7, 70nS speed rating.
- SIMMs must be in matched pairs
- SIMM1 and SIMM2 must both be equipped.
- SIMM1 and SIMM2 must be identical (same part number, speed, size, vendor).
- If SIMM3 and SIMM4 are equipped, they must be identical. SIMM3 and SIMM4 can be different than SIMM1 and SIMM2.

The SIMMs must be in one of the following configurations.

- 32 Mbyte consisting of two identical 16-Mbyte SIMMs located in the SIMM1 and SIMM2 sockets.
- 64 Mbyte consisting of two identical 32-Mbyte SIMMs located in the SIMM1 and SIMM2 sockets.

## 7 Replacing Other Components

### Replacing Defective Memory Modules

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- 64 Mbyte consisting of two identical 16-Mbyte SIMMs located in the SIMM1 and SIMM2 sockets and two identical 16-Mbyte SIMMs located in the SIMM3 and SIMM4 sockets.
- 96 Mbyte consisting of two identical 32-Mbyte SIMMs located in the SIMM1 and SIMM2 sockets and two identical 16-Mbyte SIMMs located in the SIMM3 and SIMM4 sockets.
- 128 Mbyte consisting of two identical 32-Mbyte SIMMs located in the SIMM1 and SIMM2 sockets and two identical 32-Mbyte SIMMs located in the SIMM3 and SIMM4 sockets.



#### NOTE:

The INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® system will not boot if there is an odd number of SIMMs

## Identifying a Defective SIMM

---

The following situations could indicate a missing or defective SIMM:

- The system will not boot
- The memory test fails
- A parity error on the CPU occurs

If you suspect a defective SIMM is present on the CPU circuit card, do the following:

## Checking for Proper SIMM Seating

1. Verify that the replacement SIMM is on site and appears to be in usable condition, with no obvious shipping damage.
2. If the system is in service, perform the following steps.
  - a. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - b. Shut down the voice system. See "[Shutting Down the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - c. Shut down the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
3. Remove power from the MAP/40. See "[Removing Power from the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for power removal procedures.
4. Remove the dress cover, circuit card access panel, and circuit card retaining bracket. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for component removal procedures.

5. Carefully remove the CPU circuit card. See [“Removing a Circuit Card”](#) in [Chapter 5, “Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards”](#), for the procedure.
6. Verify that all SIMMs are properly seated in their slots. If all are properly seated, continue with the next procedure, [“Checking for Defective SIMMS.”](#)

If one or more of the SIMMs are not properly installed or seated, do the following.

- a. Properly seat the SIMM.
- b. Replace the CPU circuit card. See [“P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card”](#) in [Chapter 5, “Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards”](#), for the procedure.
- c. Reboot the system. See [“Rebooting the UNIX System”](#) in [Chapter 3, “Common System Procedures,”](#) for the procedure.

If the system shows an amount of memory equal to that installed on the card, the problem has been corrected.

If the system shows an amount of memory less than that installed on the card, continue with the next procedure, [“Checking for Defective SIMMS.”](#)

## Checking for Defective SIMMS

1. Remove one of the SIMMs. See [“Removing SIMMS”](#) below for more information on removing the SIMMs.
2. Install a new SIMM, identical to the SIMM which was removed. See [“Installing SIMMS”](#) below for the procedure.
3. Reinstall the CPU circuit card. See [“P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card”](#) in [Chapter 5, “Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards”](#), for the procedure.
4. Restore power to the MAP/40. See [“Restoring Power to the MAP/40”](#) in [Chapter 4, “Getting Inside the Computer”](#), for the procedure.
5. Reboot the system. See [“Rebooting the UNIX System”](#) in [Chapter 3, “Common System Procedures,”](#) for the procedure.
6. Verify the amount of memory as the system reboots.
7. If the amount of memory shown by the system is not equal to the amount of memory installed on the card, one of the remaining SIMMs is defective. Complete Steps a through c below. If the memory is not correct continue with Step 7.
  - a. Remove power from the MAP/40. See [“Removing Power from the MAP/40”](#) in [Chapter 4, “Getting Inside the Computer”](#), for power removal procedures.

## 7 Replacing Other Components

### Replacing Defective Memory Modules

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- b. Replace the SIMM which was removed in Step 1. See "[Installing SIMMs](#)" below for more information on replacing the SIMM.
  - c. Return to Step 1 and continue, removing a second SIMM.
8. If the amount of memory shown by the system equals the amount of memory installed on the card, the SIMM you removed is defective.
9. Replace the circuit card retaining bracket, circuit card access panel, and dress cover. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#) for the procedure.
10. Apply power to the unit. See "[Restoring Power to the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.

## Removing SIMMs

---

1. Verify that the replacement SIMMs are on site and appear to be in usable condition.
2. If the system is in service, complete Steps a through c below.
  - a. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - b. Shut down the voice system. See "[Shutting Down the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - c. Shut down the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
3. Remove power from the MAP/40. See "[Removing Power from the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for power removal procedures.
4. Remove the dress cover, circuit card access panel, and circuit card retaining bracket. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for component removal procedures.
5. Remove the CPU circuit card. See "[Removing a Circuit Card](#)" in [Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"](#), for the procedure.
6. Lay the CPU circuit card on a flat, clean, ESD-protected surface.
7. Release the metal snap locks gently at the edge of the SIMM connectors.
8. Rotate the SIMM back and downward to approximately a 60-degree angle.
9. Remove the SIMM.

## Installing SIMMs

---

1. If the system is in service, complete Steps a through c below.
  - a. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - b. Shut down the voice system. See "[Shutting Down the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - c. Shut down the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
2. Remove power from the MAP/40. See "[Removing Power from the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for power removal procedures.
3. Remove the dress cover, circuit card access panel, and circuit card retaining bracket. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for component removal procedures.
4. Remove the CPU circuit card. See "[Removing a Circuit Card](#)" in [Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards,"](#) for the procedure.
5. Install the SIMM by positioning the new SIMM at approximately a 60-degree angle with respect to the CPU circuit card.

All SIMMs are keyed to prevent them from being inserted incorrectly.

### NOTE:

Install a new SIMM in the slot adjacent to the last SIMM installed. Do not leave any empty sockets between SIMMS.

6. Push down at that angle until the SIMM is reset into the SIMM carrier.
7. Snap the SIMM into place by rotating it to an upright position.

The metal snap lock on the ends of the connector for the SIMM will be forced open and then lock when in the upright position.
8. Ensure the connector guide pins are seated into the clearance holes provided at each end of the SIMM.

When properly seated, the guides should be fully extended into the circuit card clearance holes.
9. Reinstall the CPU circuit card. See "[Installing a Circuit Card](#)" in [Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards,"](#) for the procedure.
10. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
11. Verify the amount of memory as the system reboots.

12. Replace the circuit card retaining bracket, circuit card access panel, and dress cover. See "[Replacing the Retaining Bracket, Access Panel, and Dress Cover](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.
13. Apply power to the MAP/40. See "[Restoring Power to the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.

## **Replacing a Terminator SIP**

If the circuit card is the last circuit card connected to either end of the TDM bus, you must ensure that the TDM bus terminator single in-line packages (SIPs) are in place on the circuit card. If the circuit card is not the last circuit card on the bus, you must remove the SIPs.



### **NOTE:**

"Last circuit card connected" means that there are no other cards between the circuit card and the end of the bus. There may, however, be empty connectors.

To replace a terminator SIP, complete the following:

1. Align the terminator SIP with the SIP socket on the circuit card ([Figure 7-5](#)).

There are markings on both the terminator SIP and the circuit card which should be used to align the terminator SIP.

2. Insert the terminator SIP.

You have completed this procedure.

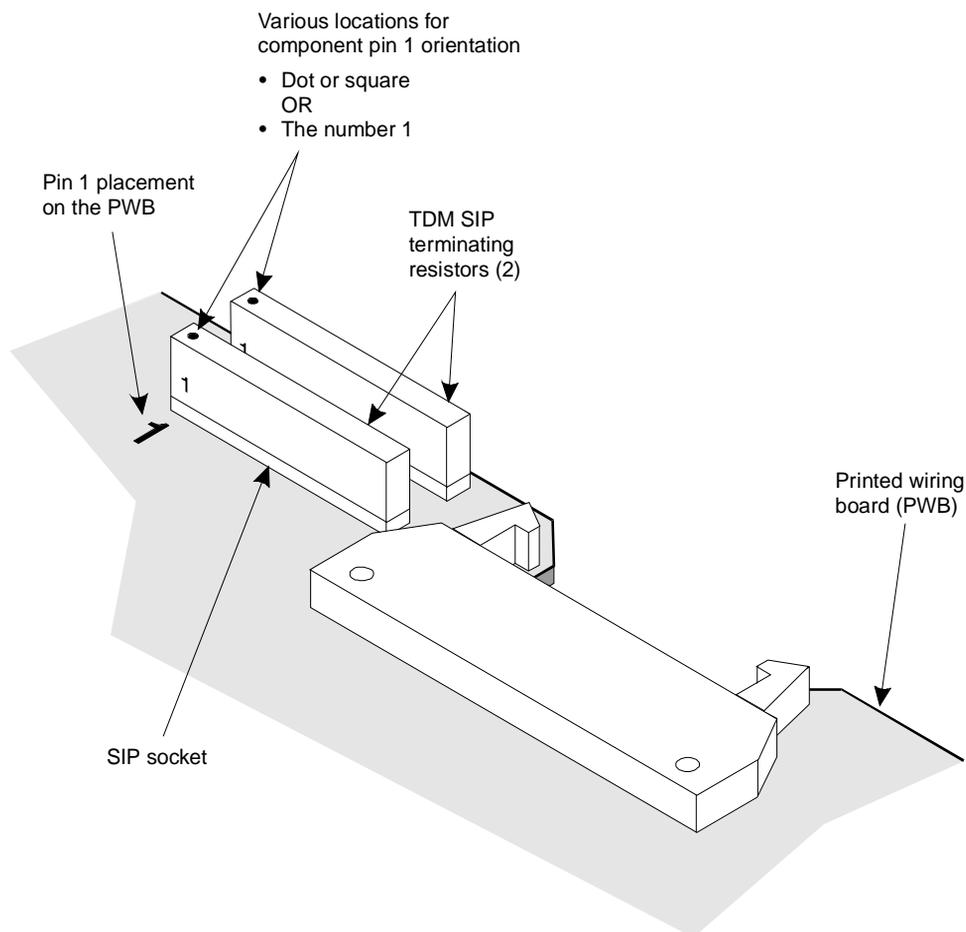
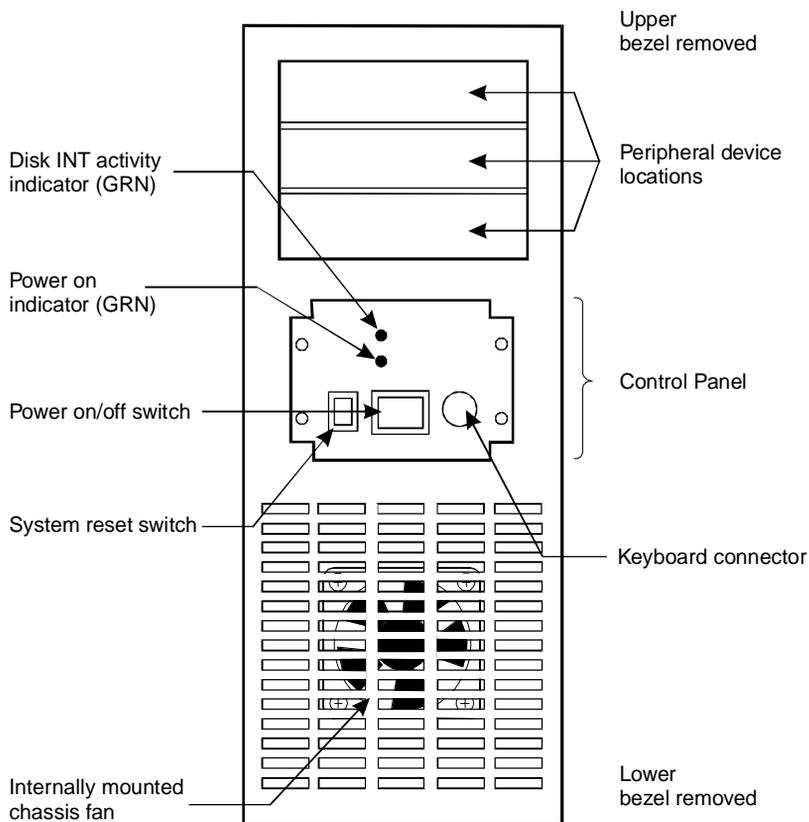


Figure 7-5. Replacing Terminator SIPs on the TDM Bus

## Replacing the Fan Filter

The MAP/40 is equipped with a fan filter designed to remove dust and debris from the air before the air circulates inside the chassis. The filter is located behind a vented cover which attaches to the lower portion of the bezel ([Figure 7-6](#)). The fan filter should be checked on a regular basis to determine the condition and cleaned if necessary.



**Figure 7-6. Front View of MAP/40**

## Removing the Fan Filter

To remove the fan filter for replacement or cleaning, do the following.

1. Remove the vented cover from the lower portion of the bezel by pressing down gently on the top of the cover and pulling out.
2. Remove the fan filter from the vented cover.

## Cleaning the Fan Filter

Cleaning the fan filter should be a part of routine maintenance. Clean the fan filter with mild soap and water. Allow it to air dry before you replace it.

### **!** CAUTION:

*Do not use heat to dry the filter and do not place a wet or damp filter into the MAP/40.*

## Installing the Fan Filter

1. Place the fan filter into the vented cover.
2. Place the vented cover into the bezel by inserting the lower portion behind the bezel, pressing down gently on the top of the cover, and pushing in toward the chassis.

## Replacing the Card Cage Fan

The MAP/40 contains two fans that provide cooling inside the unit. The first is located inside the power supply and is *not* serviceable. Never attempt repairs to this fan. If it fails, you must replace the entire power supply. See "[Replacing the Power Supply](#)" for more information.

The second fan (406900126) is located in front of the card cage, behind the front cover panel. It is mounted on a support plate to force airflow through the MAP/40 chassis, across the circuit cards as illustrated in [Figure 7-7](#).

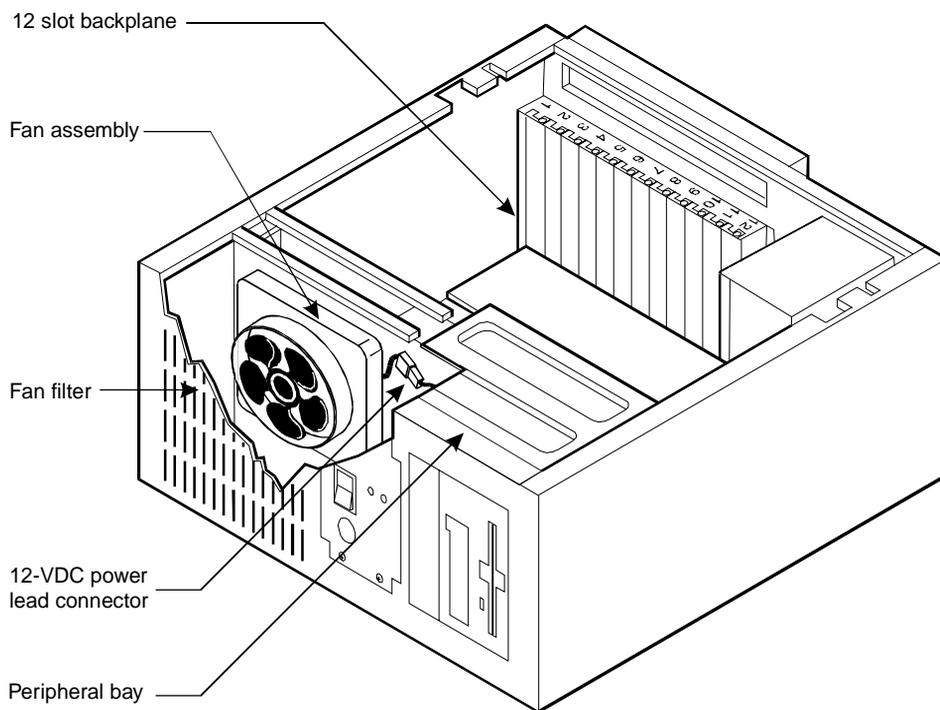


Figure 7-7. MAP/40 Internal Layout

## Removing the Card Cage Fan

---

1. Verify that the replacement equipment is on site and appears to be in usable condition, with no obvious shipping damage.
2. If the system is in service, perform the following steps.
  - a. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - b. Shut down the voice system. See "[Shutting Down the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - c. Shut down the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
3. Remove power from the MAP/40. See "[Removing Power from the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for power removal procedures.
4. Remove the dress cover, circuit card access panel, and circuit card retaining bracket. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for component removal procedures.
5. Remove the two Phillips screws that hold the fan in position ([Figure 7-7](#)).
6. Unplug the 12-VDC power lead connector ([Figure 7-7](#)).
7. Lift the card cage fan out of the chassis. The card cage fan consists of the card cage fan and the attached support plate.
8. Remove the four screws retaining the card cage fan.
9. Remove the fan from the support plate.

## Installing a Card Cage Fan

---

1. Attach the new fan to the support plate using the four screws removed in Step 8 of "[Removing the Card Cage Fan](#)" above.



**NOTE:**

The card cage fan unit must be installed so that air travels through the mounting plate hole towards the card cage area, as shown in [Figure 7-7](#). Locate the air-flow direction indicators to ensure that the fan is properly mounted.

2. Using the supplied nylon cable tie, secure the power harness to the fan assembly.
3. Attach the 12-VDC connector. The connector is keyed to ensure correct mating.

4. Mount the card cage fan unit in the MAP/40 chassis and secure it with the two screws.
5. Replace the circuit card access panel. See "[Replacing the Retaining Bracket, Access Panel, and Dress Cover](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.
6. Apply power to the MAP/40. See "[Restoring Power to the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.
7. Verify that the replacement fan is operating by placing a small sheet of paper across the grill on the intake side of the fan. The paper should adhere to the grill.

If the fan is operating, continue with Step 8.

If the fan is not operating or is spinning very slowly, check all wiring connections and voltages to ensure that the replacement unit is receiving power.



**CAUTION:**

*Do not leave the MAP/40 powered up for any length of time or proceed to the next step until the card cage fan is fully operational.*

8. Replace the dress cover and reconnect the keyboard, video, and network circuits as needed. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.

## Replacing the Diskette Drive

The 1.44 Mbyte, 3.5-inch diskette drive is assembled by the manufacturer with a mounting kit. The diskette drive is located in Position 1 of the peripheral bay, as shown in [Figure 7-6](#).



**WARNING:**

*Observe proper electrostatic discharge precautions when you handle computer components. Wear an antistatic wrist strap that touches your bare skin and connect the strap cable to an earth ground. See "[Protecting against Damage from Electrostatic Discharge](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.*

## Removing the Diskette Drive

1. Verify that the replacement equipment is on site and appears to be in usable condition, with no obvious shipping damage.
2. If the system is in service, complete the following Steps a through c below.
  - a. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

- b. Shut down the voice system. See "[Shutting Down the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - c. Shut down the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
3. Remove power from the MAP/40. See "[Removing Power from the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for power removal procedures.
4. Remove the dress cover, circuit card access panel, and circuit card retaining bracket. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for component removal procedures.
5. Return the MAP/40 to the upright position.
6. Remove the power cord connector (P11) from the back of the diskette drive. Move it to the side.
7. Remove the bus cable assembly connection from the back of the diskette drive. Move it to the side.
8. Locate the four 3-millimeter screws on the peripheral bay chassis. Holding the rear of the diskette drive, remove these screws.



**CAUTION:**

*Keep these four screws separate. These screws are metric. Using any of the other screws associated with the MAP/40 will damage the threads in the diskette drive mounting hardware.*

9. Slide the diskette drive forward within the peripheral bay and remove it through the front opening of the MAP/40 chassis.



**CAUTION:**

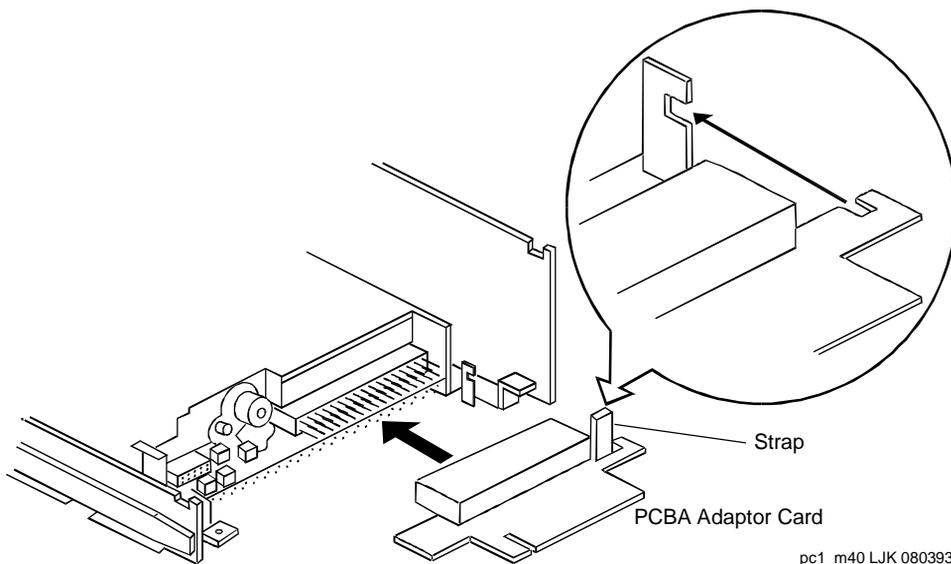
*Handle the diskette drive with care. The spindle motor, stepping motor, and printed circuit board are located on the bottom of the diskette drive. Do not place any force or strain on these components and do not touch the surface of the diskette drive printed circuit board.*

10. Place the diskette drive assembly on an ESD-protected surface and carefully remove the PCBA 5-inch adapter card ([Figure 7-8](#)).



**CAUTION:**

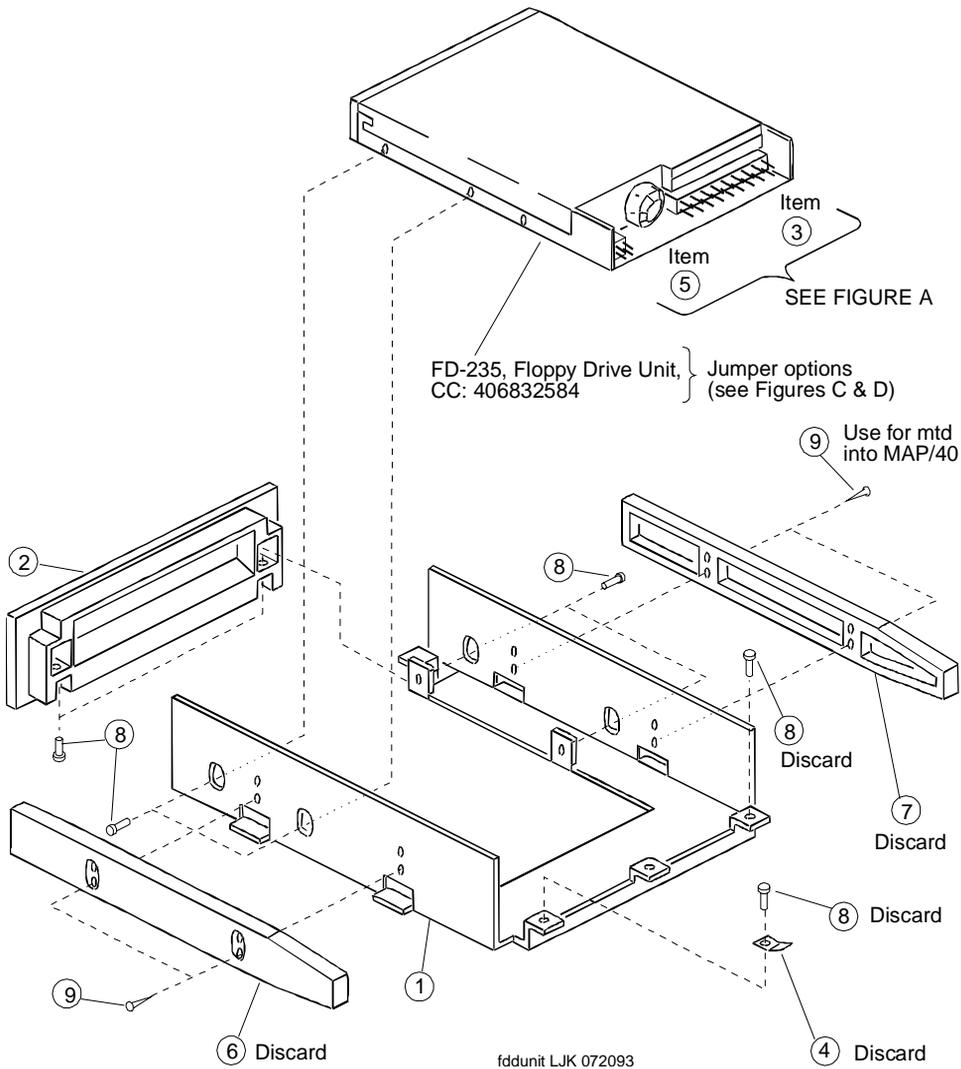
*Do not bend or twist the PCBA 5-inch adapter card connector pins.*



pc1\_m40 LJK 080393

**Figure 7-8. Diskette Drive Unit PCBA 5-Inch Adapter Card**

11. Remove the four 3-millimeter screws that secure the drive unit to the 5.25-inch diskette drive hardware mounting kit. These screws are shown as item 8 in [Figure 7-9](#).



**Figure 7-9. Diskette Drive Assembly**

- Slide the drive unit back to clear the front bezel. The bezel is shown as item 2 in [Figure 7-9](#).
- Place the diskette drive upside down, with the printed circuit board facing up, on an ESD-protected surface.

## Installing a Diskette Drive

---

1. Remove the new diskette drive unit from its ESD-protective wrapping.



**NOTE:**

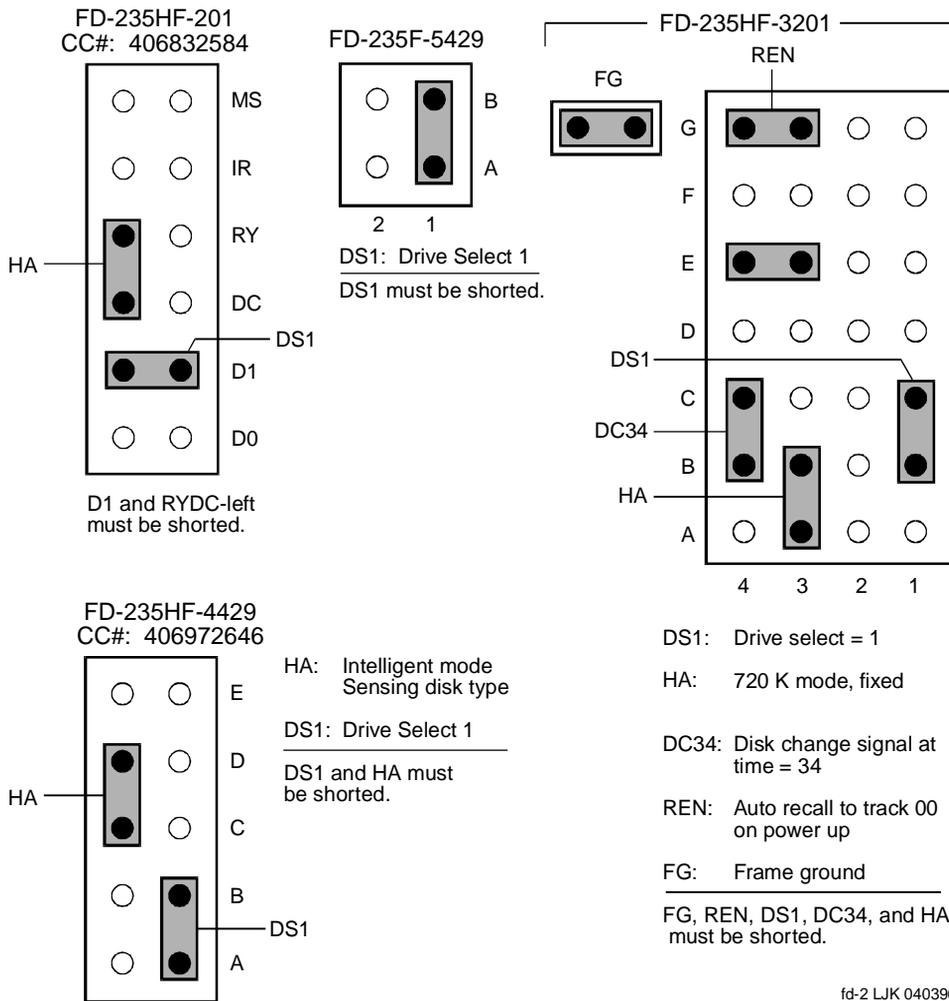
Keep the package and all ESD-protective wrapping to return the defective unit. Re-use of the original replacement unit packaging is necessary to meet the manufacturer's warranty.

2. The diskette drive for the MAP/40 is produced in six versions:

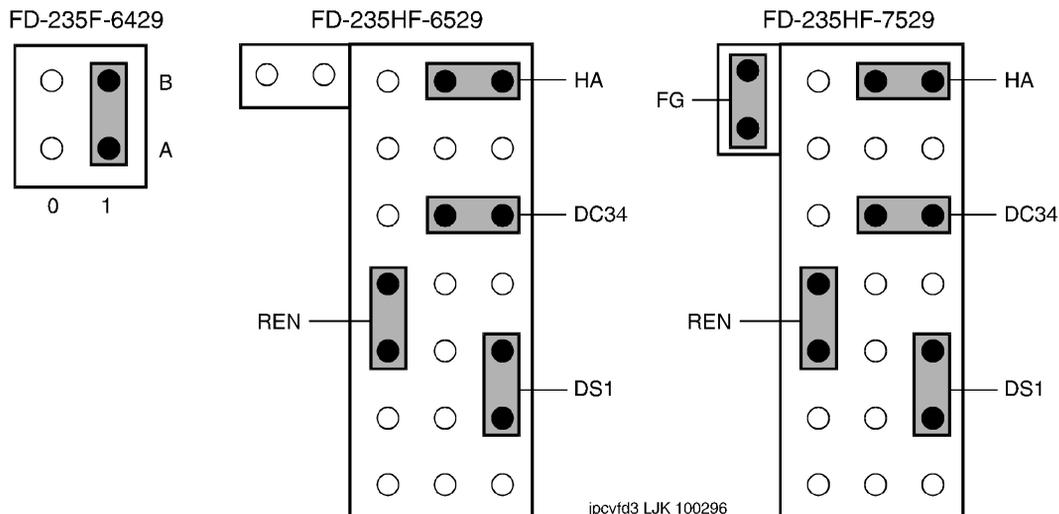
- FD-235HF-201
- FD-235HF-3201
- FD-235HF-4429
- FD-235F-5429
- FD-235HF-6429
- FD-235HF-6529
- FD-235HF-7529

Identify the diskette drive you are installing.

3. Verify that the jumpers are set as shown in [Figure 7-10](#) and [Figure 7-11](#).



**Figure 7-10. Diskette Drive Jumper Connections**  
 (201, 3201, 4429, 5429)



**Figure 7-11. Diskette Drive Jumper Connections (6429, 6529, and 7529)**

4. Hold the diskette drive by the metal sides and carefully attach it to the 5.25-inch mounting hardware and bezel.
5. Secure the diskette drive using the four 3-millimeter screws removed in Step 11 of "[Removing the Diskette Drive](#)" above.
6. Attach the PCBA adapter card, being careful to align the tabs shown in [Figure 7-8](#).
7. Slide the new diskette drive unit into the MAP/40 peripheral bay. Ensure the front of the diskette drive is flush with the other units in the peripheral bay.
8. Secure the diskette drive to the peripheral bay with the four 3-millimeter screws removed in Step 8 of "[Removing the Diskette Drive](#)" above.
9. Attach the diskette drive cable assembly to the PCBA adapter card. Ensure that the red bus cable No. 1 conductor tracer indicator is towards the *bottom* of the peripheral bay. Both the PCBA card and the diskette drive cable assembly are keyed to prevent improper connection.
10. Attach the mini power-cable assembly that is provided with the system power supply wiring.

