



**Hitachi TagmaStore®
Adaptable Modular Storage
and Workgroup Modular Storage
Cache Residency Manager Software
User's Guide**

© 2007 Hitachi, Ltd., Hitachi Data Systems Corporation, ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

Notice: No part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and recording, or stored in a database or retrieval system for any purpose without the express written permission of Hitachi Data Systems Corporation (hereinafter referred to as “Hitachi Data Systems”).

Hitachi Data Systems reserves the right to make changes to this document at any time without notice and assumes no responsibility for its use. Hitachi Data Systems products and services can only be ordered under the terms and conditions of Hitachi Data Systems’ applicable agreements. All of the features described in this document may not be currently available. Refer to the most recent product announcement or contact your local Hitachi Data Systems sales office for information on feature and product availability.

This document contains the most current information available at the time of publication. When new and/or revised information becomes available, this entire document will be updated and distributed to all registered users.

Trademarks

Hitachi Data Systems is a registered trademark and service mark of Hitachi, Ltd., and the Hitachi Data Systems design mark is a trademark and service mark of Hitachi, Ltd.

Hitachi TagmaStore is a trademark of Hitachi Data Systems Corporation.

All other brand or product names are or may be trademarks or service marks of and are used to identify products or services of their respective owners.

Notice of Export Controls

Export of technical data contained in this document may require an export license from the United States government and/or the government of Japan. Please contact the Hitachi Data Systems Legal Department for any export compliance questions.

Document Revision Level

Revision	Date	Description
MK-95DF716-00	June 2005	Initial Release
MK-95DF716-01	August 2005	Revision 1, supersedes and replaces MK-95DF716-00
MK-95DF716-02	October 2005	Revision 2, supersedes and replaces MK-95DF716-01
MK-95DF716-03	February 2006	Revision 3, supersedes and replaces MK-95DF716-02
MK-95DF716-04	April 2006	Revision 4, supersedes and replaces MK-95DF716-03
MK-95DF716-05	May 2006	Revision 5 supersedes and replaces MK-95DF716-04
MK-95DF716-06	May 2006	Revision 6 supersedes and replaces MK-95DF716-05
MK-95DF716-07	July 2006	Revision 7 supersedes and replaces MK-95DF716-06
MK-95DF716-08	October 2006	Revision 8 supersedes and replaces MK-95DF716-07
MK-95DF716-09	February 2007	Revision 9 supersedes and replaces MK-95DF716-08

Source Documents for this Revision

- *Hitachi Freedom Storage™ Thunder 9500™ V Series FlashAccess 9500 V User's Guide*
- *Cache Residency Manager User's Guide (DF700), Candidate of Final*, K6603140 (Hitachi Ltd. source document)
- *Cache Residency Manager User's Guide (DF700), Final*, K6603140 (Hitachi Ltd. source document)
- RSD-MKDF716-P1 (Hitachi review of this document)
- RSD-95DF716-R01a
- RSD-95DF716-R01
- RSD-95df716-02
- RSD-95DF716-02a
- RSD-95DF716-03a
- RSD-95DF716-04a
- RSD-95DF716-04b
- *Cache Residency Manager User's Guide (DF700), Candidate of Final*, K6603140 (Hitachi Ltd. source document)
- RSD-95DF716-04_1

Changes in this Revision

- Added figure cross references to the text.

Preface

This document describes and provides instructions for installing and using the Cache Residency Manager function for the Hitachi TagmaStore™ AMS (hereafter referred to as AMS) subsystem. Before using the Cache Residency Manager, read the operating procedures and notices included in this document.

This document assumes the following:

- The user has a background in data processing and understands direct-access storage device (DASD) subsystems and their basic functions.
- The user is familiar with the Hitachi TagmaStore AMS subsystem.
- The user has read and understands the User Guide for the Hitachi subsystem (*Hitachi TagmaStore Adaptable Modular Storage Navigator Modular for GUI User's Guide*, MK-95DF711).

Note: Cache Residency Manager is the name for the former FlashAccess (Flash Data Access).

Note: The use of Cache Residency Manager and all other Hitachi Data Systems products is governed by your agreement(s) with Hitachi Data Systems.

Microcode Version

This document revision applies to TagmaStore AMS/WMS version 7.0/A and higher.

Convention for Storage Capacity Values

Storage capacity values for logical units (LUs) are calculated based on the following values:

- 1 KB (kilobyte) = 1,024 bytes
- 1 MB (megabyte) = 1,024² bytes
- 1 GB (gigabyte) = 1,024³ bytes
- 1 TB (terabyte) = 1,024⁴ bytes

Referenced Documents

- *Hitachi TagmaStore™ Adaptable Modular Storage Navigator Modular for Web User's Guide*, MK-95DF719
- *Storage Navigator Modular (for GUI) User's Guide*, MK-95DF711
- *Hitachi TagmaStore™ Adaptable Modular Storage Cache Partition Manager User's Guide*, MK-95DF720

Comments

Please send us your comments on this document. Make sure to include the document title, number, and revision. Please refer to specific section(s) and paragraph(s) whenever possible.

- E-mail: doc.comments@hds.com
- Fax: 858-695-1186
- Mail:
Technical Writing, M/S 35-10
Hitachi Data Systems
10277 Scripps Ranch Blvd.
San Diego, CA 92131

Thank you! (All comments become the property of Hitachi Data Systems Corporation.)

Contents

Chapter 1	Overview of Cache Residency Manager	1
Chapter 2	Cache Residency Manager Functions	3
2.1	Cache Residency Manager Characteristics	4
2.2	Conditions that Terminate the Cache Residency Manager Operation	6
2.3	Conditions that Disable the Cache Residency Manager Operation	7
Chapter 3	Installing and Uninstalling Cache Residency Manager	9
3.1	Installing Cache Residency Manager	10
3.2	Uninstalling Cache Residency Manager	18
3.3	Enabling or Disabling Cache Residency Manager	22
Chapter 4	Setting/Referring/Canceling LUs with Cache Residency Manager	25
Chapter 5	LU Capacity with Cache Residency Manager	31
Chapter 6	Troubleshooting	35
6.1	Troubleshooting	35
6.2	Calling the Hitachi Data Systems Technical Support Center	36
Appendix A	Cache Residency Manager Operations Using CLI	37
A.1	Installing Cache Residency Manager	38
A.2	Uninstallation	40
A.3	Enabling or Disabling Cache Residency Manager	42
A.4	Setting/Referring/Canceling LUs with Cache Residency Manager	43
Acronyms and Abbreviations	45
Index	51

List of Figures

Figure 1.1	Cache Residency Manager Overview	1
Figure 3.1	Array System Viewer Window (Logical Status Tab)	11
Figure 3.2	Install/Unlock Options Dialog Box	12
Figure 3.3	Options Selection Dialog Box	12
Figure 3.4	The Install/Unlock Confirmation Request Message	13
Figure 3.5	Result Dialog Box	14
Figure 3.6	Reboot Dialog Box	15
Figure 3.7	Array System Viewer Window (Logical Status Tab)	17
Figure 3.8	De-install/Lock Options Dialog Box	18
Figure 3.9	Lock Confirmation Request Message	19
Figure 3.10	The Lock Confirmation Message	20
Figure 3.11	Reboot Dialog Box	20
Figure 3.12	Successful Restart	21
Figure 3.13	Confirmation Message	22
Figure 3.14	Reboot Dialog Box	23
Figure 3.15	Successful Restart	23
Figure 3.16	Array System Viewer Window (Logical Status Tab: Option Disable)	24
Figure 4.1	Array System Viewer Window (Cache Residency)	26
Figure 4.2	Cache Residency Dialog Box	26
Figure 4.3	Select Logical Unit Dialog Box	27
Figure 4.4	Cache Residency Manager Information Message-1	27
Figure 4.5	Reboot Dialog Box	29

List of Tables

Table 2.1	Conditions Necessary for Cache Residency Manager	5
Table 2.2	Restrictions Configuration for Cache Residency Manager	5
Table 2.3	Conditions that Terminate the Cache Residency Manager Operation	6
Table 2.4	Conditions that Terminate Cache Residency Manager Operation	7
Table 5.1	Supported Capacity of Cache Residency LU (Cache Partition Manager and Snapshot/TCE Invalid).....	31
Table 5.2	Supported Capacity of Cache Residency LU (Cache Partition Manager is Invalid and Snapshot /TCE is Valid)	32
Table 5.3	Supported Capacity of Cache Residency LU (Cache Partition Manager Valid) ..	33

Chapter 1 Overview of Cache Residency Manager

The Cache Residency Manager function ensures that all data in a Logical Unit (LU) is stored in cache memory. All read/write commands to the LU can be executed at a 100% cache hit rate without accessing the drive. The system throughput is improved when this function is applied to an LU that contains data that is accessed frequently because no latency period is needed to access the disk drive.

As shown in Figure 1.1, part of the cache memory installed in the controller is used for the Cache Residency Manager function. Cache memory uses a battery backup on both controllers. The data is duplicated on each controller for safety against power failure and cache package failure, etc.

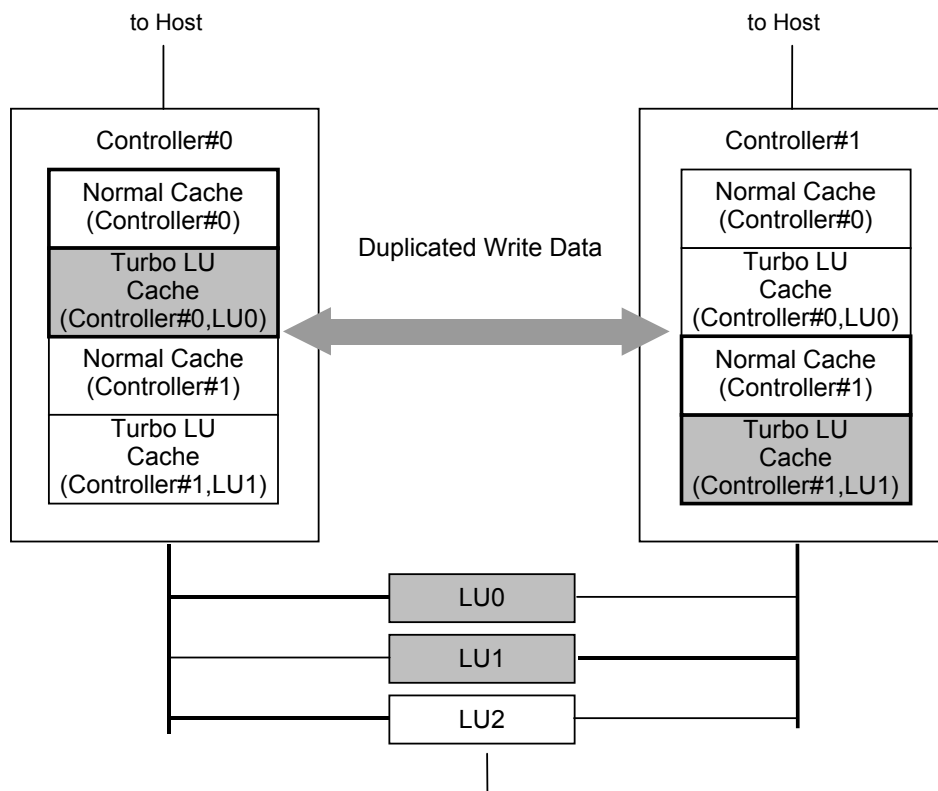


Figure 1.1 Cache Residency Manager Overview

Note: Cache Residency Manager requires initial preplanning because of rules regarding cache capacity (see Chapter 5).

