

Storage Engine, Unable to Synchronize Cluster in DS, Major

Ericsson Centralized User Database

OPERATING INSTRUCTION

Copyright

© Ericsson AB 2017. All rights reserved. No part of this document may be reproduced in any form without the written permission of the copyright owner.

Disclaimer

The contents of this document are subject to revision without notice due to continued progress in methodology, design and manufacturing. Ericsson shall have no liability for any error or damage of any kind resulting from the use of this document.

Trademark List

All trademarks mentioned herein are the property of their respective owners. These are shown in the document Trademark Information.



Contents

1	Introduction	1
1.1	Alarm Description	1
1.2	Prerequisites	3
2	Procedure	5
	Glossary	7
	Reference List	9



Storage Engine, Unable to Synchronize Cluster in DS, Major



1 Introduction

This instruction concerns alarm handling for the *Storage Engine, Unable to Synchronize Cluster in DS, Major alarm*.

1.1 Alarm Description

This alarm is issued when a slave replica is not able to sync data with the Data Store (DS) Unit Group (DSG) master replica.

The alarm is issued in the following situations:

- Replication information in the master replica has been removed or purged.
- There is a mismatch between the local and the remote replication information.
- Slave server has no replication information about the master server.
- Automatic Handling of Network Isolation was not executed.
- Self-Ordered Backup and Restore failed.

If the CUDB system enters a state in which no master replica can be reached from the current node for this DSG, then this alarm is cleared automatically, and the *Storage Engine, No Available Master Replica for DS*, Reference [2] alarm is raised.

The possible alarm causes and the corresponding fault reasons, fault locations, and impacts are described in Table 1.

Table 1 Alarm Causes

Alarm Cause	Description	Fault Reason	Fault Location	Impact
Replication information in the master replica has been removed or purged.	Operational log index or operational log files in master replica are missing. Or operational log index is inconsistent.	Operational log index or operational log files in master replica have been removed or purged. Or operational log index table was found inconsistent after starting or restarting the master server. Inconsistency could have been caused by a non-graceful stop of the running process or a file system error.	Master replica server.	Loss of geographical redundancy.

**Table 1 Alarm Causes**

Alarm Cause	Description	Fault Reason	Fault Location	Impact
There is a mismatch between the local and the remote replication information.	There is a mismatch between the local operational log time stamp and the remote operational log one.	Mastership change during non-replicated transaction (like traffic updates or provisioning) accompanied with reconciliation process on new master replica server. Replication process cannot start once the former master is rejoined (not necessarily working) because the new master server does not have correct (enough) time stamp information.	Both replica servers.	Loss of geographical redundancy.
Slave server has no replication information about the master server.	Slave replica server has no replication information about master replica server.	Daemon serving remote master replica server is missing or has been killed (both instances).	Slave replica server.	Loss of geographical redundancy.
Automatic Handling of Network Isolation was not executed.	It was not possible to execute the Selective Replica Check task, or the Selective Replica Check fails to retrieve all applicable entries.	Rescuing non-replicated data from former master has failed.	Both replica servers.	Loss of geographical redundancy.
Self-Ordered Backup and Restore failed.	It was not possible to restore the replication automatically.	The automatic backup and restore task has failed during either the backup creation, backup transfer or slave replica restore.	Both replica servers.	Loss of geographical redundancy.

Note: An alarm can appear as a result of maintenance activity.

The following are the consequences for the node if the alarm is not solved: Partial or complete loss of geographical redundancy since the alarm was raised. Take into account that complete loss of redundancy occurs for Double Geographical Redundancy or Triple Geographical Redundancy if the alarm is raised on both slave replica servers.

The alarm attributes are listed and explained in Table 2.

Table 2 Alarm Attributes

Attribute Name	Attribute Value
Auto Cease	Yes
Module	STORAGE-ENGINE
Error Code	1
Timestamp First	Date and time when the alarm was raised for the first time.
Repeated Counter	Number which indicates how many times the alarm was raised.
Timestamp Last	Date and time of the most recent alarm raised.
Resource ID	.1.3.6.1.4.1.193.169.1.2.1.<DG>



Attribute Name	Attribute Value
Alarm Model Description	Unable to synchronize cluster, Storage Engine.
Alarm Active Description	Storage Engine (DS-group #<DG>): Synchronization to current master impossible. <add_info> (task <taskid>, time <Timestamp> - <DateTime>).
ITU Alarm Event Type	qualityOfServiceAlarm (3)
ITU Alarm Probable Cause	equipmentMalfunction (514)
ITU Alarm Perceived Severity	(4) - Major
Originating Source IP	Node ID where the alarm was raised.
Sequence Number	Number which indicates the order in which alarms were raised.

In Table 2, the indicated variables are as follows:

- <DG> is the DSG this cluster belongs to.
- <add_info> is an optional additional description field showing up when the Automatic Handling of Network Isolation or the Self-Ordered Backup and Restore process has failed.

Its value is either an empty string, “It was not possible to execute Selective Replica Check”, or “Self-Ordered Backup and Restore failed”.
- <taskid> is a Selective Replica Check task identifier based on the Automatic Handling of Network Isolation activity start time.
- <Timestamp> is the Unix time representing the time of the incident, that is, the time stamp used to determine which events from the operational logs of the former master were analyzed.
- <DateTime> is a human-readable representation of <Timestamp>, shown as local time of the node raising the alarm.

Note: <taskid>, <Timestamp>, and <DateTime> are not shown in case of Self-Ordered Backup and Restore.

For further information about attribute descriptions, refer to *CUDB Node Fault Management Configuration Guide*, Reference [1].

1.2 Prerequisites

This section provides information on the documents, tools, and conditions that apply to the procedure.



1.2.1 Documents

Before starting this procedure, ensure that you have read the following documents:

- *CUDB Node Fault Management Configuration Guide*, Reference [1], regarding alarm configuration.
- *System Safety Information*, Reference [6].
- *Personal Health and Safety Information*, Reference [7].

1.2.2 Tools

Not applicable.

1.2.3 Conditions

Not applicable.



2 Procedure

If the Storage Engine, Unable to Synchronize Cluster in DS, Major alarm is cleared automatically, check if the Storage Engine, No Available Master Replica for DS alarm is raised. If yes, follow the procedure in *Storage Engine, No Available Master Replica for DS*, Reference [2].

If the alarm is not cleared in a short period of time, perform the following steps:

1. Perform a new backup in the master DS of the CUDB node where the master replica is located and restore it in the faulty CUDB node. To find out, where the master replicas are, refer to *CUDB System Administrator Guide*, Reference [3]. For further information about the data backup and restore procedure, refer to *CUDB Backup and Restore Procedures*, Reference [4].

Take into account that replication starts automatically after a successful restore.

2. If the alarm is not ceased, consult the next level of maintenance support. Further actions are outside the scope of this Operating Instruction.



Storage Engine, Unable to Synchronize Cluster in DS, Major



Glossary

For the terms, definitions, acronyms, and abbreviations used in this document, refer to *CUDB Glossary of Terms and Acronyms*, Reference [5].



Storage Engine, Unable to Synchronize Cluster in DS, Major



Reference List

CUDB Documents

- [1] *CUDB Node Fault Management Configuration Guide*
- [2] *Storage Engine, No Available Master Replica for DS*
- [3] *CUDB System Administrator Guide*
- [4] *CUDB Backup and Restore Procedures*
- [5] *CUDB Glossary of Terms and Acronyms*

Other Ericsson Documents

- [6] *System Safety Information*
- [7] *Personal Health and Safety Information*