When making the power cable connection, twist the cable clockwise three times before plugging the connector into the diskette drive. This will neatly dress the cable toward the bottom of the MAP/40 chassis. Tuck all wiring neatly back into its original placement, paying special attention not to pinch sections of cable when reassembling the unit.

11. Replace the circuit card access panel and dress cover. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.
12. Apply power to the MAP/40. See "[Restoring Power to the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.

## **Replacing the Power Supply**

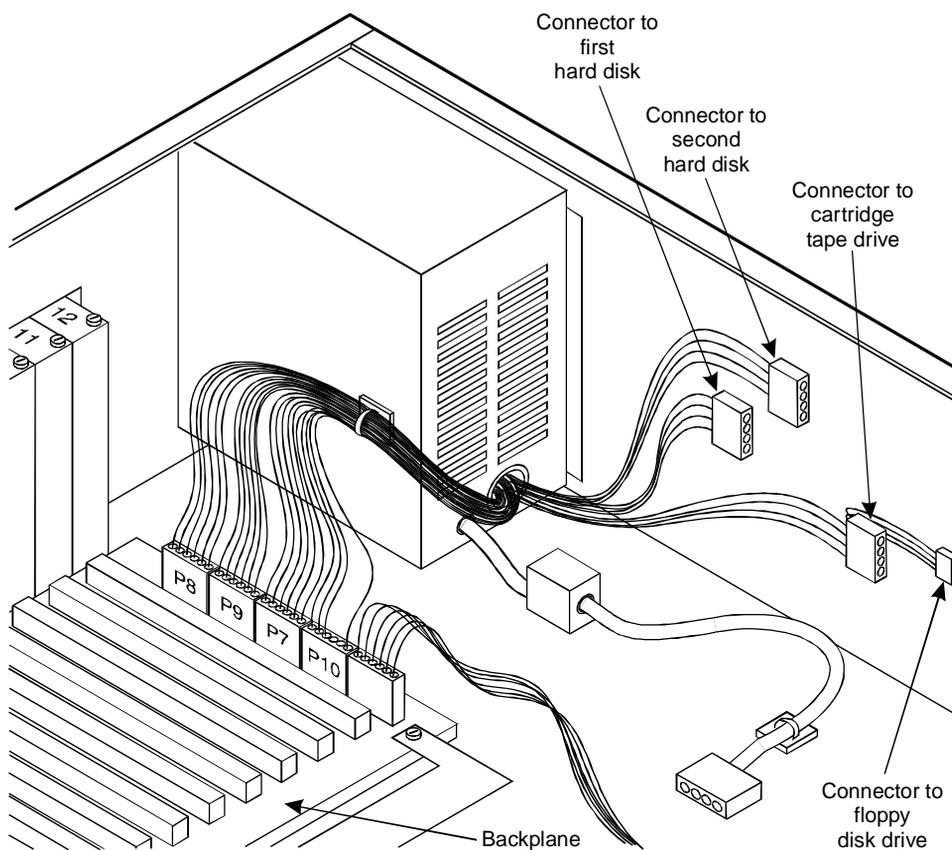
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The 110/220-VAC power supply is located in the upper right corner of the MAP/40 as shown in [Figure 7-7](#).

## **Removing the Power Supply**

---

1. Verify that the replacement equipment is on site and appears to be in usable condition, with no obvious shipping damage.
2. If the system is in service, perform the following steps.
  - a. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - b. Shut down the voice system. See "[Shutting Down the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - c. Shut down the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
3. Remove power from the MAP/40. See "[Removing Power from the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for power removal procedures.
4. Remove the dress cover, circuit card access panel, and circuit card retaining bracket. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for component removal procedures.
5. Unplug the connector to the cartridge tape drive ([Figure 7-12](#)).
6. Unplug the connector to the diskette drive ([Figure 7-12](#)).
7. Unplug the connector to the second hard disk drive, if provided.
8. Unplug the connector to the first hard disk drive ([Figure 7-12](#)).



map40-ps KLC 052396

**Figure 7-12. MAP/40 Power Supply Unit**

9. Remove the circuit cards in slots 11 and 12. This is necessary to provide enough clearance to remove the power supply unit from the chassis.
10. Remove the bus cable assemblies to the peripheral devices. This is necessary to provide adequate clearance to access the backplane power supply connectors P8, P9, P10, and P11.
11. Locate the power supply output cable, which is mounted behind the power supply. Using a small pair of wire snips, cut the tie that secures this to the chassis base ([Figure 7-12](#)).
12. Disassemble the output power cord connector by squeezing the connector side latches and carefully sliding it apart ([Figure 7-12](#)).
13. Remove the six screws on the chassis rear area that secure the power supply unit ([Figure 7-12](#)).

14. Slide the unit slightly forward towards the peripheral bay and tilt towards the backplane.
15. Lift and remove the power supply.
16. Remove the four screws which secure the power supply to the mounting plate ([Figure 7-12](#)).
17. Remove the power supply from the mounting plate.

## Installing a Power Supply

1. Remove the spare power supply unit from the shipping carton.

### NOTE:

Keep the package and all ESD-protective wrapping to return the defective unit. Re-use of the original replacement unit packaging is necessary to meet the manufacturer's warranty.

The replacement power supply unit has two cable adhesive mounts and six nylon cable ties.

2. Verify the input AC voltage selection switch, located on the chassis side close to the button edge, is in the correct position.

The switch is a slide type. Printed text on the surface indicates the input voltage requirements, either 115 or 230 Volts. The correct position for systems installed in the United States is 115 volts.

3. Mount the power supply unit to the mounting plate using the four screws provided
4. Install the power supply unit into the chassis and align the screw holes.
5. Install the six screws on the chassis rear area that secure the power supply unit.
6. Attach the power supply DC output connectors P8, P9, P10, and P11 to the backplane connectors J13, J14, J15, and J16. The backplane connectors and power supply DC output lead connector have matching keyed connectors.
7. Attach the connector to the cartridge tape drive ([Figure 7-12](#)).
8. Attach the connector to the diskette drive ([Figure 7-12](#)).
9. Attach the mini-power connector, if provided ([Figure 7-12](#)).
10. Attach the connector to the second hard disk drive, if provided.  

If a second hard disk drive is not installed, dress this lead back out of the way to reduce cable congestion as previously outlined ([Figure 7-12](#)).
11. Attach the connector to the first hard disk drive ([Figure 7-12](#)).
12. Connect the power supply internal AC cord and secure with one of the nylon cable ties provided with the replacement unit.

## 7 Replacing Other Components

### Replacing the SCSI Cartridge Tape Drive

Page 7-29

13. Reinstall the circuit cards you removed from slots 11 and 12. See ["Installing a Circuit Card"](#) in [Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"](#), for the procedure.
14. Connect the LED INT cable assembly located inside the chassis to the header located on the CPU circuit card.
15. Apply power to the MAP/40. See ["Restoring Power to the MAP/40"](#) in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.
16. Complete Steps a and b to verify the replacement power supply unit is functioning properly.
  - a. Make sure the backplane +5V, -5V +12V and -12V LED indicators are on.
  - b. Make sure the card cage fan is operating.

If one or more of these voltage indicators are not on or if the fan is not working, diagnostics are required to determine the problem. See [Chapter 2, "Diagnostics"](#), for the possible diagnostics.

17. Remove power from the MAP/40. See ["Removing Power from the MAP/40"](#) in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.

#### NOTE:

The system will reboot automatically. Make sure the power is turned off before the system reboots.

18. Replace the circuit card retaining bracket, circuit card access panel, and dress cover. See ["Replacing the Retaining Bracket, Access Panel, and Dress Cover"](#) in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.
19. Apply power to the MAP/40. See ["Restoring Power to the MAP/40"](#) in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.

## Replacing the SCSI Cartridge Tape Drive

---

The SCSI cartridge tape drive is located in Position 2 of the peripheral bay ([Figure 7-6](#)). The following procedures detail removal and installation of the SCSI cartridge tape drive for the MAP/40.

#### WARNING:

Observe proper electrostatic discharge precautions when you handle computer components. Wear an antistatic wrist strap that touches your bare skin and connect the strap cable to an earth ground. See ["Protecting against Damage from Electrostatic Discharge"](#) in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.

## Types of SCSI Cartridge Tape Drives

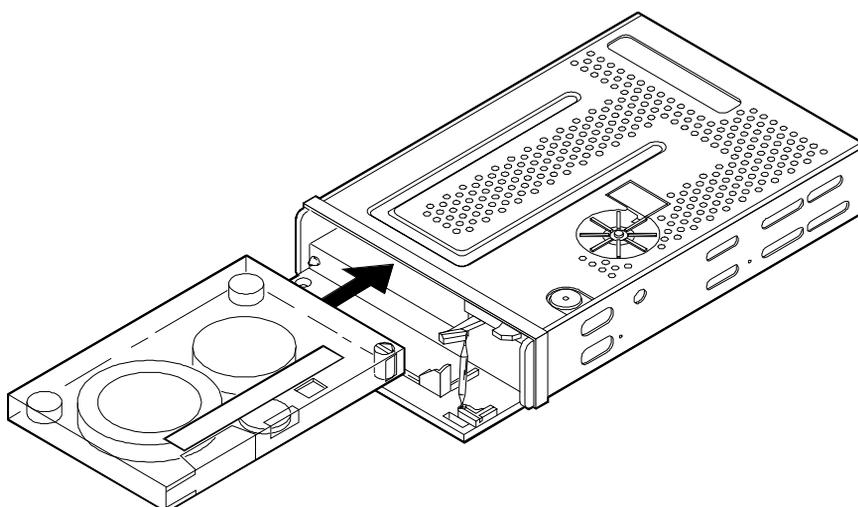
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Two types of tape drives are currently used with the MAP/40:

- 540-Mbyte
- 2-Gbyte

Installation procedures are the same for either type of drive, but jumper settings are different. See "[About Cartridge Drives and Tapes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for more information on the tape drives and their usage.

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**Figure 7-13. SCSI Tape Drive**

## Removing a SCSI Cartridge Tape Drive

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1. Verify that the replacement equipment is on site and appears to be in usable condition with no obvious shipping damage.
2. If the system is in service, perform the following steps.
  - a. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - b. Shut down the voice system. See "[Shutting Down the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - c. Shut down the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

3. Remove power from the MAP/40. See "[Removing Power from the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for power removal procedures.
4. Remove the dress cover, circuit card access panel, and circuit card retaining bracket. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for component removal procedures.
5. Return the MAP/40 to the upright position.
6. Locate the cartridge tape drive power lead and bus cable assembly connections. Remove the power cord connector and bus cable assembly connections. Move them carefully to the side.
7. Locate the four screws on peripheral bay chassis that secure the drive in Position 1 of the peripheral bay. Holding the rear of the drive, loosen and remove these mounting screws.
8. Slide the drive forward within the peripheral bay and remove through the front opening of the chassis.



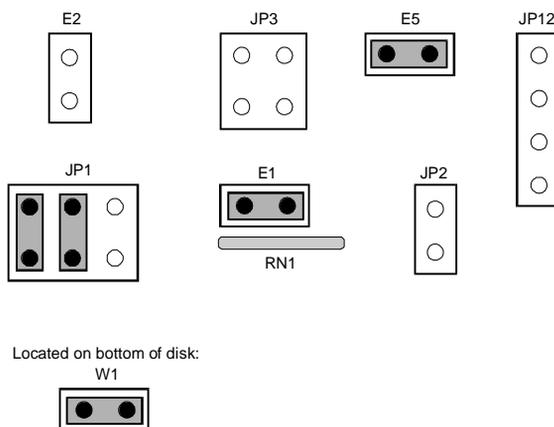
**CAUTION:**

*The drive fits tightly in the peripheral bay. Do not to scrape wiring or components on the underside of the drive against the Position 2 diskette drive plastic faceplate.*

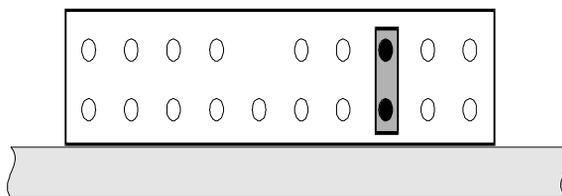
## **Verifying Jumper Settings**

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The manufacturer sets the jumpers on both tape drives. However, before installing the drive, verify that these settings are correct. See [Figure 7-14](#) for jumper settings on the 540-Mbyte tape drive and [Figure 7-15](#) for jumper settings on the 2-Gbyte tape drive.



**Figure 7-14. Jumper Settings for the 525-Mbyte SCSI Cartridge Tape Drive, SCSI ID = 3**



**Figure 7-15. Jumper Settings for the 2-Gbyte SCSI Cartridge Tape Drive, SCSI ID = 3**

## Installing a SCSI Cartridge Tape Drive

1. Remove the new cartridge tape unit from its ESD-protective wrapping.



**NOTE:**

Keep the package and all ESD-protective wrapping to return the defective unit. Re-use of the original replacement unit packaging is necessary to meet the manufacturer's warranty.

2. Place the new drive in the chassis with the printed circuit board side down.
3. Mount the new drive into the peripheral bay by sliding the unit into the Position 1 opening. Position the unit so that the mounting bracket screw holes line up with the appropriate holes in the peripheral bay.

4. Secure the drive in the peripheral bay using the four screws removed in Step 7 of the procedure "[Removing a SCSI Cartridge Tape Drive](#)" above.
5. Attach the SCSI bus cable assembly. Ensure that the red bus cable tracer is connected to Pin 1 on the SCSI controller card.

When making the power cable connection, twist the cable clockwise three times before plugging the connector into the drive. Neatly dress the cable towards the bottom of the chassis. Tuck all wiring neatly back into its original placement, paying special attention not to pinch sections of cable when reassembling.

6. Replace the circuit card access panel and the dress cover. See "[Replacing the Retaining Bracket, Access Panel, and Dress Cover](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.
7. Apply power to the MAP/40. See "[Restoring Power to the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.

## **Replacing the Backplane**

The following procedures detail removing and installing the backplane, to which all of the circuit cards and peripheral device connections are made. The backplane ([Figure 7-16](#)) is located in the bottom of the MAP/40 card cage area as shown in [Figure 7-7](#).

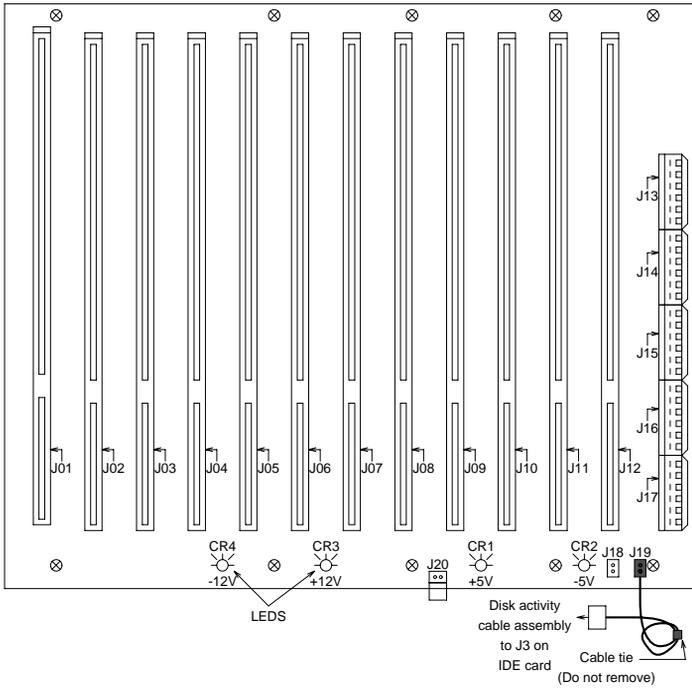


Figure 7-16. MAP/40 Backplane LED Indicators and Cabling

## Removing the Backplane

---

### WARNING:

Observe proper electrostatic discharge precautions when you handle computer components. Wear an antistatic wrist strap that touches your bare skin and connect the strap cable to an earth ground. See "[Protecting against Damage from Electrostatic Discharge](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.

1. Verify that the replacement equipment is on site and appears to be in usable condition, with no obvious shipping damage.
2. If the system is in service, perform the following Steps a through c:
  - a. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - b. Shut down the voice system. See "[Shutting Down the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - c. Shut down the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
3. Remove power from the MAP/40. See "[Removing Power from the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for power removal procedures.
4. Remove the dress cover, circuit card access panel, and circuit card retaining bracket. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for component removal procedures.
5. Remove all of the circuit cards. See "[Removing a Circuit Card](#)" in [Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"](#), for the procedure.

### NOTE:

Pay close attention to the backplane connector slots from which each circuit card is removed. The circuit cards will need to be replaced in the same slots in the new backplane. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#), for circuit card placement.

6. Unplug all power lead connectors (J13 to J16) along the power supply side of the backplane and move the cables off to the side.  
  
Remove the connectors by pushing towards the circuit card area and pulling up at the same time. Each connector has a self-locking, keyed tab to maintain the connection and prevent improper installation.
7. Unplug the disk activity cable assembly from J19 pin header on the backplane as shown in [Figure 7-16](#).

8. When you have removed all circuit cards and connectors from the backplane, remove the ten screws that secure the backplane to the MAP/40 chassis.
9. Lift the backplane from the MAP/40.

## Installing the Backplane

---

To install the backplane, do the following:

1. Remove the new backplane from its ESD protective wrapping.

 **NOTE:**

Keep the package and all ESD-protective wrapping to return the defective unit. Re-use of the original replacement unit packaging is necessary to meet the manufacturer's warranty.

2. Inspect the backplane to verify that the J20 jumper shown in [Figure 7-16](#) is present. If this jumper is provided continue with Step 3. If this jumper is not provided, complete Steps a through c.
  - a. Remove the jumper from the defective backplane.
  - b. Place the jumper on the replacement backplane.
  - c. Make a note on the trouble report and attach the trouble report to the defective backplane.
3. Mount the new backplane to the MAP/40 chassis using the ten screws you removed in Step [8](#) of the procedure "[Removing the Backplane](#)" above.
4. Connect all power cable harnesses that you removed from the power supply side of the backplane in Step [6](#) of the procedure "[Removing the Backplane](#)" above.

Each power supply connector is individually keyed to prevent improper connection.

5. Seat the CPU circuit card, the video controller card, and the SCSI controller card. See "[Installing a Circuit Card](#)" in [Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"](#), for the procedure.

 **NOTE:**

Be sure to mount these cards in their correct backplane slot. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#), for these locations.

6. With the MAP/40 still disassembled, connect the COM2 interface and keyboard to the appropriate connectors on the CPU board.
7. Connect the video monitor cord to the video monitor interface plug termination on the video controller board.

8. Connect the disk activity LED cable assembly to J19, and front panel LED cable assembly to connector J17 on the backplane.
9. Connect the bus cable assemblies for both hard disk drives and the diskette drive to the correct connections on the SCSI controller card.
10. Ensure that you have connected all cables and harnesses to their appropriate backplane and circuit card terminations.
11. Restore power to the MAP/40. See ["Restoring Power to the MAP/40"](#) in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.
12. Check for the following indications that the system is properly connected:
  - The card cage fan begins operating.
  - The front control panel "Power On" indicator is lit.
  - The power supply internal fan is operating.
  - The four backplane LEDs CR1 through CR4 shown in [Figure 7-16](#) are all lit to show that the appropriate voltages are being applied to the backplane.
  - The monitor shows indications that the MAP/40 is attempting to boot. A self-check of memory is displayed on the terminal.
  - The diskette drive LED will temporarily light, indicating diskette drive bus activity and proper cable connection.

If the system is assembled properly, the machine will finish its boot process in approximately 2 minutes and remain in an idle state, waiting for system login. If the system is not assembled properly, repeat Steps 1 through 13 above.



**NOTE:**

Depending on the particular configuration of the MAP/40 being serviced, error messages may be displayed on the screen indicating that certain circuit cards are not in their proper slots. This will not affect the MAP/40's attempt to boot, and the error messages should subside when the system is fully operational with the four circuit cards.

13. Install the remaining cards in their appropriate backplane slots. See ["Installing a Circuit Card"](#) in [Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"](#), for the procedure.
14. Connect all remaining bus cable assemblies.
15. Replace the circuit card retaining bracket, the circuit card cage access panel, and the dress cover. See ["Replacing the Retaining Bracket, Access Panel, and Dress Cover"](#) in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.
16. Apply power to the MAP/40. See ["Restoring Power to the MAP/40"](#) in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.



# Installing the Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware

# 8

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## Overview

This chapter describes the two types of Tip/Ring distribution hardware and the installation procedures for both.

## Purpose

The purpose of this chapter is to provide the correct installation and connection procedures for the Tip/Ring distribution hardware.

## Function

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As the number of lines served by the Lucent INTUITY™ system increases, the number of 6-pin modular cords also increases. These 6-pin modular cords connect the system with the customer-premises equipment or the on-premises terminal block provided by the central office.

Optional Tip/Ring distribution hardware is available to help simplify the wiring scheme.

## Capacity

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The Tip/Ring distribution hardware allows you to connect to a maximum of 48 channels (eight Tip/Ring circuit cards) through two 25-pair, high-density cables (RJ21X).

## Types of Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware

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There are two types of Tip/Ring distribution hardware:

- Distribution hardware with a 356B adapter
- Distribution panel without a 356B adapter

### Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware with a 356B Adapter

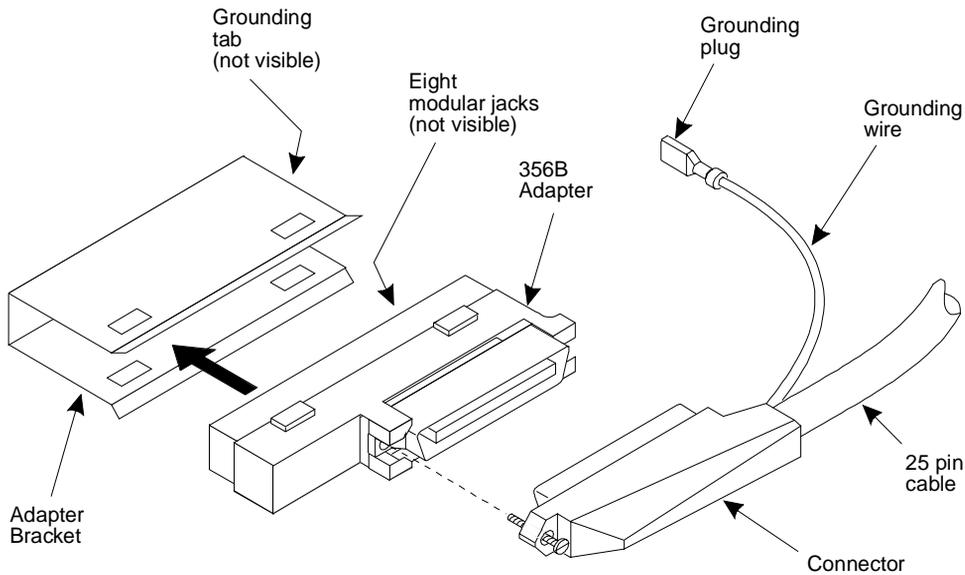
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The Tip/Ring distribution hardware with the 356B adapter ([Figure 8-1](#)) comes in a kit which consists of:

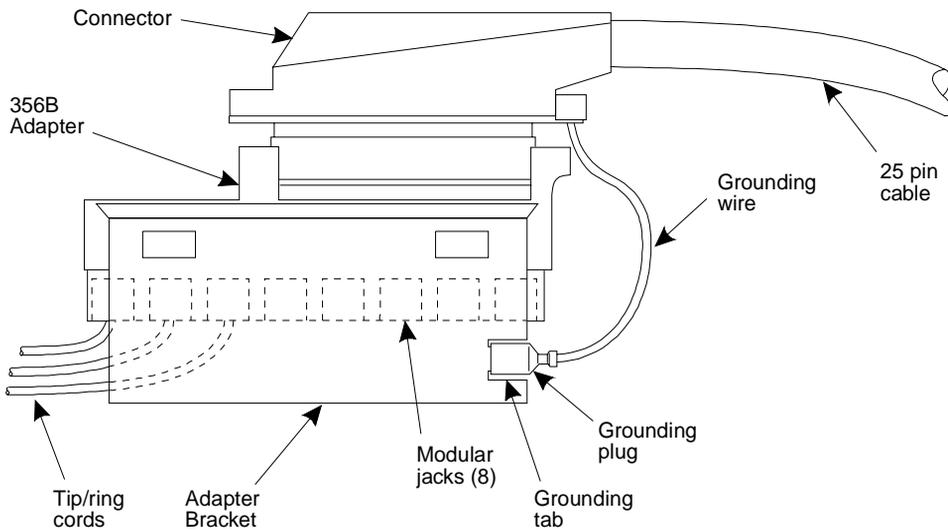
- A 356B adapter
- An adapter bracket
- A mounting plate
- A 25-pair, high-density cable for the first 24 channels

#### NOTE:

An additional 25-pair, high-density cable is required for the second 24 channels to be supported by the distribution panel. Therefore, if you are connecting 48 channels, you will need another cable that is not part of this kit.



**- SIDE VIEW -**



**Figure 8-1. Assembly of the MAP/40 Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware with 356B Adapter**

## Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware without a 356B Adapter

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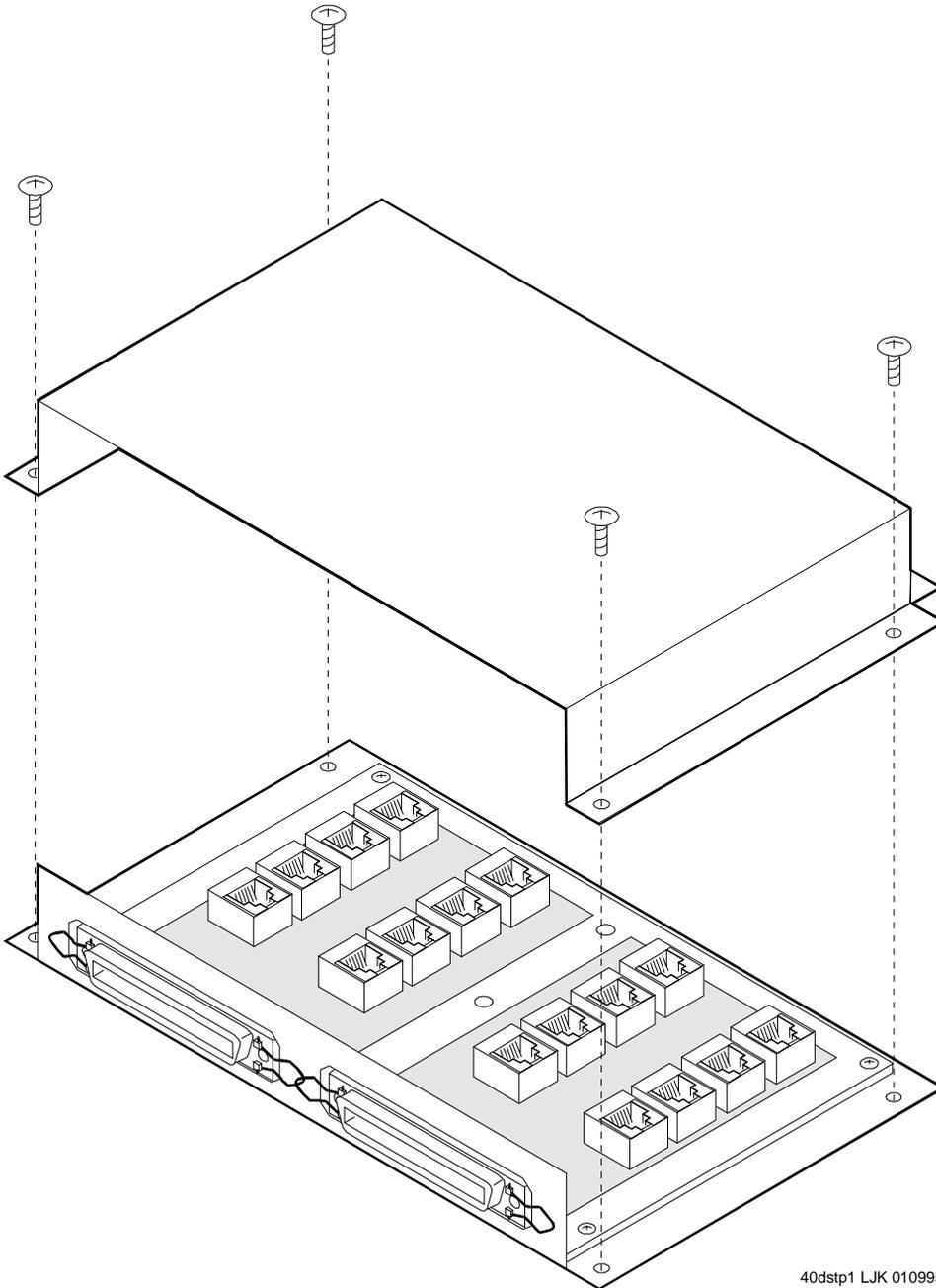
The Tip/Ring distribution hardware without the 356B adapter ([Figure 8-2](#)) comes in a kit which consists of:

- A distribution panel with a circuit pack assembly mounted in its base
- A top cover plate
- A 25-pair, high-density cable for the first 24 channels



**NOTE:**

An additional 25-pair, high-density cable is required for the second 24 channels to be supported by the distribution panel. Therefore, if you are connecting 48 channels, you will need another cable that is not part of this kit.



40dstp1 LJK 010995

Figure 8-2. MAP/40 Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware Assembly without 356B Adapter

## Installing and Connecting the Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware with the 356B Adapter

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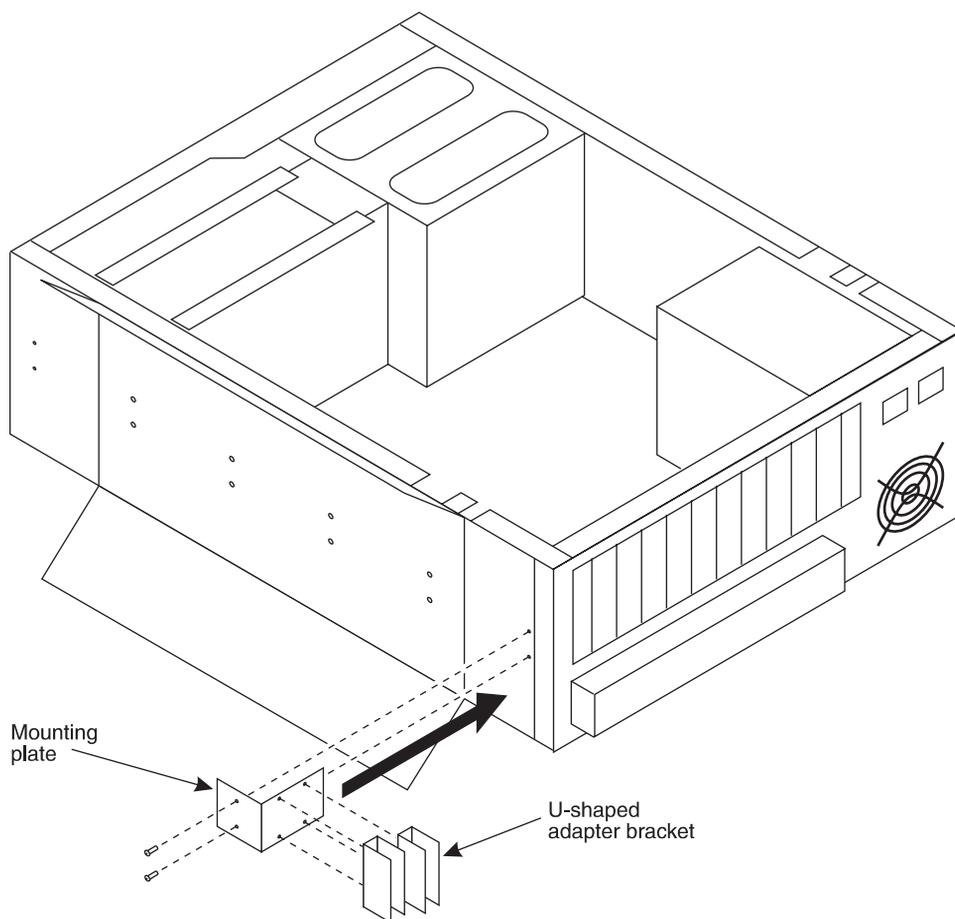
### **WARNING:**

Observe proper electrostatic discharge precautions when you handle computer components. Wear an antistatic wrist strap that touches your bare skin and connect the strap cable to an earth ground. See "[Protecting against Damage from Electrostatic Discharge](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer."](#)

### Installing the Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware with the 356B Adapter

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1. Verify that the distribution hardware is on site and appears to be in usable condition.
2. If the system is currently connected to the telephone network, notify the service provider that the system is about to be disconnected. The service provider will ask which extensions will be affected.
3. If the system is in service, perform Steps a and b.
  - a. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - b. Shut down the system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
4. Remove the incoming power. See "[Removing Power from the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for this procedure.
5. Remove dress cover and access panel. See [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for these procedures.
6. Verify that all of the necessary components are included. See "[Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware with a 356B Adapter](#)" for the components.
7. Place the MAP/40 on its side and install the distribution mounting plate below the circuit card cage on the bottom of the MAP/40 ([Figure 8-3](#)).