Chapter 2 Cache Residency Manager Functions

This chapter includes the following:

- Cache Residency Manager Characteristics (section 2.1)
- Conditions that Terminate the Cache Residency Manager Operation (section 2.2)
- Conditions that Disable the Cache Residency Manager Operation (section 2.3)

2.1 Cache Residency Manager Characteristics

The controller executes read/write commands to the LU using the Cache Residency Manager function as follows:

- Read data accessed by the host is stored in the cache memory until the subsystem is turned off. Subsequent host access to the previously accessed area will transfer from the cache memory without accessing the disk drives.
- Write data from the host is stored in the cache memory and not written to disk drives until the subsystem is turned off.
- The cache memory uses a battery backup and the write data is duplicated (stored in the cache memory on both controllers).
- Write data stored in the cache memory is written to disk drives when the subsystem is turned off and when the Cache Residency Manager operation is stopped by failures.

As described previously, read/write commands to the LU with the Cache Residency Manager function can be processed without a substantial delay. The internal controller operation is the same as that of commands issued to other LUs, except that the read/write command to the LU with the Cache Residency Manager function can be transferred from/to the cache memory without accessing the disk drives.

A delay may happen in the following cases even if the Cache Residency Manager function is applied to the LU:

- The command execution may wait for the completion of commands issued to other LUs.
- The command execution may wait for the completion of commands other than read/write commands (such as the `mode select` command) issued to the same LU.
- The command execution may wait for the completion of processing for internal operation such as data reconstruction, etc.

The following sections detail the conditions that permit or prevent (halt) Cache Residency Manager operations.

To use Cache Residency Manager, all of the conditions listed in Table 2.1 must be met. Table 2.2 lists the restrictions configuration for Cache Residency Manager.

Table 2.1 Conditions Necessary for Cache Residency Manager

No.	Item	Conditions	Remarks
1	Controller Configuration	Dual Controller configuration and controller is not blockade.	
2	RAID Level	RAID 5, RAID 6, or RAID 1+0	
3	Cache Partition	Only the LU belonging to a master partition.	
4	LU Size	To be resident able LU size.	For details, see Chapter 5.
5	Number of LUs with Cache Residency Function	1/controller (2/subsystems).	

Table 2.2 Restrictions Configuration for Cache Residency Manager

No.	Item	Conditions	Remarks
1	Changing of the default controller to a Cache Residency LU	Not available.	It is necessary to cancel a Cache Residency LU once.
2	Concurrent use of Snapshot	The LU specified for Cache Residency Manager (LU cache residence) cannot be set to P-VOL, V-VOL, or POOL.	When concurrent use of Snapshot, a capacity of an LU that can be specified as a Cache Residency is limited. For details see Chapter 5.
3	Concurrent use of TCE	The LU specified for Cache Residency Manager (LU cache residence) cannot be set to P-VOL, S-VOL, or POOL.	With the concurrent use of TCE, the LU capacity that can be specified as a Cache Residency is limited. For details see Chapter 5.
4	Concurrent use of Cache Partition Manager	Cache Residency Manager and Cache Partition Manager can be used together simultaneously, but you cannot change an affiliation partition to Cache Residency LU.	Once Cache Residency LU is cancelled, it is necessary to re-set up. Refer to the Cache Partition Manager User's Guide for the details of the operation to a partition.
5	Concurrent use of Volume Migration	Cache Residency Manager and Volume Migration can be used simultaneously, but the LU specified for Cache Residency Manager (LU cache residence) cannot be set to P-VOL or S-VOL.	Once Cache Residency LU is cancelled, it is necessary to re-set up.

2.2 Conditions that Terminate the Cache Residency Manager Operation

When the subsystem is working properly, the Cache Residency Manager operation continues until the subsystem is powered-off. If the configuration changes or failures listed in Table 2.3 occur, the Cache Residency Manager operation will stop.

Table 2.3 Conditions that Terminate the Cache Residency Manager Operation

No.	Conditions	Remarks
1	When the subsystem is powered off.	Normal case
2	When the cache capacity is changed and the available capacity of the cache memory is less than the LU size.	Cache uninstallation
3	When a controller failure occurs.	Failures
4	When the battery alarm occurs.	
5	When a battery backup circuit failure occurs.	
6	When the number of the PIN data (data unable to be written to disk drives because of some failures) exceeded the threshold value.	

The Cache Residency Manager operation will be restarted after failures are corrected.

2.3 Conditions that Disable the Cache Residency Manager Operation

The Cache Residency Manager operation is disabled under the conditions listed in Table 2.4.

Note: Pay special attention when you change the configuration of the subsystem and reset the LU with Cache Residency Manager.

Table 2.4 Conditions that Terminate Cache Residency Manager Operation

No.	Conditions	Remarks
1	When the setting of Cache Residency Manager is cleared.	All of these conditions are caused by the operator.
2	When Cache Residency Manager is disabled or uninstalled (locked).	
3	When the LU with Cache Residency Manager is deleted, or the RAID group of the LU is deleted.	
4	When the controller configuration is changed (Dual to/from Single).	

Note: When the controller configuration is changed from single to dual after setting up Cache Residency LU, the Cache Residency LU will be cancelled. You may open the Cache Residency Manager in single configuration, but setup or operation cannot be performed.

Chapter 3 Installing and Uninstalling Cache Residency Manager

This chapter provides instructions for installing, uninstalling, enabling and disabling Cache Residency Manager using the GUI version of Storage Navigator Modular (Storage Navigator).

Note: When installing or uninstalling Cache Residency Manager where the disk array subsystem is used on a TrueCopy or TCE remote site, the following occurs when the disk array subsystem is restarted:

- Both paths of TrueCopy or TCE are blocked. When a path is blocked, a TRAP (notification to the SNMP Agent Support Function) occurs. Should this occur, notify all affected departments immediately. A blocked path of TrueCopy or TCE recovers automatically when the subsystem is restarted.
- The pair status of TrueCopy or TCE is PAIR or COPY changes to PSUE.

When you restart the disk array subsystem, install or uninstall Cache Residency Manager **after** changing the pair status of TrueCopy or TCE to PSUS.

For details on installing Cache Residency Manager using CLI, see Appendix A. To use Cache Residency Manager, you must install it and make its functions selectable (unlocked). To install Cache Residency Manager, the key code or key file provided with the optional feature is required.

Notes:

- Installing, uninstalling, enabling, and disabling of the Cache Residency Manager function is set for each disk array subsystem.
- Before installing and uninstalling, make sure that the subsystem is in normal operating condition. If a failure (such as a controller blockade) has occurred, installation and uninstallation operations cannot be performed.
- If you install, uninstall, enable, or disable the Cache Residency Manager on a subsystem connected to a NAS, you must also stop the clusters between the NAS units. When restarting the subsystem, you must restart the clusters.

3.1 Installing Cache Residency Manager

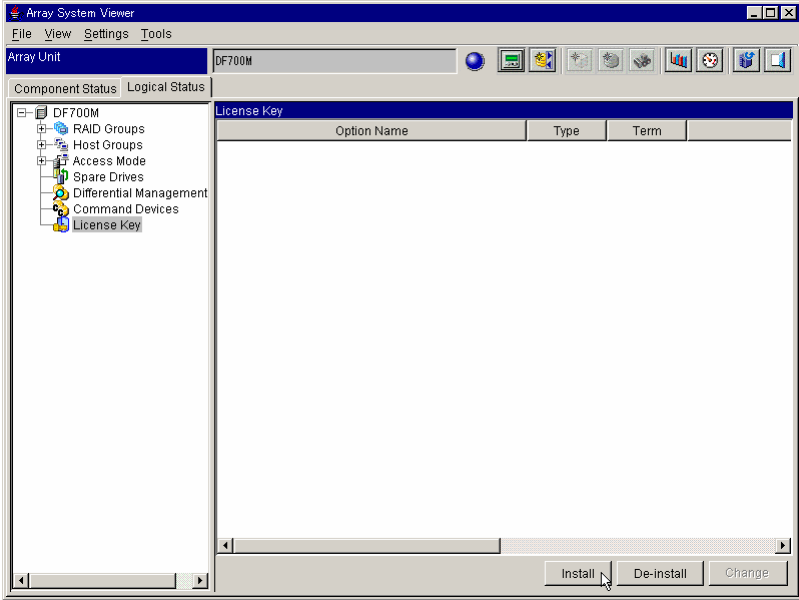
To install Cache Residency Manager using the GUI version of Storage Navigator:

1. Start Storage Navigator and switch to **Management Mode**.
2. Register the subsystem in which you will install Cache Residency Manager, and connect to that subsystem.

The **Array System Viewer** window appears and displays the connected subsystem.

