

vMRF Network Impact Report

Virtual Multimedia Resource Function

NETWORK IMPACT REPORT

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Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	General Impact	2
2.1	General Impact for vMRF 1.1	2
2.2	General Impact for vMRF 1.2	2
2.3	Other Network Elements	3
3	Interfaces	5
3.1	Interfaces in vMRF 1.1	5
3.2	Interfaces in vMRF 1.2	6
4	Summary of Impacts per Feature	8
5	Impact on vMRF Features	9
5.1	Impact on vMRF Features from vMRF 1.0 to vMRF 1.1	9
5.2	Impact on vMRF Features from vMRF 1.1 to vMRF 1.2	9





1 Introduction

The Network Impact Report (NIR) describes how the current release of Virtual Multimedia Resource Function (vMRF) with new and changed features affects the previous release of vMRF and the operator's overall network, including all affected products and functions.

The purpose of this document is to provide sufficient information at an early stage to Ericsson system operators to help them plan the introduction of new products and upgrades to their networks.

This document is a living document and is subject to change during the development of the new release. Therefore, part of the information may be incomplete or unavailable until General Availability (GA) of the new vMRF release.



2 General Impact

This section describes the general impact for the various vMRF releases.

2.1 General Impact for vMRF 1.1

This section describes the general impact for the vMRF 1.1 release.

2.1.1 Backward Compatibility

The enhanced functionality in the vMRF 1.1 is backward compatible.

2.1.2 Capacity and Performance

In vMRF 1.1 hyperthreading support has been introduced. When hyperthreading is in use, vMRF VMs are deployed by allocating two vCPUs per each physical CPU core. The use of hyperthreading increases the capacity of a single physical CPU core up to 20%. It is recommended to use hyperthreading, in which case only even VM flavor sizes are supported.

2.1.3 Operation

The following port number changes are introduced in vMRF 1.1 due to alignment with other IMS nodes:

- Cluster internal network port is moved to eth0
- O&M port is moved to eth1
- Signaling port is moved to eth2

2.2 General Impact for vMRF 1.2

2.2.1 Backward Compatibility

vMRF 1.2 does not have upgrade compatibility with signaling subnet stacks created in previous releases. vMRF configuration can be imported to vMRF 1.2 from previous releases.



2.2.2 Capacity and Performance

No impact.

2.2.3 Operation

The vMRF 1.2 release includes parameter name changes in HOT and example environment files included in the software delivery package. Due to this, the `example_environment.yaml` from previous vMRF releases cannot be used when creating subnets. Before the deployment of vMRF 1.2, the old vMRF configuration must be backed up to a cluster-external storage, and the old vMRF stack and signaling subnet stack must be deleted. The `example_environment.yaml` file included in the vMRF 1.2 software delivery package must be prepared with site-specific data, and vMRF 1.2 must be deployed as described in the relevant *manual deployment guides*. After deployment, the previously exported configuration can be imported.

The following parameter changes are introduced in vMRF1.2:

- `mrsv_` prefix parameters have been replaced with `mrf_` prefix

The following new features are introduced in vMRF 1.2:

- Network-redundant upgrade method
- Workflow-based VNF Life Cycle Management (VNF-LCM)

2.3 Other Network Elements

2.3.1 Other Network Elements in vMRF 1.1

2.3.1.1 General

The lowest interoperable releases for vMRF 1.1 are described in Table 1.

Table 1 Lowest Interoperable Releases for vMRF 1.1

MTAS	15B
vMTAS	16A
OSS-RC	17B

2.3.1.1.1 Multimedia Telephony Application Server (MTAS)

vMRF 1.1 is compatible with the following MTAS releases: 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, and 4.4.



2.3.1.1.2 Virtual Multimedia Telephony Application Server (vMTAS)
vMRF 1.1 is compatible with the following vMTAS release: 16A.

2.3.1.1.3 OSS-RC
vMRF 1.1 is compatible with the following OSS-RC release: 17B.

2.3.2 Other Network Elements in vMRF 1.2

2.3.2.1 General

The lowest interoperable releases for vMRF 1.2 are described in Table 2.

Table 2 Lowest Interoperable Releases for vMRF 1.2

MTAS	16A
vMTAS	16A
OSS-RC	17B

2.3.2.1.1 Multimedia Telephony Application Server (MTAS)
vMRF 1.2 is compatible with the following MTAS releases: 4.0, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.5, and 4.6.

2.3.2.1.2 Virtual Multimedia Telephony Application Server (vMTAS)
vMRF 1.2 is compatible with the following vMTAS releases: 1.0, 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, and 1.6.

2.3.2.1.3 OSS-RC
vMRF 1.2 is compatible with the following OSS-RC release: 17B, 18A.

3 Interfaces

This section describes interface changes between the existing and new revisions of the product.

3.1 Interfaces in vMRF 1.1

This section describes interface changes introduced in vMRF 1.1.

3.1.1 Inter-node Interfaces

There are no changes to the inter-node interfaces in vMRF 1.1.

3.1.2 Operation and Maintenance

This section describes changes to attributes, alarms, events and notifications, triggers, and counters.

3.1.2.1 Configuration

This section lists changes in attributes. There are no changed, deprecated, obsolete, or new attributes.