**Figure 8-3. Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware After Assembly**

8. Locate the two mounting holes which are parallel to those used to mount the support base.
9. Attach the short end of the mounting plate to the two mounting holes with the two screws provided. The end of the mounting plate should rest against the support base.
10. Return the MAP/40 to an upright position.
11. Install the u-shaped adapter brackets with the screws provided. Attach the brackets to the mounting plate.

The u-shape of the bracket should face out with the grounding lug towards the MAP/40 top surface ([Figure 8-3](#)).

## 8 Installing the Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware

*Installing and Connecting the Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware without the 356B*

Page 8-8

12. Plug the 3-foot, 6-pin modular cords from the Tip/Ring cards into the 356B adapters. Each adapter can accommodate eight modular cords ([Figure 8-1](#)).
13. Using the connector provided, attach the 25-pair, high-density cable to the 356B adapter.
14. Snap the 356B adapters into the adapter bracket. Ensure the modular cords are inside the adapter bracket.



### NOTE:

The 356B adapters can be removed by spreading the bracket sides apart.



### CAUTION:

*The 25-pair, high-density cables should come from the top of the adapter brackets.*

15. Connect the grounding wire and strap to the top of the adapter bracket.

## Connecting the Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware with the 356B Adapter

---

The numbering scheme for pinouts and channels which shows how to connect the short modular cords provided with the Tip/Ring cards to the distribution hardware is shown in "[Tip/Ring Circuit Cards](#)" in [Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards."](#)

Referring to those tables and using the channel numbers on the Tip/Ring cards and the number of the Tip/Ring circuit cards in the system, connect the Tip/Ring card modular jacks to the appropriate jacks on the 356B connectors.

## Installing and Connecting the Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware without the 356B Adapter

---



### WARNING:

*Observe proper electrostatic discharge precautions when you handle computer components. Wear an antistatic wrist strap that touches your bare skin and connect the strap cable to an earth ground. See "[Protecting against Damage from Electrostatic Discharge](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer."](#)*

## **Installing the Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware without the 356B Adapter**

---

1. Make sure that the Tip/Ring distribution hardware assembly kit is on site and appears to be in usable condition.
2. Verify that all of the necessary components are included. See "[Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware without a 356B Adapter](#)" above for the components.
3. If you are currently connected to the telephone network, notify the service provider that you are disconnecting.  
 They will ask you which extensions will be affected.
4. If the system is in service, perform Steps a and b.
  - a. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.
  - b. Shut down the system. See "[Shutting Down the Operating System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

## **Connecting the Tip/Ring Distribution Hardware without the 356B Adapter**

---

1. Remove the seven screws that secure the distribution panel cover.
2. Put the distribution panel cover aside.
3. [Table 8-1](#) shows the numbering scheme for connecting the short modular cords provided with the Tip/Ring circuit cards to the panel.

Use this information, the channel numbers on the Tip/Ring circuit cards, and the number of Tip/Ring circuit cards in the system to connect the Tip/Ring circuit card modular jacks to the appropriate jacks on the Tip/Ring distribution panel.

**Table 8-1. Connecting the Modular Cords from the MAP/40 Tip/Ring Circuit Cards to the Tip/Ring Distribution Panel**

| <b>Tip/Ring Card</b> | <b>Channel Numbers on the Tip/Ring Card</b> | <b>Jack Number on the Distribution Panel</b> |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| 1st                  | 1, 2, 3                                     | J1                                           |
|                      | 4, 5, 6                                     | J2                                           |
| 2nd                  | 1, 2, 3                                     | J3                                           |
|                      | 4, 5, 6                                     | J4                                           |

*Continued on next page*

**Table 8-1. Connecting the Modular Cords from the MAP/40 Tip/Ring Circuit Cards to the Tip/Ring Distribution Panel — *Continued***

| Tip/Ring Card | Channel Numbers on the Tip/Ring Card | Jack Number on the Distribution Panel |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 3rd           | 1, 2, 3                              | J5                                    |
|               | 4, 5, 6                              | J6                                    |
| 4th           | 1, 2, 3                              | J7                                    |
|               | 4, 5, 6                              | J8                                    |
| 5th           | 1, 2, 3                              | J9                                    |
|               | 4, 5, 6                              | J10                                   |
| 6th           | 1, 2, 3                              | J11                                   |
|               | 4, 5, 6                              | J12                                   |
| 7th           | 1, 2, 3                              | J13                                   |
|               | 4, 5, 6                              | J14                                   |
| 8th           | 1, 2, 3                              | J15                                   |
|               | 4, 5, 6                              | J16                                   |

***Continued on next page***

4. Make telephone line connections to the MAP/40 with the high-density cable(s) equipped with USOC RJ21X connectors.
5. Mount the rear cover plate to the distribution panel cover with the four screws provided.
6. Mount the Tip/Ring distribution panel on a wall or cabinet or allow it to rest on a shelf or the floor.

## **Completing the Installation**

---

To complete the installation and put the system back in service, do the following:

1. Replace the circuit card access panel and the dress cover and reconnect the keyboard, and the monitor. See "[Replacing the Retaining Bracket, Access Panel, and Dress Cover](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for more information on replacing these components.
2. Power up the MAP/40. See "[Restoring Power to the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer,"](#) for more information on restoring power to the unit.
3. Run diagnostics to verify the hardware is functioning properly. See "[Circuit Card Diagnostics](#)" in [Chapter 2, "Diagnostics,"](#) for more information on running the diagnostics.
4. Notify the service provider that the system is back on-line, if necessary.



# Installing Base System Software

# 9

---

## Overview

This chapter describes the installation procedures for the UnixWare operating system software.

## Purpose

This purpose of this chapter is to provide the information necessary to reload the operating system on a computer that has experienced a disk failure. Use this chapter in conjunction with [Appendix D, "Disaster Recovery Checklists"](#).



**NOTE:**

The installer must have the root password to complete this procedure.

## Installing Base System Software

---

### NOTE:

Installing the UnixWare operating system unmounts file systems. If this software is being loaded onto a system that has clean hard disks that have not been previously loaded, the system will not detect file systems. If this is a recovery installation, the system will detect previously loaded file systems.

## Beginning the UnixWare Installation

---

To load software onto a new or used disk, do the following:

1. Insert the diskette labeled "INTUITY CONVERSANT V6.0 UnixWare Boot Floppy 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
2. If the system is off, turn it on using the power switch on the lower front of the MAP/100 peripheral bay. See "[Restoring Power to the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.

If the system is on, reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

The system displays the UnixWare introduction screen as it begins to load the base system software. When the system has loaded the first boot floppy it displays the following message:

```
Remove the diskette labeled 'Boot Floppy 1 of 3'.
```

```
If you have a diskette labeled 'Host Bus Adapter  
Drivers', insert that diskette now.
```

```
For more information on Host Bus Adapter diskettes, see  
the UnixWare Installation Handbook.
```

```
Otherwise, if you do not have (or do not need to use) a  
Host Bus Adapter diskette, insert the diskette labeled  
'Boot Floppy 2 of 3' now.
```

```
Press 'ENTER' to continue.
```

3. Remove the diskette labeled "INTUITY CONVERSANT V6.0 UnixWare Boot Floppy 1" from the diskette drive.
4. If you are installing UnixWare on a system with a P5 CPU, insert the diskette labeled "Pentium PCI HBA Floppy" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

### CAUTION:

*If you are installing UnixWare on a system with a 486 CPU, skip Steps 5 and 6 and continue with Step 7.*

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the Remove Host Bus Adapter Disk screen ([Figure 9-1](#)).

The Host Bus Adapter driver(s) on the Host Bus Adapter diskette have been loaded and you can now remove the diskette.

If you have another Host Bus Adapter diskette (for different adapters) insert that disk now.

For more information on Host Bus Adapter diskettes, see the UnixWare Installation Handbook.

Otherwise, if you do not have (or do not need to use) another Host Bus Adapter diskette, insert the diskette labeled 'Boot Floppy 2 of 3' now.

Press 'Enter' to continue.

### Figure 9-1. Remove Host Bus Adapter Disk Screen

6. Remove the diskette labeled "HBA Floppy" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
7. Insert the diskette labeled "UnixWare for INTUITY Boot Floppy 2" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
8. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

Continuing UnixWare installation...

After approximately 2 minutes the system displays the Introduction screen ([Figure 9-2](#)).

Welcome to the UnixWare installation process!

If you have never installed UnixWare before, it is recommended that you press the 'F1' (or '?') key now to learn more about the installation process and the hardware requirements of UnixWare.

-Pressing the 'F1' (or '?') key at any time during installation will display more information or help.

-Pressing the 'Del' key at any time cancels the installation.

Press the 'F1' (or '?') key for more information or 'ENTER' to continue.

Figure 9-2. Introduction Screen



**CAUTION:**

*If you use the **DELETE** key to stop the UnixWare installation at any time during this process, you will have to restart the software installation process at Step 1.*



**NOTE:**

If the system displays a message that the system must have at least 60 MByte of space in the hard disk drive to install UNIX, the hard disk drive is experiencing problems. The cable may not be connected, or the hard disk drive may be damaged. Power down the system and check the hard disk drive cables. See "[Removing Power from the MAP/40](#)" in [Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"](#), for the procedure.

9. Press **ENTER**.

If Disk 0 has been replaced with a new hard disk drive, the system displays the UnixWare Installation Files Deleted Warning screen ([Figure 9-3](#)). Press **ENTER** and continue with the next procedure, "[Setting Up the UnixWare Environment](#)."

If the system does not display the UnixWare Installation Files Deleted Warning, continue with the next procedure, "[Setting Up the UnixWare Environment](#)."

WARNING: Files have been detected in the active partition(s) of your hard disk(s).

In order to install the operating system, you must have an active UNIX partition occupying 100% of your hard disk. No other partitions may share the disk.

You have the option of removing the existing partitions at this point and creating a new UNIX partition. You should only remove the existing partitions if you don't want to save any files on your disk.

If you elect to abort the installation, the existing partitions will not be removed and installation will be halted.

1. Destroy existing partitions and create a new UNIX partition.
2. Abort the installation, leaving existing partitions untouched.

Type '1' or '2' followed by 'ENTER':1

**Figure 9-3. UnixWare Installation Files Deleted Warning Screen**

## Setting Up the UnixWare Environment

To set up the UnixWare Environment, complete the following:

1. Starting at the Introduction Screen ([Figure 9-2](#)), press **ENTER**.

The system displays the Keyboard Setup screen ([Figure 9-4](#)).

The UnixWare installation procedure supports the following international keyboards. You may select alternate keyboard types by using the left and right arrow keys and then press the 'ENTER' or 'RETURN' key.

Keyboard Nationality:

Apply

Reset

When Finished, move the cursor to "Apply and then press 'Enter' to continue.

**Figure 9-4. Keyboard Setup Screen**

2. Use the left **◀** and right **▶** arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections.
3. Select U.S. ASCII.
4. Press the down **▼** arrow to move to the **Apply** field and press **ENTER**.

The system displays the Configure Date and Time screen ([Figure 9-5](#)).

On this screen, you will check the current date and time that is set on your computer and change them if necessary. You also select what timezone configuration you require. Either set a continent(s) which will lead you onto a further screen with locations or manual entry for a custom timezone.

The current date:  
The current Time:  
Enter the current year:  
Enter the month of the year:  
Enter the day of the month:  
Enter the hour of the day:  
Enter the minute of the hour:  
Timezone configuration:

Apply

Reset

Press 'TAB' to move the cursor between fields. When finished, move the cursor to 'APPLY' and then press 'ENTER' to continue.

### Figure 9-5. Configure Date and Time Screen

5. Use the left  and right  arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections. Use the down  arrow to move to the next field.
  6. Select the appropriate data for each field.
  7. Press the down  arrow to move to the **Apply** field and press .
- The system displays the Continent Location Choice screen ([Figure 9-6](#)).

On this screen you choose the country/location you are in, having already selected the continent. To go back to the continent screen select 'BACK ONE SCREEN'. Use the left and right arrow keys.

Location

Apply

Reset

Press 'TAB' to move the cursor between fields. When finished, move the cursor to 'APPLY' and then press 'ENTER' to continue.

**Figure 9-6. Continent Location Choice Screen**

8. Use the left (◀) and right (▶) arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections.
9. Select the appropriate data for each field.
10. Press the down (▼) arrow to move to the Apply field and press (ENTER).

The system displays the Primary Hard Disk Partitioning screen ([Figure 9-7](#)).

In order to install UnixWare, you must reserve a partition (a portion of your hard disk's space) on your primary hard disk for the UNIX System. After you press 'ENTER' you will be shown a screen that will allow you to create new partitions, delete existing partitions or change the active partition of your primary hard disk (the partition that your computer will boot from).

**WARNING:** All files in any partition(s) you delete will be destroyed. If you wish to attempt to preserve any files from an existing UNIX System, do not delete its partition(s).

The UNIX System partition that you intend to use on the primary hard disk must be at least 120 MBs and labeled 'ACTIVE.'

### Figure 9-7. Primary Hard Disk Partitioning Screen

11. Continue with the next procedure, "[Initializing the Hard Disk Drives.](#)"

## Initializing the Hard Disk Drives

---

To partition the hard disk drives, do the following:

1. Starting at the Primary Hard Disk Partitioning screen ([Figure 9-7](#)), press .

The system displays the Hard Disk Partitioning, Disk 1 screen ([Figure 9-8](#)).

Total disk size is 2048 cylinders (2048.0MB)

| Partition | Status | Type           | Start | End  | Length | %   | Approx<br>MB |
|-----------|--------|----------------|-------|------|--------|-----|--------------|
| 1         | Active | UNIX<br>System | 0     | 2047 | 2048   | 100 | 2048.0       |

1. Overwrite system master boot code
2. Delete a partition
3. Exit (Update disk configuration and exit)
4. Cancel (Exit without updating disk configuration)

**Figure 9-8. Hard Disk Partitioning, Disk 1 Screen**

2. Enter **3**

If you have a second hard disk drive, the system displays the Secondary Hard Drive Partitioning Screen ([Figure 9-9](#)).

If you do not have a second hard disk drive, skip Steps 3 through 22 and continue with Step 23.

You may use a partition of your secondary hard disk for the UNIX system. If you choose to use a partition of your secondary hard disk you will be shown a screen that will allow you to partition your secondary hard disk.

**WARNING:** All files in any partition(s) you delete will be destroyed.

If you choose to create a UNIX System partition on your secondary hard disk, it must be at least 40 MBs.

Your Options are:

1. Do not use a partition of the secondary hard disk for the UNIX System.
2. Use a partition of the secondary hard disk for the UNIX System.

Press '1' or '2' followed by 'ENTER'.

### Figure 9-9. Secondary Hard Disk Partitioning Screen

3. Enter **1**

The system displays the Installation Type Selection screen ([Figure 9-10](#)).

You must choose a system type. The system type you choose will determine the default file system sizes you will specify on the next screen.

Press the 'F1' or '?' key to see more information about these different system types.

Platform Type:  
CPU Type:  
Offer Type:

Apply

Reset

Press 'TAB' to move between fields. Press 'ENTER' to apply fields.

**Figure 9-10. Installation Type Selection Screen**

4. Use the left  and right  arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections. Use the down  arrow to move to the next field.
5. Select the appropriate data for each field as specified in [Table 9-1](#).

**Table 9-1. Installation Type Selection Screen Entries**

| Field          | Setting              |
|----------------|----------------------|
| Platform type: | MAP/100              |
| CPU type:      | Pentium or 80486     |
| Offer type:    | INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® |

6. Press the down  arrow to move to the `Apply` field and press `ENTER`.  
The system displays the UnixWare Installation Set Slice Sizes screen ([Figure 9-11](#)).

You have selected the MAP/100 system. Enter file system size on first disk.

Size of / in MB: xx  
Size of /stand in MB: xx  
Size of /dev/dump in MB: xx  
Size of /dev/swap in MB: xx  
Size of mtce in MB: xx  
Size of /vs in MB: xx  
Size of /oracle in MB: xx  
Size of /tmp in MB: xx  
Size of /voicel in MB: xx

Apply

Reset

Consult software installation manual for correct sizes.

Megabytes in active partition: Disk 1 - 2047

### Figure 9-11. UnixWare Installation Set Slice Sizes Screen

7. Use the left  and right  arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections. Use the down  arrow to move to the next field.
8. Enter the appropriate number of megabytes of space needed for each slice as specified in [Table 9-2](#).

#### NOTE:

The sizes listed in [Table 9-2](#) are the recommended sizes. If you are loading a system using a mkimage tape, use the sizes on the tape label. If there are no sizes, use the recommended size. If you are loading a new system, without a mkimage tape, use the recommended sizes.

**Table 9-2. Space Requirements for the MAP/100**

| Slice     | Space Requirements (MBytes)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|           | 1.7-Gbyte Hard Disk Drive                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 2.0-Gbyte Hard Disk Drive                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| /         | 500                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 715<br><br> <b>NOTE:</b><br>If you are installing the extended oracle package, you may want to set this file system size to 615.                                                                                          |
| /stand    | 15                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 15                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| /dev/dump | 65                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 65                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| /dev/swap | 65<br><br> <b>NOTE:</b><br>The formula used to determine what to enter here is:<br>$(2 \times \text{memory}) + 1 = \text{size}$<br>Ex: $2 \times 32\text{Mbyte} + 1 = 65$ ,<br>$2 \times 64\text{Mbyte} + 1 = 129$ , etc. | 65<br><br> <b>NOTE:</b><br>The formula used to determine what to enter here is:<br>$(2 \times \text{memory}) + 1 = \text{size}$<br>Ex: $2 \times 32\text{Mbyte} + 1 = 65$ ,<br>$2 \times 64\text{Mbyte} + 1 = 129$ , etc. |
| mtce      | 20                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 20                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| /vs       | 200                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 200                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| /oracle   | 200                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 200<br><br> <b>NOTE:</b><br>If you are installing the extended oracle package, you may want to set this file system size to 300.                                                                                        |
| /tmp      | 20                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 20                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| /voice1   | 500                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 600                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

**Continued on next page**

- Press the down  arrow to move to the Apply field and press .
- The system displays the Hard Disk Surface Analy

Surface analysis for the first disk is recommended but not required. Here you must choose to skip or perform surface analysis.

Press the 'F1' or '?' key to see more information about these different system types.

You choices are:

1. Perform surface analysis
2. Skip surface analysis

**Figure 9-12. Hard Disk Surface Analysis Screen**



**CAUTION:**

*Ignore the message at the top of this screen. Surface analysis is required for all systems because it makes a configuration change to the disk. Failure to perform surface analysis may cause the INTUITY CONVERSANT system to fail.*

10. Continue with the next procedure, "[Transferring the UnixWare Files.](#)"

## **Transferring the UnixWare Files**

To transfer the UnixWare files, do the following:

1. Starting at the Hard Disk Surface Analysis screen ([Figure 9-12](#)), press **(ENTER)**.

This will accept the default of 1 and perform the surface analysis. The system displays the following message:

Checking the hard disk for defects and creating file systems. This will take a few minutes. Please wait.

The system displays the following message:

Copying Unix System files from the diskette onto your hard drive. This will take a few minutes. Please wait.

The system then clears the screen and displays the following message:

Making file systems on your hard disk. This will take a few minutes. Please wait

After approximately 10 minutes the system displays the Exchange Diskette screen ([Figure 9-13](#)).

Remove boot floppy 2 of 3 from the drive and insert the diskette labeled "Boot Floppy 3 of 3" now.

Press 'Enter' to continue.

### Figure 9-13. Exchange Diskette Screen

2. Remove the diskette labeled "UnixWare for INTUITY Boot Floppy 2" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Insert the diskette labeled "UnixWare for INTUITY Boot Floppy 3" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

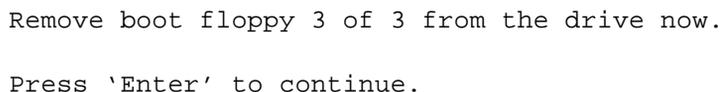
The system displays the following message:

Copying Unix System files from the diskette onto your hard drive. This will take a few minutes. Please wait.

The system then displays the following message:

Making file systems on your hard disk. This will take a few minutes. Please wait

The system displays the Remove Diskette screen ([Figure 9-14](#)).



```
Remove boot floppy 3 of 3 from the drive now.  
  
Press 'Enter' to continue.
```

**Figure 9-14. Remove Diskette Screen**

5. Remove the diskette labeled "UnixWare for INTUITY Boot Floppy 3" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
6. Continue with the next procedure, "[Installing the Application Server](#)."

## **Installing the Application Server**

To Install the application server, do the following:

1. Starting at the Remove Diskette screen ([Figure 9-14](#)), press **ENTER**.

The system displays the Application Server Media Type screen ([Figure 9-15](#)).

The Application Server software is available on diskette or tape or network server. You must select the source you will use to install the software.

Your choices are:

1. Diskette Drive 1
2. Unixware for Intuity CONVERSANT Tape
3. Network Install Server
4. Intuity Image/Snap Tape

Press a number between '1' and '4' followed by 'ENTER':

### Figure 9-15. Application Server Media Type Screen

2. Insert the cartridge tape labeled "INTUITY CONVERSANT VIS V6.0 UnixWare for INTUITY 1.1.2" into the tape drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Enter **2**  
The system displays the Insert Tape screen ([Figure 9-16](#)).

Please insert the Application Server cartridge tape into the tape drive and press 'ENTER'.

Your choices are:

1. The tape has been inserted in the tape drive.
2. Go back to previous menu.

Press '1' or '2' followed by 'ENTER':

#### Figure 9-16. Insert Lucent INTUITY Tape Screen

4. Press .

This will accept the default of 1 to indicate the tape has been inserted and is ready for access.

The system displays the following message:

Installation in progress. This will take several minutes. Please do not remove the tape.

After a few minutes the system displays a verification screen ([Figure 9-17](#)).

The following packages are included in this set for this release. Select "Yes" in the install column for the packages you wish to install.

| Package Name                       | Install? |
|------------------------------------|----------|
| Base System                        | Yes      |
| Printer Support                    | Yes      |
| Network Support Utilities          | Yes      |
| Enhanced Application Compatibility | Yes      |
| Graphics Utilities                 | Yes      |
| Adobe Type Manager (TM)            | Yes      |
| Desktop Manager                    | Yes      |
| Advanced Commands                  | Yes      |

Press 'TAB' to move the cursor between fields. When finished, move the cursor to "Apply" and then press 'ENTER' to continue.

**Figure 9-17. Verification Screen**

5. Select the packages as shown in [Figure 9-17](#).  
 Use the left  and right  arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections. Use the down  arrow to move to the next field.
6. Press the down  arrow to move to the `Apply` field and press `ENTER`.  
 The system displays another verification screen ([Figure 9-18](#)).

The following packages are included in this set for this release. Select "Yes" in the install column for the packages you wish to install.

| Package Name                | Install? |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| -----                       | -----    |
| Networked Graphics          | Yes      |
| OA&M                        | Yes      |
| Extended Backup and Restore | Yes      |
| Terminfo Utilities          | Yes      |
| BSD Compatibility           | No       |
| Applications and Demos      | Yes      |
| Netware UNIX Client         | No       |
| Motif Runtime Package       | Yes      |
| Apply                       | Reset    |

Press 'TAB' to move the cursor between fields. When finished, move the cursor to "Apply" and then press 'ENTER' to continue.

**Figure 9-18. Verification Screen**

- Select the packages as shown in [Figure 9-18](#).  
 Use the left  and right  arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections. Use the down  arrow to move to the next field.
- Press the down  arrow to move to the `Apply` field and press `ENTER`.  
 The system displays another verification screen ([Figure 9-19](#)).

The following packages are included in this set for this release. Select "Yes" in the install column for the packages you wish to install.

| Package Name                          | Install? |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| -----                                 | -----    |
| Basic NetWare Server                  | No       |
| European Language Supplement          | No       |
| User Upgrade                          | Yes      |
| Fingertip Librarian                   | Yes      |
| Commands Reference Manual             | Yes      |
| System Files Devices Reference Manual | Yes      |
| ATM Basic Fonts                       | Yes      |
| Distributed File System Utilities     | Yes      |

Apply

Reset

Press 'TAB' to move the cursor between fields. When finished, move the cursor to "Apply" and then press 'ENTER' to continue.

**Figure 9-19. Verification Screen**

9. Select the packages as shown in [Figure 9-19](#).  
 Use the left  and right  arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections. Use the down  arrow to move to the next field.
  10. Press the down  arrow to move to the Apply field and press .
- The system displays another verification screen ([Figure 9-20](#)).

The following packages are included in this set for this release. Select "Yes" in the install column for the packages you wish to install.

| Package Name                    | Install? |
|---------------------------------|----------|
| -----                           | -----    |
| Remote Procedure Call Utilities | Yes      |
| Internet Utilities              | Yes      |
| Commands Networking Extension   | Yes      |
| Internet Reference              | Yes      |
| UnixWare Supplement             | Yes      |
| Windowing Korn Shell            | Yes      |
| Software Packaging Tools        | Yes      |
| C Optimized Compilation System  | Yes      |

Apply

Reset

Press 'TAB' to move the cursor between fields. When finished, move the cursor to "Apply" and then press 'ENTER' to continue.

**Figure 9-20. Verification Screen**

11. Select the packages as shown in [Figure 9-20](#).  
 Use the left (◀) and right (▶) arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections. Use the down (▼) arrow to move to the next field.
12. Press the down (▼) arrow to move to the **Apply** field and press (ENTER).  
 The system displays another verification screen ([Figure 9-21](#)).

The following packages are included in this set for this release. Select "Yes" in the install column for the packages you wish to install.

| Package Name                           | Install? |
|----------------------------------------|----------|
| Enhanced Debugger                      | Yes      |
| XWIN GWS Development                   | Yes      |
| Desktop Manager Development            | Yes      |
| MooLIT Development                     | No       |
| Motif Intrinsic Libraries and Includes | Yes      |
| Kernel Debugger                        | No       |
| ISV Sample Source Code                 | Yes      |
| IHV Sample Source                      | Yes      |

Apply

Reset

Press 'TAB' to move the cursor between fields. When finished, move the cursor to "Apply" and then press 'ENTER' to continue.

**Figure 9-21. Verification Screen**

13. Select the packages as shown in [Figure 9-21](#).  
 Use the left  and right  arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections. Use the down  arrow to move to the next field.
14. Press the down  arrow to move to the `Apply` field and press `ENTER`.  
 The system displays another verification screen ([Figure 9-22](#)).

The following packages are included in this set for this release. Select "Yes" in the install column for the packages you wish to install.

| Package Name                      | Install? |
|-----------------------------------|----------|
| -----                             | -----    |
| Operating System API Ref. Manual  | Yes      |
| Windowing Service API Ref. Manual | Yes      |
| NetWare C Interface Ref. Manual   | Yes      |
| Motif API Reference               | Yes      |
| Device Driver Reference           | Yes      |
| XWIN GWS Fonts                    | Yes      |
| UNIX Software Development Tools   | Yes      |
| Programming in Standard C         | Yes      |

Apply

Reset

Press 'TAB' to move the cursor between fields. When finished, move the cursor to "Apply" and then press 'ENTER' to continue.

**Figure 9-22. Verification Screen**

15. Select the packages as shown in [Figure 9-22](#).  
 Use the left (◀) and right (▶) arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections. Use the down (▼) arrow to move to the next field.
16. Press the down (▼) arrow to move to the Apply field and press (ENTER).  
 The system displays another verification screen ([Figure 9-23](#)).

The following packages are included in this set for this release. Select "Yes" in the install column for the packages you wish to install.

| Package Name                        | Install? |
|-------------------------------------|----------|
| -----                               | -----    |
| Programming with UNIX System Calls  | Yes      |
| Network Programming Interface       | Yes      |
| NetWare Transports                  | Yes      |
| NetWare C Interface Programming     | Yes      |
| Graphics User Interface Programming | Yes      |
| STREAMS Modules and Drivers         | Yes      |
| Portable Device Interface           | Yes      |
| Device Driver Programming           | Yes      |

Apply

Reset

Press 'TAB' to move the cursor between fields. When finished, move the cursor to "Apply" and then press 'ENTER' to continue.

**Figure 9-23. Verification Screen**

17. Select the packages as shown in [Figure 9-23](#).  
 Use the left (◀) and right (▶) arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections. Use the down (▼) arrow to move to the next field.
18. Press the down (▼) arrow to move to the **Apply** field and press (ENTER).  
 The system displays another verification screen ([Figure 9-24](#)).

The following packages are included in this set for this release. Select "Yes" in the install column for the packages you wish to install.

| Package Name                        | Install? |
|-------------------------------------|----------|
| -----                               | -----    |
| XWIN Screen Interface Specification | Yes      |
| Motif Programming Guide             | Yes      |
| Motif Style Guide                   | Yes      |
| Intro. to System Administration     | Yes      |
| TCP/IP Administration               | Yes      |
| NFS/RPC/NIS Administration          | Yes      |
| Software Development Kit Update     | Yes      |
| UnixWare Update 1.1.1               | Yes      |

Apply

Reset

Press 'TAB' to move the cursor between fields. When finished, move the cursor to "Apply" and then press 'ENTER' to continue.

**Figure 9-24. Verification Screen**

19. Select the packages as shown in [Figure 9-24](#).  
 Use the left  and right  arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections. Use the down  arrow to move to the next field.
20. Press the down  arrow to move to the **Apply** field and press **ENTER**.  
 The system displays another verification screen ([Figure 9-25](#)).

The following packages are included in this set for this release. Select "Yes" in the install column for the packages you wish to install.

| Package Name                         | Install?                             |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| -----                                | -----                                |
| UnixWare Update 1.1.2                | Yes                                  |
| VGA256 Video Driver for UnixWare     | Yes                                  |
| Ethernet Hardware Support            | No                                   |
| Token Ring Hardware Support          | No                                   |
| CD-ROM File System                   | No                                   |
| <input type="button" value="Apply"/> | <input type="button" value="Reset"/> |

Press 'TAB' to move the cursor between fields. When finished, move the cursor to "Apply" and then press 'ENTER' to continue.

**Figure 9-25. Verification Screen**

21. Select the packages as shown in [Figure 9-25](#).  
 Use the left  and right  arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections. Use the down  arrow to move to the next field.
  22. Press the down  arrow to move to the  field and press .
- The system displays the Automatic Installation screen ([Figure 9-26](#)).

The following packages can be installed automatically using default values. If you select custom installation you will be given the opportunity to change these values. However, this requires additional UNIX System knowledge.

| Package Name                       | Options   |
|------------------------------------|-----------|
| -----                              | -----     |
| Network Support Utilities          | AUTOMATIC |
| Enhanced Application Compatibility | AUTOMATIC |
| Graphics Utilities                 | AUTOMATIC |
| Internet Utilities                 | AUTOMATIC |
| C Optimized Compilation System     | AUTOMATIC |
| Enhanced Debugger                  | AUTOMATIC |

Apply

Reset

Press 'TAB' to move the cursor between fields. When finished, move the cursor to "Apply" and then press 'ENTER' to continue.

**Figure 9-26. Automatic Installation Screen**

23. Select the packages as shown in [Figure 9-26](#).

Use the left  and right  arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections. Use the down  arrow to move to the next field.

24. Press the down  arrow to move to the Apply field and press .

The system displays the Assign Computer Name screen ([Figure 9-27](#)).

Select a name for the computer. This should be a short name that will be used to identify your computer. Please use only letters or numbers in the name you type. The name must be at least 3 characters long.

If you will be connecting your computer to a network of other UNIX Systems, then it is important that the name specified here be unique to your system. See the Help facility or the Installation Handbook for more information

Computer Name:

Apply

Reset

Press 'TAB' to move the cursor between fields. When finished, move the cursor to "Apply" and then press 'ENTER' to continue.

### Figure 9-27. Assign Computer Name Screen

25. Enter the name of your computer.

The system displays the Build Font Binaries screen ([Figure 9-28](#)).