3. Click the **Logical Status** tab.
4. Click the **License Key** icon (see Figure 3.1).

Storage Navigator version 5.0 or later



Storage Navigator versions earlier than 5.0

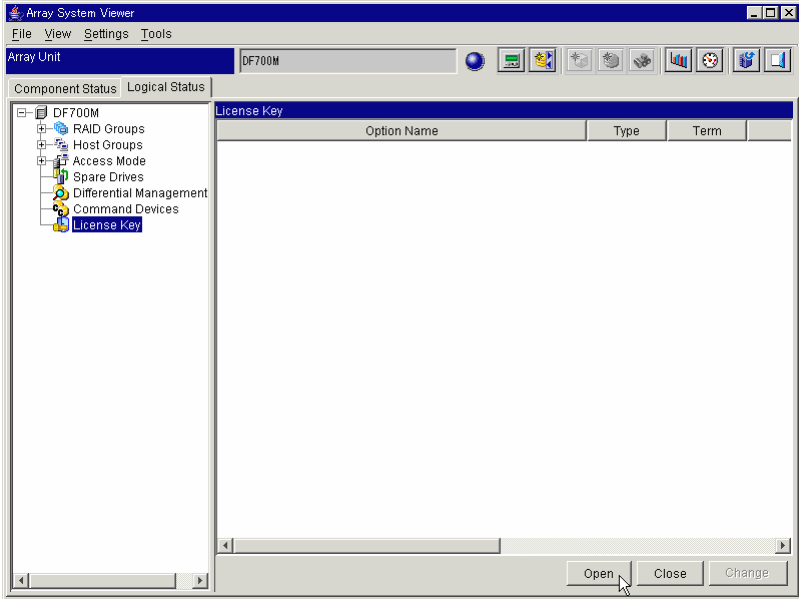
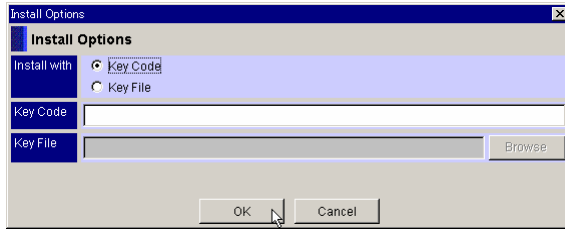


Figure 3.1 Array System Viewer Window (Logical Status Tab)

- 5. Click **Install**. (Storage Navigator version 5.0 or later)
 The **Install Options** dialog box displays (see Figure 3.2).
 Click **Open**. (Storage Navigator versions earlier than 5.0)
 The **Unlock Options** dialog box displays (see Figure 3.2).
 Storage Navigator version 5.0 or later



Storage Navigator versions earlier than 5.0

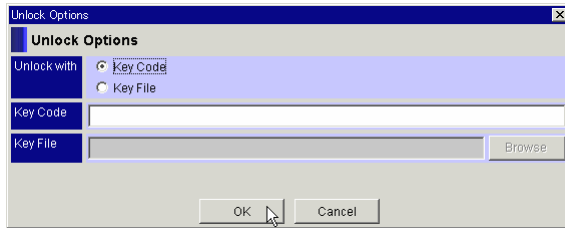


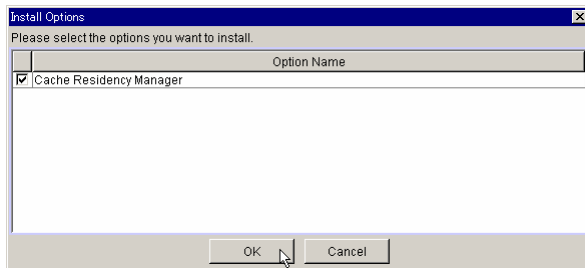
Figure 3.2 Install/Unlock Options Dialog Box

6. To install the option using the key code, click the **Key Code** radio button, then set up the key code. To install the options using the key file, click the **Key File** radio button, and then set up the path for the key file. Click **OK**.

Use **Browse** to set the path to a key file.

7. When you install the options using the key file, the **Options Selection** dialog box displays (see Figure 3.3). Select the desired **Option Name** and click **OK**.

Storage Navigator version 5.0 or later



Storage Navigator versions earlier than 5.0

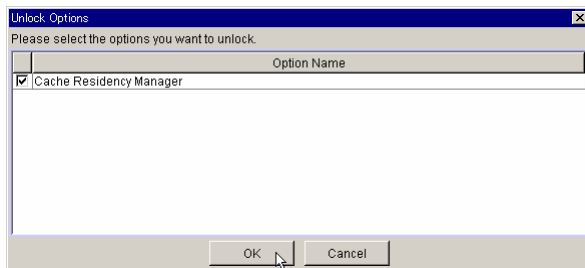
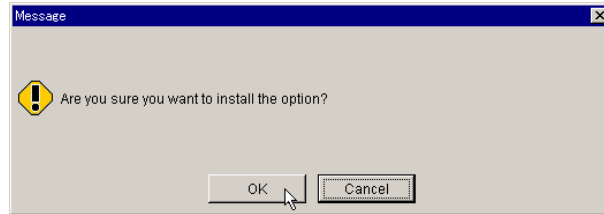


Figure 3.3 Options Selection Dialog Box

8. A screen appears requesting a confirmation to install the **Cache Residency Manager** option. Click **OK** (see Figure 3.4).

Storage Navigator version 5.0 or later



Storage Navigator versions earlier than 5.0

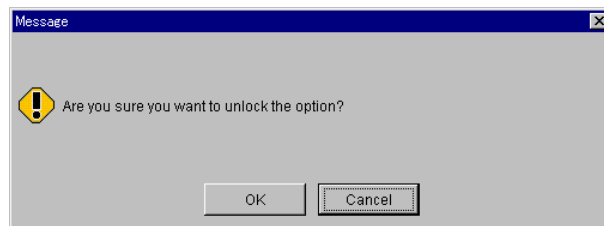
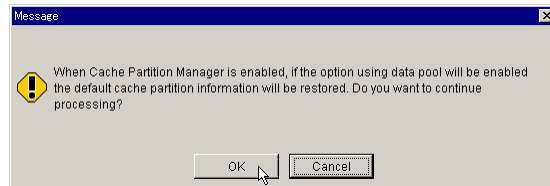


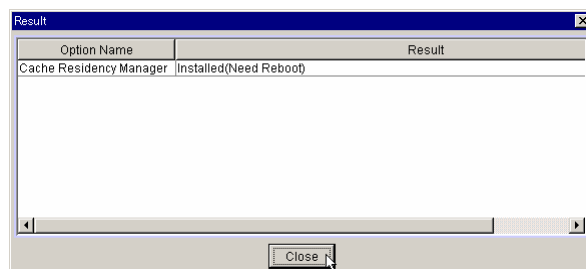
Figure 3.4 The Install/Unlock Confirmation Request Message

9. When Storage Navigator version is 3.00 or later and Cache Partition Manager is enabled, the following message displays. Because Cache Residency Manager does not use the data pool, click the **OK** button.



10. When you install the options using the key file, the **Result** dialog box displays (see Figure 3.5) Click **Close**.

Storage Navigator version 5.0 or later



Storage Navigator versions earlier than 5.0

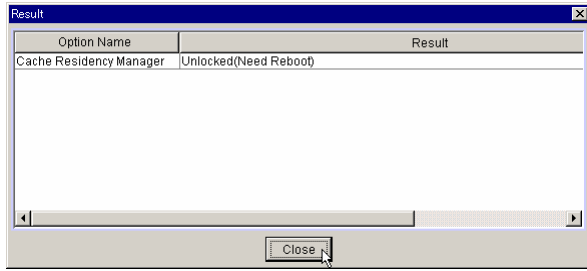
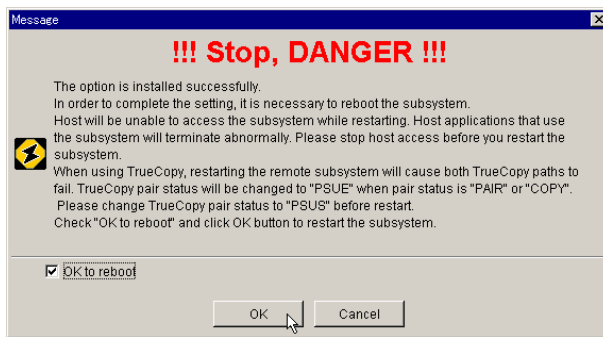
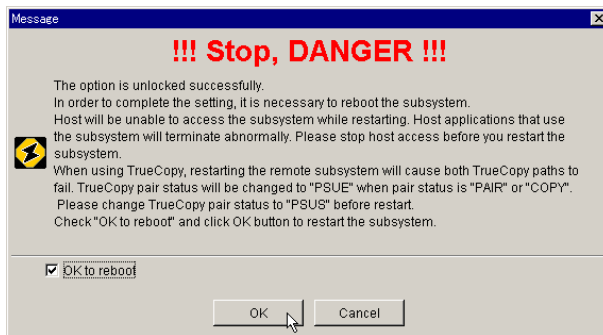


Figure 3.5 Result Dialog Box

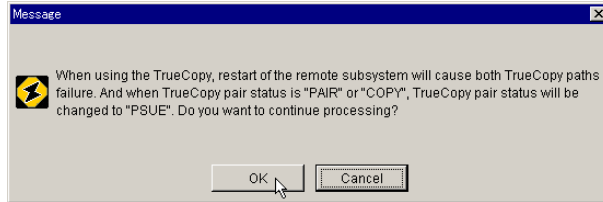
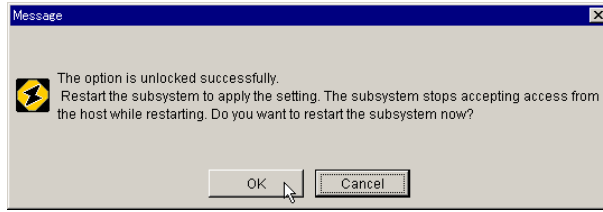
11. A message appears confirming that this optional feature is installed. Click OK.
Storage Navigator version 5.0 or later



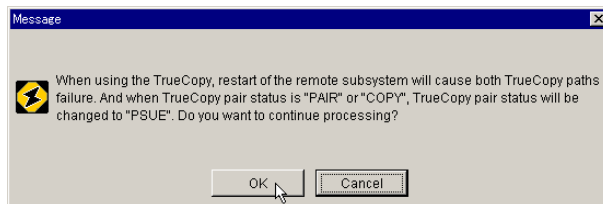
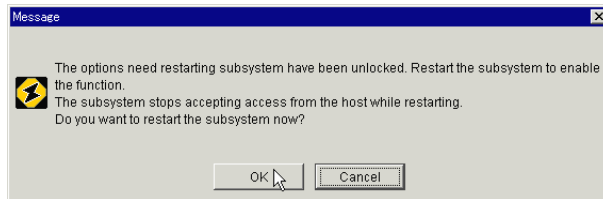
Storage Navigator: version 4.03 or later



Storage Navigator: versions earlier than 4.03 (case by key code)



Storage Navigator: versions earlier than 4.03 (case by key file)



Note: To install the option, restart the subsystem. The feature will close upon restarting the subsystem. The subsystem cannot access the host until the reboot is completed and the system restarts. Make sure that the host has stopped accessing data before beginning the restart process.

When you restart the subsystem, the time the restart began is displayed. Restart usually takes from 4 to 15 minutes (see Figure 3.6).