3.1.2.2 Fault Management

This section lists changes in alarms.

3.1.2.2.1 Deleted Alarms

Table 3 shows the alarms deleted in vMRF 1.1.

Table 3 Deleted Alarms

Alarm Name
COM SA, AMF SI Unassigned
COM SA, CLM Cluster Node Unavailable

3.1.2.2.2 New Alarms

Table 4 shows the new alarms introduced in vMRF 1.1.

*Table 4 New Alarms*

Alarm Name	Description
MRF IP Auto-Configuration Failure	The alarm is raised when IP auto-configuration of a media IP address in a VM fails, for example, if the DHCP client cannot obtain, renew, or rebind an IP address, or if the lease time of the IP address ends.
MRF Next Hop Router Unreachable	The alarm is issued when connection from VM to next hop router is lost, that is, if a vMRF VM does not receive ARP reply (IPv4) or neighbor advertisement message (IPv6) from the next hop router before the response timer expires.

3.1.2.3 Events and Notifications

This section lists changes in events and notifications. There are no changed or deleted events and notifications.

3.1.2.3.1 New Event and Notifications

Table 5 shows the alarms that have been converted into events in vMRF 1.1.

Table 5 New Events and Notifications

Event or Notification Name	Description
COM SA, AMF SI Unassigned	Former alarm converted into event.
COM SA, CLM Cluster Node Unavailable	Former alarm converted into event.

3.1.2.4 Counters

There are no changed, deleted, deprecated, obsolete, or new counters in vMRF 1.1.

3.2 Interfaces in vMRF 1.2

This section describes interface changes introduced in vMRF 1.2.

3.2.1 Inter-node Interfaces

There are no changes to the inter-node interfaces in vMRF 1.2.



3.2.2 Operation and Maintenance

This section describes changes to attributes, alarms, events and notifications, triggers, and counters.

3.2.2.1 Configuration

This section lists changes in attributes. There are no changed, deprecated, obsolete, or new attributes.

3.2.2.2 Fault Management

This section lists changes in alarms. There are no new, changed or deleted alarms.

3.2.2.3 Events and Notifications

This section lists changes in events and notifications. There are no new, changed or deleted events and notifications.

3.2.3 Counters

There are no changed, deleted, deprecated, obsolete, or new counters in vMRF 1.2.



4 Summary of Impacts per Feature

This section summarizes the impact per feature when the feature is turned on.

The description of impact is as follows:

- **Major Impact** means that the feature has done an incompatible change so that another node requires an update.
- **Minor Impact** means that the feature has caused changes that affect other nodes, but with extra configuration, the previous behavior can be kept.
- **No Impact** means that the feature has no impact on the system.

A summary of impacts per feature is shown in Table 6.

Table 6 Summary of Impacts per Feature

Feature	Impact	Basic or Optional New or Enhanced	Feature Number	Relation to Other Features or Nodes	Release of Feature Introduction
IP Interconnect: Media Stream Processing Enhancements	No Impact	Basic, Enhanced	FAJ 801 0880	None	vMRF 1.1
Network-redundant upgrade method	No Impact	New, Optional	–	None	vMRF 1.2
Workflow-based VNF operations	No Impact	New, Optional	–	None	



5 Impact on vMRF Features

This section shows the impact on the vMRF features when the feature is turned on.

5.1 Impact on vMRF Features from vMRF 1.0 to vMRF 1.1

5.1.1 Media Stream Processing Enhancements

5.1.1.1 Description

In vMRF 1.1 the G.722 audio codec has been introduced. The G.722 codec operates at a sampling rate of 16 kHz and offers audio bandwidth ranging from 50 Hz up to 7 kHz. The G.722 codec supports Packet Loss Concealment (PLC).

In vMRF 1.1 adaptive jitter service has been introduced. In the beginning of the call the jitter buffer size is always the configured initial jitter buffer size, but during the call the jitter buffer size adapts to the measured jitter. Static jitter service is not supported in vMRF 1.1.

5.1.2 Troubleshooting Enhancements

5.1.2.1 Description

In vMRF 1.1 the h.248 error codes are now expanded with descriptive text strings.

In vMRF 1.1 hanging termination notification towards the controlling server has been introduced.

5.2 Impact on vMRF Features from vMRF 1.1 to vMRF 1.2

5.2.1 Upgrade Method Enhancements

5.2.1.1 Description

In vMRF 1.2 the network-redundant upgrade method has been introduced. Network-redundant upgrade can be performed when two vMRF VNFs are available in parallel during normal operation. During the upgrade procedure, one of them is upgraded to the new version, while the other one handles traffic uninterrupted.



5.2.2 Workflow-based VNF Life Cycle Management

5.2.2.1 Description

In vMRF 1.2 the workflow-based VNF Life Cycle Management (VNF-LCM) has been introduced as a primary method for VNF cluster management. The following workflow-based procedures are supported in vMRF 1.2:

- Instantiation
- Scaling (scale-in, scale-out)
- Termination

Scaling and termination of a vMRF VNF using VNF-LCM is only supported if the vMRF was instantiated using the LCM workflow. Manual scaling and the removal of the cluster must be performed only if the vMRF VNF was deployed manually.