On this screen, you have the options to build your fonts for the X Window system. This takes the machine-independent format in which the fonts are distributed and compiles them into a machine readable format.

To use the X-Window system, the font binaries must be built. This takes a few minutes. You can build them now or do it at a later time by running the shell script, /usr/X/adm/bldfonts.

Do you want to build the font binaries now?

Your choices are

1. Build the font binaries now
2. Do not build the font binaries now

Type '1' or '2' and press Enter/Return to continue.

### Figure 9-28. Build Font Binaries Screen

#### 26. Enter 1

If you entered P5120 as the CPU type in the Installation Type Selection screen ([Figure 9-10](#)), after approximately one to two hours the system displays the Re-Enter HBA Disk screen ([Figure 9-29](#)).

If you entered 486 as the CPU type in the Installation Type Selection screen ([Figure 9-10](#)), the system displays the Verification Screen ([Figure 9-31](#)). Continue with [Step 32](#).

You must now insert the relevant HBA diskette(s) that you used before.

Please insert the diskette labeled:

Adaptec 7800 Family PCI SCSI IHV HBA  
into the drive and press 'Enter'.

Press 'Enter' to continue.

### Figure 9-29. Re-Enter HBA Disk Screen

27. Remove the cartridge tape labeled "INTUITY CONVERSANT VIS V6.0 UnixWare for INTUITY 1.1.2" from the tape drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
28. Insert the diskette labeled "HBA Floppy" into the diskette drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
29. Press **(ENTER)**.

After approximately five minutes the system displays the Remove HBA Disk screen ([Figure 9-30](#)).

Please remove the HBA diskette from the drive and press 'Enter' to continue.

Press 'Enter' to continue.

### Figure 9-30. Remove HBA Disk Screen

30. Remove the diskette labeled "HBA Floppy" from the diskette drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
31. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
The UNIX System is now being rebuilt to reflect your  
software selections.
```

```
This will take several minutes and will not require any  
user input.
```

```
Please wait.
```

After approximately five minutes the system displays the Installation Verification screen ([Figure 9-31](#)).

#### **⇒ NOTE:**

There are several Verification screens. These screens show the status of all of the software packages you selected in Steps [7](#) through [22](#).

You selected to install these packages in this set. The status of each package installation is to the left of its name.

| Status    | Package Name                       |
|-----------|------------------------------------|
| Succeeded | Base System                        |
| Succeeded | Printer Support                    |
| Succeeded | Network Support Utilities          |
| Succeeded | Enhanced Application Compatibility |
| Succeeded | Graphics Utilities                 |
| Succeeded | Adobe Type Manager (TM)            |
| Succeeded | Desktop Manager                    |
| Succeeded | Advanced Commands                  |

Press 'Enter' to continue.

### Figure 9-31. Installation Verification Screen

32. Make sure that all of the files you selected in Steps [5](#) through [22](#) are shown on the Verification Screens as having been successfully loaded.
33. Press **(ENTER)** to view the remaining verification screens

After you have viewed the last Verification screen, the system displays the Application Server Installation Complete screen ([Figure 9-32](#)).

Installation of the UnixWare Application Server is complete. Applications and other software sets can be installed using the tools available after the computer is rebooted. When you press 'Enter' the computer will be shutdown. Make sure the boot floppy drive is empty.

After the computer is rebooted, you can set up and try out your mouse. You will then be asked to create a user account for your UNIX System.

Refer to the Installation Handbook for more information.

Press 'Enter' to continue.

**Figure 9-32. Application Server Installation Complete Screen**

34. Continue with the next procedure, "[Initializing the Mouse.](#)"

## Initializing the Mouse

---

To initialize the mouse, do the following:

1. Starting at the Application Server Installation Complete screen ([Figure 9-32](#)), press `(ENTER)` to begin the automatic reboot of the system.

The system displays the Select Mouse screen ([Figure 9-33](#)).

If you wish to use a mouse with UnixWare you must select the type of mouse attached to your computer from the list below (or select "No Mouse" if you do not wish to use a mouse).

If you are unsure of what type you have, refer to Help information for this screen or the Installation Handbook for more information.

Your choices are:

1. Serial Mouse
2. Bus Mouse
3. PS/2 - Compatible Mouse
4. No Mouse

Press '1', '2', '3' or '4' followed by 'Enter'.

### Figure 9-33. Select Mouse Screen

2. If you are not installing a mouse, enter **4**

Continue with the next procedure, "[Setting Up User Accounts](#)."

If you are installing a mouse, enter **1**

The system displays the Serial Mouse Installation screen ([Figure 9-34](#)).

In order to use a serial mouse, you must tell the installation program which serial port your mouse is connected to. You must also indicate the number of buttons that are on the mouse you will be using. See the Help Facility or the Installation Handbook for more information.

Enter the following information about your serial mouse.

Serial port your mouse is connected to:  
 Number of mouse buttons:

Apply

Reset

Press 'TAB' to move between fields. Press 'ENTER' to apply fields.

**Figure 9-34. Serial Mouse Installation Screen**

3. Enter the appropriate data for the serial port your mouse is connected to as listed in [Serial Mouse Installation Screen Entries](#) (Table 9-3)

Use the left (◀) and right (▶) arrows on your keyboard to move through the field selections. Use the down (▼) arrow to move to the next field.

**Table 9-3. Serial Mouse Installation Screen Entries**

| Serial Port Connection | Screen Entry |
|------------------------|--------------|
| COM1 port              | TTY00        |
| COM2 port              | TTY01        |

4. Enter the number of mouse buttons on your mouse.
5. Press the down (▼) arrow to move to the Apply field and press (ENTER).

The system displays the Mouse Test screen ([Figure 9-35](#)).

Your mouse selection is ready to be tested.

After pressing 'Enter', you will have 15 seconds to test the mouse. Make sure it moves as you expect, then press a mouse button to end the test. If you don't press a button within 15 seconds, the test will appear to fail.

Press 'Enter' to start mouse test.

**Figure 9-35. Mouse Test Screen**

6. Press **ENTER**.
7. Move the mouse to test it.
8. Press a mouse button.

The system displays the Root Account Setup screen ([Figure 9-36](#)).

In addition to user accounts, UnixWare contains a special account known as the "Root" account. This account is the most powerful account on a UNIX System. You should now choose a password for this account.

You will be asked to enter the root password twice after this screen. The text of the password will not appear on the screen when you type it.

Press 'Enter' to continue.

### Figure 9-36. Root Account Setup Screen

9. Continue with the next procedure, "[Setting Up User Accounts](#)."

## Setting Up User Accounts

---

To set up user accounts, do the following:

1. Starting at the Root Account Setup screen ([Figure 9-36](#)), press **ENTER**.  
The system displays the following message:  
New password:
2. Enter the root password.  
The system displays the following message:  
New password:  
Re-enter new password:
3. Re-enter the root password.  
The system displays the Sysadm Account Setup screen ([Figure 9-37](#)).

You now need to choose a password to restrict access to the account 'sysadm', for system administration.

You will be asked to enter the password after this screen. The text of the password as you type it will not appear on the screen. You will then be prompted to type the same password again. See the help facility or the Installation Handbook for more information.

Press 'Enter' or (Return) to continue.

### Figure 9-37. Sysadm Account Setup Screen

4. Press **ENTER**.

The system displays the following message:

New password:

5. Enter the sysadm password.

The system displays the following message:

New password:

Re-enter new password:

6. Re-enter the sysadm password.

The system displays the UnixWare Installation Complete screen ([Figure 9-38](#)).

UnixWare is now ready for use.

Applications and other software sets can be installed using the tools available with UnixWare.

After you proceed from this screen you will be able to access your computer. Type a login ID at the "login:" prompt, followed by the password associated with that login ID at the "password" prompt. For your protection the password will not be visible on the screen as you type it.

Refer to the Installation Handbook for more information.

Press 'Enter' to continue.

### Figure 9-38. UnixWare Installation Complete Screen

7. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the login screen.

8. Continue with the next procedure, "[Setting up the Monitor.](#)"

### Setting up the Monitor

---

To set up the monitor, do the following:

1. Starting at the UnixWare Installation Complete screen ([Figure 9-38](#)), press **(ALT) (E)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Welcome to USL UNIX System V Release 4.2 Version 1  
Console Login:
```

2. Enter **root**
3. Enter your root password.

The system displays the system prompt #.

In order to use the graphical user interfaces (GUI) with the video controller card installed in your system, perform the following video setup operations:

4. Enter **/usr/X/lib/display/setvgamode**

The system displays a menu listing 38 different video chipset options.

5. Enter the number corresponding to the video controller circuit card installed on your system.

The system displays a menu listing monitor model numbers.

6. Enter the model number corresponding to the video controller circuit card installed on your system.

The system displays the following message:

```
Video RAM: 1024K
```

```
Do you want to change this value? (y/n) [n]:
```

7. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Default Monitor Size, 17 inches(y/n) [y]:
```

8. Enter **n**

The system displays the Monitor Size screen ([Figure 9-39](#)).

```
Monitor Size
```

```
=====
```

```
12 inches
```

```
13 inches
```

```
14 inches
```

```
15 inches
```

```
16 inches
```

```
17 inches
```

```
19 inches
```

```
20 inches
```

```
21 inches
```

```
other
```

```
Enter Monitor Size =>
```

**Figure 9-39. Monitor Size Screen**

9. Enter **14**

The system displays a screen similar to the Monitor Test screen ([Figure 9-40](#)).

You have selected the following:

```
VENDOR.....: Cirrus Logic - Generic
CHIPSET.....: GD54xx
VIDEO RAM....: 1024K
MONITOR.....: STDVGA
RESOLUTION...: 640x480
COLORS.....: 256
```

```
Do you want to test this mode?(y/n) [y]:
```

#### Figure 9-40. Monitor Test Screen

10. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the Test Pattern screen ([Figure 9-41](#)).

A TEST PATTERN WILL BE DRAWN ON YOUR SCREEN.  
AFTER A FEW SECONDS, YOU WILL RETURN TO THIS  
SCREEN. IF THE PATTERN DOESN'T LOOK RIGHT, YOU  
CANNOT USE THIS MODE. YOU SHOULD TRY ANOTHER MODE.  
IF THE PATTERN IS NOT EVEN STABLE,  
PRESS 'DEL' IMMEDIATELY TO AVOID DAMAGE TO YOUR  
HARDWARE.

Do you want to continue? (y/n) [y]:

**Figure 9-41. Test Pattern Screen**

11. Press **(ENTER)**.

After the test pattern is drawn, the system displays the following message:

Do you want to try the test again? (y/n) [n]:

12. Press **(ENTER)** to stop the test.

The system displays the following message:

Accept(y), Quit(q), Try another mode(anykey):

13. Enter **y** to accept the setup.

The system displays the Current Selection screen ([Figure 9-42](#)).

Current Selection:

```
ENTRY.....: GD54XX  
RESOLUTION...: 640x480  
VISUAL.....: PseudoColor  
MONITOR.....: STDVGA
```

**Figure 9-42. Current Selection Screen**

You have now installed all the required software for your UnixWare operating system.

## Installing the VERITAS Software Packages

---

The VERITAS software is comprised of two separate packages: VERITAS Volume Manager and VERITAS Advanced File System. You must install the Volume Manager software before installing the Advanced File System software.

Make sure you have the following software:

- 4 floppies labeled "VERITAS Volume Manager 1.2.1.1"
- 1 floppy labeled "VERITAS Advanced File System 1.1"

### NOTE:

If you want further information on the VERITAS features, see

- *VERITAS Volume Manager Documentation*, 585-350-907
  - Installation Guide Release 1.2
  - Basic User's Guide Release 1.2
  - System Administrator's Guide Release 1.2
- *VERITAS File System, System Administrator's Guide*, 585-350-906

## Installing the VERITAS Volume Manager Package

---

Perform the three procedures in this section sequentially.

1. At the system prompt, enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready.  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

2. Insert the diskette labeled "VERITAS Volume Manager 1.2.1.1: 1 of 4" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress. Do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

```
1 vxvm VERITAS Volume Manager  
    (i386at) 1.2.11
```

```
Select the package(s) you wish to process...
```

4. Enter **1**

After several minutes, the system displays the following message:

```
You have the Operations, Administration, and  
Maintenance package installed.
```

```
Would you like to add the VXVM interface Forms and  
Menus? [y]
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

After several minutes, the system displays the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS  
Package: VERITAS Volume Manager (vxvm)  
diskette 2 of 4  
Insert diskette 2 of 4 into floppy drive 1  
Type [go] when ready.  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Remove the diskette labeled "VERITAS Volume Manager 1.2.1.1: 1 of 4" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

7. Insert the diskette labeled "VERITAS Volume Manager 1.2.1.1: 2 of 4" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

8. Press **(ENTER)**.

After several minutes, the system displays the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS  
Package: VERITAS Volume Manager (vxvm)  
diskette 3 of 4  
Insert diskette 3 of 4 into floppy drive 1  
Type [go] when ready.  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

9. Remove the diskette labeled "VERITAS Volume Manager 1.2.1.1: 2 of 4" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

10. Insert the diskette labeled "VERITAS Volume Manager 1.2.1.1: 3 of 4" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

11. Press **(ENTER)**.

After several minutes, the system displays the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS  
Package: VERITAS Volume Manager (vxvm)  
diskette 4 of 4  
Insert diskette 4 of 4 into floppy drive 1  
Type [go] when ready.  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

12. Remove the diskette labeled "VERITAS Volume Manager 1.2.1.1: 3 of 4" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
13. Insert the diskette labeled "VERITAS Volume Manager 1.2.1.1: 4 of 4" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
14. Press **(ENTER)**.  
  
When the packages on the last diskette are finished installing, the system prompts:  
  
Installation of VERITAS Volume Manager (vxvm) was successful.  
  
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready.  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
15. Enter **q**  
  
The system displays the system prompt #.
16. Remove the diskette from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
17. Continue with the next procedure, "[Installing the VERITAS File System Administration Package](#)".

## **Installing the VERITAS File System Administration Package**

---

If you have not done so already, complete "[Installing the VERITAS Volume Manager Package](#)" above before continuing with this procedure.

1. At the system prompt, enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**  
  
The system displays the following message:  
  
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready.  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
2. Insert the diskette labeled "VERITAS Advanced File System 1.1" into the diskette drive and press **(ENTER)**. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.  
  
The system displays the following message:  
  
Installation in progress. Do not remove the diskette.  
  
The following packages are available:  
  
1 vxfs VERITAS File System  
    (AT386) 1.3 Advanced

Select the package(s) you wish to process...

3. Enter **1**

Once the package is finished installing, the system displays the following message:

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready.

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

4. Enter **q**

The system responds with a message to say that if all desired packages are installed, the machine should be rebooted. Do not reboot the system at this time.

The system displays the system prompt #.

5. Remove the diskette from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
6. Continue with the next procedure, "[Activating the Volume Manager](#)".

## Activating the Volume Manager

If you have not done so already, perform the following procedures before continuing with this procedure:

1. [Installing the VERITAS Volume Manager Package](#)
2. [Installing the VERITAS File System Administration Package](#)

To activate the Volume Manager, complete the following steps.

1. At the system prompt, enter **volinstall**

The system displays the Volume Manager Information screen ([Figure 9-43](#)).

The Volume Manager names disks on your system using the controller and disk number of the disk, substituting them into the following pattern.

```
c<controller>t<disk>d0
```

Some examples would be:

```
c0t0d0 - first controller, first disk
```

```
clt0d0 - second controller, first disk
```

```
clt1d0 - second controller, second disk
```

The Volume Manager has detected the following disks on your system.

```
c0t0d0
```

```
c0t1d0
```

Hit 'Return' to continue

### Figure 9-43. Volume Manager Information Screen

The system responds with a screen asking you to choose the type of installation.

2. Enter **1** for Quick Installation.

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter disk name for c0t0d0 [<name>, q,?]  
(default: disk01)
```

3. Enter **disk00**

The system displays the following message:

```
The c0t0d0 disk has been configured for encapsulation.
```

If you have a two disk system, the system displays the following message:

```
Enter disk name for c0t1d0 [<name>, q,?]
```

4. Enter **disk01**

The system displays the following message:

```
The c0t0d0 disk has been configured for encapsulation.
```

The system should now be shut down and rebooted to continue with the installation process.

```
Shut down and reboot now?[y, n, q,?] (default: y)
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

**⇒ NOTE:**

If you have additional disks installed that have not yet been administered through software, the following message displays for each disk:

```
prtvtoc [-a] [-e] [-p] [-f file] raw_device
```

```
The c0t1dXdisk does not appear to be prepared for  
this system. Add as a new disk through the  
voldiskadm command.
```

```
Hit return to continue.
```

This message is normal; press **(ENTER)**. If you are using the additional disk(s) for mirroring, the disks are administered when you set up SCSI mirroring. If you are not using the additional disks for mirroring, as in the case where the second disk is used from speech, use the **voldiskadd** command.

6. The system reboots three times; each reboot takes approximately 5 minutes to complete. Press **(ENTER)** when you are prompted between each reboot.

When the initialization of the Volume Manager is complete, the system displays the login screen.

7. Press **(ALT) (E)**.

System response:

```
Welcome to USL UNIX System V Release 4.2 Version 1  
Console Login:
```

8. Enter **root**
9. Enter your root password.

The system responds by displaying the system prompt #.

**⇒ NOTE:**

Should the **volinstall** command fail because it cannot find the boot disk (c0t0d0), do the following:

1. Enter **/etc/conf/bin/idbuild -B** to rebuild the kernel.
2. Once the kernel rebuild is complete, enter **linit 6** to reboot the system.

When the system comes up, you may see Volume Manager errors (vxvm).

3. Perform the "[Activating the Volume Manager](#)" procedure above again.

## Installing the LAN Card Driver Package

---

See "[Ethernet LAN Circuit Cards](#)" or "[Token Ring Circuit Card](#)" in [Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the INTUNIX Patch and Enhancement Package

---

The INTUNIX set contains the update packages for Unixware 1.1.2.

To install the INTUNIX Patch and Enhancement Package, do the following:

1. Enter **pkgadd -d ctape1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert a cartridge into Tape Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

2. Insert the INTUNIX tape into the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress. Do not remove the cartridge.
```

```
The following sets are available:
```

```
1    INTUNIX  INTUITY UnixWare 1.1.2 Enhancement Set  
      (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]
```

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Processing:
Set: INTUITY UnixWare 1.1.2 Enhancement Set (INTUNIX)
from <ctapel>.
```

```
INTUITY UnixWare 1.1.2 Enhancement Set
(i486)
Using </> as the package base directory
Installation of INTUNIX successful.
```

The following packages are available:

```
1   intunix1
2   installit
3   memdrvr
4   procdrvr
5   year2000
```

Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of INTUITY UnixWare 1.1.2 Enhancement Set
(INTUNIX) is completed.
```

```
Insert a cartridge into Tape Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Remove the INTUNIX tape from the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
7. Enter **q**
8. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.



# Installing the INTUITY CONVERSANT System Software

# 10

---

## Overview

---

This chapter details installation procedures for the INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® system software.

## Purpose

---

This purpose of this chapter is to provide the information necessary to reload the INTUITY CONVERSANT system to a computer which has experienced a disk failure. This chapter should be used in conjunction with [Appendix D, "Disaster Recovery Checklists"](#).

## Installing the INTUITY CONVERSANT Base Software Set

---

The INTUITY CONVERSANT base software set includes

- INTUITY CONVERSANT Utilities Package
- INTUITY CONVERSANT Runtime Processing Package
- INTUITY CONVERSANT Maintenance Package
- INTUITY CONVERSANT Logger/Alerter Package
- INTUITY AUDIX Logger Package
- INTUITY CONVERSANT Base ORACLE RDBMS 7.1.3
- INTUITY CONVERSANT Extended ORACLE RDBMS 7.1.3
- INTUITY CONVERSANT ORACLE 7 Integration Package
- INTUITY CONVERSANT Administration Screens Package
- INTUITY CONVERSANT Transaction State Machine Package
- INTUITY CONVERSANT Switch Utilities Package
- INTUITY CONVERSANT License Modification Package
- INTUITY CONVERSANT Platform CONVERSANT Tuning

All of the packages included in the INTUITY CONVERSANT base software set are required for the operation of the INTUITY CONVERSANT system. All of the packages are contained on one cartridge tape.

To install the INTUITY CONVERSANT base software set, do the following:



### CAUTION:

*If you are using this procedure in conjunction with an upgrade, skip the first three steps and begin with Step [4](#).*

1. Log in as **root**.
2. Insert the cartridge tape labeled "INTUITY Platform CVIS 6 Set 1 of 1" into the cartridge tape drive.
3. Enter **pkgadd -d ctape1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert a cartridge into Tape Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
      or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```



7. If you answered **no** to all of the questions in [Table 10-1](#), you can use the default installation, enter **y**

If you answered **yes** to any of the questions in [Table 10-1](#) you can not use the default installation, complete the following Steps a through [g](#):

- a. Enter **n**

The system displays the following message:

```
Do you want the default installation for mtce?  
[y,n,?]
```

- b. If you answered **no** to Question 1 in [Table 10-1](#), enter **y** and continue with Step [d](#).

If you answered **yes** to Question 1 in [Table 10-1](#), enter **n**

The system displays the following message:

```
Is Daylight Savings Time ever used? [y,n,?]
```

- c. Enter **n**

The system displays the following message:

```
Do you want the default installation for vs?  
[y,n,?]
```

- d. If you answered **no** to all seven Questions 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 in [Table 10-1](#), enter **y** and continue with Step [g](#).

If you answered **yes** to Question 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8 in [Table 10-1](#), enter **n**

The system displays the following message:

```
The first serial port uses interrupt level 4  
The second serial port uses interrupt level 3  
The parallel port uses interrupt level 7
```

```
If you wish to reclaim some of these interrupts  
for other devices, you may disable one of these  
serial ports. However, one serial port must be  
enabled.
```

```
For serial ports would you like to:
```

1. Enable both
2. Enable first, disable second
3. Disable first, enable second

```
Please enter your selection:
```

- e. If you answered **no** for Questions 2, 3, 4, 6, and 7 in [Table 10-1](#), enter **1**

If you answered **no** for Questions 2, 3, and 6 and **yes** for Question 4 or 7 in [Table 10-1](#), enter **2**

If you answered **yes** for Question 2, 3, or 6 and **no** for Questions 4 and 7 in [Table 10-1](#), enter **3**

 **NOTE:**

If you would like to disable both serial ports, enter **3**, complete the installation procedure, edit the **/etc/conf/sdevice.d/asyc** file, and reboot the system.

The system displays the following message:

```
For the parallel port (interrupt 7) would you like
to:
```

1. Enable the parallel port
2. Disable the parallel port

- f. If you answered **no** for Questions 5 and 8 in [Table 10-1](#), enter **1**

If you answered **yes** for Question 5 or 8 in [Table 10-1](#), enter **2**

The system displays the following message:

```
Do you want the default installation for maint?
```

- g. Enter **n**

 **NOTE:**

There is no difference between the default installation and a custom installation of the maint package.

The system displays the following message:

```
Do you want the default installation for machlog?
[y,n,?]
```

- h. If you answered **no** to Questions 2, 3, and 4 in [Table 10-1](#), enter **y** and continue with Step [j](#).

If you answered **yes** to Question 2, 3, or 4 in [Table 10-1](#), enter **n**

The system displays the following message:

```
The first serial port uses interrupt level 4
The second serial port uses interrupt level 3
```

If you wish to reclaim some of these interrupts for other devices, you may have to free some of these ports. However, one serial port must be configured as the alarm port.

For serial ports would you like to:

1. Enable first serial port (COM1) as alarm port
2. Enable second serial port (COM2) as alarm port

Please enter your selection:

- i. If you answered **no** for Questions 2 and 3 and **yes** for Question 4 in [Table 10-1](#), enter **1**

 **NOTE:**

If your system has a remote maintenance circuit card, make sure COM1 is disabled in the CMOS settings. See "P5 120 MHz CPU Circuit Card," or "486 CPU Circuit Cards," in Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards," for the procedure to edit the CMOS settings.

If you answered yes to Questions 2 and 3 and no for Question 4 in [Table 10-1](#), enter 1.

If you answered **yes** to Question 3 and **no** for Questions 2 and 4 in [Table 10-1](#), enter **2**

The system displays the following message:

```
Serial port X has been configured as the alarm
port.
```

```
Do you want the default installation for ora7base?
[y,n,?]
```

 **CAUTION:**

*If you choose the default installation for oracle the extended oracle package is not installed. You may install it upon completion of the CVIS set.*

- j. If you answered **no** for Questions 9 and 10 in [Table 10-1](#), enter **y** and continue with Step [8](#), below.

If you answered **yes** for Question 9 or 10 in [Table 10-1](#), enter **n**

The system displays the following message:

```
The default name for the database file is dbsA.dbf
Enter a new name or strike ENTER to accept the
default.
```

- k. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
The default name for the first redo log file is
log1A.dbf
Enter a new name or strike ENTER to accept the
default.
```

- l. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
The default name for the second redo log file is  
log2A.dbf
```

```
Enter a new name or strike ENTER to accept the  
default.
```

- m. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
How many blocks do you want in your database?  
[default: 132,000].
```

- n. Enter the number of blocks you want in your database.



**CAUTION:**

*This number must be greater than 24,000.*

The system displays the following message:

```
The default size for each of the redo log files is  
800 [512 bytes] blocks.
```

```
How many blocks do you want in each of the redo log  
files? [default: 800].
```

- o. Enter the number of blocks you want in your redo log files.

The system displays the following message:

```
Do you want to install the ora7ext? [y,n,?]
```

- p. If you want to install the extended oracle package enter **y**

If you do not want to install the extended oracle package enter **n**

The system displays the following message:

```
Do you want to install TSM? [y,n,?]
```

- q. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

```
Lucent Technologies Inc.  
## Processing package information.  
## Processing system information.  
## Verifying disk space requirements.
```

```
Installing INTUITY CONVERSANT VIS V6 Set as  
<CVISet>
```

```
## Executing preinstall script.  
Executing the preinstall personality script for  
CVIStune.  
Enter password for oracle:  
New password:
```



**CAUTION:**

*If you are using this procedure in conjunction with an upgrade, Stop here and return to INTUITY CONVERSANT System Version 6.0 Upgrade, 585-310-183. Do not continue with Step [8](#).*

8. Type the new password.

9. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Re-enter new password:
```

10. Re-type the new password.

11. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays a series of messages. After approximately one hour the system displays the following message:

```
Processing of <INTUITY CONVERSANT VIS V6 Set> is  
completed.
```

```
Insert a cartridge into Tape Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

12. Enter **q**

The system displays the following message:

```
***IMPORTANT NOTICE***
```

```
If installation of all desired packages is  
complete, the machine should be rebooted in order  
to ensure sane operation. Execute the shutdown  
command with the appropriate options and wait for  
the "Console Login:" prompt.
```

13. Enter **shutdown -g0 -y**

The system displays the following message:

```
The system is down.  
Press CTRL-ALT-DEL to reboot your computer.
```

14. Press **(CONTROL) (ALT) (DEL)**.

# Installing the Optional Feature Software

# 11

---

## Overview

---

This chapter describes the procedures to install all the software that was not included on the application software cartridge tape. This software is called *optional* software since it is not required for the basic system to function.

The organization of this chapter is not to imply that you will necessarily install all of these packages nor will you install them in the order documented. Packages may be added back-to-back, however packages that are order-specific are identified as such.

This chapter also describes the general procedure for removing software packages.

### NOTE:

Be sure that you have run the INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Hardware Resource Allocator and indicate all hardware that is/will be on your system. The data generated by the program is crucial in assuring that you respond correctly the prompts in this chapter. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#) in your hardware installation book.

### NOTE:

All of the procedures in this chapter must be performed with **root** permission.

## Purpose

---

The purpose of this chapter is to provide the information necessary to load the optional feature software to a computer which is being upgraded, having new features added, or which has experienced a disk failure.

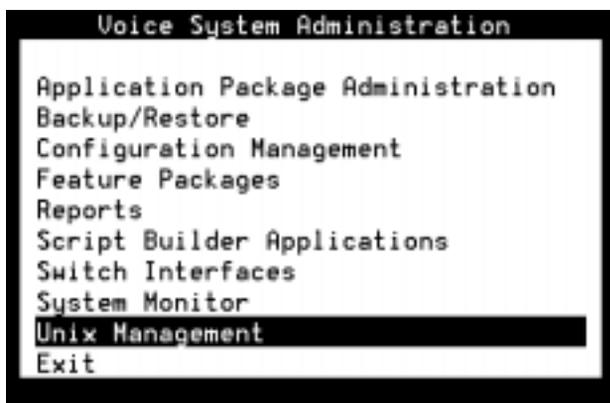
## Installing Software Packages Using the Unix Management Screens

---

If your system has been equipped the Unix Management Screens Package, software can be loaded using the INTUITY CONVERSANT system screens.

To load software a software package using the INTUITY CONVERSANT system screens do the following:

1. Start at the Voice System Administration menu ([Figure 11-1](#)).

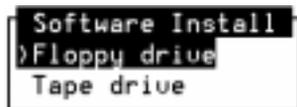


**Figure 11-1. Voice System Administration Menu**

2. Select

```
> UNIX Management
>Software Install
```

The system displays the Software Install menu ([Figure 11-2](#)).



**Figure 11-2. Software Install Menu**

3. Select the appropriate media.
4. Continue with the procedures listed for each package below.

## Installing the Hardware Resource Allocator Package

### ⇒ NOTE:

You must install and run the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator before installing any of the INTUITY CONVERSANT System Version 6.0 base or optional packages.

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Hardware Resource Allocator 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

The following packages are available:

1. config INTUITY Hardware Resource Allocator  
(i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY Hardware Resource Allocator (config) from  
<diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY Hardware Resource Allocator  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of INTUITY Hardware Resource Allocator  
(config) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Remove the diskette labeled "Hardware Resource Allocator 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

7. Enter **q**

Run the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator to obtain a current configuration listing for your system. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).

### CAUTION:

*It is very important that you run the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator and obtain the output from it. The information is needed to install software packages in order to correctly set addresses for interrupts, I/O, etc.*

## Installing the Asynchronous Host Toolkit

---

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "CGS Asynchronous Host Toolkit 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

1. asynchost INTUITY CSG Asynchronous Host Toolkit  
(i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY CSG Asynchronous Host Toolkit (asynchost)  
from <diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY CSG Asynchronous Host Toolkit  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.
```

```
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

```
Enter number of host lines to be configured, 1 or 2:
```

6. Enter the number of lines to be configured.

This is the number of lines your system will be using to communicate with the host.

If you entered **1**, the system displays the following message:

```
Enter asynchronous request function number, 1 or 2:
```

**⇒ NOTE:**

Entering **1** will turn on the DIP for hostreq1 host line only.

Entering **2** will turn on the DIP for hostreq2 host line only

If you entered **2**, the system displays the following message:

```
Enter asynchronous request function number, S or D:
```

**⇒ NOTE:**

Entering **S** will turn on both host DIPs and they will work independently of each other.

Entering **D** will turn on both host DIPs and they will work in conjunction with each other.

7. Enter the request number function.

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter tty port for the single line (e.g., ttys02):
```

**⇒ NOTE:**

The tty port number is assigned to the port on the asynchronous circuit card to which you are connecting. See Chapter 3, "Making Cable Connections," in *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6.0 MAP/ 100 New System Installation*, 538-310-176.

You can also determine the available tty addresses by viewing the **/dev** file.

8. Enter the tty port number you will be using.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation of INTUITY CGS Asynchronous Host Toolkit  
(asynghost) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

9. Remove the diskette labeled "CGS Asynchronous Host Toolkit 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## **Installing the ASYNC\_TEST Transaction Script Builder Backup**

---

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "ASYNC\_TEST Transaction SB Backup 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

The following packages are available:

1. `asynctest` INTUITY ASYNC\_TEST SB Backup  
(i486)

Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY ASYNC_TEST SB Backup (asynctest) from  
<diskettel>
```

```
INTUITY ASYNC_TEST SB Backup  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of INTUITY ASYNC_TEST SB Backup  
(asynctest) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Remove the diskette labeled "ASYNC\_TEST Transaction SB Backup 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## **Installing the ASYNC\_TEST Speech Script Builder Backup**

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "ASYNC\_TEST Speech SB Backup 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

1. asynctest INTUITY ASYNC\_TEST SB Backup  
(i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY ASYNC_TEST SB Backup (asynctest) from  
<diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY ASYNC_TEST SB Backup  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.
```

```
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of INTUITY ASYNC_TEST SB Backup  
(asynctest) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "ASYNC\_TEST Speech SB Backup 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the Adjunct/Switch Application Interface Packages

---

The ASAI packages can be installed on a system that is using:

- An IPCI circuit card
- A LAN circuit card

### Installing ASAI on a System Using an IPCI circuit card

---

The ASAI packages must be installed in the following order

- Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ISDN
- Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway
- Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ASAI

### Installing the CALLVISOR PC ISDN Package

To install the CALLVISOR PC ISDN package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ISDN Package 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

- ```
  1. cvisdn      Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ISDN  
                Package  
                (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ISDN Package  
(cvisdn) from <diskettel>
```

```
INTUITY CALLVISOR PC ISDN Package  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.
```

```
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

```
Enter the number of IPCI boards installed on this  
machine. (default: 1) [1-4,?]
```

6. Enter the number of PC/ISDN (IPCI) circuit cards installed in your system

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter the Interrupt Vector Number (IVN) for the IPCI  
boards. (default: 2) [2-3,?]
```

7. Enter the interrupt vector number for the PC/ISDN (IPCI) circuit cards installed in your system. The interrupt vector number is obtained from the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)," in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).