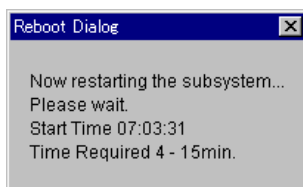
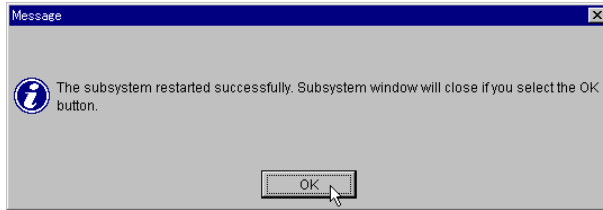


Figure 3.6 Reboot Dialog Box

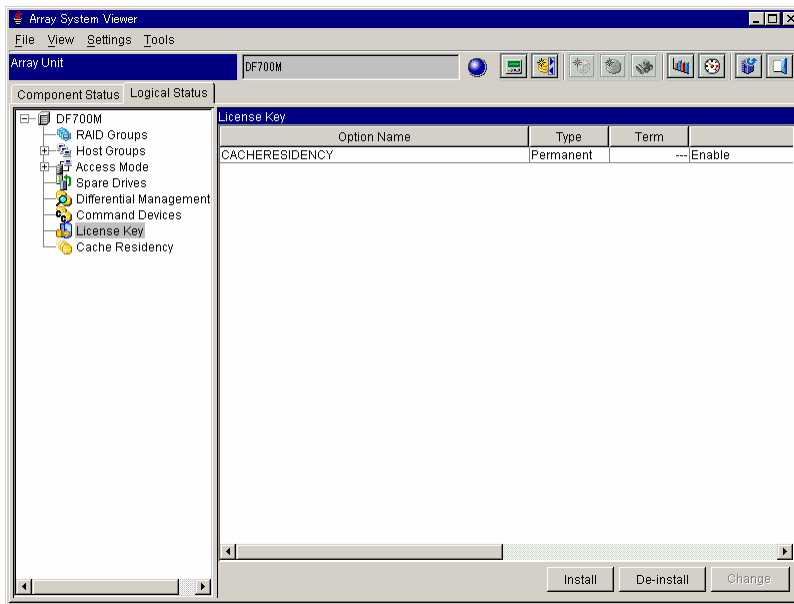
Note: It may take time for the subsystem to respond, depending upon the condition of the subsystem. If it does not respond after 15 minutes or more, check the condition of the subsystem.

12. A message appears stating that the restart is successful. Click the **OK** button.



The Unit screen is closed. To perform other operations on the Main screen, select a subsystem from the Main screen, and open the selected Unit screen (see Figure 3.7).

Storage Navigator version 5.0 or later



Storage Navigator versions earlier than 5.0

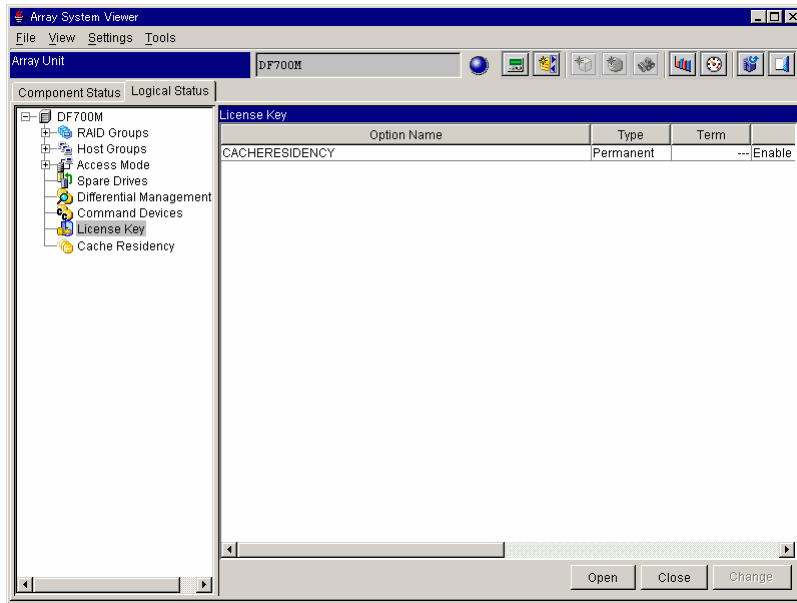


Figure 3.7 Array System Viewer Window (Logical Status Tab)

3.2 Uninstalling Cache Residency Manager

To uninstall Cache Residency Manager using the GUI version of Storage Navigator:

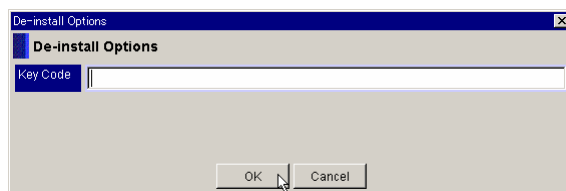
1. Start Storage Navigator and switch to **Management Mode**.
2. Register the subsystem in which you will uninstall the Cache Residency Manager function, and connect to that registered subsystem.

A unit window for the connected subsystem will be displayed.

3. Click the **Logical Status** tab.
4. Click the **License Key** icon (see Figure 3.7).
5. Click **De-install**. (Storage Navigator version 5.0 or later)
The **De-install Options** dialog box displays (see Figure 3.8).

Click **Close**. (Storage Navigator versions earlier than 5.0)

The **Lock Options** dialog box displays (see Figure 3.8).
Storage Navigator version 5.0 or later



Storage Navigator versions earlier than 5.0

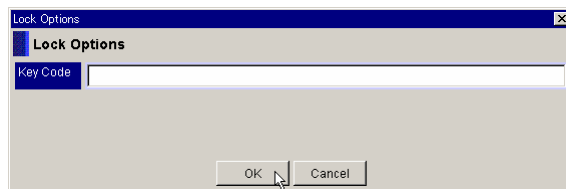
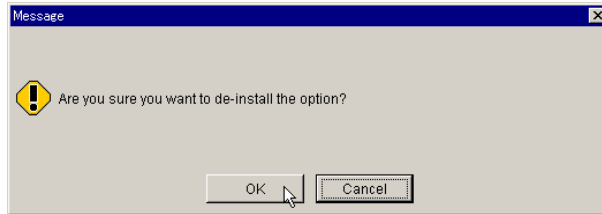


Figure 3.8 De-install/Lock Options Dialog Box

6. Enter a **key code** in the text box and click **OK**.

7. A message appears requesting a confirmation to uninstall the **Cache Residency Manager** option. Click **OK** (see Figure 3.9).

Storage Navigator version 5.0 or later



Storage Navigator versions earlier than 5.0

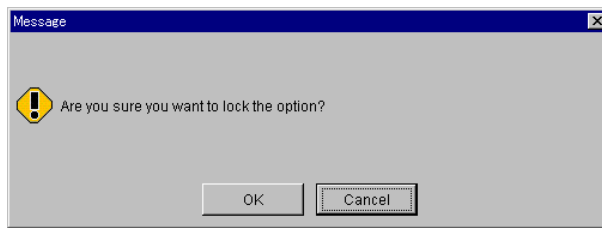
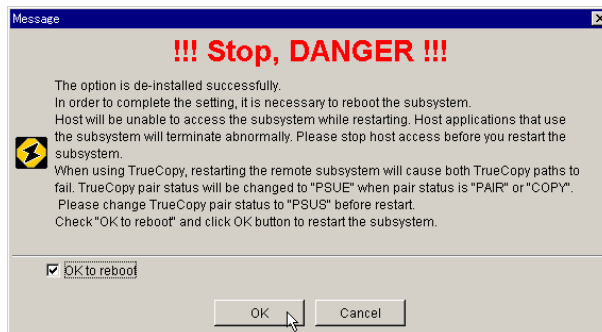


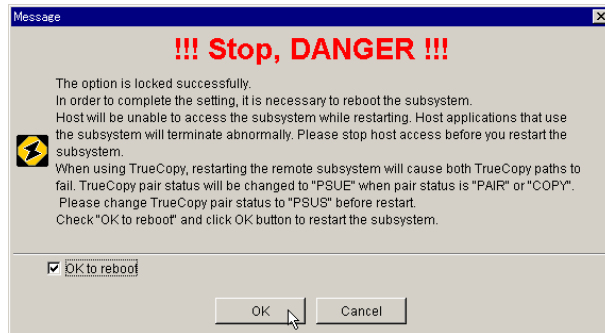
Figure 3.9 Lock Confirmation Request Message

8. A message appears confirming that this optional feature is uninstalled. Click **OK** (see Figure 3.10).

Storage Navigator version 5.0 or later



Storage Navigator: version 4.03 or later



Storage Navigator: versions earlier than 4.03

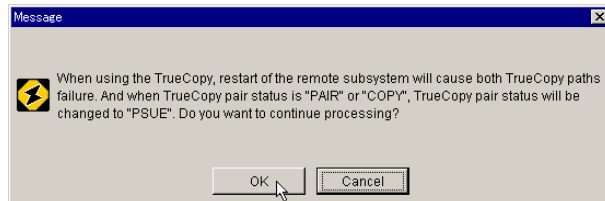
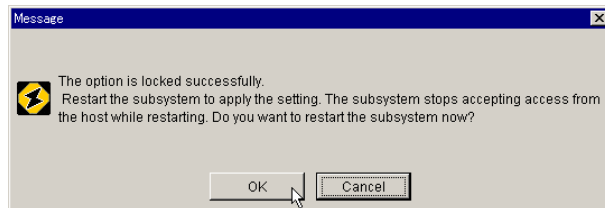


Figure 3.10 The Lock Confirmation Message

Note: To uninstall the option that you have operated, restart the subsystem. The feature will close upon restarting the subsystem. The subsystem cannot access the host until the reboot is completed and the system restarts. Make sure that the host has stopped accessing data before beginning the restart process.

When you restart the subsystem, the time the restart began is displayed. Restart usually takes 4 to 15 minutes (see Figure 3.11).

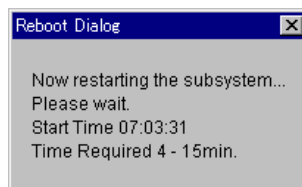


Figure 3.11 Reboot Dialog Box

Note: It may take time for the subsystem to respond, depending upon the condition of the subsystem. If it does not respond after 15 minutes or more, check the condition of the subsystem.