The system displays the following message:

```
For IPCI board 1,
```

```
Enter the 5 digit SCMA value. (default: d0000) [?]
```

8. Enter the SCMA value for the PC/ISDN (IPCI) circuit cards installed in your system. The interrupt vector number is obtained from the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter the desired version. (default: 1) [?]
```

9. Enter the desired version for the PC/ISDN (IPCI) circuit cards installed in your system

**⇒ NOTE:**

Enter version 1 if your system is connected to a G3V3 switch.

Enter version 2 if your system is connected to a G3V4 switch.

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter for higher version operation. (default: 1)  
[0-1,?]
```

10. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter for lower version operation. (default: 1) [0-1,?]
```

11. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several messages followed by the following message:

```
The UNIX Operating System kernel will be rebuilt to
include your configuration changes during the next
system reboot.
```

```
Remove the diskette from the drive.
```

```
To reboot the system, execute the command:
shutdown -i6 -y -g0
```

12. Remove the diskette labeled "Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ISDN Package 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
13. Continue with the next procedure, "[Installing the CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway Package](#)."

## Installing the CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway Package

To install the CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway package, do the following:

1. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
  or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

2. Insert the diskette labeled "Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway Package 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

1. cvesai Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway Package (i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

PROCESSING:

Set: Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway  
Package (cvesai) from <diskette1>

Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway Package  
(i486)

Using </> as the package base directory.

Lucent Technologies Inc.

This machine currently has X BRI links administered  
There are X links available for use as LAN Gateway  
links.

Enter the number of LAN links to be installed (<=X):

5. Enter the number of LAN links used by your system.

**⇒ NOTE:**

The INTUITY CONVERSANT system does not require any LAN links. If your system needs a LAN connection for other software, establish the links now.

The system displays the following message:

The UNIX Operating System kernel will be rebuilt to  
include your configuration changes during the next  
system reboot.

Installation of the Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC  
LAN Gateway Package (cvesai) was successful.

\*\*\*IMPORTANT NOTICE\*\*\*

If installation of all desired packages is  
complete, the machine should be rebooted to ensure  
sane operation. Execute the shutdown command with  
appropriate options and wait for the "Console  
Login:" prompt.

6. Remove the diskette labeled "Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway Package 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Diskettes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
7. Continue with the next procedure, ["Installing the CALLVISOR PC ASAI Package."](#)

## Installing the CALLVISOR PC ASAI Package

To install the CALLVISOR PC ASAI package, do the following:

1. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

2. Insert the diskette labeled "CALLVISOR PC ASAI Package 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

The following packages are available:

1. cvasai Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ASAI  
 Package  
 (i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Configuring cvasai for X ASAI Node(s)
```

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ASAI Package  
(cvasai) from <diskette1>
```

```
Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ASAI Package  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

```
Enter the number of ASAI Nodes.  
(default: 1) [1-4,?]
```

5. Enter the number of ASAI nodes on your system

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
The UNIX Operating System kernel will be rebuilt  
to include you configuration changes during the  
next system reboot.
```

Remove the diskette from the disk drive.

## 11 Installing the Optional Feature Software

### Installing the Adjunct/Switch Application Interface Packages

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To reboot the system, execute the command:

```
shutdown -i6 -y -g0
```

To power down the system, execute the command:

```
shutdown -i0 -y -g0
```

\*\*\*IMPORTANT NOTICE\*\*\*

If installation of all desired packages is complete, the machine should be rebooted to ensure sane operation. Execute the shutdown command with appropriate options and wait for the "Console Login:" prompt.

Installation of Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ASAI Package (cvasai) was successful.

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "CALLVISOR PC ASAI Package 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
8. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing ASAI on a System Using a LAN Circuit Card

The ASAI packages must be installed in the following order

- Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ISDN
- Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway
- Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ASAI

## Installing the CALLVISOR PC ISDN Package

To install the CALLVISOR PC ISDN package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ISDN Package 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

1. `cvisdn` Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ISDN Package (i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ISDN Package (cvisdn) from <diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY CALLVISOR PC ISDN Package (i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

```
Enter the number of IPCI boards installed on this machine. (default: 1) [1-4,?]
```

6. Enter **0**

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter the desired version. (default: 1) [?]
```

7. Enter the desired version for the PC/ISDN (IPCI) circuit cards installed in your system

**⇒ NOTE:**

- Enter version 1 if your system is connected to a G3V3 switch.
- Enter version 2 if your system is connected to a G3V4 switch.

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter for higher version operation. (default: 1) [0-1,?]
```

8. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter for lower version operation. (default: 1) [0-1,?]
```

9. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several messages followed by the following message:

```
The UNIX Operating System kernel will be rebuilt to
include your configuration changes during the next
system reboot.
```

Remove the diskette from the drive.

```
To reboot the system, execute the command:
shutdown -i6 -y -g0
```

10. Remove the diskette labeled "Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ISDN Package 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
11. Continue with the next procedure, "[Installing the CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway Package](#)."

## Installing the CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway Package

To install the CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway package, do the following:

1. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
  or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

2. Insert the diskette labeled "Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway Package 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

The following packages are available:

1. cvesai Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway Package (i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

PROCESSING:

Set: Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway  
Package (cvesai) from <diskette1>

Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway Package  
(i486)

Using </> as the package base directory.

Lucent Technologies Inc.

This machine currently has X BRI links administered  
There are X links available for use as LAN Gateway  
links.

Enter the number of LAN links to be installed (<=X):

5. Enter the number of LAN links used by your system.

**⇒ NOTE:**

The INTUITY CONVERSANT system requires one LAN link. If your system needs additional LAN connections for other software, establish the links now.

The system displays the following message:

Enter the destination for LAN link 1 [definity]:

6. Enter your system's switch destination.

The UNIX Operating System kernel will be rebuilt to include your configuration changes during the next system reboot.

Installation of the Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway Package (cvesai) was successful.

\*\*\*IMPORTANT NOTICE\*\*\*

If installation of all desired packages is complete, the machine should be rebooted to ensure sane operation. Execute the shutdown command with appropriate options and wait for the "Console Login:" prompt.

7. Remove the diskette labeled "Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC LAN Gateway Package 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
8. Continue with the next procedure, "[Installing the CALLVISOR PC ASAI Package](#)."

## Installing the CALLVISOR PC ASAI Package

To install the CALLVISOR PC ASAI package, do the following:

1. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

2. Insert the diskette labeled "CALLVISOR PC ASAI Package 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

The following packages are available:

1. cvasai Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ASAI  
 Package  
 (i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Configuring cvasai for X ASAI Node(s)
```

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ASAI Package  
(cvasai) from <diskette1>
```

```
Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ASAI Package  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

```
Enter the number of ASAI Nodes.  
(default: 1) [1-4,?]
```

5. Enter the number of ASAI nodes on your system

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
The UNIX Operating System kernel will be rebuilt  
to include you configuration changes during the  
next system reboot.
```

Remove the diskette from the disk drive.

## 11 Installing the Optional Feature Software

### Installing the Adjunct/Switch Application Interface Packages

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To reboot the system, execute the command:

```
shutdown -i6 -y -g0
```

To power down the system, execute the command:

```
shutdown -i0 -y -g0
```

\*\*\*IMPORTANT NOTICE\*\*\*

If installation of all desired packages is complete, the machine should be rebooted to ensure sane operation. Execute the shutdown command with appropriate options and wait for the "Console Login:" prompt.

Installation of Lucent Technologies CALLVISOR PC ASAI Package (cvasai) was successful.

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "CALLVISOR PC ASAI Package 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
8. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the Adjunct/Switch Application Interface Package

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Adjunct/Switch Application Interface Package 1 of 3" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

The following packages are available:

1. asai INTUITY Adjunct/Switch Application Interface Package (i486)

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Installing the Adjunct/Switch Application Interface Packages

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Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

PROCESSING:

Set: INTUITY Adjunct/Switch Application Interface  
Package (asai) from <diskette1>

INTUITY Adjunct/Switch Application Interface Package  
(i486)

Using </> as the package base directory.

Lucent Technologies Inc.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

READY TO PROCESS:

Package: INTUITY Adjunct/Switch Application  
Interface Package (asai) diskette 2 of 3

Insert diskette 2 of 3 into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

6. Remove the diskette labeled "Adjunct/Switch Application Interface Package 1 of 3" from the diskette drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Diskettes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
7. Insert the diskette labeled "Adjunct/Switch Application Interface Package 2 of 3" into the diskette drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Diskettes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
8. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

READY TO PROCESS:

Package: INTUITY Adjunct/Switch Application  
Interface Package (asai) diskette 3 of 3

Insert diskette 3 of 3 into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

9. Remove the diskette labeled "Adjunct/Switch Application Interface Package 2 of 3" from the diskette drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Diskettes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
10. Insert the diskette labeled "Adjunct/Switch Application Interface Package 3 of 3" into the diskette drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Diskettes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

11. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
The UNIX Operating System kernel will be rebuilt
to include your configuration changes during the
next system reboot.
```

```
Installation of Adjunct/Switch Application Interface
Package (asai) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

12. Enter **q**
13. Remove the diskette labeled "Adjunct/Switch Application Interface Package 3 of 3" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
14. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

For more information on this feature package, see *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Communication Development*, 585-310-763.

## Installing the Analog Switch Interface Package

---

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Analog Switch Interface - (country) 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

The following packages are available:

1. usswtch INTUITY Analog Switch Interface Package  
- US  
(i486)

Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:

**⇒ NOTE:**

The analog switch interface package used in this example is for the United States (US). The name will change depending on the country chosen.

5. Press **ENTER**.

The system displays the following message:

PROCESSING:

Set: INTUITY Analog Switch Interface Package - US  
(usswtch) from <diskette1>

INTUITY Analog Switch Interface Package - US  
(i486)

Using </> as the package base directory.

Lucent Technologies Inc.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

Installation of INTUITY Analog Switch Interface Package  
- US (usswtch) was successful.

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "Analog Switch Interface - (country) 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the Backup/Restore Utility

To install the Backup/Restore Utility, do the following:

1. At the UNIX prompt, enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

2. Insert the diskette labeled "Backup/Restore Utility 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

- ```
  1. backrest  INTUITY Backup/Restore Utility  
             (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:  
Set: INTUITY Backup/Restore Utility (backrest) from  
<diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY Backup/Restore Utility  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of INTUITY Backup/Restore Utility  
(backrest) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

5. Enter **q**

The system displays the UNIX prompt.

6. Make sure that the light on the diskette drive is off and remove the diskette. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

For more information on this feature package, see "[Backing Up the INTUITY CONVERSANT System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#).

## Installing the Call Bridge Application Package

---

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Call Bridge Application Package 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

1. xferdip INTUITY Call Bridge Application Package  
(i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY Call Bridge Application Package (xferdip)  
from <diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY Call Bridge Application Package  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of INTUITY Call Bridge Application Package  
(xferdip) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "Call Bridge Application Package 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the Call Classification Analysis Package

---

### ⇒ NOTE:

If you are installing the package and feature\_tst is already installed on your system (as in assisted upgrades), once you have finished installing all other desired, you must remove feature\_tst and reinstall it in order to select the CCA test.

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. Make sure the ASP driver has been installed by entering **pkginfo |pg**

If the ASP driver has been installed there will be a line similar to the following:

```
intuity    asp          INTUITY ASP Driver Package
```

Continue with Step [2](#).

If the ASP driver has not been installed, see "[Installing the SP Driver](#)," in [Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"](#), for the procedure to load the driver.

2. At the UNIX prompt, enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Call Classification Analysis Package 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

```
1. cca          INTUITY Call Classification Analysis  
                Package (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY Call Classification Analysis Package (cca)
from <diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY Call Classification Analysis Package
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of INTUITY Call Classification Analysis
Package (cca) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Enter **q**

The system displays the UNIX prompt.

7. Make sure that the light on the diskette drive is off and remove the diskette. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

For more information on this feature package, see *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Application Development with Script Builder*, 585-310-760, and *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Communication Development*, 585-310-763.

## Installing the Data Collection Toolkit

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Data Collection Toolkit 1 of 3" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

1. dctoolkit INTUITY Data Collection Toolkit  
(i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY Data Collection Toolkit (dctoolkit) from  
<diskettel>
```

```
INTUITY Data Collection Toolkit  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY Data Collection Toolkit  
(dctoolkit) diskette 2 of 3
```

```
Insert diskette 2 of 3 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Remove the diskette labeled "Data Collection Toolkit 1 of 3" from the diskette drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Diskettes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#) for the procedure.
7. Insert the diskette labeled "Data Collection Toolkit 2 of 3" into the diskette drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Diskettes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
8. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY Data Collection Toolkit  
(dctoolkit) diskette 3 of 3
```

```
Insert diskette 3 of 3 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

9. Remove the diskette labeled "Data Collection Toolkit 2 of 3" from the diskette drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Diskettes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

10. Insert the diskette labeled "Data Collection Toolkit 3 of 3" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
11. Press **(ENTER)**.  
  
The system displays several status messages and then the following message:  
  
Installation of INTUITY Data Collection Toolkit  
(dctoolkit) was successful.  
  
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
12. Enter **q**
13. Remove the diskette labeled "Data Collection Toolkit 3 of 3" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the Dial Pulse Recognition Package

---

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Dial Pulse Recognition 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.  
  
The following packages are available:  
    1. dpr                  INTUITY Dial-Pulse Recognition Package  
                            (i486)
```

Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
Set: INTUITY Dial-Pulse Recognition Package (dpr) from
<diskettel>

INTUITY Dial-Pulse Recognition Package
(i486)
Using </> as the package base directory.
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of INTUITY Dial-Pulse Recognition Package
(dpr) was successful.

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "Dial Pulse Recognition 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the Enhanced Basic Speech Package

---

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Enhanced Basic Speech Package - *Language* 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

The following packages are available:

1. ebUS                   Enhanced Basic Speech - US English -  
                              Female  
                              (i486)

Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

PROCESSING:

Set: Enhanced Basic Speech - US English - Female  
(ebspchUS) from <diskettel>

INTUITY Enhanced Basic Speech - US English - Female  
(i486)

Using </> as the package base directory.

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Installation of Enhanced Basic Speech - US English -  
Female (ebspchUS) was successful.

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "Enhanced Basic Speech Package -  
*Language 1 of 1*" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
8. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the External Alarms Package

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

3. Insert the diskette labeled "External Alarms Package 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

The following packages are available:

1. relaybd INTUITY External Alarms Package  
(i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY External Alarms Package (relaybd) from  
<diskettel>
```

```
INTUITY External Alarms Package  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.
```

```
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

```
Do you want all currently defined Critical, Major, and  
Minor System messages to be assigned to Alarm Contact  
Sets 1, 2, and 3 respectively and all Alarm messages to  
be assigned to Alarm Contact Set 4 by default? (y or n):
```

6. Enter **y**

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
The UNIX Operating System kernel will be rebuilt  
to include your configuration changes during the  
next system reboot.
```

```
Ensure that the Relay Output Card has been physically  
installed with the address dip switch set to 0x360  
(1,2,5-ON 3,4,6-OFF)
```

```
Installation of INTUITY External Alarm Package  
(relaybd) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

7. Enter **q**

8. Remove the diskette labeled "External Alarm Package 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

9. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the Script Builder FAX Actions Package

---

To install the Script Builder FAX Actions package, do the following:

1. At the UNIX prompt, enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

2. Insert the diskette labeled "Script Builder FAX Actions 1 of 6" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.  
  
The following packages are available:  
1. sbfax          INTUITY Script Builder Fax Actions  
                  (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:  
Set: INTUITY Script Builder Fax Actions (sbfax) from  
<diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY Script Builder Fax Actions  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.
```

```
Select the interrupt level for the FAX Circuit Card(s)  
from the following level:
```

```
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
9  
10  
11  
12  
14  
15
```

```
enter choice:
```

5. Type in the interrupt level.
6. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

Confirm. Interrupt level **X**. (y/n)

7. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

REMEMBER to set the jumpers on the FAX circuit card(s) to use interrupt X. Otherwise, the system will not function properly.

Enter the code of the country in which this system will operate. For a list of codes, consult your user documentation. If you decide at a later date to change this setting, simply use the SetPlace.sb utility (see your user documentation.)

Enter choice:

8. Type the appropriate country code from [Table 11-1](#).

**Table 11-1. Country Codes**

| Country: Code                     | Country: Code          | Country: Code                | Country: Code         |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| USA: 10                           | Canada: 11             | Algeria: 2130                | American Samoa: 6840  |
| Andorra: 330                      | Argentina: 540         | Australia: 610               | Austria: 430          |
| Barrington: 9730                  | Belgium: 320           | Belize: 5010                 | Bolivia: 5910         |
| Brazil: 550                       | Cameroon: 2370         | Chile: 560                   | Columbia: 570         |
| Costa Rica: 5060                  | Cyprus: 3570           | Czech Republic/Slovakia: 420 | Denmark: 450          |
| Ecuador: 5930                     | Egypt: 200             | El Salvador: 5030            | Ethiopia: 2510        |
| Fiji: 6790                        | Finland: 3580          | France: 330                  | French Antilles: 5960 |
| French Antillies Guadeloupe: 5900 | French Polynesia: 6890 | Gabon: 2410                  | German Dem Rep: 370   |
| German Fed Rep: 490               | Greece: 300            | Guam: 6710                   | Guantanamo Bay: 530   |
| Guatemala: 5020                   | Guyana: 5920           | Haiti: 5090                  | Honduras: 5040        |
| Hong Kong: 8520                   | Hungary: 360           | Iceland: 3540                | India: 910            |
| Indonesia: 620                    | Iran: 980              | Iraq: 9640                   | Ireland: 3530         |

*Continued on next page*

**Table 11-1. Country Codes — Continued**

| Country: Code                       | Country: Code                       | Country: Code                           | Country: Code                          |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Israel: 9720                        | Italy (Co): 390                     | Italy (PBX): 391                        | Ivory Coast: 2250                      |
| Japan 10: 810 (10 pulse per second) | Japan 20: 811 (20 pulse per second) | Japan 10 DID: 812 (10 pulse per second) | Japan 2 DID: 813 (10 pulse per second) |
| Jordan: 9620                        | Kenya: 2540                         | Korea: 820                              | Kuwait: 9650                           |
| Liberia: 2310                       | Libya: 2180                         | Liechtenstein: 410                      | Luxembourg: 3520                       |
| Malawi: 2650                        | Malaysia: 600                       | Mexico: 520                             | Monaco: 330                            |
| Morocco: 2120                       | Namibia: 2640                       | Netherlands: 310                        | Netherlands Antilles: 5990             |
| Netherlands Antilles Aruba: 2970    | New Caledonia: 6870                 | New Zealand: 640                        | Nicaragua: 5050                        |
| Nigeria: 2340                       | Norway: 470                         | Norway X: 471                           | Oman: 9680                             |
| Pakistan: 920                       | Panama: 5070                        | Papua New Guinea: 6750                  | Paraguay: 5950                         |
| Peru: 510                           | Philippines: 630                    | Poland: 480                             | Portugal: 3510                         |
| Qatar: 9740                         | Romania: 400                        | Saipan: 6700                            | San Marino: 390                        |
| Saudi Arabia: 9660                  | Senegal: 2210                       | Singapore: 650                          | South Africa: 270                      |
| Spain: 340                          | Sri Lanka: 940                      | Suriname: 5970                          | Sweden: 460                            |
| Switzerland: 410                    | Taiwan: 8860                        | Thailand: 660                           | Tunisia: 2160                          |
| Turkey: 900                         | United Arab Emirates: 9710          | U.K. (CO): 440                          | U.K. (PBX): 441                        |
| Uruguay: 5980                       | Vatican City: 390                   | Venezuela: 580                          | Yemen Arab Republic: 9670              |
| Yugoslavia: 380                     |                                     |                                         |                                        |

9. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

Confirm. The country is **X**. (y/n)

10. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

Enter the number of faxingDips you want running on your system. Your application will work fine regardless of how many you choose. If you decide at a later date to change this setting, simply use the SetFaxDip.sb utility (see your user documentation.)

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Installing the Script Builder FAX Actions Package

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```
For light expected FAX traffic           enter 1
For average expected FAX traffic         enter 2
For moderately heavy expected FAX traffic enter 3
For heavy expected FAX traffic           enter 4

enter choice:
```



**CAUTION:**

*Using more than two faxingDips could cause your CPU idle time to be reduced to 0%. This will result in SPIO001 alarm messages and notification of the TSC.*

11. Enter the **1** or **2** as appropriate.

The system displays the following message:

```
Confirm. Number faxingDips is X. (y/n)
```

12. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY Script Builder Fax Actions
        (sbfax) diskette 2 of 6
```

```
Insert diskette 2 of 6 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

13. Remove the diskette labeled "Script Builder Fax Actions 1 of 6" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
14. Insert the diskette labeled "Script Builder Fax Actions 2 of 6" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
15. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY Script Builder Fax Actions
        (sbfax) diskette 3 of 6
```

```
Insert diskette 3 of 6 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

16. Remove the diskette labeled "Script Builder Fax Actions 2 of 6" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

17. Insert the diskette labeled "Script Builder Fax Actions 3 of 6" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

18. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY Script Builder Fax Actions  
(sbfax) diskette 4 of 6
```

```
Insert diskette 4 of 6 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

19. Remove the diskette labeled "Script Builder Fax Actions 3 of 6" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

20. Insert the diskette labeled "Script Builder Fax Actions 4 of 6" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#) for the procedure.

21. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY Script Builder Fax Actions  
(sbfax) diskette 5 of 6
```

```
Insert diskette 5 of 6 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

22. Remove the diskette labeled "Script Builder Fax Actions 4 of 6" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

23. Insert the diskette labeled "Script Builder Fax Actions 5 of 6" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

24. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY Script Builder Fax Actions  
(sbfax) diskette 6 of 6
```

```
Insert diskette 6 of 6 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

25. Remove the diskette labeled "Script Builder Fax Actions 5 of 6" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
26. Insert the diskette labeled "Script Builder Fax Actions 6 of 6" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#) for the procedure.
27. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
If you currently have applications that use FAX
Actions, re-verify and re-install them for best
performance.
```

```
Your system will have X running faxingDips
```

```
The sbfax has been successfully installed. You must
remove the last floppy disk. The system will reboot
shortly.
```

```
The UNIX Operating System kernel will be rebuilt
to include your configuration changes during the
next system reboot.
```

```
Installation of INTUITY Script Builder Fax Actions
(sbfax) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

28. Enter **q**
29. Make sure that the light on the diskette drive is off and remove the diskette. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
30. Reboot the system. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

See the *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Application Development with Script Builder*, 585-310-760, for more information on using Script Builder FAX Actions, as well as procedures to install the diskettes labeled "SBFAX\_demo Backup Speech" and "Transmissions."

## Installing the FlexWord® Speech Recognition Package

---

Installing the FlexWord Speech Recognition Package requires installing the following packages in the order shown:

- ASP Driver package
- FlexWord Recognition - Base
- FlexWord Recognition - U.S. English

### Installing the ASP Driver

---

See "[Installing the SP Driver](#)" in [Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"](#), for the procedure.

### Installing FlexWord Recognition - Base

---

To install the FlexWord Recognition - Base package, do the following:

1. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
2. Ensure that the ASP Driver package has been installed.
3. At the UNIX prompt, enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

4. Insert the diskette labeled "FlexWord Recognition - Base 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

1. flexrecog INTUITY FlexWord Recognition - Base  
(i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

#### NOTE:

If you did not stop the voice system, the system displays the following message at this point:

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### Installing the FlexWord® Speech Recognition Package

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The voice system is currently running and must be stopped in order to install this package.

Is it ok to STOP the voice system ? [y/n]

Enter **y**

6. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

PROCESSING:

Set: INTUITY FlexWord Recognition - Base (flexrecog)  
from <diskette1>

INTUITY FlexWord Recognition - Base  
(i486)

Using </> as the package base directory.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

Installation of INTUITY FlexWord Recognition - Base  
(flexrecog) was successful.

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

7. Enter **q**
8. Make sure that the light on the diskette drive is off and remove the diskette. See ["Inserting and Removing Diskettes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing FlexWord Recognition - U.S. English

To install the FlexWord Recognition - U.S. English package, do the following:

1. Stop the voice system. See ["Stopping the Voice System"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
2. Ensure that the ASP Driver package has been installed.
3. Ensure the FlexWord Recognition - Base package has been installed.
4. At the UNIX prompt, enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

5. Insert the diskette labeled "FlexWord Recognition - US English 1 of 5" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

6. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

1. usflex INTUITY FlexWord Recognition - US  
 English (i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

**⇒ NOTE:**

If you did not stop the voice system, the system displays the following message at this point:

```
The voice system is currently running and must be  
stopped in order to install this package.
```

```
Is it ok to STOP the voice system ? [y/n]
```

Enter **y**

7. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY FlexWord Recognition - US English (usflex)  
from <diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY FlexWord Recognition - US English  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.
```

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY FlexWord Recognition - US English  
(usflex) diskette 2 of 5
```

```
Insert diskette 2 of 5 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

8. Remove the diskette labeled "FlexWord Recognition - US English 1 of 5" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

9. Insert the diskette labeled "FlexWord Recognition - US English 2 of 5" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

10. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY FlexWord Recognition - US English  
        (usflex) diskette 3 of 5
```

```
Insert diskette 3 of 5 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

11. Remove the diskette labeled "FlexWord Recognition - US English 2 of 5" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
12. Insert the diskette labeled "FlexWord Recognition - US English 3 of 5" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
13. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY FlexWord Recognition - US English  
        (usflex) diskette 4 of 5
```

```
Insert diskette 4 of 5 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

14. Remove the diskette labeled "FlexWord Recognition - US English 3 of 5" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
15. Insert the diskette labeled "FlexWord Recognition - US English 4 of 5" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
16. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY FlexWord Recognition - US English  
        (usflex) diskette 5 of 5
```

```
Insert diskette 5 of 5 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

17. Remove the diskette labeled "FlexWord Recognition - US English 4 of 5" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

18. Insert the diskette labeled "FlexWord Recognition - US English 5 of 5" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of INTUITY FlexWord Recognition - US  
English (usflex) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

19. Enter **q**
20. Make sure that the light on the diskette drive is off and remove the diskette. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

For more information on this feature package, see *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Speech Development, Processing, and Recognition*, 585-310-762.

## Installing the FlexWord Toolkit Package

---

To install the FlexWord Toolkit package, do the following:

1. At the UNIX prompt, enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

2. Insert the diskette labeled "FlexWord Toolkit 1 of 2" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
The following packages are available:  
  1. FlexTool   INTUITY FlexWord Toolkit  
                (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY FlexWord Toolkit (FlexTool) from  
<diskettel>
```

```
INTUITY FlexWord Toolkit  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.
```

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY FlexWord Toolkit(FlexTool)  
diskette 2 of 2
```

```
Insert diskette 2 of 2 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

5. Remove the diskette labeled "FlexWord Toolkit 1 of 2" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
6. Insert the diskette labeled "FlexWord Toolkit 2 of 2" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
7. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation of the FlexWord Toolkit package was  
successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

8. Enter **q**
9. Make sure that the light on the diskette drive is off and remove the diskette. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

For more information on this feature package, see *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Speech Development, Processing, and Recognition*, 585-310-762.

## Installing the Form Filler Application

### CAUTION:

*Talkfiles 8 and 9 are reserved talkfile numbers for Form Filler. If you have other applications that use talkfile numbers 8 or 9, do not erase your phrases; reassign new talkfile numbers to them. To do this, back up the speech in talkfiles 8 and 9, remove the speech, then install the Form Filler package. Once the Form Filler package is installed, restore the speech you backed up so the talkfile is assigned a new number. See Appendix A, "Summary of Commands" in INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Administration, 585-310-591, for information on speech backup with the **spsav** command.*

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Form Filler Application 1 of 2" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

- ```
  1. ff          INTUITY Form Filler Application  
      (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY Form Filler Application (ff) from  
<diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY Form Filler Application  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY Form Filler Application (ff)  
diskette 2 of 2
```

```
Insert diskette 2 of 2 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Remove the diskette labeled "Form Filler Application 1 of 2" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
7. Insert the diskette labeled "Form Filler Application 2 of 2" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
8. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Changing Form Filler Passwords.
```

```
Enter new transcription password:
```

9. Enter the new transcription password.

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter new review password:
```

10. Enter the new review password.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of INTUITY Form Filler Application (ff)  
was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

11. Enter **q**
12. Remove the diskette labeled "Form Filler Application 2 of 2" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

To begin using the Form Filler feature as well as the FFtemplate, see Chapter 8, "Using Optional Features," of *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Application Development with Script Builder*, 585-310-760.

## Installing the Graphical Speech Editor Package

---

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Graphical Speech Editor Package 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#) for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

The following packages are available:

- ```
1. gse          INTUITY Graphical Speech Editor  
                (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:  
Set: INTUITY Graphical Speech Editor (gse) from  
<diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY Graphical Speech Editor  
(i486)  
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of INTUITY Graphical Speech Editor (gse)  
was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "Graphical Speech Editor Package 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the Intelligent Ports Card Package

---

Ensure that the hardware has been installed before proceeding.

To install the Intelligent Ports Card Driver package, do the following:

1. At the UNIX prompt, enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready  
  or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

2. Insert the diskette labeled "Intelligent Ports Card 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

```
  1. gemini      INTUITY Intelligent Ports Card  
      (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY Intelligent Ports Card (gemini) from  
<diskettel>
```

```
INTUITY Intelligent Ports Card  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

```
What type of system are you using?
```

```
(1 - 386, 2 - 486, 3 - Pentium, Q to Quit)
```

5. Enter the appropriate number.

The system displays the following message:

```
The current system configuration will allow for up to 3
Gemini-10/1000 controller boards to be installed.  How
many Gemini-10/1000 controller boards will you be
installing?
(1-3,Q to quit)
```

6. Enter the appropriate number.

The system displays the following message:

```
Please enter the ports card type for Board 1:
The valid ports card types are:
```

```
GEMINI-1000 (default)
GEMINI-10
```

Type the ports card type and strike the ENTER key or type Q to cancel installation. Striking the ENTER alone will select the default.

7. Enter the appropriate card type.

The system displays the following message:

```
Please enter the following system configuration
information for GEMINI-X Board 1:
The available interrupts(s) for the GEMINI-X Board 1
are:
```

```
IRQ X (default)
IRQ X
IRQ X
```

Type the interrupt number and strike the ENTER key or type Q to cancel installation. Striking the ENTER alone will select the default.

8. Enter the appropriate IRQ.

The IRQ is determined by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).

The system displays the following message:

```
Please enter the following system configuration
information for GEMINI-X Board 1:
The available starting I/O addresses for the GEMINI-X
Board 1 are:
```

```
Starting I/O address: XXX (default)
Starting I/O address: XXX
Starting I/O address: XXX
Starting I/O address: XXX
```

```
Starting I/O address: XXX
```

Type the starting I/O address and strike the ENTER key or type Q to cancel installation. Striking the ENTER alone will select the default.

9. Enter the appropriate starting I/O address. The starting I/O address is determined by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).

The system displays the following message:

Please enter the following system configuration information for GEMINI-X Board 1. The available starting controller memory addresses for the GEMINI-X Board 1 are:

|                 |       |       |
|-----------------|-------|-------|
| CA000 (default) | CC000 | CE000 |
| D4000           | D6000 | DC000 |
| DE000           | E0000 | E2000 |
| E4000           | E6000 | E8000 |
| EA000           | EC000 | EE000 |

Type the starting controller memory address and strike the ENTER key or type Q to cancel installation. Striking the ENTER alone will select the default.

10. Enter the appropriate starting controller memory address. The starting controller memory address is determined by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).

The system displays the following message:

```
*****
Board 1 configuration:
  Ports Card Type = GEMINI-X
  Interrupt number = X
  I/O ports Starting address = XXX
  Controller Memory Starting address = XXXXX
*****
```

Is this configuration acceptable? (y or n)

11. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

```
The UNIX Operating System kernel will be rebuilt
to include your configuration changes during the
next system reboot.
```

```
Installation of INTUITY Intelligent Ports Card (gemin)
was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

12. Enter **q**

13. Remove the diskette labeled "Intelligent Ports Card 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
14. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

See Chapter 7, "Peripheral Administration" in *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591, for information on port set up for modems and terminals and printers.

## Installing the LAN Adapter Setup Program

---

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "SMC LAN Adapter Setup Program 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

1. ezsetup SMC LAN Adapter Setup program  
(i486)

Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: SMC LAN Adapter Setup program (ezsetup) from  
<diskettel>
```

```
SMC LAN Adapter Setup program  
(i386)
```

```
Using </var/spool/pkg> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of SMC LAN Adapter Setup program (ezsetup)  
was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "SMC LAN Adapter Setup Program 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the LINKix Packages

The following packages *must* be installed before installing any of the LINKix packages:

- UnixWare 1.1 operating system
- INTUITY CONVERSANT VIS V6.0 set
- Token Ring Hardware Support (if you have a Token Ring card)

Use the following procedure to install the LINKix software:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Insert the cartridge tape labeled "CLEO LINXix 3.0 1 of 1" into the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

3. Enter **pkgadd -d ctape1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert a cartridge into Tape Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
      or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

Installation in progress. Do not remove the cartridge.

The following packages are available:

```
1 coproc          linkix_coproc, Link Level (3.0.2.1)
                   (386) 3.0.2.1
2 coproc05        linkix_coproc, Link Level, Supplement
                   05
                   (386) 3.0.2.1
3 l3270s05        linkix_3270, Feature Level 1, Supplement
                   05
                   (386) 3.0.2.3
4 linkht03        linkix_hte, Feature Level 2 Supplement
                   03
                   (386) 3.0.2.7
5 linkix3270      linkix_3270, Feature Level 1 (3.0.2.3)
                   (386) 3.0.2.3
6 linkxHTE        linkix_hte, Feature Level 2 (3.0.2.7)
                   (386) 3.0.2.7
7 mgmt            linkix_mgmt, Feature Level 1 (3.0.2.3)
                   (386) 3.0.2.0
8 netman          linkix_netman, Feature Level 1 (3.0.2.0)
                   (386) 3.0.2.0
9 sib             linux_sib, Link Level (3.0.2.1)
                   (386) 3.0.2.1
```

...3 more package to follow;

<RETURN> for more choices, <CTRL-D> to stop display:

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
10 sib09          linkix_sib, Link Level, Supplement 09
                   (386) 3.0.2.1
11 sna03          linkix_sna, SNA Level, Supplement 03
                   (386) 3.0.3.0
12 sna128lu       linkix_sna_128lu, Link Level, (3.0.3.0)
                   (386) 3.0.3.0
13 tkrn           linkix_tkrn, Link Level, (3.0.2.5)
                   (386) 3.0.2.5
14 tkrn02         linkix_tkrn, Link Level, Supplement 02
                   (386) 3.0.2.5
```

Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?, ??, q]

Use the following rules to guide your package selections:

- Install *all* the packages (based on the remaining rules in this list) at this time. Do not choose some packages now and then go back later to install more packages. Make *all* your package selections for installation now.
- If you have the FIFO/SIB synchronous interface card, you must choose packages 9 and 10 from the menu.
- If you have the PC/XL synchronous interface card, you must choose packages 1 and 2 from the menu.
- If you have the Token Ring card, you must choose package 13 from the menu.
- Select packages 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, and 12 in every installation case.



**CAUTION:**

*Only one type of SDLC Link Level package can be installed; either sib (packages 8 and 9) or coproc (packages 1 and 2). Do NOT install both types on your system.*

6. Using the rules above, select the packages by entering the package number, press the space bar, enter another package number, press the space bar, etc. until all package selections are complete, then press **(ENTER)**.

*Example:* You have FIFO/SIB and Token Ring cards, and are installing all the other LINKix packages; use the following key sequence:

Press **(3)** **(SPACE)** **(4)** **(SPACE)** **(5)** **(SPACE)** **(6)** **(SPACE)** ... repeating the number and a space until you enter package 11 (all but packages 1 and 2), then press **(ENTER)**.

Once you press **(ENTER)**, the installation begins; the order is predetermined by the system.

## Installing Package 1 (linkix\_coproc)

---

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: Link Level (3.0.2.1) from <diskette1>
```

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### LIMITED RIGHTS

```
Contract No: XXXXXXXXX
```

```
Contractor: CLEO Communications
```

```
Limited rights shall be effective indefinitely and are not subject to expiration as set forth in paragraph (3) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 52.227-7013.
```

```
Do you wish to continue? (y/n)
```

1. Enter **y**

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Checking for streams ... Done
```

```
linkix_coproc, Link Level (3.0.2.1) install will add drivers to the kernel and build a new kernel. Do you wish to continue or terminate the installation? (c/t)
```

2. Enter **c**

The system displays the following message:

```
Adding driver configurations to the kernel.
```

```
All previous configurations will be deleted.
```

```
Please wait...
```

```
Possible board type selections for the Link Level Driver are:
```

- 1) CLEO FIFO/SIB
- 2) CLEO PC/SIB
- 3) CLEO PC/XL
- 4) CLEO EMX286I4
- 5) CLEO EMX286MC4 (Microchannel board)

q) Quit

Please enter board type selection:

3. Enter the appropriate circuit card type for your system.

The system displays the following message:

The installation will now set up an IRQ for your board:

The XXX Board supports the following IRQs:

| IRQ  | DRIVER      |
|------|-------------|
| 1) 3 | async       |
| 2) 4 | async       |
| 3) 5 | -AVAILABLE- |
| 4) 9 | ipci        |

q) quit

Please enter an -AVAILABLE- IRQ selection, <CR> for default of IRQ 5.

**⇒ NOTE:**

The above message is dependent on your system configuration and may look different than the one shown.

4. Enter the appropriate IRQ.

The IRQ is determined by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).

The system displays the following message:

The installation will now set up the IO address for your board:

The XXX Board supports the following IOs:

| IO                 | Driver      |
|--------------------|-------------|
| 1) 0x200 (default) | -AVAILABLE- |
| 2) 0x2A0           | -AVAILABLE- |
| 3) 0x2B0           | -AVAILABLE- |
| 4) 0x2E0           | -AVAILABLE- |
| 5) 0x3A0           | -AVAILABLE- |
| 6) 0x3B0           | -AVAILABLE- |
| 7) 0x3E0           | -AVAILABLE- |

q) quit

Please enter IO selection, <CR> for default of IO 0x200.

**⇒ NOTE:**

The above message is dependent on your system configuration and may look different than the one shown.

5. Enter the appropriate IO.

The IO is determined by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).

The system displays the following message:

```
The installation will now set up the Shared Memory
address for your board:
```

```
The XXX Board supports the following Shared Memory
addresses:
```

| IO         | Driver | IO          | Driver      |
|------------|--------|-------------|-------------|
| 1) 0xA0000 | kd     | 9) 0xC0000  | kd          |
| 2) 0xA4000 | kd     | 10) 0xC4000 | kd          |
| 3) 0xA8000 | kd     | 11) 0xC8000 | adsc        |
| 4) 0xAC000 | kd     | 12) 0xCC000 | -AVAILABLE- |
| 5) 0xB0000 | kd     | 13) 0xD0000 | ipci        |
| 6) 0xB4000 | kd     | 14) 0xD4000 | -AVAILABLE- |
| 7) 0xB8000 | kd     | 15) 0xD8000 | sme0        |
| 8) 0xBC000 | kd     | 16) 0xDC000 | -AVAILABLE- |

```
q) quit
```

```
Please enter selection, <CR> for default of 0xD0000:
```

**⇒ NOTE:**

The above message is dependent on your system configuration and may look different than the one shown.

6. Enter the appropriate shared memory address.

The shared memory address is determined by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator. See "[Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator](#)" in [Appendix A, "System Configuration"](#).

The system displays the following message:

```
The IRQ, IO and Shared Memory Address selections have
been to the kernel configuration.
```

```
You can use the "LINKix.cfg" utility should you
nee to change the IRQ Number, the I/O Start
Address or the Shared Memory Address settings
after the installation.
```

```
Press <return> to continue:
```

7. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
The kernel has to be linked at a later time to activate
the linkix_coproc, Link Level (3.0.2.1) installation.
```

The kernel will be automatically linked with the complete installation of one of the following LINKix SNA Level packages:

```
linkix_sna_32lu  
linkix_sna_64lu  
linkix_sna_128lu  
linkix_sna_254lu
```

Enter <CR> to continue

8. Press **(ENTER)**.

## Installing Package 2 (linkix\_coproc Supplement)

The system displays the following message:

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9. LIMITED RIGHTS

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Contractor: CLEO Communications

Limited rights shall be effective indefinitely and are not subject to expiration as set forth in paragraph (3) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 52.227-7013.

Do you wish to continue? (y/n)

1. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

Press Enter to continue.

2. Press **(ENTER)**.

## Installing Package 3 (linkix\_3270 Supplement)

The system displays the following message:

### RESTRICTED RIGHTS

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### LIMITED RIGHTS

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Contractor: CLEO Communications  
Limited rights shall be effective indefinitely and are not subject to expiration as set forth in paragraph (3) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 52.227-7013.

Do you wish to continue? (y/n)

1. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

Press Enter to continue.

2. Press **(ENTER)**.

## Installing Package 4 (linkix\_hte Supplement)

The system displays the following message:

### RESTRICTED RIGHTS

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### LIMITED RIGHTS

Contract No: XXXXXXXXX  
Contractor: CLEO Communications  
Limited rights shall be effective indefinitely and are not subject to expiration as set forth in paragraph (3) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 52.227-7013.

Do you wish to continue? (y/n)

1. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

Press Enter to continue.

2. Press **(ENTER)**.

## Installing Package 5 (linkix\_3270)

The system displays the following message:

### RESTRICTED RIGHTS

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### LIMITED RIGHTS

Contract No: XXXXXXXXX  
Contractor: CLEO Communications  
Limited rights shall be effective indefinitely and are not subject to expiration as set forth in paragraph (3) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 52.227-7013.

Do you wish to continue? (y/n)

1. Enter **y**

## Installing Package 6 (linkix\_hte)

The system displays the following message:

### RESTRICTED RIGHTS

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### LIMITED RIGHTS

Contract No: XXXXXXXXX

Contractor: CLEO Communications

Limited rights shall be effective indefinitely and are not subject to expiration as set forth in paragraph (3) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 52.227-7013.

Do you wish to continue? (y/n)

1. Enter **y**

## Installing Package 7 (linkix\_mgmt)

The system displays the following message:

### RESTRICTED RIGHTS

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### LIMITED RIGHTS

Contract No: XXXXXXXXX

Contractor: CLEO Communications

Limited rights shall be effective indefinitely and are not subject to expiration as set forth in paragraph (3) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 52.227-7013.

Do you wish to continue? (y/n)

1. Enter **y**

## Installing Package 8 (linkix\_netman)

The system displays the following message:

### RESTRICTED RIGHTS

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Contractor: CLEO Communications  
Limited rights shall be effective indefinitely and are not subject to expiration as set forth in paragraph (3) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 52.227-7013.

Do you wish to continue? (y/n)

1. Enter **y**

## Installing Package 9 (linkix\_sib)

The system displays the following message:

### RESTRICTED RIGHTS

Use, duplication or disclosure by Government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (C)(1)(ii) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 52.227-7013. CLEO Communications.

### LIMITED RIGHTS

Contract No: XXXXXXXXX  
Contractor: CLEO Communications  
Limited rights shall be effective indefinitely and are not subject to expiration as set forth in paragraph (3) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 52.227-7013.

Do you wish to continue? (y/n)

1. Enter **y**

Press Enter to continue:

2. Press **(ENTER)**.

## Installing Package 10 (linkix\_sib Supplement)

The system displays the following message:

### RESTRICTED RIGHTS

Use, duplication or disclosure by Government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (C)(1)(ii) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 52.227-7013. CLEO Communications.

### LIMITED RIGHTS

Contract No: XXXXXXXX  
Contractor: CLEO Communications  
Limited rights shall be effective indefinitely and are not subject to expiration as set forth in paragraph (3) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 52.227-7013.

Do you wish to continue? (y/n)

1. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

Press Enter to continue.

2. Press **(ENTER)**.

## Installing Package 11 (linkix\_sna Supplement)

The system displays the following message:

linkix\_sna, SNA Level Supplement 01 install will add drivers to the kernel and build a new kernel. Do you wish to continue or terminate the installation? (c/t)

1. Enter **c**

The system displays the following message:

Adding driver configurations to the kernel.  
All previous configurations will be deleted.  
Please wait...

The UNIX Operating System kernel will be rebuilt now. This will take some time. Please wait.

The UNIX Operating System kernel has been rebuilt

## Installing Package 12 (linkix\_sna)

---

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

### RESTRICTED RIGHTS

Use, duplication or disclosure by Government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (C)(1)(ii) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 52.227-7013. CLEO Communications.

### LIMITED RIGHTS

Contract No: XXXXXXXX  
Contractor: CLEO Communications  
Limited rights shall be effective indefinitely and are not subject to expiration as set forth in paragraph (3) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 52.227-7013.

Do you wish to continue? (y/n)

2. Enter **y**

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
linkix_sna_128lu, SNA Level (3.0.3.0) install will add  
drivers to the kernel and build a new kernel. Do you  
wish to continue or terminate the installation? (c/t)
```

3. Enter **c**

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Adding driver configurations to the kernel.  
All previous configurations will be deleted.  
Please wait...
```

```
linkix_sna_128lu, SNA Level (3.0.3.0) installation  
detected the following SDLC Frame Size:
```

```
-----  
265 (265 + 9) bytes  
-----
```

```
Do you want to change the SDLC Frame Size? (y/n)
```

4. Enter **n**

The system displays the following message:

```
You can use the "LINKix.cfg" utility should you  
need to change the SDLC Frame Size after the  
installation.
```

Enter <CR> to continue:

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
The UNIX Operating System kernel will be rebuilt  
now. This will take some time. Please wait.
```

## Installing Package 13 (linkix\_tkrn)

---

## Completing the Installation

---

When all of the chosen packages have been installed the system displays the following message:

```
The operating kernel has been successfully linked. To  
activate it, you must reboot your system.
```

```
Installation of linkix_sna, SNA Level, Supplement 01  
(sna01) was successful
```

```
Insert a cartridge into Tape Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

1. Enter **q**
2. Remove the cartridge tape from the cartridge tape drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

### NOTE:

If you should want to change IRQ, I/O Address, RAM Address, and/or SDLC frame size after installing the LINKix software, see **LINKix.cfg** in the procedure titled "Changing Hardware Configuration using LINKix.cfg" in Chapter 3, "Software installation," of the *CLEO LINKix Administration Guide*.

You have completed the installation of the LINKix packages. To finish the installation of the host software, go to the next section, "Installing the Host Packages."

## Installing the Host Packages

---

When installing the INTUITY CONVERSANT Host software, the order in which you install the packages is very important.

### NOTE:

The INTUITY CONVERSANT VIS V6.0 set and the LINXix packages *must* be installed before any of the Host packages. If the appropriate hardware (FIFO/SIB or PC/XL and/or Token Ring card) is not installed at this time, you may get an error message similar to the following when you stop and start the voice system:

```
linkix.hwi open of /dev/c11 failed with error=2.
```

Make sure you install the Host software in this order:

1. Install the Synchronous Host Interface package
2. Install the 3270 Enhanced File Transfer package
3. Install the 3270 NetView Alarm Interface package

## Installing the Synchronous Host Interface Package

---

Use the following procedure to install this optional feature package:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Stop the voice system. See "[Stopping the Voice System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Insert the diskette labeled "Synchronous Host Interface Package 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

4. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

The following packages are available:

1. synchost INTUITY Synchronous Host Interface  
Package (i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

6. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY Synchronous Host Interface Package  
(synchost) from <diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY Synchronous Host Interface Package  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
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```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of Synchronous Host Interface Package  
(synchost) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

7. Enter **q**
8. Make sure that the light on the floppy disk drive is off and remove the diskette. See ["Inserting and Removing Diskettes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## **Installing the 3270 Enhanced File Transfer Package**

---

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "3270 Enhanced File Transfer 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Diskettes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

```
1. fts          INTUITY 3270 Enhanced File Transfer  
                Package (i486)
```

Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

PROCESSING:

Set: INTUITY 3270 Enhanced File Transfer Package (fts)  
from <diskette1>

INTUITY 3270 Enhanced File Transfer Package  
(i486)

Using </> as the package base directory.

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The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

Installation of INTUITY 3270 Enhanced File Transfer  
Package (fts) was successful.

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "3270 Enhanced File Transfer 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the NetView Alarm Interface Package

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

3. Insert the diskette labeled "3270 Netview Alarm Interface 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.

The following packages are available:

1. mtcxmtr INTUITY 3270 Netview Alarm Interface  
Package (i486)

Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:

5. Press **ENTER**.

The system displays the following message:

PROCESSING:

Set: INTUITY 3270 Netview Alarm Interface Package  
(mtcxmtr) from <diskettel>

INTUITY 3270 Netview Alarm Interface Package  
(i486)

Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

Installation of INTUITY 3270 Netview Alarm Interface  
Package (mtcxmtr) was successful.

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "3270 Netview Alarm Interface 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

Once all the host software (LINKix and Host package) are installed, for more information about using the features, see *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Communications Development*, 585-310-763.

## Installing the ORACLE Development Packages

---

ORACLE provides many packages that are not required to support the INTUITY CONVERSANT system operation. INTUITY CONVERSANT system refers to these packages as *ORACLE add-on packages*.

This section describes the installation procedures for each add-on package. For detailed installation and removal information, see the *ORACLE7 for Intel UNIX SVR4 (iABI) Installation & Configuration Guide*.

The ORACLE add-on packages include the following:

- Pro\*C 1.6.4.2.0
- SQL\*FORMS 3.0.16.12.8
- SQL\*Menu 5.0.11.13.5
- SQL\*ReportWriter 1.1.14.11.1



### CAUTION:

*The ORACLE Development tools cartridge tape contains more ORACLE products than those listed. However, INTUITY CONVERSANT system customers must NOT install products that are not listed. Some of the products are already included in the various INTUITY CONVERSANT system packages, while other products are not authorized to be used by the INTUITY CONVERSANT system customers. A violation of the recommendation may result into the corruption of the INTUITY CONVERSANT system software configuration and may be illegal usage of the ORACLE software.*

## Installation Requirements

---

The basic requirements for installing ORACLE add-on packages are as follows:

- INTUITY CONVERSANT Base ORACLE RDBMS 7.0.12 package is installed.
- INTUITY CONVERSANT V6.0 Extended ORACLE DBMS 7.0.12 package is installed.
- The voice system and ORACLE database are running during the installation. (You can start the database by entering **ior w**)



### NOTE:

*Extended ORACLE* is the name created by INTUITY CONVERSANT to capture those packages that are not included with *Base ORACLE*. The term *Extended ORACLE* is *not* found in any of the ORACLE documentation.

## Installing the ORACLE Add-on Packages

To install the ORACLE add-on packages, do the following:

1. Log in as oracle
2. Enter **cd /oracle/orainst**
3. Enter **./orainst**

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter the pathname for your ORACLE_HOME
```

4. Enter **/oracle**

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter the Installation Log File name
```

5. Enter **/oracle/orainst/install.log**

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter the name of the ORACLE owner
```

6. Enter **oracle**

The system displays the following message:

```
Select the desired Installer action
```

7. Select **Install/Upgrade/Patch Software Only.**

Use **(TAB)** to move through the selections.

The system displays the following message:

```
Select the desired online help support:
```

8. Select **For all products being installed.**

Use **(TAB)** to move through the selections.

The system displays the following message:

```
Select one of the following:
```

```
...
```

9. Select **D: Install Directly from Tape**

The system displays the following message:

```
Select the operating system you are running:
```

10. Select **Unixware 1.1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Select the native language to be installed:
```

11. Select **American/English**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Would you like to relink Oracle product executables:
```

12. Select **yes**.

The system displays the following message:

```
The /oracle/orainst/root.sh file already exists.  
Select (Yes) if you wish to append additional  
root-related action to this file. Select (No) if you  
wish to create a new root.sh.
```

13. Enter **yes**

The system displays the following message:

```
The installation log will be written to  
/oracle/orainst/install.log.
```

14. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter the non-rewinding device name:
```

15. Enter **/dev/rmt/ntape1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Enter the rewinding device name:
```

16. Enter **/dev/rmt/ctape1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert tape number 1.
```

17. Insert the cartridge tape labeled "ORACLE 7.0.12 Development Tools" into the tape drive. See "["/Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes/"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

18. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
The currently running Installer (version 3.0.9.0.2)  
differs from the expected version (3.0.9.0.1). Select  
(Yes) to continue the installation. Select (No) to  
cancel the installation.
```

19. Press **(TAB)** to move the cursor. Select **Yes**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Working ...
```

The system is reading the tape at this time. After several minutes, the system displays the following message:

```
Products available on /oracle/stage
```

20. Select each package:
  - a. Use the arrow keys to move the cursor to `package_name`.
  - b. Press **(ENTER)**.

Repeat Steps a and b for each of the following ORACLE add-on packages.

- Pro\*C 1.6.4.2.0
- SQL\*FORMS 3.0.16.12.8
- SQL\*Menu 5.0.11.13.5
- SQL\*ReportWriter 1.1.14.11.1

 **CAUTION:**

*The ORACLE Development tools cartridge tape contains more ORACLE products than those listed. However, INTUITY CONVERSANT system customers must NOT install products that are not listed. Some of the products are already included in the various INTUITY CONVERSANT system packages, while other products are not authorized to be used by the INTUITY CONVERSANT system customers. A violation of the recommendation may result into the corruption of the INTUITY CONVERSANT system software configuration and may be illegal usage of the ORACLE software.*

21. Press **(TAB)** to move the cursor. Select `(Install...)`.

 **CAUTION:**

*Do not select other items. If you do, you may corrupt the V6.0 environment setup.*

The system displays the following message:

Working...

Please select one of the following as a default terminal type for SQL\*Reportwriter:

srw\_at386 - AT&T or ISC AT386 console

22. Select the appropriate terminal type from which you are going to run SQL\*ReportWriter.



**NOTE:**

Use the default value if you plan to run SQL\*ReportWriter from an AT386 terminal.

The system displays the following message:

```
Would you like to link the SQL*ReportWriter demo user  
exits:
```

23. Enter **yes**

The system displays the following message:

```
Would you like to re-link SQL*Forms 3.0 with PL/SQL?
```

24. Enter **yes**

The system displays the following message:

```
Would you like to relink SQL*Plus with SQL*Forms 3.0?
```

25. Enter **yes**

The system displays the following message:

```
Would you like to relink SQL*Forms 3.0 with SQL*Menu  
5.0?
```

26. Enter **yes**

The system displays the following message:

```
Working...
```

```
Completed loading ORACLE software into the staging area  
(/oracle/stage). Select (OK) to continue.
```

27. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Working...
```

```
The requested action has been performed for selected  
products. You should examine the installation log for  
possible errors.
```

```
Select (Help) for more details on what you can do next.  
Select (OK) to continue.
```

28. Press **(ESC)** **(1)**.

29. Press **(ENTER)**.

30. Use the arrow keys to move the cursor to **quit**.

31. Press **(ENTER)**.
32. Remove the cartridge tape labeled "ORACLE 7.0.12 Development Tools" from the tape drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Cartridge Tapes"](#), in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.



**NOTE:**

The **displaypkg** command will not show ORACLE add-on packages on the screen. To determine the ORACLE add-on packages on your system, read the **/oracle/pkginst/unix.rgs** file. For each ORACLE product installed, a corresponding entry containing the ORACLE product name is created in this file.

## Installing the ORACLE SQL\*Net TCP/IP Package

---

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "SQL\*NET TCP/IP for ORACLE 7.1.3" into the diskette drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Diskettes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

```
  1. ora7sql      INTUITY SQL*NET TCP/IP for ORACLE  
                    7.1.3 (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:  
Set: INTUITY SQL*NET TCP/IP for ORACLE 7.1.3 (ora7sql)  
from <diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY SQL*NET TCP/IP for ORACLE 7.1.3
(i486)
Using </> as the package base directory.
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of SQL*NET TCP/IP for ORACLE 7.1.3
(ora7sql) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Enter **q**
7. Make sure that the light on the floppy disk drive is off and remove the diskette. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

For more information on this feature see *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Communication Development*, 585-310-763.

## Installing the Primary Rate Interface Packages

---

The primary rate interface packages include:

- ISDN primary rate interface
- Advanced primary rate interface (restricted availability)

The ISDN primary rate interface package must be installed first.

## Installing the ISDN Primary Rate Interface Package

---

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "ISDN Primary Rate Interface Package 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

```
  1. pri          INTUITY ISDN Primary Rate Interface  
     Package (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY ISDN Primary Rate Interface Package (pri)  
from <diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY ISDN Primary Rate Interface Package  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.
```

```
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
WARNING: Before this package can function, the T1/E1  
         Driver package must be installed and then  
         reboot the system to complete installation of  
         the T1/E1 Driver package
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
The UNIX Operating System kernel will be rebuilt  
now. This will take some time. Please wait.
```

```
The UNIX Operating System kernel has been rebuilt.
```

```
RM PROFILE_SIZE has been changed.
```

```
Reboot before attempting to use this PRI package.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
This concludes the steps required to install the 'ISDN  
Primary Rate Interface' feature. However, additional  
steps are required to activate the feature. Consult the  
INTUITY VIS Operations guide for the steps required.  
Administration must also be done at the connecting end  
(PBX, ACD, or other switch) to properly configure the  
T1 or E1 channels.
```

```
Installation of INTUITY ISDN Primary Rate Interface  
Package (pri) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "ISDN Primary Rate Interface Package 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
8. Reboot the system. See "[Rebooting the UNIX System](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

For more information on this feature, see:

- Chapter 3, "Digital Telephony Interfaces," of *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Communications Development*, 585-310-763
- Chapter 5, "Switch Interface Administration," of *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591

## Installing the Advanced Primary Rate Interface Package

---

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Advanced PRI Package 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

The following packages are available:

- ```
1. npri          INTUITY Advanced PRI Package  
                (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY Advanced PRI Package (npri) from  
<diskettel>
```

```
INTUITY Advanced PRI Package  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
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```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
This concludes the steps required to install the  
'Advanced PRI' feature.
```

```
Installation of INTUITY Advanced PRI Package (npri) was  
successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "Advanced PRI Package 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the Script Builder Package

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Script Builder 1 of 3" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

The following packages are available:

1. sb                   INTUITY Script Builder  
                          (i486)

Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

PROCESSING:

Set: INTUITY Script Builder (sb) from <diskette1>

INTUITY Script Builder  
(i486)

Using </> as the package base directory.

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The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

READY TO PROCESS:

Package: INTUITY Script Builder (sb)  
diskette 2 of 3

Insert diskette 2 of 3 into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

6. Remove the diskette labeled "Script Builder 1 of 3" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
7. Insert the diskette labeled "Script Builder 2 of 3" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
8. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

READY TO PROCESS:

Package: INTUITY Script Builder (sb)  
diskette 3 of 3

Insert diskette 3 of 3 into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

9. Remove the diskette labeled "Script Builder 2 of 3" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
10. Insert the diskette labeled "Script Builder 3 of 3" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

11. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of Script Builder (sb) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

12. Enter **q**
13. Remove the diskette labeled "Script Builder 3 of 3" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

For more information on this feature, see *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Application Development with Script Builder*, 585-310-760.

## **Installing T1 Packages**

---

The T1 packages include:

- Line side T1 interface packages
- T1 E&M package

### **Installing the Line Side T1 Interface Packages**

---

The line side T1 interface packages are separated by the type of switch to which they will interface. The following packages are available:

- Line Side T1 Interface Package - Definity
- Line Side T1 Interface Package - Galaxy

#### **Installing the Line Side T1 Interface Package - Definity**

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Ensure that the T1 driver package has been installed.
3. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

4. Insert the diskette labeled "Line Side T1 Package - Definity 1 of 2" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

1. lst1d INTUITY Line Side T1 Package - Definity (i486)

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

6. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY Line Side T1 Package - Definity (lst1d) from <diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY Line Side T1 Package - Definity (i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory. Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY Line Side T1 Package - Definity (lst1d) diskette 2 of 2
```

```
Insert diskette 2 of 2 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

7. Remove the diskette labeled "Line Side T1 Package - Definity 1 of 2" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

8. Insert the diskette labeled "Line Side T1 Package - Definity 2 of 2" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

9. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

This concludes the steps required to install the 'Line Side T1 - Definity' feature. However, additional steps are required to activate the feature. Consult the INTUITY VIS Operations guide for the steps required.

Administration must also be done at the connecting end (PBX, ACD, or other switch) to properly configure the T1 channels.

Installation of INTUITY Line Side T1 Package - Definity (lstld) was successful.

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)

10. Enter **q**
11. Remove the diskette labeled "Line Side T1 Package - Definity 2 of 2" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the Line Side T1 Interface Package - Galaxy

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Ensure that the T1 driver package has been installed.
3. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)

4. Insert the diskette labeled "Line Side T1 Package - Galaxy 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.

The following packages are available:

1. lst1g INTUITY Line Side T1 Package - Galaxy (i486)

Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:

6. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

PROCESSING:

Set: INTUITY Line Side T1 Package - Galaxy (lst1g) from <diskette1>

```
INTUITY Line Side T1 Package - Galaxy  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
This concludes the steps required to install the 'Line  
Side T1 - Galaxy' feature. However, additional steps  
are required to activate the feature. Consult the  
INTUITY VIS Operations guide for the steps required.  
Administration must also be done at the connecting end  
(PBX, ACD, or other switch) to properly configure the  
T1 channels.
```

```
Installation of INTUITY Line Side T1 Package - Galaxy  
(lst1g) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

7. Enter **q**
8. Remove the diskette labeled "Line Side T1 Package - Galaxy 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the T1 E&M Package

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Ensure that the T1 driver package has been installed.
3. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

4. Insert the diskette labeled "T1 E&M Package 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

The following packages are available:

1. tlem INTUITY T1 E&M Interface Package  
(i486)

Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:

6. Press **ENTER**.

The system displays the following message:

PROCESSING:

Set: INTUITY T1 E&M Interface Package (tlem) from  
<diskettel>

INTUITY T1 E&M Interface Package  
(i486)

Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

This concludes the steps required to install the 'T1 E&M Interface Package' feature. However, additional steps are required to activate the feature. Consult the INTUITY VIS Operations guide for the steps required. Administration must also be done at the connecting end (PBX, ACD, or other switch) to properly configure the T1 channels.

Installation of INTUITY T1 E&M Interface Package (tlem) was successful.

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

7. Enter **q**
8. Remove the diskette labeled "T1 E&M Package 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the Text To Speech Package

### ⇒ NOTE:

If you are installing the TTS package and feature\_tst is already installed on your system (as in assisted upgrades), once you have finished installing all other desired, you must remove feature\_tst and reinstall it in order to select the TTS test.