9. A message appears stating that the restart is successful (see Figure 3.12). Click **OK**.

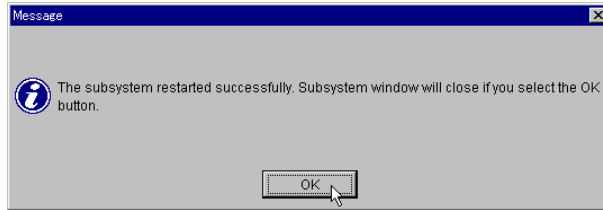


Figure 3.12 Successful Restart

The Unit window is closed. To perform other operations on the Main window, select the subsystem from the Main window and open the selected Unit window.

3.3 Enabling or Disabling Cache Residency Manager

To enable or disable Cache Residency Manager (without uninstalling this function) using the GUI version of Storage Navigator:

1. Start Storage Navigator and switch to **Management Mode**.
2. Register the subsystem in which you will set the Cache Residency Manager. A unit screen for the connected subsystem appears.
3. Click the **Logical Status** tab.
4. Click the **License Key** icon (see to 3.1).
5. Click **CACHERESIDENCY** in the **Option Name** text box, and then click **Change**.
6. In the resulting message. Click **OK** (see Figure 3.13).

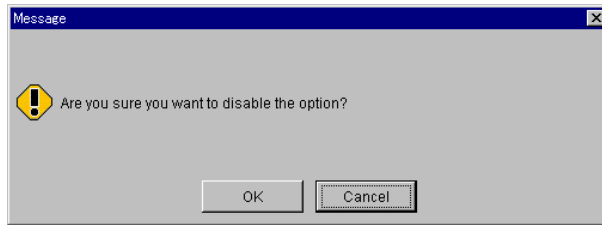
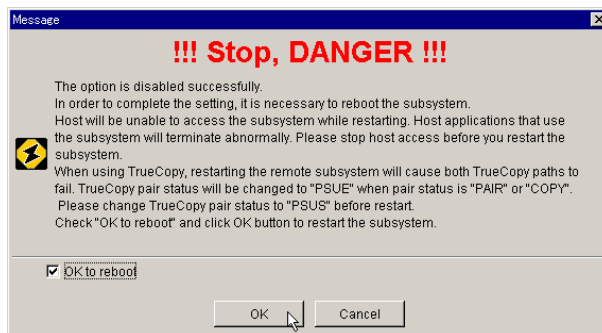


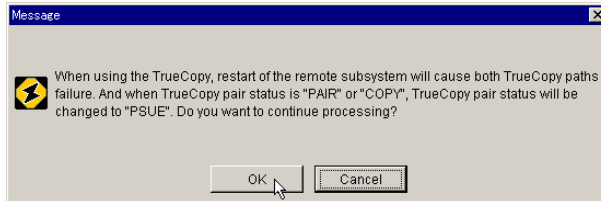
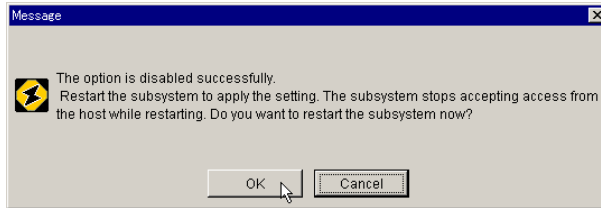
Figure 3.13 Confirmation Message

7. A message appears confirming that this optional feature is set. Click **OK**.

Storage Navigator: Version 4.03 and higher



Storage Navigator: versions earlier than 4.03



Note: To set the option that you have operated, restart the subsystem. The feature will not set upon restarting the subsystem. The subsystem cannot access the host until the reboot is completed and the system restarts. Make sure that the host has stopped accessing data before beginning the restart process.

When you restart the subsystem, the time the restart began is displayed (see Figure 3.14). Restart usually takes 4 to 15 minutes.

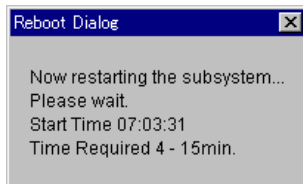


Figure 3.14 Reboot Dialog Box

Note: It may take time for the subsystem to respond, depending upon the condition of the subsystem. If it does not respond after 15 minutes or more, check the condition of the subsystem.

8. A message appears, stating that the restart is successful (see Figure 3.15). Click **OK**.

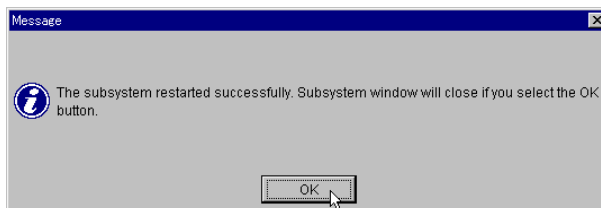
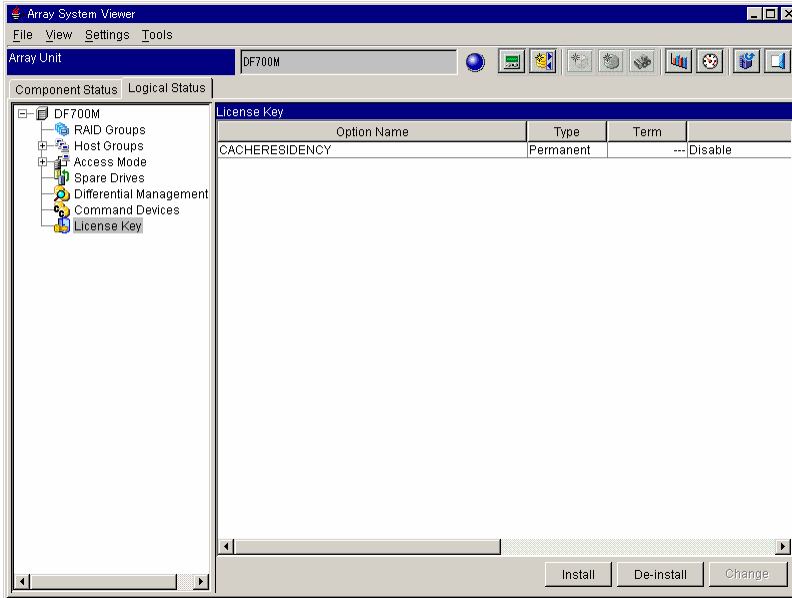


Figure 3.15 Successful Restart

The Unit window is closed. To perform other operations on the Main window, select the subsystem from the Main window and open the selected Unit window (see Figure 3.16).

Storage Navigator version 5.0 or later



Storage Navigator versions earlier than 5.0

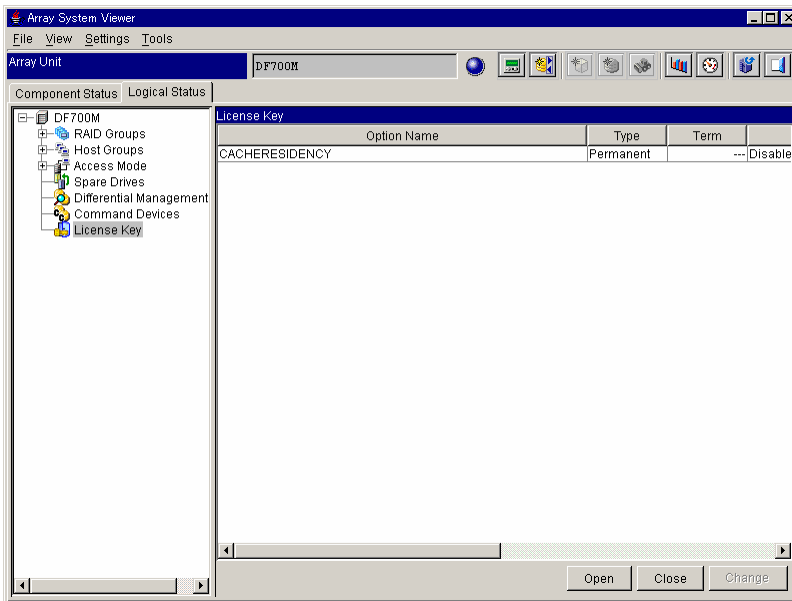


Figure 3.16 Array System Viewer Window (Logical Status Tab: Option Disable)

Chapter 4 Setting/Referring/Canceling LUs with Cache Residency Manager

Note: When installing or uninstalling Cache Residency Manager where the disk array subsystem is used on a TrueCopy or TCE remote site, the following occurs when the disk array subsystem is restarted:

- Both paths of TrueCopy or TCE are blocked. When a path is blocked, a TRAP (notification to the SNMP Agent Support Function) occurs. Should this occur, notify all affected departments immediately. A blocked path of TrueCopy or TCE recovers automatically when the subsystem is restarted.
- The pair status of TrueCopy or TCE is PAIR or COPY changes to PSUE.

When you restart the disk array subsystem, install or uninstall Cache Residency Manager **after** changing the pair status of TrueCopy or TCE to PSUS.

Note: If you set or cancel the Cache Residency Manager on a subsystem connected to a NAS, you must also stop the clusters between the NAS units. When restarting the subsystem, you must restart the clusters.

You can set an LU using Storage Navigator by installing the Cache Residency Manager function. The LU that is set for the Cache Residency Manager function must be previously defined. If the LU is not defined, define the LU (choose an LU that already exists and that you would like to be a Cache Residency Manager LU). Confirm that the conditions required for Cache Residency Manager operations are present before performing the operation (refer to Table 2.1).

1. From the **Array System Viewer** window, click the **Logical Status** tab.
2. Click the **Cache Residency** icon (see Figure 4.1).

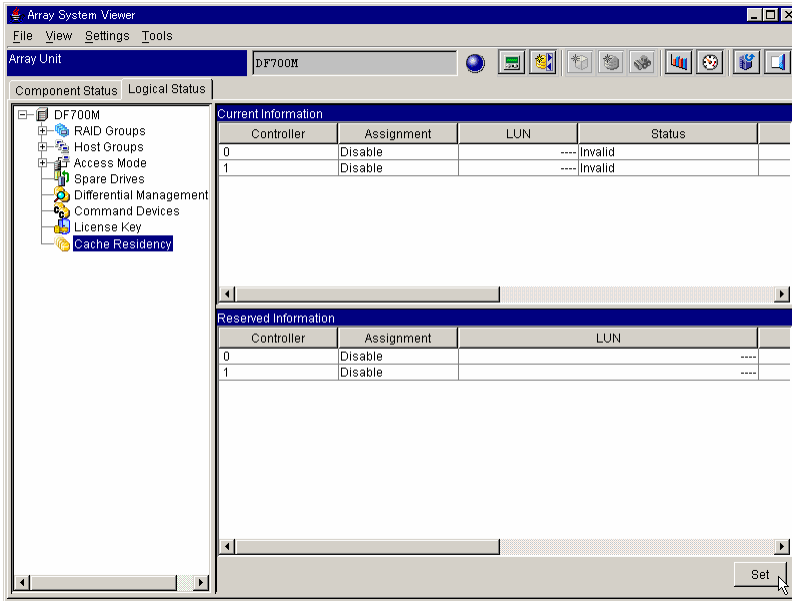


Figure 4.1 Array System Viewer Window (Cache Residency)

3. Click **Set**.

The **Cache Residency** dialog box displays (see Figure 4.2).