To install the TTS package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "Text to Speech Package 1 of 8" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

- ```
1. tts          INTUITY Text To Speech Package  
                (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
```

```
Set: INTUITY Text To Speech Package (tts) from  
<diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY Text To Speech Package  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY Text To Speech Package (tts)  
diskette 2 of 8
```

Insert diskette 2 of 8 into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)

6. Remove the diskette labeled "Text to Speech Package 1 of 8" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
7. Insert the diskette labeled "Text to Speech Package 2 of 8" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
8. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:  
Package: INTUITY Text To Speech Package (tts)  
diskette 3 of 8
```

Insert diskette 3 of 8 into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)

9. Remove the diskette labeled "Text to Speech Package 2 of 8" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
10. Insert the diskette labeled "Text to Speech Package 3 of 8" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
11. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:  
Package: INTUITY Text To Speech Package (tts)  
diskette 4 of 8
```

Insert diskette 4 of 8 into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)

12. Remove the diskette labeled "Text to Speech Package 3 of 8" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
13. Insert the diskette labeled "Text to Speech Package 4 of 8" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

14. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY Text To Speech Package (tts)  
diskette 5 of 8
```

```
Insert diskette 5 of 8 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

15. Remove the diskette labeled "Text to Speech Package 4 of 8" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
16. Insert the diskette labeled "Text to Speech Package 5 of 8" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
17. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY Text To Speech Package (tts)  
diskette 6 of 8
```

```
Insert diskette 6 of 8 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

18. Remove the diskette labeled "Text to Speech Package 5 of 8" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
19. Insert the diskette labeled "Text to Speech Package 6 of 8" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
20. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY Text To Speech Package (tts)  
diskette 7 of 8
```

```
Insert diskette 7 of 8 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

21. Remove the diskette labeled "Text to Speech Package 6 of 8" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

22. Insert the diskette labeled "Text to Speech Package 7 of 8" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

23. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY Text To Speech Package (tts)
diskette 8 of 8
```

```
Insert diskette 8 of 8 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

24. Remove the diskette labeled "Text to Speech Package 7 of 8" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

25. Insert the diskette labeled "Text to Speech Package 8 of 8" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

26. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of Text To Speech Package (tts) was
successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

27. Enter **q**

28. Remove the diskette labeled "Text to Speech Package 8 of 8" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

For more information on this feature package, see *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Speech Development, Processing, and Recognition*, 585-310-762.

## Installing the Unix Management Screens Package

---

To install the Backup/Restore Utility, do the following:

1. At the UNIX prompt, enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

2. Insert the diskette labeled "Unix Management Screens Package 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
3. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.  
  
The following packages are available:  
    1. unixmgmt   INTUITY Unix Management Screens Package  
                (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:  
Set: INTUITY Unix Management Screens Package (unixmgmt)  
from <diskette1>  
  
INTUITY Unix Management Screens Package  
(i486)  
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of INTUITY Unix Management Screens Package  
(unixmgmt) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

5. Enter **q**

The system displays the UNIX prompt.

6. Make sure that the light on the diskette drive is off and remove the diskette. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the WholeWord Recognition Packages

---

The WholeWord recognition packages include:

- WholeWord Recognition - Base
- WholeWord Recognition - Language

### Installing the WholeWord Recognition - Base Package

---

#### NOTE:

If you are installing the WholeWord Recognition - Base package and feature\_tst is already installed on your system (as in assisted upgrades), once you have finished installing all other desired, you must remove feature\_tst and reinstall it in order to select the ASR test.

To install the WholeWord Recognition - Base feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "WholeWord Recognition - Base 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

- ```
1. asr          INTUITY WholeWord Recognition - Base  
                (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

5. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:
Set: INTUITY WholeWord Recognition - Base (asr) from
<diskettel>
```

```
INTUITY WholeWord Recognition - Base
(i486)
Using </> as the package base directory.
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
Installation of INTUITY WholeWord Recognition - Base
(asr) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "WholeWord Recognition - Base 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

## Installing the WholeWord Recognition - Language Package

To install this optional feature package, do the following:

1. If you are not already logged in as **root**, do so now.
2. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled "WholeWord Recognition - Language 1 of 1" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

The following packages are available:

1. usrecog INTUITY WholeWord Recognition - US English (i486)

Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:

5. Press **ENTER**.

The system displays the following message:

PROCESSING:

Set: INTUITY WholeWord Recognition - US English  
(usrecog) from <diskettel>

INTUITY WholeWord Recognition - US English  
(i486)

Using </> as the package base directory.

Lucent Technologies Inc.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

Installation of INTUITY WholeWord Recognition - US  
English (usrecog) was successful.

Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.

Type [go] when ready,

or [q] to quit: (default: go)

6. Enter **q**
7. Remove the diskette labeled "WholeWord Recognition - Language 1 of 1" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

For more information on this feature package, see *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Speech Development, Processing, and Recognition*, 585-310-762.

## Installing the Feature Test Script Package

---

Use the following procedure to install this optional feature package ONLY AFTER all the other optional feature packages have been installed:

1. Enter **pkgadd -d diskette1**

The system displays the following message:

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.  
Type [go] when ready,  
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

2. Insert the diskette labeled "Feature Test Script Package 1 of 3" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

3. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installation in progress -- do not remove the diskette.
```

```
The following packages are available:
```

- ```
  1. ftst          INTUITY Feature Test Script Package  
                    (i486)
```

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]:
```

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
PROCESSING:  
Set: INTUITY Feature Test Script Package (ftst) from  
<diskette1>
```

```
INTUITY Feature Test Script Package  
(i486)
```

```
Using </> as the package base directory.  
Lucent Technologies Inc.
```

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

5. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

```
Do you want to include the Simple CCA test? (y/n)
```

6. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

```
Do you want to include the Full CCA test? (y/n)
```

7. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

```
Do you want to include the Playback and Coding test?  
(y/n)
```

8. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

```
Do you want to include the Chantst test? (y/n)
```

9. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

```
Do you want to include the Transfer Test test? (y/n)
```

10. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

```
Do you want to include the Dial Pulse Recognition test?  
(y/n)
```

11. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY Feature Test Script Package (ftst)  
diskette 2 of 3
```

```
Insert diskette 2 of 3 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

```
Do you want to include the Speech Recognition test?  
(y/n)
```

12. Remove the diskette labeled "Feature Test Script Package 1 of 3" from the diskette drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Diskettes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

13. Insert the diskette labeled "Feature Test Script Package 2 of 3" into the diskette drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Diskettes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

14. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
READY TO PROCESS:
```

```
Package: INTUITY Feature Test Script Package (ftst)  
diskette 3 of 3
```

```
Insert diskette 3 of 3 into Floppy Drive 1.
```

```
Type [go] when ready,
```

```
or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

15. Remove the diskette labeled "Feature Test Script Package 2 of 3" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
16. Insert the diskette labeled "Feature Test Script Package 3 of 3" into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.
17. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays several status messages and then the following message:

```
The UNIX Operating System kernel will be rebuilt
to include your configuration changes during the
next system reboot.
```

```
Installation of Adjunct/Switch Application Interface
Package (asai) was successful.
```

```
Insert diskette into Floppy Drive 1.
Type [go] when ready,
    or [q] to quit: (default: go)
```

18. Enter **q**
19. Remove the diskette labeled "Feature Test Script Package 3 of 3" from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures"](#), for the procedure.

**⇒ NOTE:**

If you answer **y** and that package has not been installed on your system, you are given an opportunity to cancel the installation. The following is an example for Full CCA:

```
Displaypkg shows that Full CCA is not installed.
You will not be able to test Full CCA with this
script.
Type q to quit or return to continue.
```

## Removing Software Packages

---

Software packages can be removed using

- The command line
- The INTUITY CONVERSANT screens

### Using the Command Line

---

Use the **pkgrm** command to remove a software package from your system. See Appendix A, "Summary of Commands" in *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591, book for more information on these commands.

There are some *important* issues you need to be aware of when removing software from your system:

- Remove all services, functions, or card assignments before removing any software packages.
- When removing the Application software (installed in Chapter 10), you are asked if you want to remove speech file systems. Answer *no* to this prompt.
- During an initial installation of the Base ORACLE RDBMS package, a user called "oracle" is created. This user is NOT removed when the Base ORACLE RDBMS package is removed. Once all the base and add-on ORACLE packages have been removed, if you want to remove the "oracle" user, do so through **sysadm**. See Appendix A, "Summary of Commands" in *INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Version 6.0 Administration*, 585-310-591.

To remove software packages, do the following:

1. Enter **pkginfo** at the system prompt #.  
The system displays all the packages installed on your system.
2. Once you have determined the packages to be removed, enter **pkgrm**
3. At the prompt, enter the number (as it appears on the screen) beside the package you want to remove.

Repeat Step 2 for each package you want to remove.

### **WARNING:**

*After you have removed packages from a UnixWare system, you MUST reboot the system before reinstalling packages. You can remove more than one package before rebooting, but you must reboot before reinstalling any packages.*

## Using the INTUITY CONVERSANT Screens

### ⇒ NOTE:

Your system must have the Unix Management Screens Package installed in order to use this procedure.

To remove software using the INTUITY CONVERSANT screens, do the following:

1. Starting at the Voice System Administration menu ([Figure 11-1](#)), select

```
> UNIX Management
```

```
>Software Remove
```

The system displays the Software Remove screen ([Figure 11-3](#)), which lists the software installed on the system.

```
The following packages are available:  
1 CUISset      INTUITY CONVERSANT VIS U6.0 Set  
                (1486) 1.2.0  
2 PerfBack    Perfect Backup and Restore  
                (SUR4.2-intel) 5.0.0  
3 TSM         INTUITY Transaction State Machine Package  
                (1486) 1.2.0  
4 acp         Enhanced Application Compatibility  
                (386) 1  
5 as          UnixWare for Intuity  
                (386) 1  
6 asai        INTUITY Adjunct/Switch Application Interface Package  
                (1486) 1.2.0  
7 asp         INTUITY ASP Driver Package  
                (1486) 1.2.0  
8 atn         Adobe Type Manager(TM)  
                (386) 1  
9 atm13      ATM Basic Fonts  
                (386) 1  
10 backrest   INTUITY Backup/Restore Utilities  
                (1486) 1.0  
  
... 99 more menu choices to follow:  
(RETURN) for more choices, (CTRL-D) to stop display:
```

**Figure 11-3. Software Remove Screen**

2. Locate the package you wish to remove.
3. Note the number of the package given in the first column.

4. Press **CONTROL** **D**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to  
process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]
```

5. Enter the number of the package.

The system displays the name and version number for the package selected.

6. Enter **y**

The system removes the package.

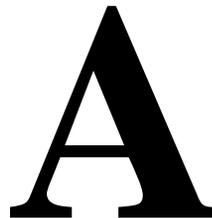


**NOTE:**

If the system displays any messages warning of dependencies, enter **y** again to continue with the software removal.

7. Press **ENTER**.

# System Configuration



---

## Overview

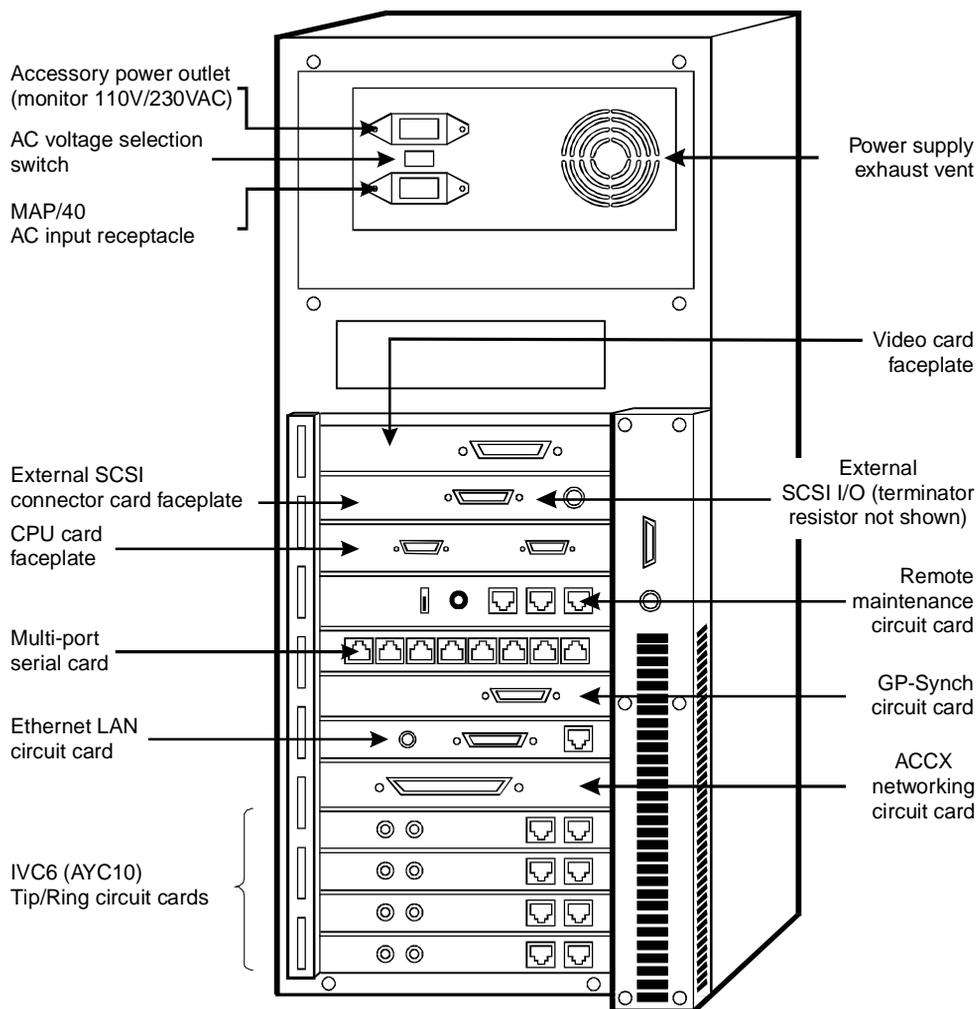
This appendix describes the placement of components in the MAP/40 and the operation of the Hardware Resource Allocator.

## Purpose

The purpose of this appendix is to enable the user to reconfigure the INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® system in the event that hardware needs to be added or removed.

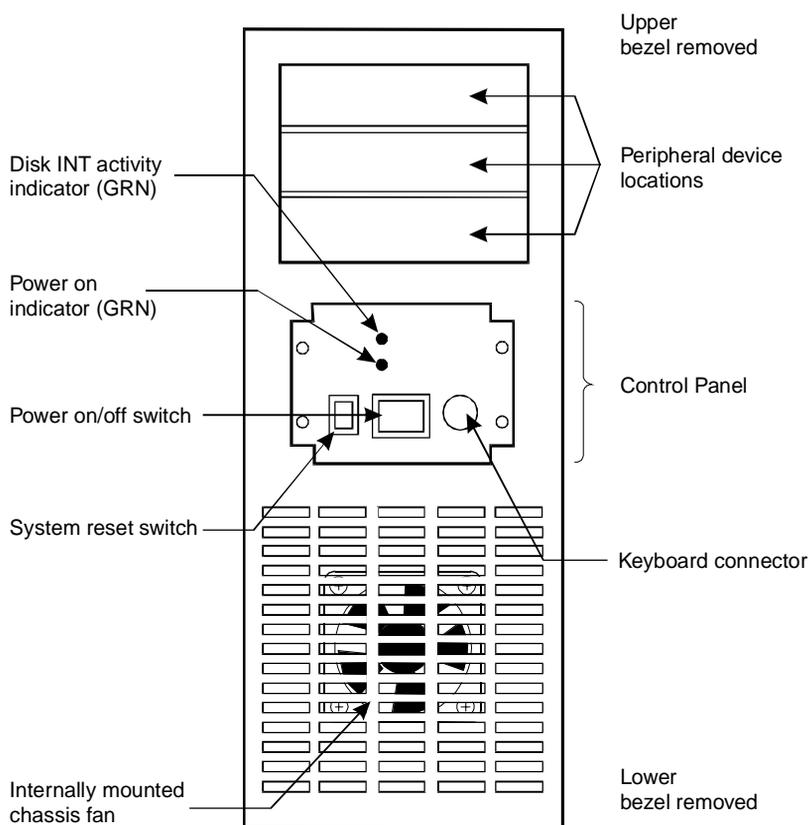
## Component Assignments

Circuit cards are placed in the MAP/40 in locations called *slots*. Slots are numbered 1 through 12 from the bottom of the MAP/40 to the top of the card cage. Slots are accessible from the back of the MAP/40 ([Figure A-1](#)).



**Figure A-1. Back View of the MAP/40**

Operating hardware is placed in the MAP/40 in locations called *bays*. Bays are also numbered from the top to the bottom, 1 through 4. Bays are accessible from the front of the MAP/40 ([Figure A-2](#)).



**Figure A-2. Front View of the MAP/40**

[Table A-1](#) lists the bay assignments and SCSI IDs for the components installed for the INTUITY CONVERSANT system.

**Table A-1. MAP/40 Resource Locations**

| Device                                 | Bay | SCSI ID |
|----------------------------------------|-----|---------|
| Primary hard disk drive                | 4   | 0       |
| Secondary hard disk drive (if present) | 3   | 1       |
| Tape drive                             | 2   | 3       |
| Diskette drive                         | 1   | N/A     |

## Operating the Hardware Resource Allocator

---

Operation of the Hardware Resource Allocator includes the following tasks:

- Saving a Configuration
- Viewing a Configuration
- Adding Hardware to an Existing Configuration
- Removing Hardware from an Existing Configuration
- Specifying a New Configuration
- Presetting Hardware Resources

### Saving a Configuration

---

The system configuration should be saved whenever a change has been made. To save the system configuration, do the following:

1. Enter **save\_config**

The system displays the following message:

```
This program copies the /vs/data/confData file for a
given VIS machine to floppy disk. This file represents
the configuration of the machine. The floppy must be
kept in a safe place. It will be required as input for
the /vs/bin/util/configure program in the event of a
hardware upgrade to this machine.
```

```
Please insert the "CONFIGURATION DATA" floppy for this
machine.
```

```
Press <Enter> when ready to proceed...
```

2. Insert the diskette labeled *Configuration Data* into the diskette drive. See ["Inserting and Removing Diskettes"](#) in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

3. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Working.../vs/data/confData  
/vs/data/confData saved
```

```
UNIX_SV#
```

4. Remove the diskette labeled *Configuration Data* from the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.



**CAUTION:**

*Be sure you put the diskette in a safe place.*

## Viewing a Configuration

The `show_config` command allows you to view:

- Successful configurations
- Unsuccessful configurations
- Dated configurations

## Viewing a Successful Configuration

To view a successful system configuration, do the following:

1. Enter **show\_config**

The system displays the following message:

```
Using /vs/data/confData as configuration data input  
file. Output file is ./configuration
```

```
A "./configuration" file already exists
```

```
Overwrite? [y|n]
```

2. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

```
Configuration has been written to the "./configuration"
```

3. Enter **vi ./configuration**

The system displays the System Configuration Table screen ([Figure A-3](#)).

SYSTEM CONFIGURATION TABLE

PLATFORM

MAP/40  
 Description: MAP/40 platform w/ ISA backplane and 486 50 MHz CPU  
 Backplane: ISA  
 CPU: 486CPU2

DEVICES

Device Name: VIDEO\_CONTROLLER  
 Device Description: [S]VGA Video Card

| LOCATION | TDM? | INTR | IOADDR | RAMADDR | DMA | PORT | SCSI ID |
|----------|------|------|--------|---------|-----|------|---------|
| ISA11    |      |      | 3b0    | a0000   |     |      |         |

Device Name: RMB\_M  
 Device Description: Remote Maintenance Board with modem interface

| LOCATION | TDM? | INTR | IOADDR | RAMADDR | DMA | PORT | SCSI ID |
|----------|------|------|--------|---------|-----|------|---------|
| ISA9     |      | 3    | 180    | d1000   |     |      |         |

**Figure A-3. Partial System Configuration Table Screen**

- Use the  up arrow and  down arrow keys to move through the screen.

### Viewing an Unsuccessful Configuration

To view an unsuccessful system configuration, do the following:

- Enter **show\_config fail**

The system displays the following message:

```
Using /vs/data/fail_data as configuration data input
file. Output file is ./failed_config
```

```
Configuration has been written to the "./failed_config"
```

- Enter **vi ./failed\_config**

The system displays a System Configuration Table screen similar to the one shown in [Figure A-3](#). Asterisks (\*) next to any field value indicate an unresolved resource conflict.

- Use the  up arrow and  down arrow keys to move through the screen.

## Viewing a Dated Configuration

To view a dated system configuration, do the following:

1. Enter **show\_config /vs/data/conf\_MMDDYY**

Where MMDDYY is the month, day, and year of the configuration you want to view.

The system displays the following message:

```
Using /vs/data/conf_MMDDYY as configuration data input  
file. Output file is ./failed_config
```

```
Configuration has been written to the "./failed_config"
```

2. Enter **vi ./failed\_config**

The system displays a System Configuration Table screen similar to the one shown in [Figure A-3](#). Asterisks (\*) next to field value indicate an unresolved resource conflict.

3. Use the  up arrow and  down arrow keys to move through the screen.

- Show a dated configuration

You can also use **show\_config** to view a previous configuration file saved by the configure program. To do this, type the command with a file name argument (for example, **show\_config /vs/data/conf\_MMDDYY**). This command line expands the contents of the **conf\_MMDDYY** file (if it exists) and prints its output to the screen. The program prompts you for an output file name so as to specify the output to this file rather than to the **./configuration** file.

## Adding Hardware to an Existing Configuration

When you modify an existing configuration, you may have to change the current resource assignments:

- Differences in slot assignments or serial/parallel port assignments *will not* require switch settings and/or driver software changes. However, you may need to rearrange the cards and/or cables to fit the new configuration output.
- Differences in INTR, DMAC, IOADDR, or RAMADDR assignments *will in* most cases require you to change switch settings and reinstall driver software for the affected cards.

To add hardware to an existing configuration, do the following:

1. Make a hard copy of the current configuration by printing the output of the **show\_config** command. See "[Viewing a Configuration](#)" above for an explanation of the **show\_config** command.

2. Enter **get\_config**

The system displays the following message:

```
This program retrieves the /vs/data/confData file for a
given VIS machine from floppy disk. This file
represents the configuration of the machine and is
required in order for the /vs/bin/util/configure
program to upgrade the machine with new or additional
hardware.
```

```
Please insert the "CONFIGURATION DATA" floppy for this
machine.
```

```
Press <Enter> when ready to proceed...
```

3. Insert the diskette labeled *Configuration Data* into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Working.../vs/data/confData retrieved
```

```
UNIX_SV#
```

5. Enter **configure**

The system displays the following message:

```
A configuration file, confData, exists.
Do you wish to make changes to the previous
configuration [y|n]?
```

6. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

**⇒ NOTE:**

This message is dependent on your system configuration and may look different than the one shown.

```
Reading old configuration. Please wait...
```

```
Successfully read MAP/40 Platform with ISA backplane
and 486CPU2 CPU.Adding device ADAPSCSI
Adding device VIDEO
Adding device SCSIHD
Adding device SCSITAPE
```

```
Press any key to continue...
```

7. Press **(ENTER)**.  
The system displays the Device Menu screen ([Figure A-8](#)).
8. Select the hardware item you want to add to the configuration file. Use the **(▲)** up arrow and **(▼)** down arrow keys to move through the screen.
9. Press **(ENTER)**.
10. If the system displays the following message:  

```
Enter quantity to add (X max in multiples of 1):
```

Enter the quantity of this hardware item you want to install in your system.

If the system does not display this message, continue with Step [11](#).
11. If the system displays the following message:  

```
Do you wish to preset hardware options for device  
XXXX [y|n]?
```

If you want to preset the hardware see "[Presetting Hardware Resources](#)" below for the procedure.

If you do not want to preset the hardware enter **n**

If the system does not display this message, continue with Step [12](#).
12. When the system displays the following message:  

```
1 XXXX device(s) added.
```

Press **Enter** to continue...

Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the Device Menu screen ([Figure A-8](#)).
13. When you are done adding hardware to the configuration press **d**  
The system displays the following message:  

```
Configuration complete and successful.  
Configuration data written to file: /vs/data/confData.
```
14. View the new configuration file to make sure you have added the correct hardware. See "[Viewing a Configuration](#)" above for the procedure.
15. Make the necessary adjustments on the installed hardware based on the new configuration.
16. Save the new configuration. See "[Saving a Configuration](#)" above for the procedure.

## Removing Hardware from an Existing Configuration

---

When you modify an existing configuration, you may have to change the current resource assignments:

- Differences in slot assignments or serial/parallel port assignments *will not* require switch settings and/or driver software changes. However, you may need to rearrange the cards and/or cables to fit the new configuration output.
- Differences in INTR, DMAC, IOADDR, or RAMADDR assignments *will in* most cases require you to change switch settings and reinstall driver software for the affected cards.

To remove hardware from an existing configuration, do the following:

1. Make a hard copy of the current configuration by printing the output of the **show\_config** command. See "[Viewing a Configuration](#)" above for an explanation of the **show\_config** command.

2. Enter **get\_config**

The system displays the following message:

```
This program retrieves the /vs/data/confData file for a
given VIS machine from floppy disk. This file
represents the configuration of the machine and is
required in order for the /vs/bin/util/configure
program to upgrade the machine with new or additional
hardware.
```

```
Please insert the "CONFIGURATION DATA" floppy for this
machine.
```

```
Press <Enter> when ready to proceed...
```

3. Insert the diskette labelled *Configuration Data* into the diskette drive. See "[Inserting and Removing Diskettes](#)" in [Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures,"](#) for the procedure.

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

```
Working.../vs/data/confData retrieved
UNIX_SV#
```

5. Enter **configure**

The system displays the following message:

```
A configuration file, confData, exits.
Do you wish to make changes to the previous
configuration [y|n]?
```

6. Enter **y**

The system displays the following message:

```
Reading old configuration. Please wait...
```

```
Successfully read MAP/40 Platform with ISA backplane  
and 486CPU2 CPU.
```

```
Adding device ADAPSCSI
```

```
Adding device VIDEO
```

```
Adding device SCSIHD
```

```
Adding device SCSITAPE
```

```
Press any key to continue...
```

 **NOTE:**

The above message is dependent on your system configuration and may look different than the one shown.

7. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the Device Menu screen ([Figure A-8](#)).

8. Press **r**

The system displays the Currently Selected Devices screen ([Figure A-4](#)).

```
Currently Selected Devices

1  SCSI_TAPE_DRIVE          5  SCSI_TAPE_DRIVE          9  SP
2  VIDEO_CONTROLLER        6  16MB_SIMM                10 SP
3  RMB_M                   7  16MB_SIMM                11 IVP6
4  SCSI_DISK               8  COMPANION                12 ETHERNET

Select Device to remove, q to quit
```

**Figure A-4. Currently Selected Devices Screen**

 **NOTE:**

The above screen is dependent on your system configuration and may look different than the one shown.

9. Place the cursor on the hardware item you want to remove from the configuration file. Use the **▲** up arrow and **▼** down arrow keys to move through the screen.
10. Press **ENTER**.  
The system displays the following message:  

```
You have currently selected 1 XX device(s)
How many do you wish to remove?
```
11. Enter the quantity of the hardware item you want to remove from your system.  
The system displays the Currently Selected Devices screen ([Figure A-4](#)).  
The system displays the following message:
12. If you are done removing hardware from your system press **q**.  
The system displays the Device Menu screen ([Figure A-8](#)).  
If you want to remove additional hardware from your system, repeat Steps [9](#) through [11](#).
13. Press **d**.  
The system displays the following message:  

```
Configuration complete and successful.
Configuration data written to file: /vs/data/confData.
```
14. View the new configuration file to make sure you have removed the correct hardware. See "[Viewing a Configuration](#)" above for the procedure.
15. Make the necessary adjustments on the installed hardware based on the new configuration.
16. Save the new configuration. See "[Saving a Configuration](#)" above for the procedure.

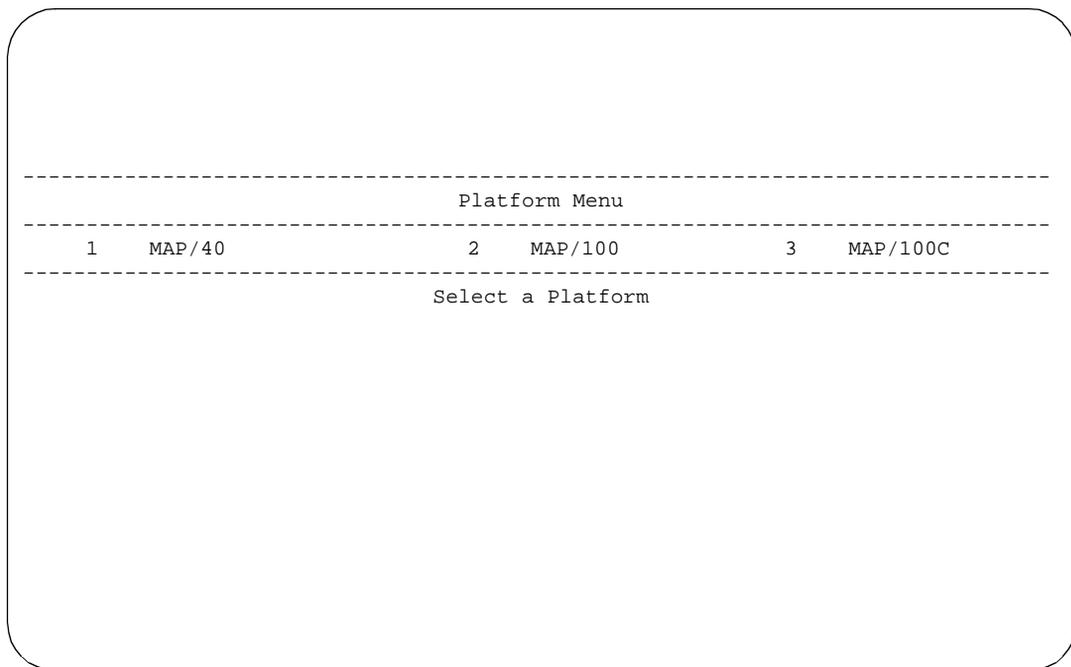
## Specifying a New Configuration

If you want to remove one device from the system and add another device in its place. You must specify a new configuration for the system.

To specify a new configuration, do the following:

1. Enter **configure new**

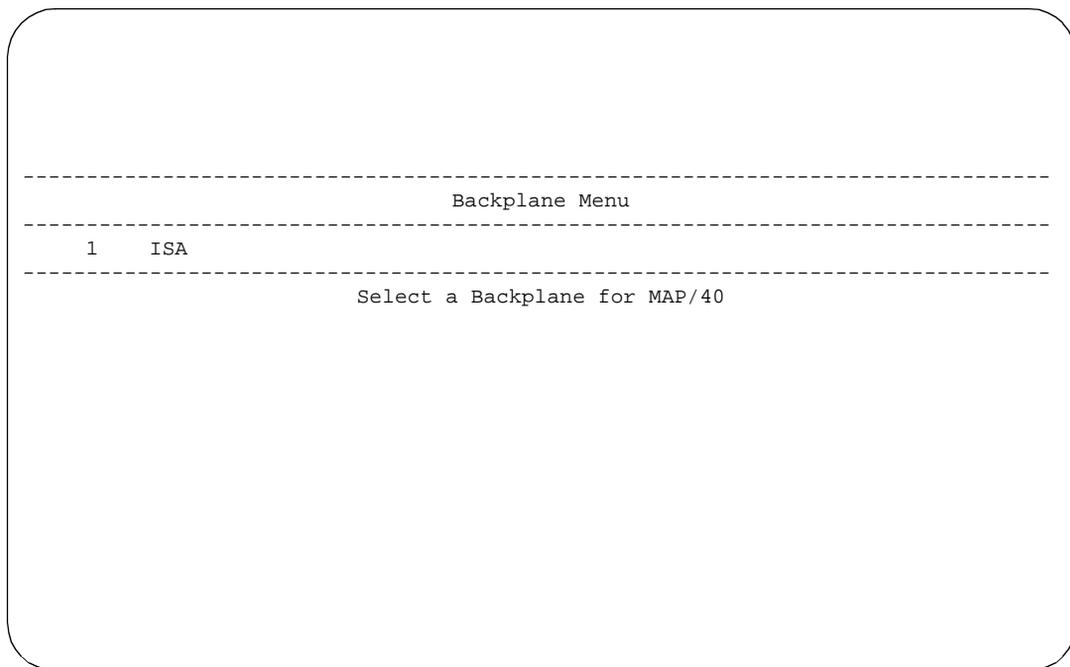
The system displays the Platform Menu screen ([Figure A-5](#)).



**Figure A-5. Platform Menu Screen**

2. Place the cursor on MAP/40 .
3. Press **ENTER**.

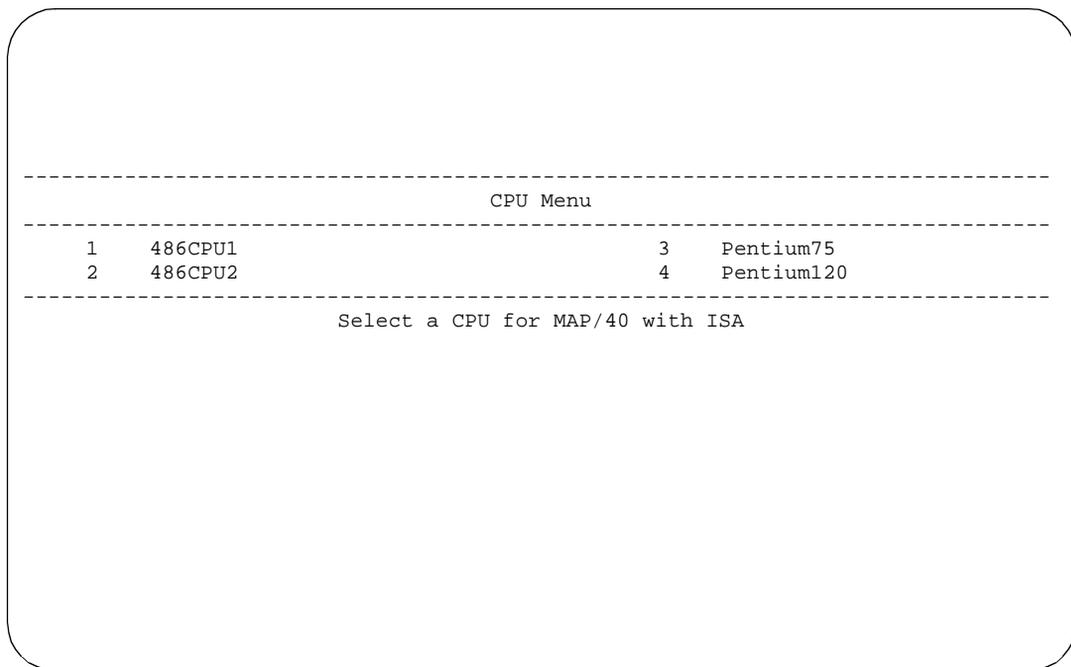
The system displays the Backplane Menu screen ([Figure A-6](#)).



**Figure A-6. Backplane Menu screen**

4. Place the cursor on `ISA`.
5. Press `(ENTER)`.

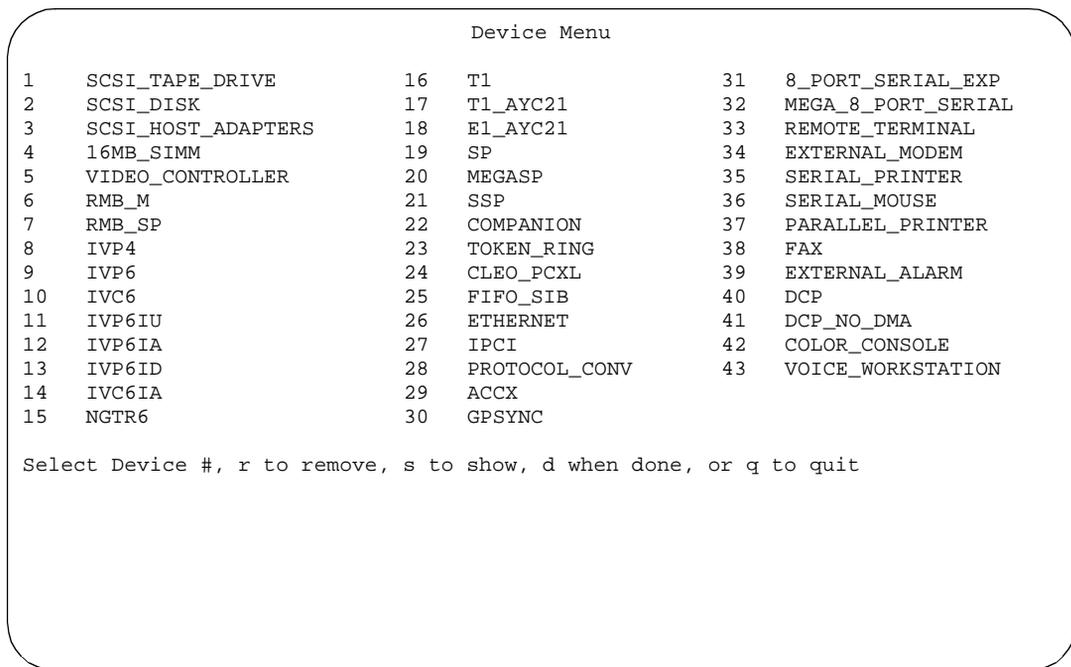
The system displays the CPU Menu screen ([Figure A-7](#)).



**Figure A-7. CPU Menu screen**

6. Place the cursor on the appropriate CPU type.
7. Press **ENTER**.

The system displays the Device Menu screen ([Figure A-8](#)).



**Figure A-8. Device Menu screen**

8. Place the cursor on the hardware item you want to add to the configuration file. Use the  up arrow and  down arrow keys to move through the screen.
9. Press .
10. If the system displays the following message:
 

```
Enter quantity to add (X max in multiples of 1):
```

 Enter the quantity of this hardware item you want to install in your system.
 If the system does not display this message, continue with Step [11](#).
11. If the system displays the following message:
 

```
Do you wish to preset hardware options for device
XXXX [y|n]?
```

 If you want to preset the hardware see "[Presetting Hardware Resources](#)" below for the procedure.
 If you do not want to preset the hardware enter **n**
 If the system does not display this message, continue with Step [12](#).
12. When the system displays the following message:
 

```
1 XXXX device(s) added.
Press Enter to continue...
```

Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the Device Menu screen ([Figure A-8](#)).

13. When you are done adding hardware to the configuration press **d**

The system displays the following message:

```
Configuration complete and successful.  
Configuration data written to file: /vs/data/confData.
```

14. View the new configuration file to make sure you have added the correct hardware. See "[Viewing a Configuration](#)" above for the procedure.
15. Make the necessary adjustments on the installed hardware based on the new configuration.
16. Save the new configuration. See "[Saving a Configuration](#)" above for the procedure.

## Presetting Hardware Resources

The preset option allows you to preset the resources used for a particular card. This makes the card compatible and interchangeable with any of your application setups. The purpose of this option is to give you the flexibility to use your hardware with more than one application. You may want to preset certain resources of a single new device being selected for a configuration (for example, to force the configure program to select interrupt 6 for a particular device being specified).

If you have preset hardware resources, the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator attempts the initial pass at configuration. If this pass is successful, the program terminates normally. If this pass is *not* successful, the system does not attempt a second pass at the configuration.

Use the following procedure to preset resources:

1. When you specify a single device, the system displays the following prompt:

```
Do you wish to preset any hardware options of <device  
name>? [y|(n)]
```

2. Press **y**

The system asks you to select a value for the following parameters (where applicable):

- IRQ
- I/O address
- RAM address
- DMA address

When you have entered all applicable presets, the system displays the following message:

Press Enter to continue...

3. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the following message:

1 XXX device(s) added.

Press Enter to continue...

4. Press **(ENTER)**.

The system displays the Device Menu screen ([Figure A-8](#)).

## Configuration Device Data

The **device\_data** file stores the devices and the attributes for creating a configuration. This file is in compressed form.

In most cases, you will not work with this file. The exceptions are when you want to use the

- **add\_device** command to add a new device to the **device\_data** file
- **remove\_device** command to remove a device from the **device\_data** file
- **show\_devices** command to display and print to a file all devices and their attributes as represented in the **device\_data** file
- **change\_device** command to change the presentation name of a device (the name by which a device appears in the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator menus) in the **device\_data** file.

### CAUTION:

*Do not alter this file except by using one of the above commands.*

## The show\_devices Command

The **show\_devices** command uncompresses the database of devices and their attributes contained in the **device\_data** file and displays the information on the screen. At the same time, it creates a **.devices** file so that you can send this information to a printer.

If a **.devices** file already exists, you are prompted as to whether it is acceptable to overwrite the existing file.

## The add\_device Command

### NOTE:

Remember when using the **add\_device** command that "1" equals yes and "0" equals no.

The **add\_device** command prompts you for all the necessary attributes required to add a new device. Once you add the new device to the file, it is available for configuration.

Note that only devices whose attributes are completely defined by the **add\_device** command can be added successfully to those already supported by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator. If a device has special attributes that the **add\_device** command does not inquire about, the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator cannot support the device successfully unless you change the program software.

## The remove\_device Command

Use the **remove\_device** command to remove devices that you have added to the **device\_data** file.

### NOTE:

You can only remove those devices that were added after the platform was shipped. The devices supplied originally by the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator are locked and cannot be removed.

## The change\_device Command

Use the **change\_device** command if you want to change the presentation names of the devices displayed in the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator menus.

The program prompts you to select and input new name(s) for the device(s). New names can be from 2–20 characters long.

When you next use the INTUITY CONVERSANT Hardware Resource Allocator, the new name(s) appear in the device selection menu and in all outputs generated by the program.



# Component Ordering Numbers

# B

---

## Component Ordering Numbers

**Table B-1. Component Ordering Numbers**

| <b>Basic Component Description</b>               | <b>Order Number</b> |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Adapter, 356A                                    | 104158829           |
| Adapter, 356B                                    | 105197297           |
| Adapter, 415A (for extending E1/T1 cables)       | 103942272           |
| Adapter, electrical, DCE female                  | 407345776           |
| Adapter, electrical, DCE male (wyse trm, prntrs) | 407050111           |
| Adapter, electrical, DTE female                  | 407345768           |
| Adapter, electrical, DTE male (modems)           | 407050095           |
| Adapter, electrical, jack to jack                | 407005255           |
| Adapter, electrical, external SCSI               | 407524073           |
| Adapter, T1-to-551 Paradyne CSU                  | 407665884           |
| Backplane, 12-slot                               | 406900084           |
| Base, tower                                      | 406900019           |
| Bezel, front                                     | 406900001           |
| Brackets, PC filter (20)                         | 406798686           |

---

*Continued on next page*

**Table B-1. Component Ordering Numbers — Continued**

| <b>Basic Component Description</b>                | <b>Order Number</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Cable assembly, 386 keyboard/reset                | 601436066           |
| Cable assembly, 486 keyboard adapter              | 601436082           |
| Cable assembly, 486 reset                         | 601436090           |
| Cable assembly, 9 position TDM bus                | 601412836           |
| Cable assembly, audio input/output                | 407667757           |
| Cable assembly, COM2                              | 406899963           |
| Cable assembly, CPU extension                     | 601436132           |
| Cable assembly, disk activity                     | 406899856           |
| Cable assembly, E1 M/M, 25 ft (BNC Coaxial)       | 407615285           |
| Cable assembly, E1 M/M, 75 ft (BNC Coaxial)       | 407615277           |
| Cable assembly, E1/Aculab, 75 Ohm M/M             | 407276211           |
| Cable assembly, E1/T1 MF crossover adapter (TwPr) | 407617968           |
| Cable assembly, E1/T1 M/M, 25 ft (TwPr)           | 407613983           |
| Cable assembly, E1/T1 M/M, 75 ft (TwPr)           | 407613975           |
| Cable assembly, EMI suppression (RMB)             | 407265529           |
| Cable assembly, diskette drive                    | 601412851           |
| Cable assembly, diskette drive (SCSI units)       | 601412851           |
| Cable assembly, hard drive                        | 601412844           |
| Cable assembly, LED PCB/fan                       | 406899872           |
| Cable assembly, M/F RS232                         | 405119355           |
| Cable assembly, reset/dual keyboard               | 406899997           |
| Cable assembly, reset/dual keyboard               | 407076876           |
| Cable assembly, SCSI peripheral control           | 601436058           |
| Cable assembly, SP/CMP bus                        | 601412828           |
| Cable assembly, switch power extension            | 406932947           |
| Cable assembly, T1, line side adapter             | 601806649           |
| Cable assembly, T1, 75 ft                         | 601386873           |
| Cable assembly, tape drive                        | 601415227           |

*Continued on next page*

**Table B-1. Component Ordering Numbers — Continued**

| <b>Basic Component Description</b>               | <b>Order Number</b> |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Cable assembly, telephone cord, 3-ft             | 601448632           |
| Cable assembly, bus activity (P5, 100-PCI)       | 601818206           |
| Cable assembly, bus mouse (P5 MAPs)              | 601818222           |
| Cable assembly, SCSI (P5 & 525-Mbyte tape drive) | 601818230           |
| Cable assembly, SCSI (P5 and 2-Gbyte tape drive) | 601818313           |
| Cable assembly, floppy (P5)                      | 601818339           |
| Cable assembly, keyboard (P5, 100-PCI, 100C-PCI) | 601818412           |
| Circuit card, 8-port asynchronous interface      | 406618538           |
| Circuit card, 8-port asynchronous interface      | 407009046           |
| Circuit card, companion processor (CMP)          | 106024151           |
| Circuit card, companion processor (CMP)          | 106944960           |
| Circuit card, CPU, 25-MHz, 0 Mbyte memory        | 407019272           |
| Circuit card, CPU, 25-MHz, 0 Mbyte memory        | 407300276           |
| Circuit card, CPU, 25-MHz, 12 Mbyte memory       | 406900100           |
| Circuit card, CPU, 25-MHz, 12 Mbyte memory       | 406989806           |
| Circuit card, CPU, 50-MHz, 0 Mbyte memory        | 407019306           |
| Circuit card, CPU, 50-MHz, 0 Mbyte memory        | 407300342           |
| Circuit card, CPU, P5120, 0 Mbyte memory         | 407515204           |
| Circuit card, DCP, PC/PBX interface              | 106986870           |
| Circuit card, disk drive controller              | 406222109           |
| Circuit card, E1, digital interface              | 106733348           |
| Circuit card, Ethernet LAN interface, Version 1  | 407199538           |
| Circuit card, Ethernet LAN interface, Version 2  | 601834153           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (Australia)         | 407334754           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (Australia)         | 407433424           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (Austria)           | 407644673           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (France)            | 407658749           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (Germany)           | 407468982           |

*Continued on next page*

**Table B-1. Component Ordering Numbers — Continued**

| <b>Basic Component Description</b>              | <b>Order Number</b> |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (Germany)          | 407644681           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (Japan)            | 407389659           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (Japan)            | 407644707           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (Netherlands)      | 407455484           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (Netherlands)      | 407644715           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (Spain)            | 407658731           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (United Kingdom)   | 407334770           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (United Kingdom)   | 407433440           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (United Kingdom)   | 407644723           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (US & Canada)      | 407334747           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (US & Canada)      | 407433408           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (US & Canada)      | 407612126           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (Hong Kong)        | 407334762           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (Hong Kong)        | 407433432           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (Hong Kong)        | 407632421           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114+14L (Hong Kong)        | 407644699           |
| Circuit card, fax, TR114-14L (US & Canada)      | 407455450           |
| Circuit card, LAN interface                     | 406230573           |
| Circuit card, LAN interface                     | 406972646           |
| Circuit card, remote maintenance                | 406969238           |
| Circuit card, SCSI drive controller             | 406830356           |
| Circuit card, SCSI drive controller             | 407021856           |
| Circuit card, Speech and Signal Processor (SSP) | 107570491           |
| Circuit card, Tip/Ring (IVC6)                   | 106406580           |
| Circuit card, Tip/Ring (IVC6-1A)                | 107213944           |
| Circuit card, Tip/Ring (IVP4) analog interface  | 106024094           |
| Circuit card, Tip/Ring (IVP4) analog interface  | 106769227           |
| Circuit card, Tip/Ring (IVP6) analog interface  | 105732267           |

*Continued on next page*

**Table B-1. Component Ordering Numbers — Continued**

| <b>Basic Component Description</b>                  | <b>Order Number</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Circuit card, Tip/Ring (IVP6) analog interface      | 106430861           |
| Circuit card, Tip/Ring (IVP6) analog interface      | 107213936           |
| Circuit card, Tip/Ring (IVP6-IA) analog interface   | 107101164           |
| Circuit card, Tip/Ring (IVP6-ID) analog interface   | 107213381           |
| Circuit card, Tip/Ring (IVP6-IU) analog interface   | 106560170           |
| Circuit card, Tip/Ring, Next Generation (NGTR)      | 107224586           |
| Circuit card, serial synchronous interface          | 406715771           |
| Circuit card, signal processor (SP)                 | 106406572           |
| Circuit card, signal processor (SP)                 | 106439839           |
| Circuit card, starlan interface                     | 406817999           |
| Circuit card, synchronous host interface (FIFO/SIB) | 407176601           |
| Circuit card, synchronous interface                 | 601824956           |
| Circuit card, T1 digital interface                  | 106077753           |
| Circuit card, T1 digital interface with upgrade kit | 601413172           |
| Circuit card, tape drive controller                 | 406272799           |
| Circuit card, token ring, Version 1                 | 407199637           |
| Circuit card, token ring, Version 2                 | 407664507           |
| Circuit card, video controller                      | 406901884           |
| Circuit card, video controller                      | 407095835           |
| Circuit card, video controller                      | 407356955           |
| Circuit card, video controller                      | 4075300013          |
| Connector, BNC Wye LAN                              | 405990169           |
| Cord, 10-pin modular, 10 ft                         | 846362705           |
| Cord, 10-pin modular, 10 ft                         | 846983039           |
| Cord, 6-pin modular, 14-ft                          | 102937604           |
| Cord, AC power, 9-ft                                | 406900092           |
| Cord, AC power, Australia, 8-ft                     | 407051630           |
| Cord, AC power, Chile (Italy-style), 6-ft           | 407515196           |

*Continued on next page*

**Table B-1. Component Ordering Numbers — Continued**

| <b>Basic Component Description</b>           | <b>Order Number</b> |
|----------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Cord, AC power, Germany, 6-ft                | 407051648           |
| Cord, AC power, India, 8-ft                  | 407406735           |
| Cord, AC power, Japan, 8-ft                  | 407406727           |
| Cord, AC power, United Kingdom, 6-ft         | 406999243           |
| Cord, power, monitor (PC style)              | 407115591           |
| Cord, telephone, 25-ft                       | 103623195           |
| Cord, telephone, DW8A-SE, 25 ft              | 103848800           |
| Coupler, E1, F/F (BNC Coaxial)               | 407617901           |
| Cover, dress                                 | 406900563           |
| Disk drive, floppy, 1.44-Mbyte               | 406832584           |
| Disk drive, hard, 200-Mbyte                  | 406902791           |
| Disk drive, hard, 200-Mbyte                  | 407021153           |
| Disk drive, hard, SCSI, 1.2-Gbyte            | 406844134           |
| Disk drive, hard, SCSI, 1.75-Gbyte           | 407071950           |
| Disk drive, hard, SCSI, 2.0-Gbyte (Starfire) | 407340942           |
| Disk drive, hard, SCSI, 2.0-Gbyte (Orion)    | 407596857           |
| Door, drive cover                            | 406900043           |
| Door, vented                                 | 406900035           |
| Fan, card cage, 85-cfm, 12VDC                | 406900126           |
| Filter, vented door (quantity: 5)            | 406900050           |
| IC, 16-Mbyte SIMM                            | 406997601           |
| IC, 16-Mbyte SIMM                            | 407244094           |
| IC, 16-Mbyte SIMM                            | 407420116           |
| IC, 16-Mbyte SIMM                            | 407608199           |
| IC, 32-Mbyte SIMM                            | 407420124           |
| IC, 32-Mbyte SIMM                            | 407608207           |
| IC, 4-Mbyte SIMM                             | 406666727           |
| IC, 4-Mbyte SIMM                             | 406995522           |

*Continued on next page*

**Table B-1. Component Ordering Numbers — Continued**

| <b>Basic Component Description</b>      | <b>Order Number</b> |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|
| IC, 4-Mbyte SIMM                        | 407022961           |
| IC, 4-Mbyte SIMM                        | 407056696           |
| Keyboard                                | 406743336           |
| Keyboard (GIS gray)                     | 407104066           |
| Miscellaneous hardware kit              | 406899849           |
| Module, voice workstation               | 601459621           |
| Monitor, color, VGA                     | 406594952           |
| Monitor, color, VGA (GIS gray)          | 407088335           |
| Mouse, serial                           | 407050970           |
| Mouse, serial                           | 407176593           |
| Power supply, AC, 325-Watts             | 406900027           |
| Power supply, AC, 325-Watts             | 406962654           |
| Resistor SIP, TDM terminator            | 403789167           |
| Switch, reset                           | 406901926           |
| Switch, rocker                          | 406901918           |
| Tape drive, SCSI streaming              | 406844126           |
| Tape drive, SCSI streaming, 525-Mbyte   | 407194729           |
| Tape drive, SCSI streaming, 2-Gbyte     | 407334507           |
| Tape drive, streaming                   | 406664862           |
| Terminator, single-ended active, SCSI-2 | 407524719           |
| Toroid, ring type                       | 405853458           |
| Toroid, split type                      | 407616846           |

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# How to Build a System Using This Book



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## Checklist for Building a System

The following checklist assumes that you are starting with a MAP/40 shell which has only the power supply and the 12-slot backplane.

If your system does not have a power supply or a 12-slot backplane included, see [Chapter 7, "Replacing Other Components,"](#) for the installation procedures.

| <b>Task</b> | <b>Description</b>                                            | <b>Comments</b>                       | <b>Refer to</b>                                                                 | <b>Done</b> |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 1           | Acquire all of the components necessary to build your system. |                                       | <a href="#">Chapter B, "Component Ordering Numbers"</a>                         |             |
| 2           | Determine the slot and bay locations for the equipment.       |                                       | <a href="#">Chapter A, "System Configuration"</a>                               |             |
| 3           | Install the hard disk drive(s).                               |                                       | <a href="#">Chapter 6, "Replacing the Hard Disk Drive"</a>                      |             |
| 4           | Install the tape drive.                                       |                                       | <a href="#">Chapter 7, "Replacing Other Components"</a>                         |             |
| 5           | Install the diskette drive.                                   |                                       | <a href="#">Chapter 7, "Replacing Other Components"</a>                         |             |
| 6           | Install the circuit cards.                                    |                                       | <a href="#">Chapter 5, "Replacing, Installing, or Upgrading Circuit Cards"</a>  |             |
| 7           | Apply power to the unit.                                      |                                       | <a href="#">Chapter 4, "Getting Inside the Computer"</a>                        |             |
| 8           | Install the base system software.                             |                                       | <a href="#">Chapter 9, "Installing Base System Software"</a>                    |             |
| 9           | Install the INTUITY system software.                          |                                       | <a href="#">Chapter 10, "Installing the INTUITY CONVERSANT System Software"</a> |             |
| 10          | Install the UNIX multi-user software.                         | This is an optional feature software. | <a href="#">Chapter 11, "Installing the Optional Feature Software"</a>          |             |

## Disaster Recovery Checklists

# D

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### Disaster Recovery Checklists

The following checklists are included in this section:

- Checklist for Software Reloading on Nonmirrored INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® Systems with Existing Hard Disk Drives
- Checklist for INTUITY CONVERSANT Systems with All New Hard Disk Drives
- Checklist for Nonmirrored INTUITY CONVERSANT Systems With a New Hard Disk Drive 0 and an Existing Hard Disk Drive 1
- Checklist for Nonmirrored INTUITY CONVERSANT Systems With an Existing Hard Disk Drive 0 and a New Hard Disk Drive 1
- Checklist for Mirrored INTUITY CONVERSANT Systems with a New Hard Disk Drive 0 and an Existing Hard Disk Drive 1
- Checklist for Mirrored INTUITY CONVERSANT Systems with an Existing Hard Disk Drive 0 and a New Hard Disk Drive 1

## Checklist for Software Reloading on Nonmirrored INTUITY CONVERSANT Systems with Existing Hard Disk Drives

The procedures in [Table 1](#) should be conducted when your INTUITY CONVERSANT system experiences a software disaster. This checklist should not be used if hard disk drives are being replaced.

**Table D-1. Checklist for Software Reloading for Nonmirrored INTUITY CONVERSANT Systems with Existing Hard Disk Drives**

| ✓ | Task                                                                                                                              | Reference Documentation                                                                                              |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|   | Locate the most recent <b>mkimage</b> backup tape. You will also need to use any <b>spres</b> backup tape which has been created. |                                                                                                                      |
|   | Shutdown the INTUITY CONVERSANT system.                                                                                           | <a href="#">"Shutting Down the Operating System,"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures."</a>      |
|   | Leave all hard disks connected to the SCSI bus.                                                                                   |                                                                                                                      |
|   | Restore the system using the <b>mkimage</b> backup tape.                                                                          | <a href="#">"Restoring the INTUITY CONVERSANT System,"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures."</a> |
|   | Restore any speech files using the <b>spres</b> backup tape.                                                                      | <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6 Speech Development, Processing, and Recognition, 585-310-762</i>            |

## **Checklist for INTUITY CONVERSANT Systems with All New Hard Disk Drives**

The procedures in this checklist ([Table 2](#)) should be conducted when you are replacing both hard disk drives on your INTUITY CONVERSANT system. There are no provisions in this checklist for recovering existing file system. As a result, this checklist should not be used if either hard disk drive has been previously used in your INTUITY CONVERSANT system.

**Table D-2. Checklist for INTUITY CONVERSANT Systems with New Hard Disk Drives 0 and 1**

| ✓ | Task                                                                                                                              | Reference Documentation                                                                                                               |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|   | Locate the most recent <b>mkimage</b> backup tape. You will also need to use any <b>spres</b> backup tape which has been created. |                                                                                                                                       |
|   | Replace the hard disk(s).                                                                                                         | <a href="#">"Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive,"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 6, "Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a> |
|   | Restore the system using the <b>mkimage</b> backup tape.                                                                          | <a href="#">"Restoring the INTUITY CONVERSANT System,"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Common System Procedures."</a>                  |
|   | Restore any speech files using the <b>spres</b> backup tape.                                                                      | <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6 Speech Development, Processing, and Recognition, 585-310-762</i>                             |

**Checklist for Nonmirrored INTUITY  
 CONVERSANT Systems with a New Hard Disk  
 Drive 0 and an Existing Hard Disk Drive 1**

The procedures in this checklist ([Table 3](#)) should be conducted on a two disk nonmirrored INTUITY CONVERSANT system in which Hard Disk Drive 0 has failed. This checklist should not be used if Hard Disk Drive 1 has also failed.

**Table D-3. Checklist for Nonmirrored Lucent INTUITY Systems with a New Hard Disk Drive 0 and an Existing Hard Disk Drive 1**

| ✓ | Task                                                                                                                              | Reference Documentation                                                                                                                               |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|   | Locate the most recent <b>mkimage</b> backup tape. You will also need to use any <b>spres</b> backup tape which has been created. |                                                                                                                                                       |
|   | Replace the hard disk drive.                                                                                                      | <a href="#">"Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive,"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 6,</a> <a href="#">"Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a> |
|   | Restore the system using the <b>mkimage</b> backup tape.                                                                          | <a href="#">"Restoring the INTUITY CONVERSANT System,"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 3,</a> <a href="#">"Common System Procedures."</a>                  |
|   | Restore any speech files using the <b>spres</b> backup tape.                                                                      | <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6 Speech Development, Processing, and Recognition,</i><br>585-310-762                                          |

**Checklist for Nonmirrored INTUITY  
 CONVERSANT Systems with an Existing Hard  
 Disk Drive 0 and a New Hard Disk Drive 1**

The procedures in this checklist ([Table 4](#)) should be conducted on a two disk nonmirrored INTUITY CONVERSANT system in which Hard Disk Drive 1 has failed. This checklist should not be used if Hard Disk Drive 0 has also failed.

**Table D-4. Checklist for Nonmirrored INTUITY CONVERSANT Systems with an Existing Hard Disk Drive 0 and a New Hard Disk Drive 1**

| ✓ | Task                                                                                                                              | Reference Documentation                                                                                                                   |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|   | Locate the most recent <b>mkimage</b> backup tape. You will also need to use any <b>spres</b> backup tape which has been created. |                                                                                                                                           |
|   | Replace the hard disk drive.                                                                                                      | <a href="#">"Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive,"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 6, "Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a>     |
|   | Remove, for replacement, the old Hard Disk Drive 1 using the Veritas screens.                                                     | <a href="#">"Replacing Hard Disk Drive 1,"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 6, "Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a>                             |
|   | Add the new Hard Disk Drive 1, using the Veritas screens.                                                                         | <a href="#">"Adding Hard Disk Drive 1 to a System for Speech Storage,"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 6, "Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a> |
|   | Initialize the new Hard Disk Drive 1 as a speech drive.                                                                           | <a href="#">"Adding Hard Disk Drive 1 to a System for Speech Storage,"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 6, "Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a> |
|   | Exit the Veritas screens.                                                                                                         | <a href="#">"Replacing Hard Disk Drive 1,"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 6, "Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a>                             |
|   | Restore any speech files using the <b>spres</b> backup tape.                                                                      | <i>INTUITY™ CONVERSANT® System Version 6 Speech Development, Processing, and Recognition, 585-310-762</i>                                 |

## Checklist for Mirrored INTUITY CONVERSANT Systems with a New Hard Disk Drive 0 and an Existing Hard Disk Drive 1

The procedures in this checklist ([Table 5](#)) should be conducted on a two disk mirrored INTUITY CONVERSANT system in which Hard Disk Drive 0 has failed. This checklist should not be used if Hard Disk Drive 1 has also failed.

**Table D-5. Checklist for Mirrored INTUITY CONVERSANT Systems with a New Hard Disk Drive 0 and an Existing Hard Disk Drive 1**

| ✓ | Task                                                                                                  | Reference Documentation                                                                                                               |
|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|   | Locate the diskette labelled <i>VERITAS Boot Floppy 1 of 1</i> .                                      |                                                                                                                                       |
|   | Replace the hard disk drive.                                                                          | <a href="#">"Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive,"</a> in Chapter 6, <a href="#">"Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a> |
|   | Reboot the system with the diskette labelled <i>VERITAS Boot Floppy 1 of 1</i> in the diskette drive. | <a href="#">"Replacing Hard Disk Drive 0 (Mirrored System),"</a> in Chapter 6, <a href="#">"Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a>       |
|   | Remove, for replacement, the old Hard Disk Drive 0 using the Veritas screens.                         | <a href="#">"Replacing Hard Disk Drive 0 (Mirrored System),"</a> in Chapter 6, <a href="#">"Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a>       |
|   | Replace the old Hard Disk Drive 0 with the new Hard Disk Drive 0, using the Veritas screens.          | <a href="#">"Replacing Hard Disk Drive 0 (Mirrored System),"</a> in Chapter 6, <a href="#">"Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a>       |
|   | Create a partition on Hard Disk Drive 0 using the Veritas screens.                                    | <a href="#">"Replacing Hard Disk Drive 0 (Mirrored System),"</a> in Chapter 6, <a href="#">"Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a>       |
|   | Exit the Veritas screens.                                                                             | <a href="#">"Replacing Hard Disk Drive 0 (Mirrored System),"</a> in Chapter 6, <a href="#">"Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a>       |
|   | Remove the diskette labelled <i>VERITAS Boot Floppy 1 of 1</i> from the diskette drive.               | <a href="#">"Inserting and Removing Diskettes,"</a> in Chapter 3, <a href="#">"Common System Procedures."</a>                         |

## Checklist for Mirrored INTUITY CONVERSANT Systems with an Existing Hard Disk Drive 0 and a New Hard Disk Drive 1

The procedures in this checklist ([Table 5](#)) should be conducted on a two disk mirrored INTUITY CONVERSANT system in which Hard Disk Drive 1 has failed. This checklist should not be used if Hard Disk Drive 0 has also failed.

**Table D-6. Checklist for Mirrored INTUITY CONVERSANT Systems with an Existing Hard Disk Drive 0 and a New Hard Disk Drive 1**

| ✓ | Task                                                                                         | Reference Documentation                                                                                                                                                              |
|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|   | Replace the hard disk drive.                                                                 | <a href="#">"Hardware Procedures for Replacing a Hard Disk Drive,"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 6,</a> <a href="#">"Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a>                                |
|   | Remove, for replacement, the old Hard Disk Drive 1 using the Veritas screens.                | <a href="#">"Software and Hardware Procedures for Replacing Hard Disk Drive 1 (Mirrored System),"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 6,</a> <a href="#">"Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a> |
|   | Replace the old Hard Disk Drive 1 with the new Hard Disk Drive 1, using the Veritas screens. | <a href="#">"Software and Hardware Procedures for Replacing Hard Disk Drive 1 (Mirrored System),"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 6,</a> <a href="#">"Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a> |
|   | Create a partition on Hard Disk Drive 1 using the Veritas screens.                           | <a href="#">"Software and Hardware Procedures for Replacing Hard Disk Drive 1 (Mirrored System),"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 6,</a> <a href="#">"Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a> |
|   | Exit the Veritas screens.                                                                    | <a href="#">"Software and Hardware Procedures for Replacing Hard Disk Drive 1 (Mirrored System),"</a> in <a href="#">Chapter 6,</a> <a href="#">"Replacing the Hard Disk Drive."</a> |



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