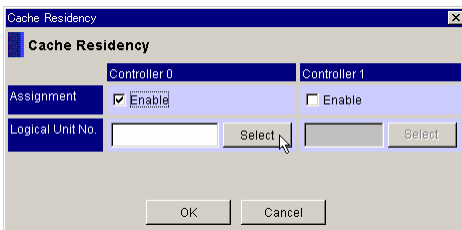


Figure 4.2 Cache Residency Dialog Box

4. In **Assignment**, specify **Enable** (checked) or **Not Enable** (unchecked).

In **Logical Unit No.**, enter the logical unit number you want to set the Cache Residency information. Alternatively, click **Select** and specify the logical unit number.

The **Select Logical Unit** dialog box displays (see Figure 4.3).

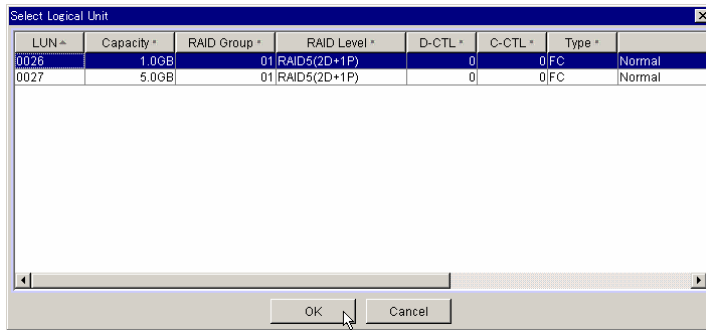


Figure 4.3 Select Logical Unit Dialog Box

5. Select a LUN and click **OK**.
6. The **Cache Residency** dialog box appears (see Figure 4.2). Click **OK**.
7. From the **Message** dialog box, click **OK** (see Figure 4.4).

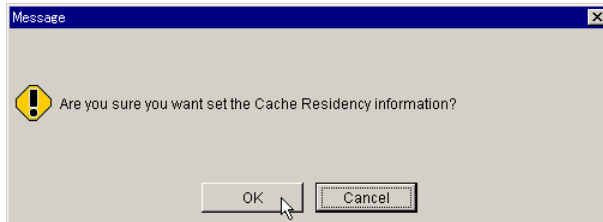
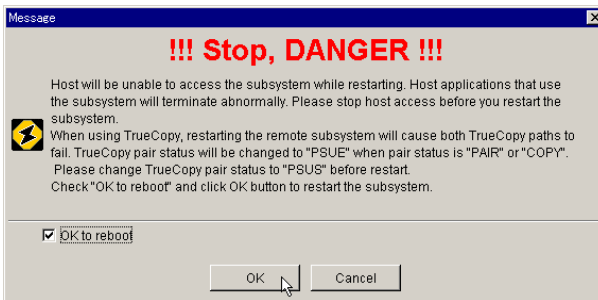
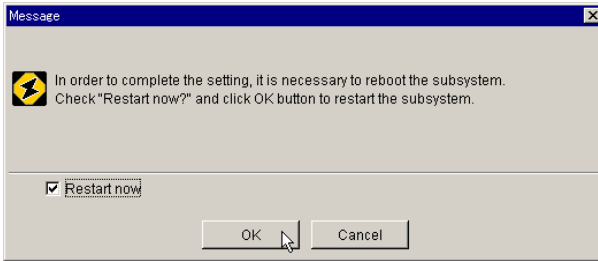


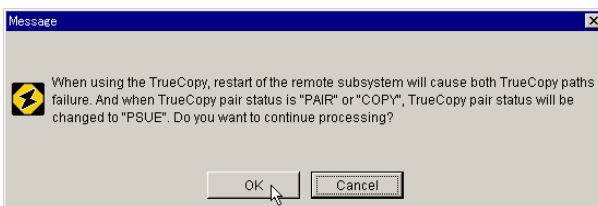
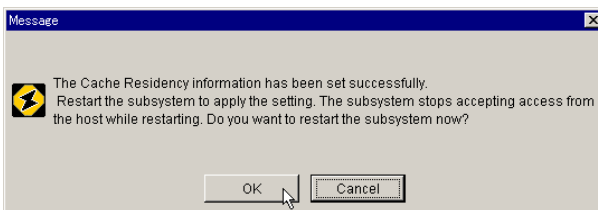
Figure 4.4 Cache Residency Manager Information Message-1

8. A message appears, click **OK**.

Storage Navigator: version 4.03 or later



Storage Navigator: versions earlier than 4.03



Note: To unlock the option that you have operated, restart the subsystem. The feature will close upon restarting the subsystem. The subsystem cannot access the host until the reboot is completed and the system restarts. Make sure that the host has stopped accessing data before beginning the restart process.

When you restart the subsystem, the time the restart began is displayed (see Figure 4.5). Restart usually takes 4 to 15 minutes.

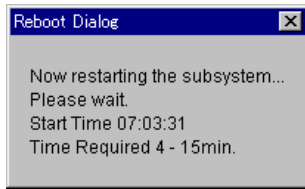
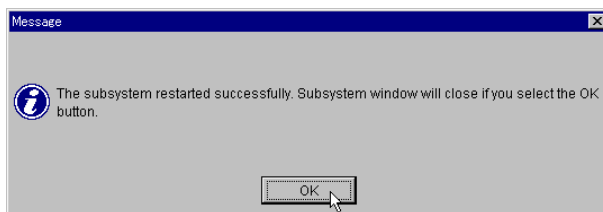


Figure 4.5 Reboot Dialog Box

Note: It may take time for the subsystem to respond, depending upon the condition of the subsystem. If it does not respond after 15 minutes, check the condition of the subsystem.

9. A message appears stating that the restart is successful. Click **OK**.



The Unit window is closed. To perform other operations on the Main window, select the subsystem from the Main window and open the selected Unit window.

Note: The Cache Residency Manager function is available as a separately purchased optional feature. If the Cache Residency Manager function is not installed or validated, LU cache cannot be set.

Chapter 5 LU Capacity with Cache Residency Manager

The maximum size of the LU that is used for the Cache Residency Manager function depends on the capacity of the installed cache memory.

Supported capacity (see Table 5.1) may be modified through setting Cache Partition Manager and Snapshot/TCE. There are three cases:

Case 1: When Cache Partition Manager and Snapshot/TCE are invalid.

Case 2: When Cache Partition Manager is invalid and Snapshot/TCE is valid.

Case 3: When Cache Partition Manager is valid (and Snapshot/TCE is valid or invalid)

Note: Cache Residency LU is assigned only a master partition.

Table 5.2 lists the maximum size of the LU used for the Cache Residency Manager function.

- **Case 1:** When Cache Partition Manager and Snapshot/TCE is invalid:
The maximum capacity of Cache Residency LU is listed in Table 5.1.

Table 5.1 Supported Capacity of Cache Residency LU (Cache Partition Manager and Snapshot/TCE Invalid)

Equipment Type	Installed Cache Memory	Maximum Capacity of Cache Residency LU
WMS100	512 MB/CTL	60,480 blocks (approx. 29 MB)
	1 GB/CTL	483,840 blocks (approx. 236 MB)
AMS200	1 GB/CTL	463,680 blocks (approx. 226 MB)
	2 GB/CTL	1,370,880 blocks (approx. 669 MB)
AMS500	1 GB/CTL	302,400 blocks (approx. 147 MB)
	2 GB/CTL	1,048,320 blocks (approx. 511 MB)
	3 GB/CTL	1,995,840 blocks (approx. 974 MB)
	4 GB/CTL	2,903,040 blocks (approx. 1,417 MB)
AMS1000	2 GB/CTL	887,040 blocks (approx. 433 MB)
	4 GB/CTL	2,741,760 blocks (approx. 1,338 MB)
	6 GB/CTL	4,616,640 blocks (approx. 2,254 MB)
	8 GB/CTL	6,451,200 blocks (approx. 3,150 MB)

- **Case 2:** When Cache Partition Manager is invalid and Snapshot/TCE is valid:

The maximum capacity of Cache Residency LU is listed in Table 5.2.

Table 5.2 Supported Capacity of Cache Residency LU (Cache Partition Manager is Invalid and Snapshot /TCE is Valid)

Equipment Type	Installed Cache Memory	Maximum Capacity of Cache Residency LU
WMS100	512 MB/CTL	-(Snapshot is not available at this time)
	1 GB/CTL	181,440 blocks (approx. 88 MB)
AMS200	1 GB/CTL	161,280 blocks (approx. 78 MB)
	2 GB/CTL	342,720 blocks (approx. 167 MB)
AMS500	1 GB/CTL	-(Snapshot is not available)
	2 GB/CTL	524,160 blocks (approx. 255 MB)
	3 GB/CTL	967,680 blocks (approx. 472 MB)
	4 GB/CTL	
AMS1000	2 GB/CTL	362,880 blocks (approx. 177 MB)
	4 GB/CTL	1,189,440 blocks (approx. 580 MB)
	6 GB/CTL	1,532,160 blocks (approx. 748 MB)
	8 GB/CTL	2,318,440 blocks (approx. 1,132 MB)

Note: When Snapshot/TCE is running on an AMS500, cache memory capacity is 3 GB/CTL and 4 GB/CTL, there is no change in the user data area. The maximum capacity of Cache Residency LU does not change either.

- **Case 3:** When Cache Partition Manager is valid:

Supported capacity of Cache Residency LU is not concerned whether Snapshot/TCE is valid or invalid. The maximum capacity is decided by the capacity of a master partition and is listed in Table 5.3.

Table 5.3 Supported Capacity of Cache Residency LU (Cache Partition Manager Valid)

Equipment Type	Installed Cache Memory	Maximum Capacity of Cache Residency LU
WMS100	512 MB/CTL	(Cache Partition Manager is not available)
	1 GB/CTL	(The master partition size (MB) Note 1 -100 MB) x 2,016 (Blocks)
AMS200	1 GB/CTL	(The master partition size (MB) Note 1 -100 MB) x 2,016 ÷ 2,048 (MB) Note 2
	2 GB/CTL	
AMS500	1 GB/CTL	(Cache Partition Manager is not available)
	2 GB/CTL	(The master partition size (MB) Note 1 -180 MB) x 2,016 (Blocks)
	3 GB/CTL	(The master partition size (MB) Note 1 -180 MB) x 2,016 ÷ 2,048 (MB) Note 2
	4 GB/CTL	
AMS1000	2 GB/CTL	(The master partition size (MB) Note 1 -180 MB) x 2,016 (Blocks)
	4 GB/CTL	(The master partition size (MB) Note 1 -180 MB) x 2,016 ÷ 2,048 (MB) Note 2
	6 GB/CTL	
	8 GB/CTL	

Note 1: The size (it becomes effective at the time of starting next time) reserved as the current size is one of the sizes of a master partition. Use the value of the smaller one in a formula.

Note 2: 1 block = 512 bytes, and a fraction less than 2,047 MB is omitted.

Chapter 6 Troubleshooting

6.1 Troubleshooting

The Hitachi TagmaStore Adaptable Modular Storage (AMS) provides continuous data availability and is not expected to fail in any way that would interrupt access to user data. For troubleshooting information on the AMS subsystem or Storage Navigator, refer to

- *Hitachi TagmaStore Adaptable Modular Storage 200 User and Reference Guide (MK-95DF713)*
- *Hitachi TagmaStore Adaptable Modular Storage 500 User and Reference Guide (MK-95DF714)*
- *Hitachi TagmaStore Workgroup Modular Storage 100 User and Reference Guide (MK-95DF738)*
- *Hitachi TagmaStore Adaptable Modular Storage 1000 User and Reference Guide (MK-95DF780)*
- *Hitachi TagmaStore Adaptable Modular Storage and Workgroup Storage Navigator Modular for Web User's Guide (MK-95DF719), Storage Navigator Modular Graphical User Interface (GUI) User's Guide (MK-95DF711).*

6.2 Calling the Hitachi Data Systems Technical Support Center

If you need to call the Hitachi Data Systems Technical Support Center, make sure to provide as much information about the problem as possible. Include the circumstances surrounding the error or failure and the exact content of any error codes and/or messages displayed.

The worldwide Hitachi Data Systems Technical Support Centers are:

- Hitachi Data Systems North America/Latin America
San Diego, California, USA
1-800-446-0744
- Hitachi Data Systems Europe
Contact Hitachi Data Systems Local Support
- Hitachi Data Systems Asia Pacific
North Ryde, Australia
61-2-9325-3300

Appendix A Cache Residency Manager Operations Using CLI

This appendix includes the following:

- Installing Cache Residency Manager (section A.1)
- Uninstallation (section A.2)
- Enabling/Disabling Cache Residency Manager (section A.3)
- Setting/Referring/Canceling LUs with Cache Residency Manager (section A.4.)

Note: When installing or uninstalling Cache Residency Manager where the disk array subsystem is used on a TrueCopy/TCE remote site, the following occurs when the disk array subsystem is restarted:

- Both paths of TrueCopy/TCE are blocked.
- The pair status of TrueCopy/TCE is PAIR or COPY changes to PSUE.

When you restart the disk array subsystem, install or uninstall Cache Residency Manager after changing the pair status of TrueCopy/TCE to PSUS.

Note: If you install, uninstall, enable, or disable the Cache Residency Manager on a subsystem connected to a NAS, you must also stop the clusters between NAS units. When restarting the subsystem, you must restart the clusters.

A.1 Installing Cache Residency Manager

The Cache Residency Manager feature is usually unselectable (locked). To make the Cache Residency Manager available, you must install the Cache Residency Manager feature and make its functions selectable (unlocked). **To install this function, the key code or key file provided with the optional feature is required.**

Cache Residency Manager is installed and uninstalled using Storage Navigator.

Note: Before installing and uninstalling, make sure that the subsystem is in normal operating condition. If a failure such as a controller blockade has occurred, installation and uninstallation operations cannot be performed.

To install the Cache Residency Manager using the CLI version of Storage Navigator:

1. From the command prompt, register the subsystem in which you will install the Cache Residency Manager feature and connect to the subsystem. For details, refer to Storage Navigator *Modular (for CLI) User's Guide*.
2. Install the optional features by using the following:

Storage Navigator version 5.0 or later and Cache Partition Manager is enabled

```
% auopt -unit subsystem-name -lock off -keycode manual-attached-keycode
Password: manager-password
Are you sure you want to install the option? (y/n[n]): y
When Cache Partition Manager is enabled, if the option using data pool will be e
nabled the default cache partition information will be restored.
Do you want to continue processing? (y/n [n]): y
The option is installed successfully.
In order to complete the setting, it is necessary to reboot the subsystem.
Host will be unable to access the subsystem while restarting. Host applications
that use the subsystem will terminate abnormally. Please stop host access before
you restart the subsystem.
Also, if you are logging in, the login status will be canceled when restarting b
egins.
When using TrueCopy, restarting the remote subsystem will cause both TrueCopy pa
ths to fail.
TrueCopy pair status will be changed to "PSUE" when pair status is "PAIR" or "CO
PY". Please change TrueCopy pair status to "PSUS" before restart.
Do you agree with restarting? (y/n [n]): y
Are you sure you want to execute? (y/n [n]): y
Now restarting the subsystem. Start Time hh:mm:ss Time Required 4 - 15min.
The subsystem restarted successfully.
%
```

Storage Navigator versions 3.10 through 4.07 and Cache Partition Manager is enabled

```
% auopt -unit subsystem-name off -keycode manual-attached-keycode
Password: manager-password
Are you sure you want to unlock the option? (y/n[n]): y
When Cache Partition Manager is enabled, if the option using data pool will be e
nabled the default cache partition information will be restored.
Do you want to continue processing? (y/n [n]): y
The option is unlocked.
In order to complete the setting, it is necessary to reboot the subsystem.
Host will be unable to access the subsystem while restarting. Host applications
that use the subsystem will terminate abnormally. Please stop host access before
you restart the subsystem.
Also, if you are logging in, the login status will be canceled when restarting b
egins.
When using TrueCopy, restarting the remote subsystem will cause both TrueCopy pa
ths to fail.
TrueCopy pair status will be changed to "PSUE" when pair status is "PAIR" or "CO
PY". Please change TrueCopy pair status to "PSUS" before restart.
Do you agree with restarting? (y/n [n]): y
Are you sure you want to execute? (y/n [n]): y
Now restarting the subsystem. Start Time hh:mm:ss Time Required 4 - 15min.
The subsystem restarted successfully.
%
```

Storage Navigator versions earlier than 3.00 and Cache Partition Manager is enabled

```
% auopt -unit subsystem-name off -keycode manual-attached-keycode
Password: manager-password
Are you sure you want to unlock the option? (y/n[n]): y
The option is unlocked.
Restart the subsystem to apply the setting.
The subsystem stops accepting access from the host while restarting.
Also, if you are logging in, the login status will be cancelled when restarting
begins.
Do you want to restart the subsystem now? (y/n [n]): y
When using the TrueCopy, restart of the remote subsystem will cause both
TrueCopy paths failure. And when TrueCopy pair status is "PAIR" or "COPY",
TrueCopy pair status will be changed to "PSUE".
Do you want to continue processing? (y/n [n]): y
Now restarting the subsystem. Start Time hh:mm:ss Time Required 4 - 15min.
The subsystem restarted successfully.
%
```

Example:

```
% auopt -unit subsystem-name -refer
Password: manager-password
Option Name                Type      Term      Status
CACHERESIDENCY            Permanent ---      Enable
%
```

A.2 Uninstallation

To uninstall Cache Residency Manager using the CLI version of Storage Navigator:

1. From the command prompt, register the subsystem in which you will uninstall Cache Residency Manager and connect to the subsystem.
2. Lock the optional features by using the following:

Example 1:

Storage Navigator version 5.0 or later

```
% auopt -unit subsystem-name -lock on -keycode manual-attached-keycode
Password: manager-password
Are you sure you want to de-install the option? (y/n[n]): y
The option is de-installed successfully.
In order to complete the setting, it is necessary to reboot the subsystem.
Host will be unable to access the subsystem while restarting. Host applications
that use the subsystem will terminate abnormally. Please stop host access before
you restart the subsystem.
Also, if you are logging in, the login status will be canceled when restarting begins.
When using TrueCopy, restarting the remote subsystem will cause both TrueCopy paths to
fail.
TrueCopy pair status will be changed to "PSUE" when pair status is "PAIR" or "CO
PY". Please change TrueCopy pair status to "PSUS" before restart.
Do you agree with restarting? (y/n [n]): y
Are you sure you want to execute? (y/n [n]): y
Now restarting the subsystem. Start Time hh:mm:ss Time Required 4 - 15min.
The subsystem restarted successfully.
%
```

Storage Navigator: version 4.03 or later

```
% auopt -unit subsystem-name -lock on -keycode manual-attached-keycode
Password: manager-password
Are you sure you want to lock the option? (y/n[n]): y
The option is locked.
In order to complete the setting, it is necessary to reboot the subsystem.
Host will be unable to access the subsystem while restarting. Host applications
that use the subsystem will terminate abnormally. Please stop host access before
you restart the subsystem.
Also, if you are logging in, the login status will be canceled when restarting begins.
When using TrueCopy, restarting the remote subsystem will cause both TrueCopy
paths to fail.
TrueCopy pair status will be changed to "PSUE" when pair status is "PAIR" or
"COPY". Please change TrueCopy pair status to "PSUS" before restart.
Do you agree with restarting? (y/n [n]): y
Are you sure you want to execute? (y/n [n]): y
Now restarting the subsystem. Start Time hh:mm:ss Time Required 4 - 15min.
The subsystem restarted successfully.
%
```

Storage Navigator: versions earlier than 4.03

```
% auopt -unit subsystem-name -lock on -keycode manual-attached-keycode
Password: manager-password
Are you sure you want to lock the option? (y/n[n]): y
The option is locked.
Restart the subsystem to apply the setting.
The subsystem stops accepting access from the host while restarting.
Also, if you are logging in, the login status will be cancelled when restarting begins.
Do you want to restart the subsystem now? (y/n [n]): y
When using the TrueCopy, restart of the remote subsystem will cause both
TrueCopy paths failure. And when TrueCopy pair status is "PAIR" or "COPY",
TrueCopy pair status will be changed to "PSUE".
Do you want to continue processing? (y/n [n]): y
Now restarting the subsystem. Start Time hh:mm:ss Time Required 4 - 15min.
The subsystem restarted successfully.
%
```

Example 2:

```
% auopt -unit subsystem-name -refer
Password: manager-password
DMEC002015: No information displayed.
%
```

A.3 Enabling or Disabling Cache Residency Manager

Cache Residency Manager can be enabled or disabled without uninstalling this function.

To enable or disable Cache Residency Manager (without uninstalling this function) using the CLI version of Storage Navigator:

1. From the command prompt, register the subsystem in which you will change the status of the Cache Residency Manager feature and connect to the subsystem.
2. Execute the `auopt` command to change the status (enable or disable) of the Cache Residency Manager feature.

The following example shows how to change the status from enable to disable. To change the status from disable to enable, enter `enable` after the `-st` option.

Example 1:

Storage Navigator: version 4.03 or later

```
% auopt -unit subsystem-name -option CACHERESIDENCY -st disable
Password: manager-password
Are you sure you want to disable the option? (y/n[n]): y
The option has been set successfully.
In order to complete the setting, it is necessary to reboot the subsystem.
Host will be unable to access the subsystem while restarting. Host applications
that use the subsystem will terminate abnormally. Please stop host access before
you restart the subsystem.
Also, if you are logging in, the login status will be canceled when restarting b
egins.
When using TrueCopy, restarting the remote subsystem will cause both TrueCopy pa
ths to fail.
TrueCopy pair status will be changed to "PSUE" when pair status is "PAIR" or "CO
PY". Please change TrueCopy pair status to "PSUS" before restart.
Do you agree with restarting? (y/n [n]): y
Are you sure you want to execute? (y/n [n]): y
Now restarting the subsystem. Start Time hh:mm:ss Time Required 4 - 15min.
The subsystem restarted successfully.
%
```

Storage Navigator: versions earlier than 4.03

```
% auopt -unit subsystem-name -option CACHERESIDENCY -st disable
Password: manager-password
Are you sure you want to disable the option? (y/n[n]): y
The option has been set successfully.
Restart the subsystem to apply the setting.
The subsystem stops accepting access from the host while restarting.
Also, if you are logging in, the login status will be cancelled when restarting begins.
Do you want to restart the subsystem now? (y/n [n]): y
When using the TrueCopy, restart of the remote subsystem will cause both
TrueCopy paths failure. And when TrueCopy pair status is "PAIR" or "COPY",
TrueCopy pair status will be changed to "PSUE".
Do you want to continue processing? (y/n [n]): y
Now restarting the subsystem. Start Time hh:mm:ss Time Required 4 - 15min.
The subsystem restarted successfully.
%
```

Example 2

```
% aupt -unit subsystem-name -refer
Password: manager-password
Option Name  Type      Term      Status
CACHERESIDENCY  Permanent ---      Disable
%
```

A.4 Setting/Referring/Canceling LUs with Cache Residency Manager

You can set an LU using Storage Navigator by installing the Cache Residency Manager function. The LU that is set for the Cache Residency Manager function must be previously defined. If the LU is not defined, define the LU (choose an LU that already exists and that you would like to be a Cache Residency Manager LU). Confirm that the conditions required for Cache Residency Manager operations are met before performing the operation (refer to Table 2.1).

1. From the command prompt, register the subsystem in which you want to set Cache Residency Manager and connect to the subsystem.
2. Execute the `auturbolu` command to specify the subsystem.

```
Host will be unable to access the subsystem while restarting. Host applications
that use the subsystem will terminate abnormally. Please stop host access before
you restart the subsystem.
Also, if you are logging in, the login status will be canceled when restarting b
egins.
When using TrueCopy, restarting the remote subsystem will cause both TrueCopy pa
ths to fail.
TrueCopy pair status will be changed to "PSUE" when pair status is "PAIR" or "CO
PY". Please change TrueCopy pair status to "PSUS" before restart.
Do you agree with restarting? (y/n [n]): y
Are you sure you want to execute? (y/n [n]): y
Now restarting the subsystem. Start Time hh:mm:ss Time Required 4 - 15min.
The subsystem restarted successfully.
%
```

Storage Navigator: versions earlier than 4.03

```
% auturbolu -unit subsystem-name -set -ctl1_assign enable -ctl1_lu 0
Password: manager-password
The Cache Residency information has been set successfully.
Restart the subsystem to apply the setting.
The subsystem stops accepting access from the host while restarting.
Also, if you are logging in, the login status will be cancelled when restarting begins.
Do you want to restart the subsystem now? (y/n [n]): y
When using the TrueCopy, restart of the remote subsystem will cause both
TrueCopy paths failure. And when TrueCopy pair status is "PAIR" or "COPY",
TrueCopy pair status will be changed to "PSUE".
Do you want to continue processing? (y/n [n]): y
Now restarting the subsystem. Start Time hh:mm:ss Time Required 4 - 15min.
The subsystem restarted successfully.
%
```

3. Specify as shown in the following example. Check the information that has been set.

Example:

```
% auturbolu -unit subsystem-name -refer
Password: manager-password
Controller 0
Current Configuration
  Assignment : off
  LUN       :
  Status    :
Reserved Configuration
  Assignment : off
  LUN       :

Controller 1
Current Configuration
  Assignment : on
  LUN       : 0
  Status    : valid
Reserved Configuration
  Assignment : on
  LUN       : 0
%
```

Acronyms and Abbreviations

Acronym	Expansion
A	Ampere
AL-PA	arbitrated loop-physical address
AMS	Adaptable Modular Storage
API	application programming interface
ASTM	American Society for Testing Materials
ATA	Advanced Technology Attachment standard
ATM	asynchronous transfer mode
BC	business continuity
BS	Basic (power) supply
BSA	bus adapter
BTU	British thermal unit
CCI	command control interface
CEC	Canadian Electroacoustic Community
CFW	cache fast write
CHAP	challenge handshake authentication protocol
CIFS	common internet file system
CKD	count-key data
CLI	command line interface
CSA	Canadian Standards Association
CSV	comma separated value
CTG	consistency group
CTL	controller
CU	controller unit
CUDG	control unit diagnosis

dB(A)	decibel (A-weighted)
D-CNT	default (owner) controller
DAMP	Disk Array Management Program
DDL	data definition language
DHCP	dynamic host configuration protocol
DKC	disk controller unit
DLM	data lifecycle management
DM-LU	differential management logical unit
DRAM	dynamic random access memory
DWDM	dense wavelength division multiplexer
EMI	electromagnetic interference
EPO	emergency power-off
FC	fibre channel
FC-AL	fibre channel-arbitrated loop
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FCP	fibre-channel protocol
Gbps	gigabit per second
HA	high availability
HACMP	high availability cluster multi-processing
HBA	host bus adapter
HDLM	Hitachi Dynamic Link Manager
HORCM	Hitachi Open Remote Copy Manager
H-LUN	host logical unit
H-RAIN	heterogeneous redundant array of independent nodes
HSN	hierarchical star network
HWM	high water mark

IDE	integrated drive electronics; see also ATA.
IIS	Internet Information Service
IOPS	input output operations per second
IOS	internet work operating system
iSCSI	internet small computer system interface
JRE	Java 2 runtime environment
LCP	local control port
LD	logical device
LDEV	logical device
LDM	logical device manager
LIP	loop initialization primitive
LRU	least recently used
LUN	logical unit number
LUSE	LU size expansion
LVI	logical volume image
LVM	logical volume manager
MCU	main control unit
NDMP	Network Data Management Protocol
MDB	master directory block
MIB	message information block
μP	microprocessor
MR	magneto-resistive
MU	mirror unit
MVS	multiple virtual storage
MVS/ESA	multiple virtual storage /enterprise systems architecture
MVS/XA	multiple virtual storage /extended architecture

NAS	network attached storage
NBU	NetBackup (a Symantec product)
NEC	National Electrical Code
NFS	network file system
NIC	network interface card
NIS	network information service
NNC	network node controller
NSC	network storage controller
NTP	network time protocol
NVS	nonvolatile storage
OCI	Oracle Call Interface
ODM	object data manager
OFC	open fibre control
ORM	online read margin
OSI	open systems interconnection
PCI	power control interface
PDL	product documentation library
PFUS	pool full status
POSIX	portable operating system interface
PPRC	peer-to-peer remote copy
PSUE	pair suspended-error status
PSUS	pair suspended-split
PSUS(N)	pair suspended - not restored status
PV	physical volume
P-VOL	primary volume
RAID	redundant array of independent disks

RC	reference code
RCU	remote control unit
RPO	recovery point objective
RTC	real-time clock
RTO	recovery time objective
SAN	storage-area network
SATA	serial ATA
SCSI	small computer system interface
SIM	service information message
SM	shared memory module
SMB	server message block
SMTP	simple mail transfer protocol
SNIA	Storage Networking Industry Association
SNMP	simple network management protocol
SONET	synchronous optical network
SSL	secure socket layer
SSWS	suspend for swapping S-VOL
S-VOL	secondary volume
TID	target identifier
TPOF	tolerable points of failure
UDP	user diagram protocol
UL	Underwriters' Laboratories
USP	Universal Storage Platform
VCS	Veritas Cluster Server™
VDE	Verband Deutscher Elektrotechniker
VIB	volume information block

VOLID	volume identifier
V-VOL	virtual volume (Snapshot Image)
VxVM	Veritas Volume Manager
WDM	wavelength division multiplexing

Index

C

- cache memory size, 32
- Cache Residency Manager
 - characteristics, 4
 - enabling/disabling
 - CLI, 42
 - GUI, 22
 - installing
 - CLI, 38
 - GUI, 10
 - introduction, 1
 - uninstalling
 - CLI, 40
 - GUI, 18
- Cache Residency Manager operations
 - disabling, 7
 - halting, 6
- characteristics of Cache Residency Manager, 4

D

- disabling Cache Residency Manager operations, 7

G

- GUI
 - starting, 10, 18, 22

H

- halting Cache Residency Manager operations, 6

I

- installing Cache Residency Manager
 - CLI, 38
 - GUI, 10
- installing optional features, 12
- introduction to Cache Residency Manager, 1

L

- LU size, 32

R

- registering the subsystem
 - using CLI, 39
- registering the subsystem (array unit)
 - using GUI, 11, 18, 22

S

- size
 - cache memory, 32
 - LU, 32

- starting
 - GUI, 10, 18, 22

T

- technical support, 36

U

- uninstall
 - Cache Residency Manager
 - GUI, 18
- uninstalling Cache Residency Manager
 - CLI, 40
- uninstalling optional features, 40

